



Dewatering and Settlement Report 2022

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|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Authored By: | Environmental Advisor | K Gillard & J Powell | April 2023 |
| Reviewed By: | Hydrogeologist | Chris Simpson, GWS Ltd | May 2023 |
| Reviewed By: | Geotechnical Engineer | Tony Fairclough, EGL | May 2023 |
| Approved By: | Environmental Superintendent | Mark Burroughs, OGNZL | May 2023 |

DEWATERING & SETTLEMENT MONITORING REPORT 2022

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report is a requirement of the consent conditions for the Martha, Favona, Trio, Correnso and Project Martha mining projects, in Waihi, New Zealand. Compliance monitoring and assessment of groundwater and settlement trends are reported in this document for the period 1 January to 31 December 2022. Such monitoring and reporting has been completed in accordance with the current Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan that was approved by the Hauraki District and Waikato Regional Councils in May 2019.

On 16 July 2017, the Correnso groundwater take permit 124860 was replaced by the Project Martha groundwater take permit 139551. This allows dewatering to a lower level (500 mRL cf. 700 mRL).

New settlement triggers were applied during 2020 following the approval of Project Martha consents. These trigger levels are based on settlement estimates, which trigger a notification to council and review of the area and ongoing settlement trends. Exceeding settlement trigger limits alone does not represent an issue. Settlement can occur with no material effect at the surface. Tilt, which is differential settlement, has potential to be problematic for residential properties or public infrastructure and can be caused by shallow settlement effects. Tilts are only problematic if notably greater than 1 in 1000 and therefore this is the consented tilt trigger level. Shallow settlement effects can be linked to drawdown of the shallow water table and therefore monitoring of the piezometric levels is of importance. Settlement survey results indicated that 96% (385/399) of marks graphed were within the predicted settlement ranges, based on the settlement resulting from mining activities. 14 marks triggered further investigation. Four settlement marks triggered were above the Favona mining area. Six marks have tilts greater than 1 in 1000. These Favona marks are on farmland owned by the company directly above the Favona workings, and have no material affect on residential property. The other ten triggered marks are located in the wider Waihi area. Generally, no effects were observed at surface near these locations, tilts were less than the 1 in 1000, and nearby shallow piezometers have not displayed any changes outside of normal seasonal trends. Settlements around mark BM20 and BM20A have resulted in tilts around 1 in 1000. There is no residential property in this area. Overall, the settlement and dewatering trends are within expectations and no surface effects of concern have been observed.

Martha Open Pit

Dewatering from the Martha Pit was discontinued on 4 May 2015 after a slip in the pit resulted in access and power supply to the dewatering pumps becoming limited. Dewatering from within the Correnso underground mine was initiated on 18 May 2015. The Martha, Trio, Correnso and SUPA groundwater systems are hydraulically linked, and water levels are controlled by Martha Underground dewatering.

Generally, Martha Open Pit and Underground dewatering has negligible effect on the shallow groundwater table, minor effect in the deeper younger volcanic groundwater pressures locally around the pit, and notable depressurisation or dewatering in the deep andesite. As the drawdown effects are primarily deep in the andesite rock there is no undesirable tilts at the surface. No new trends have developed during 2022.

The analysis of data has indicated that most settlement around Martha Pit had developed by the mid to late 1990s, but widespread small magnitude settlement has been ongoing and is likely to be related to dewatering of deeper structures within the andesite rock mass. Groundwater monitoring data does not show any widespread or significant dewatering of alluvium; of the upper portions of the younger volcanic materials which could lead to undesirable tilt at the surface.

No property damage complaints attributable to mine dewatering or settlement in response to mine dewatering were reported during 2022. Compliance was achieved with the consent conditions granted for the Martha Extended Project.

Favona

At the Favona mine, piezometer levels indicate continued dewatering of the vein system, with the water level maintained at approximately 800 mRL mine datum by the end of 2022. Water levels in the country rock surrounding the vein system stand higher and are either not responding or responding slowly to dewatering. During 2019, a separate flow meter to measure dewatering flow from Favona was installed.

Four Favona marks exceed settlement predictions set for Project Martha, the same as in 2020.

A settlement trend exists over a 150 m wide area above the underground workings with a maximum total settlement of 358 mm (F18), of which up to 305 mm can be attributed to Favona mining activity. This is greater than the 80 mm initially predicted by URS (2002 Technical Report) to be due to dewatering. Settlement is attributed to a combination of depressurisation stress (primary consolidation) associated with drawdown in the andesite rock and relaxation of the country rock as mining proceeded. Primary consolidation (the first time a mine is dewatered) is greater than a second cycle (subsequent dewatering activities). The Favona mine is outside of the Martha groundwater system; the Martha system was historically dewatered for a longer period and to greater depth and is currently undergoing a second period of dewatering.

Six tilt gradients attributable to Favona mining activity remain steeper than 1 in 1000; these are on farmland owned by the company and south of the residential area along Barry Road and all, but one, have been recorded in previous surveying events.

The previous trigger levels applied to Favona piezometers have been removed. These have been superseded by the Waihi wide triggers introduced as part of the Correnso dewatering consent. The trigger is a 15m water level change within a month. No Favona piezometer had such an increase or decrease. Compliance with the conditions of the Favona consents and Monitoring Plan was achieved.

Trio

The groundwater levels in this area are assessed to be controlled by Martha Underground dewatering.

Correnso

The Correnso underground mine was granted consent and operations began on 20 December 2013.

Waikato Regional Council consents were granted in 2019 permitting the development of the Martha underground mine (Project Martha) and allowing groundwater levels to be lowered beyond the lowest level allowed for the mining of Trio. The Correnso water take permit was activated in July 2017, allowing dewatering to lower the groundwater down to 700 mRL (124860, Schedule One – General Conditions, Condition 1).

New settlement trigger levels for Correnso were applied in 2017 and Project Martha superseded these in 2020. During 2022, no settlement mark in the Correnso Extensions Project Area (CEPA) displayed dewatering related settlement and no consent related groundwater trigger was activated. Compliance was achieved with the consent conditions granted for the Correnso Project.

SUPA

The Slevin Underground Project Area is essentially an extension of the Correnso mining area. Mining within the SUPA area began 16 January 2017. No new Waikato Regional Council consents were required for the activity which is covered by the existing WRC consent conditions. The HDC dewatering and settlement related conditions are similar to the WRC conditions for Correnso. No new monitoring or reporting is required as the existing networks adequately encompass SUPA.

MDDP

The Martha Drill Drives Project (MDDP) was granted consent on 9 August 2017. Mining in the MDDP began 17 August 2017 and was completed during 2019. The project involved the construction of two underground drill drives from the SUPA area towards Martha Pit. No specific HDC conditions relate to dewatering and settlement, rather it is covered by the existing WRC Correnso consent conditions. No new monitoring or reporting is required as the existing networks adequately encompass MDDP.

Project Martha

Consents for Project Martha were granted on 1 February 2019. Joint HDC and WRC consents were activated on 27 July 2019 when blasting began in the project area. The current Project Martha groundwater take permit (139551) was activated on 1 January 2020 and allows dewatering down to 500 mRL. New dewatering bores were installed during 2020 to progressively lower the water level to enable Project Martha activities. At the end of 2022, the water level was at approximately 676 mRL.

1 INTRODUCTION

This report is submitted to meet the requirements of various consents held by OGNZL related to Dewatering and Settlement. New consents have been issued for different projects as mining has progressed at Waihi with many having conditions and reporting requirements in common. A full list of conditions pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement are included in Appendix A. Consents for Martha, Favona, Trio, Correnso, SUPA, MDDP and Project Martha all require a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. Below is a summary of the current common consent requirements:

The report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information:

- a) The volume of groundwater abstracted;
- b) The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network;
- c) An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of the future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions, this analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information;
- d) Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and
- e) Comment on compliance with [any conditions] of this schedule including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent.
- f) The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Councils.

Changes to this year's monitoring report:

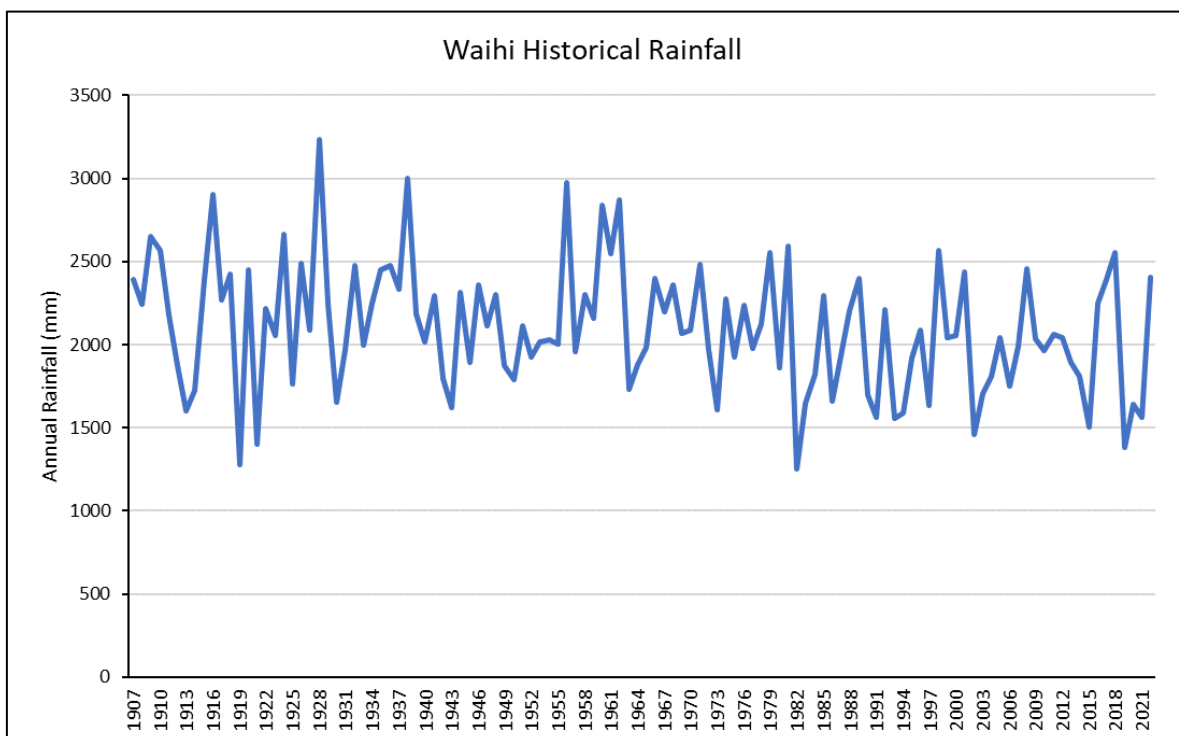
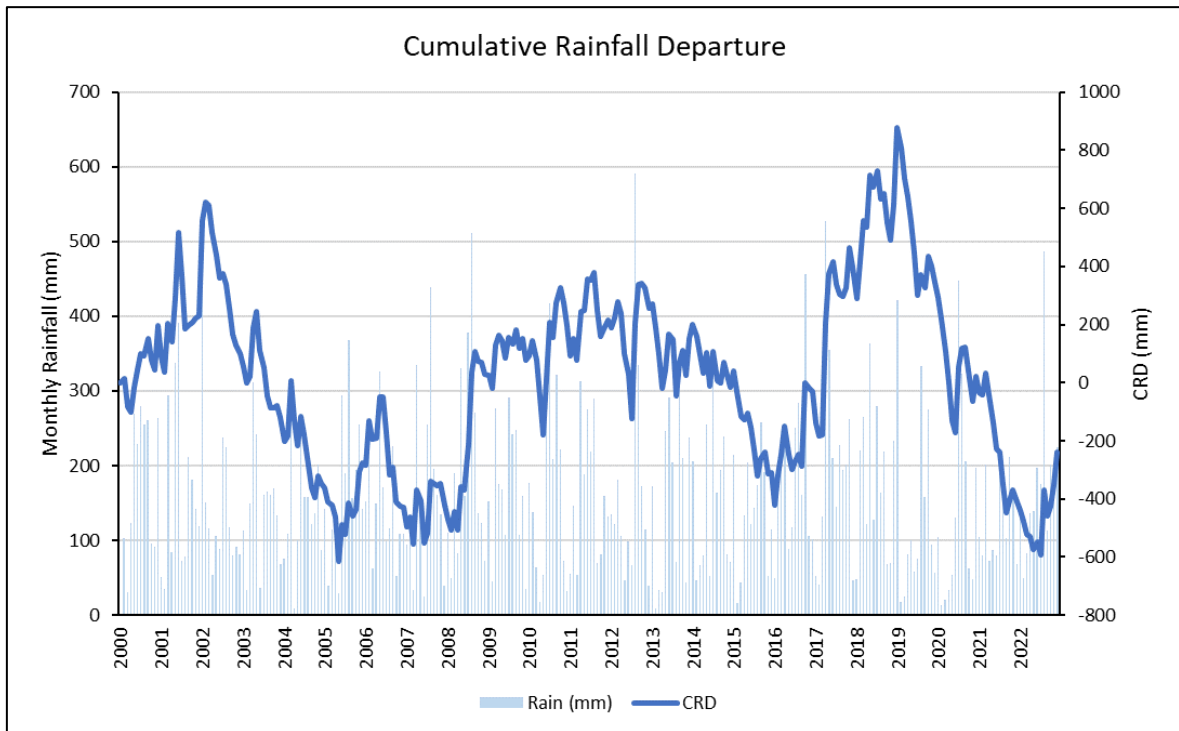
A peer reviewer recommendation from 2022 was to include a section on climatic conditions for the calendar year and historic trends of seasonal or long-term rainfall. Section 2 describes trends in rainfall and includes Figure 1 which displays a cumulative rainfall departure (CRD) plot with rainfall data since 2000, historical rainfall since 1907, and monthly rainfall during 2022.

The two new Project Martha vibrating wire piezometers (P122 and P123) have been added to the monitoring network and data collected so far has been included in Figure 20 and Figure 21 (Section 6.3.5).

2 CLIMATE CONDITIONS

Annual and seasonal rainfall trends are displayed in Figure 1. The Cumulative Rainfall Departure (CRD) plot presents monthly long-term trends in rainfall since 2000, with a rising slope since July 2022 indicating above average rainfall in since July 2022. Historical rainfall data for Waihi has been collected since 1907, with annual rainfall ranging from 1249 – 3234 mm.

The 2022 annual rainfall (2403 mm) was significantly more than the previous year (1560 mm in 2021), and more than the historical average of 2100 mm. The month with the highest rainfall in 2022 was July (486 mm) followed by December (398 mm) and the driest month was January (49 mm) followed by February (82 mm).



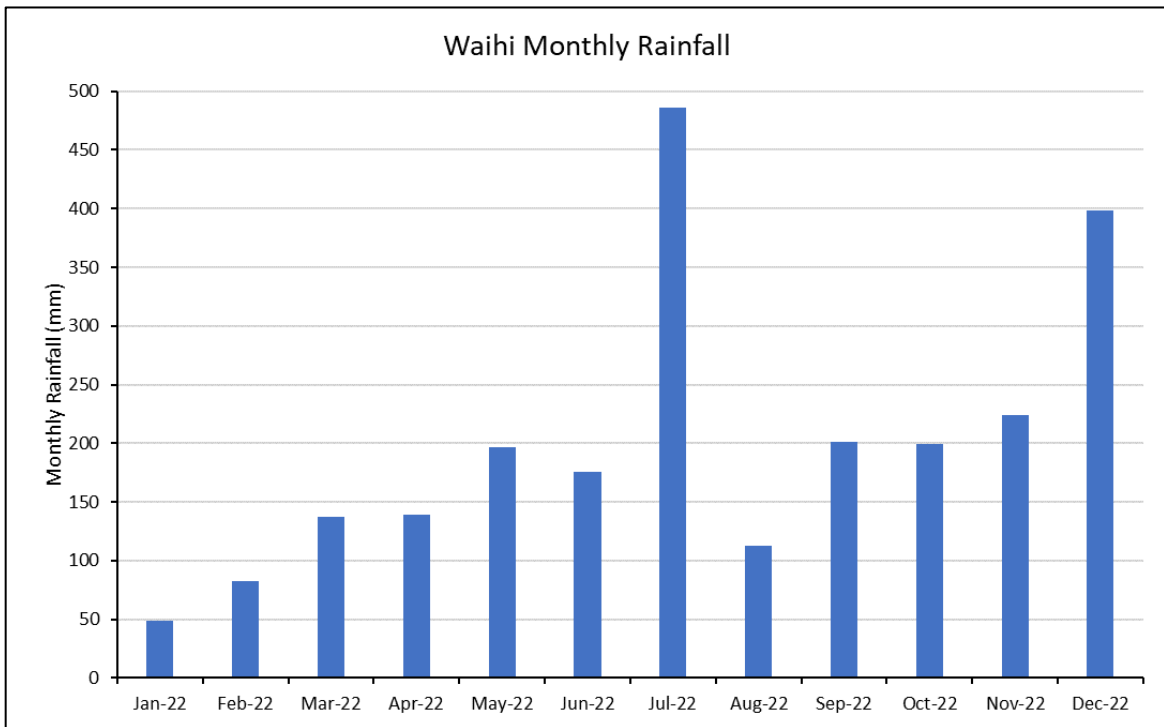


Figure 1. Annual and seasonal rainfall trends. A) CRD plot 2000 – 2022, B) Historical rainfall 1907 – 2022, C) Monthly rainfall 2022.

3 GEOLOGICAL SETTING

The mineralised veins of the Martha, Favona, Trio and Correnso gold deposits in Waihi are developed within Miocene age lava flows, intrusives and volcanoclastics of predominantly andesitic and minor dacitic composition (Figure 2). The andesites extend to depths greater than 600m below the surface and are extensively modified in places by weathering and hydrothermal alteration. The andesites are unconformably overlain by younger, unmineralised rhyolitic ignimbrites under much of the Waihi township. The ignimbrites drape over an eroded andesitic graben and horst landscape resulting in a volcanoclastic package that is highly variable in thickness (0 to >100m). Additionally, the ignimbrites exhibit variable textures, ranging from light weight, soft and pumice-rich horizons that are highly permeable to hard welded ignimbrites that appear less permeable. Paleosols (buried soils) and sedimentary deposits, such as alluvium and boulder alluvium (in places) mark the tops of successive eruption sequences.

There is a discontinuous layer of recent alluvium beneath the Waihi township that is located in areas where old streams and river channels cut into the ignimbrites and andesite units. These alluvial deposits are extensive to the east of Waihi where they are associated with the drainage systems of the Ohinemuri River catchment.

The most common effect of hydrothermal alteration on the andesitic host rocks surrounding the veins is the alteration of primary feldspars to illite and smectite clays and the introduction of pervasive potassic feldspar. Illite and smectite clays generally cause the host rocks to lose their internal strength forming weaker and usually more friable rock. The extent of clay alteration is highly variable and dependant on veining and the host rock type. In Waihi the strongly clay altered zones are usually concentrated within close proximity to the veins or faults (e.g. within the hanging wall of Favona) and within the vein zones themselves (e.g. Martha, Correnso and Trio). Potassic alteration on the other hand generally increases the overall strength of the host rocks which often results in the rocks surrounding the veins being more resistant to weathering and forming bluffs such as the Martha Hill (prior to mining of the Martha Open Pit) and Union Hill in Waihi. Paleo-weathering and hydrothermal alteration appear to have created an extensive low-permeability clay-rich horizon within the upper part of the andesite sequence. This horizon generally separates the andesites, hydrogeologically, from the younger overlying sequence of permeable rhyolitic ignimbrites. Exposure of the altered andesite in the southern wall of the Martha Pit indicates that the weathered clay horizon may extend up to 30m in thickness.

In the vicinity of the Martha vein zone the groundwater is largely concentrated within old underground mine workings, faults and veins where the historical mine workings act as effective conduits allowing inflow of groundwater water from the area surrounding the current Martha Open pit.

Principal veins and faults at both Martha and Favona dip to the south-east while the Correnso vein strikes north-north-west with an easterly dip. The Trio-Union-Amaranth veins are located on a paleotopographic high, informally referred to as the Union Horst that separates the Martha vein system from the Favona-Moonlight vein systems.

There is a hydrogeological connectivity between the Martha vein system and the Trio-Union-Amaranth vein system thought to be facilitated by the connecting Correnso structure. This was demonstrated historically by the rise and fall of ground water levels in the Union Hill shaft in unison with the rise and fall of water levels in the Martha open pit. There is only a very weak hydrogeological connectivity between the Martha system and the Favona system, shown by a lack of mutual response in the measured ground water levels. The zone of separation of the two groundwater systems is not well defined but may be due to a fault boundary, either the No 9 fault or the Favona footwall fault, both of which are north to northeast trending and have a perceived strike extent exceeding 1km.

Groundwater inflow is, predominantly, controlled by infiltration from overlying layers and through outcrops of ignimbrite in the beds of streams and at the ground surface. The rhyolitic ignimbrite sequence is generally considered compressible and to date has accounted for most of the

dewatering induced settlement around the mine site. This is indicated by settlement magnitude generally corresponding to the thickness of the rhyolitic ignimbrite and the magnitude of dewatering in these materials.

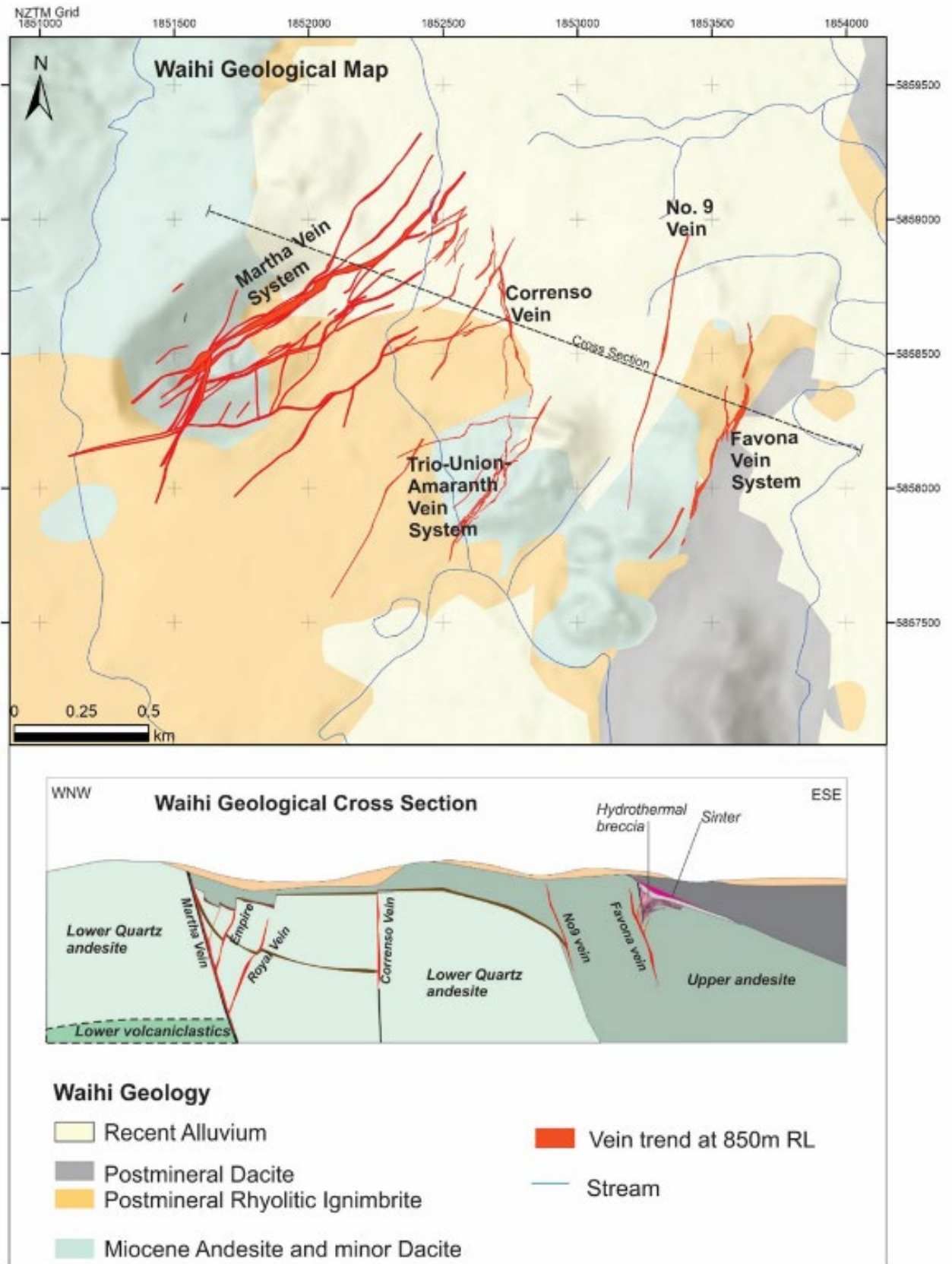


Figure 2. Geological map and cross section of the Waihi area showing the distribution of quartz veining and dominant geological rock units.

4 MINING ACTIVITIES

The main features of the mining activities during 2022 (in relation to dewatering and settlement) are described in the following sections.

4.1 Martha Open Pit

Access to the Martha Pit was restricted during 2022 due to the North Wall slip. No works were undertaken in the pit during 2022. The pit remains in care and maintenance.

4.2 Underground

4.2.1 Development & Production 2022

2022 saw development and production in the Martha mining area (Figure 3 & Figure 5), consisting mainly of declines, accesses, ore drives and stoping. Throughout 2022, a total of 9,281m of development was completed. Approximately 173k tonnes of ore from development and 185k tonnes of ore from production was extracted in 2022.

Limited mining activities were carried out in Correnso in 2022 (Figure 3 & Figure 4), with no blasting after September. Backfilling in line with the land use consents has commenced.

4.2.2 Future Mining Activities

Mining activities for 2023 will focus on ore drives and stoping in Martha in the areas of Rex, Empire West, Edward and Royal East. It is planned to remove approximately 461k tonne of ore and complete approximately 10,000m of development for the year. For a full breakdown of the activities planned refer to the Annual Work Programme (WAI-200-REP-002).

4.2.3 Waste Rock Management

Waste rock is managed by underground stockpiling and backfilling into stopes, and placement on temporary stockpiles on the surface.

On the surface, a short-term stockpile is maintained immediately behind the mill area, enabling easy access for backloading. Larger or longer-term volumes may be stored at the Favona 'Polishing Pond' Stockpile (near the water treatment plant polishing pond). Waste rock placement at this stockpile started in early February 2007. The stockpile stopped receiving material in 2011 and was empty until 2020 when it began to store waste rock from the Martha Underground. Previously, the site has been utilised for interim placement of Martha ore. Before undertaking stockpile construction, the Favona Underground Mine Settlement, Dewatering and Water Quality Monitoring Plan was prepared, and approved by Waikato Regional Council (WRC). A separate Favona Water Quality Monitoring Report is prepared mid-year and submitted to WRC.

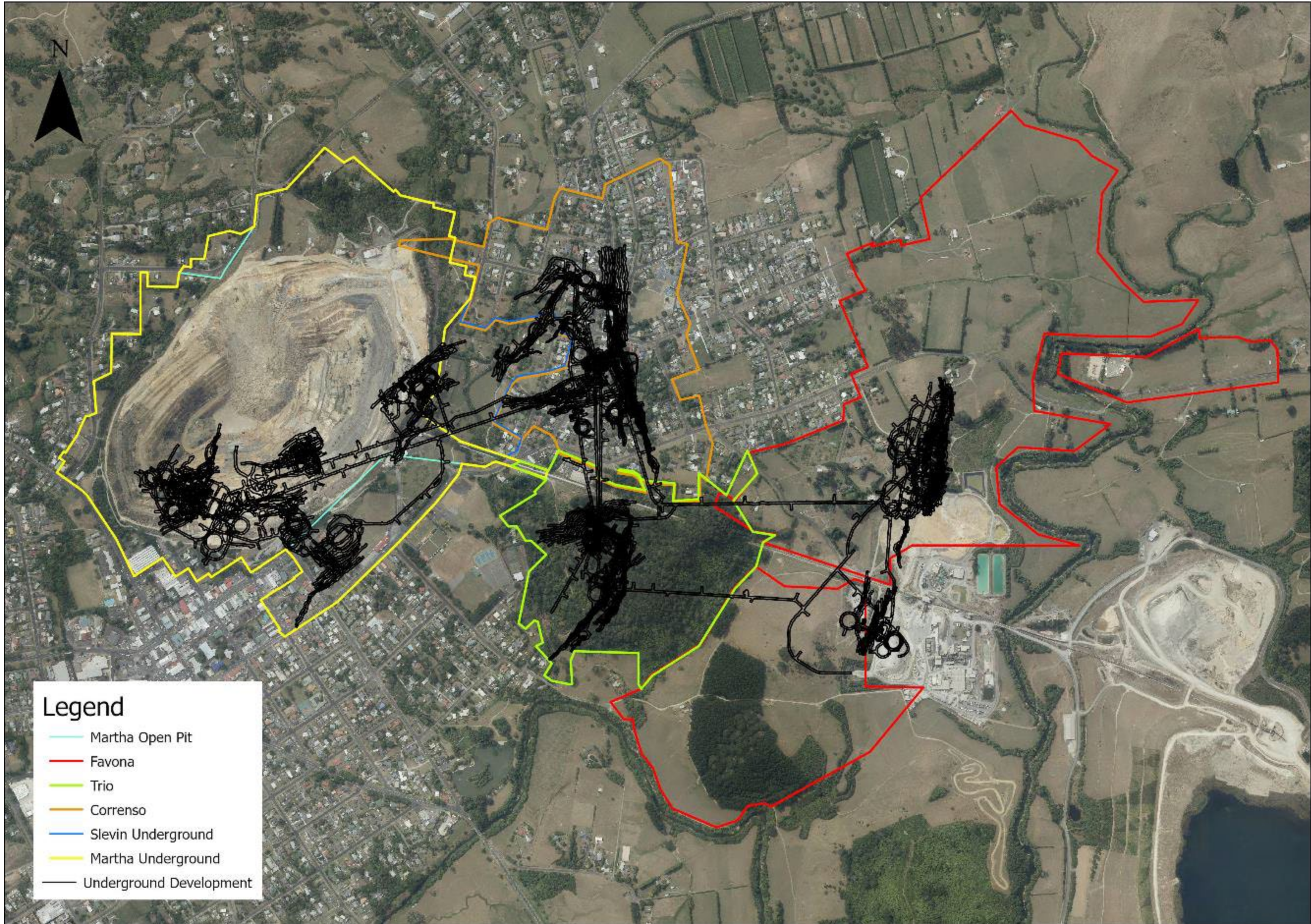


Figure 3. Current workings and boundaries.

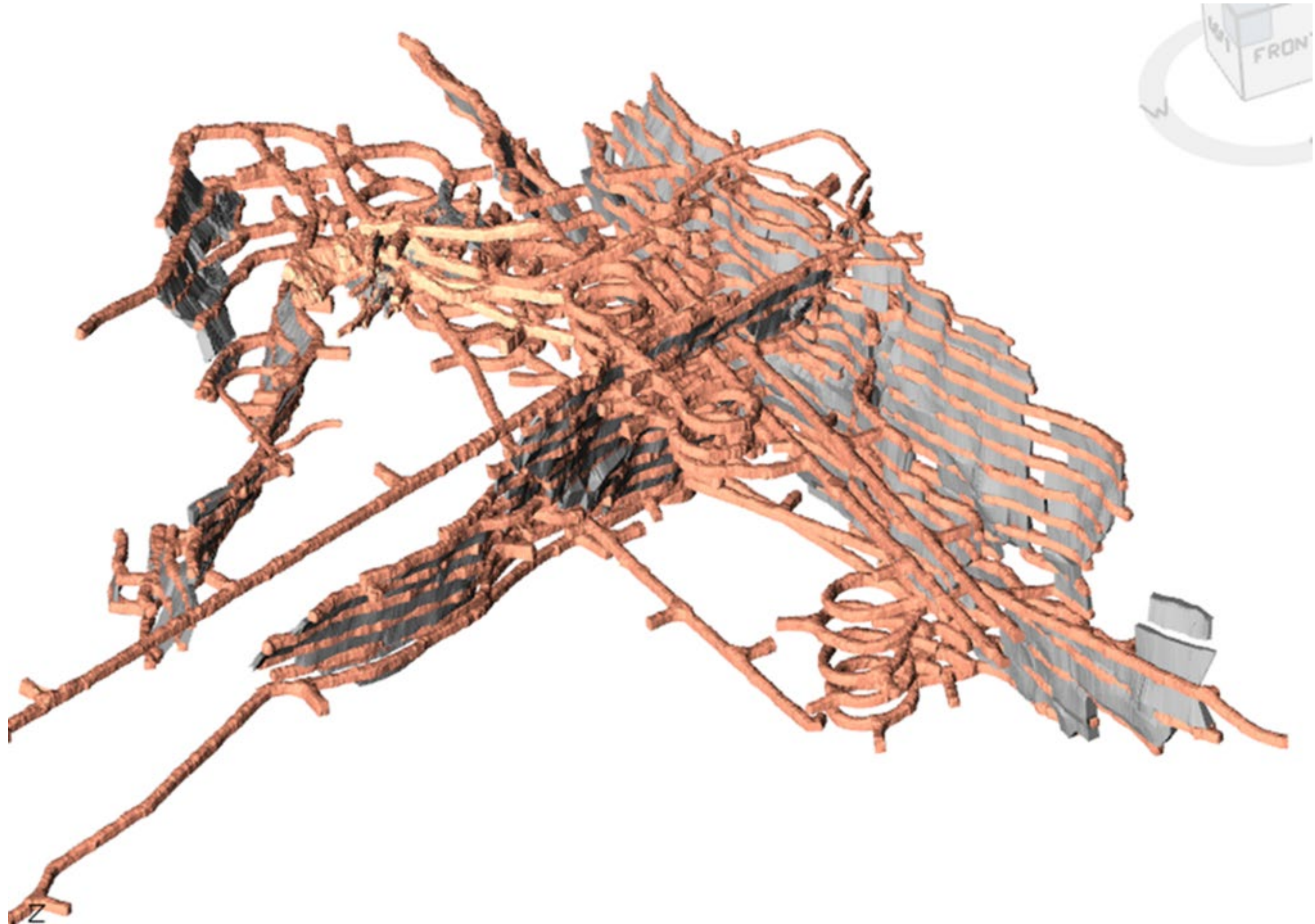


Figure 4. Oblique view of Correnso showing completed development and stoping activities. View is looking northeast from above.

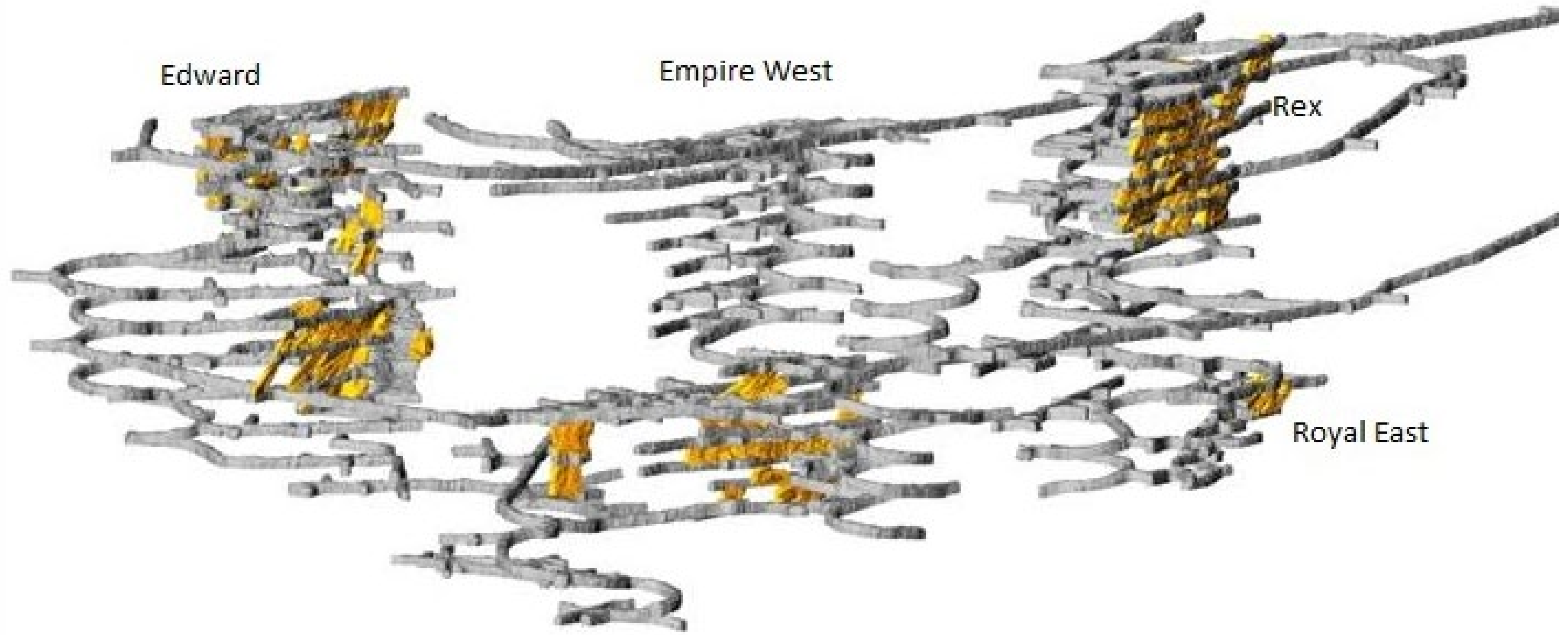


Figure 5. Oblique view of Martha showing completed development and stopping activities. View is looking northeast.

5 DEWATERING

Table 1 shows the annual combined abstraction rate from Martha, Favona, Correnso and Trio. Figure 6 shows groundwater take rates and water levels, and Figure 8 & Figure 9 show the current pump arrangement for underground dewatering.

During 2020, four dewatering pumps were installed in two bores (800 PC1 and 800 PC2) from the 800 mRL level to lower groundwater levels for the Project Martha development. Dewatering to 500 mRL is permitted under the Project Martha consent. Dewatering water from these bores is connected to the existing Correnso dewatering line. Water levels began to be drawn down using these pumps during 2021. At the end of 2022 groundwater levels in PC2 were 676 mRL whereas PC1 was unable to be measured due to a blockage downhole (Figure 7).

Table 1. Martha, Favona, Trio & Correnso Mines annual dewatering volumes and rates.

| Year | Total mine take (m ³) | Average pump rate (m ³ /day) | Service water pumped under ground (m ³) | Total mine take minus service water (m ³) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 2015 (18 May onwards) | 1,338,760 | 5,871 | 60,727 (23 Sep onwards) | 1,278,033 |
| 2016 | 2,911,046 | 7,954 | 181,466 | 2,729,580 |
| 2017 | 3,637,734 | 9,996 | 219,198 | 3,418,536 |
| 2018 | 4,285,048 | 11,511 | 262,227 | 4,022,821 |
| 2019 | 3,153,288 | 8,639 | 254,859 | 2,898,429 |
| 2020 | 2,687,124 | 7,342 | 173,290 | 2,513,834 |
| 2021 | 3,379,568 | 9,259 | 182,803 | 3,196,765 |
| 2022 | 2,537,964 | 6,953 | 198,999 | 2,338,965 |

At the request of a peer reviewer, a standalone flow meter for the Favona dewatering line was installed in December 2019. Abstraction rates from Favona are shown in Table 2. In 2021, the pump was removed as the area was dry.

Table 2. Favona Mine annual dewatering volumes and rates.

| Year | Favona Mine take (m ³) | Average pump rate (m ³ /day) |
|------|---|---|
| 2019 | 1,637 (first reading 12 December 2019) | 125 |
| 2020 | 14,313 | 39 |
| 2021 | 14,539 | 39 |
| 2022 | 0 | 0 |

Note: for continuity, Favona abstraction volumes are also included in 'Total mine take' numbers reported in Table 1.

5.1 Future Dewatering

The Project Martha dewatering consent allows dewatering to 500 mRL. Underground water levels were drawn to approximately 676 mRL in 2022. This will be progressively lowered during 2023, with

a target pumping rate of 37 L/s at each of the four pumps. Water levels are projected to be lowered to 634 mRL in 2023. Pressure transducers were installed during 2022 with the aim of collecting continuous water level readings. However, installation and setup issues were encountered with the loggers becoming obstructed in the bore holes and the data being unable to be retrieved. Therefore, the water levels in the dewatering bores were measured manually approximately weekly using a water level dip meter. Dewatering will be primarily from the drive and stope face as they mine below the dewatering bore levels.

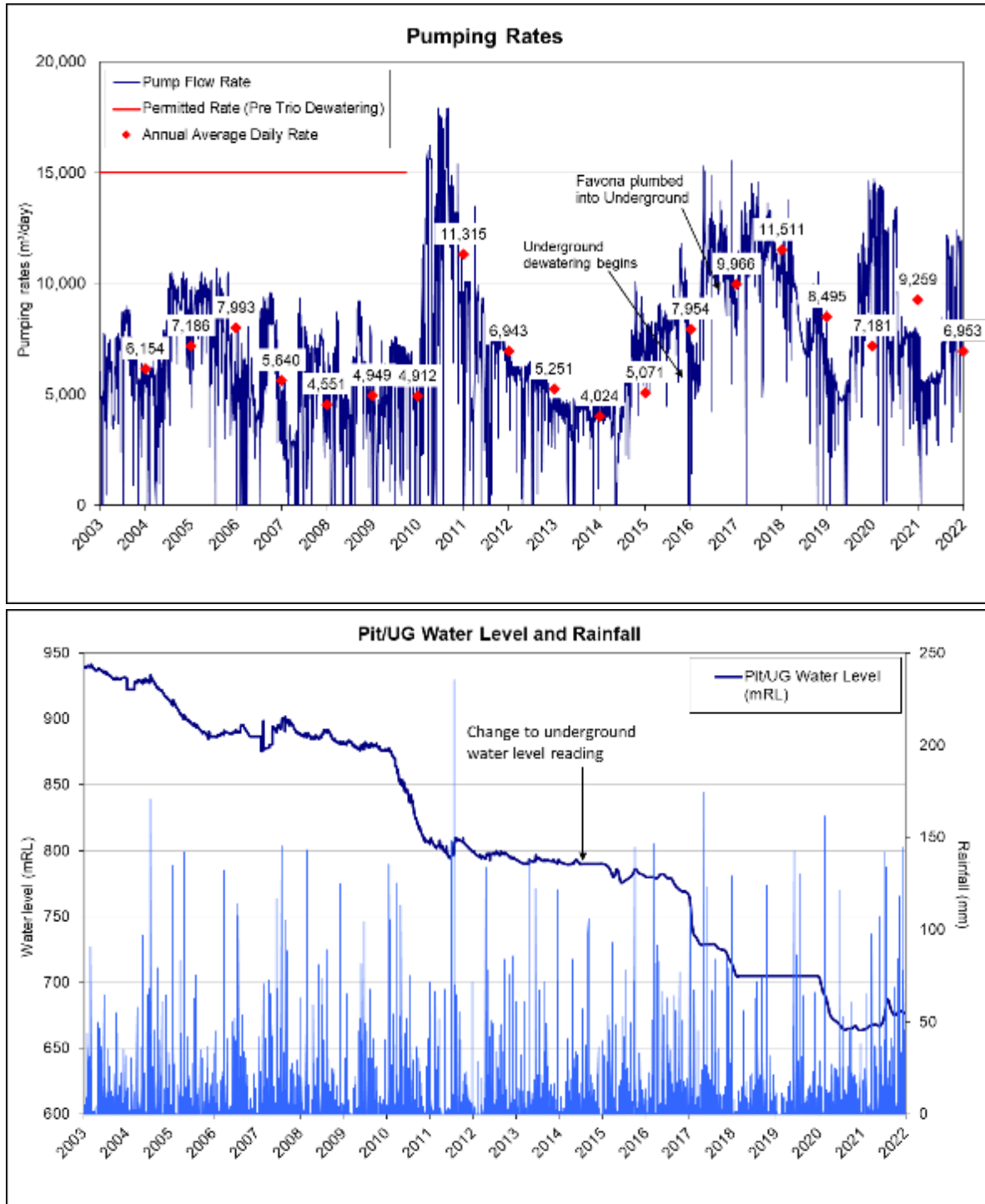
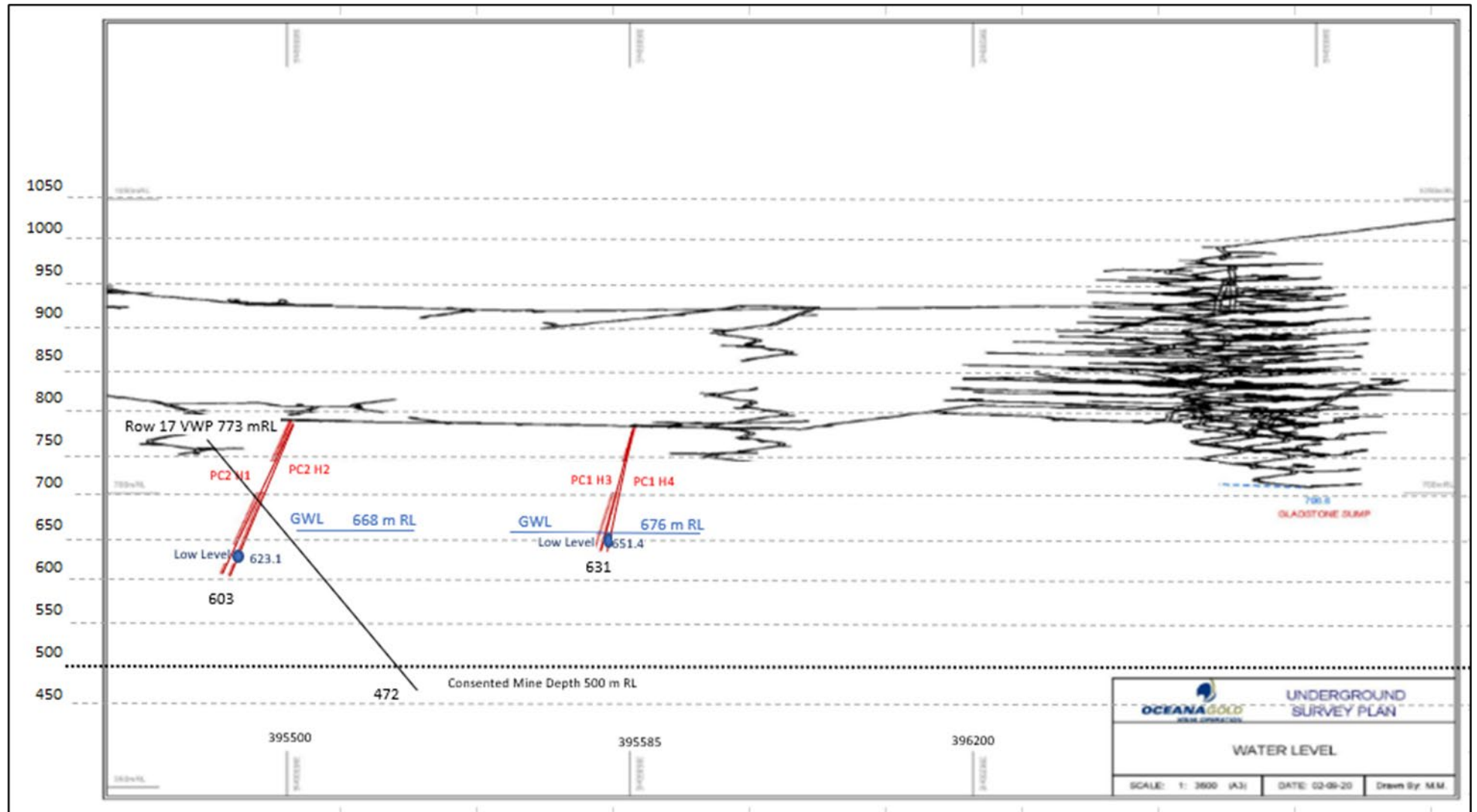


Figure 6. A) Martha Mine/Underground dewatering pumping rates, B) Dewatering water level and rainfall.



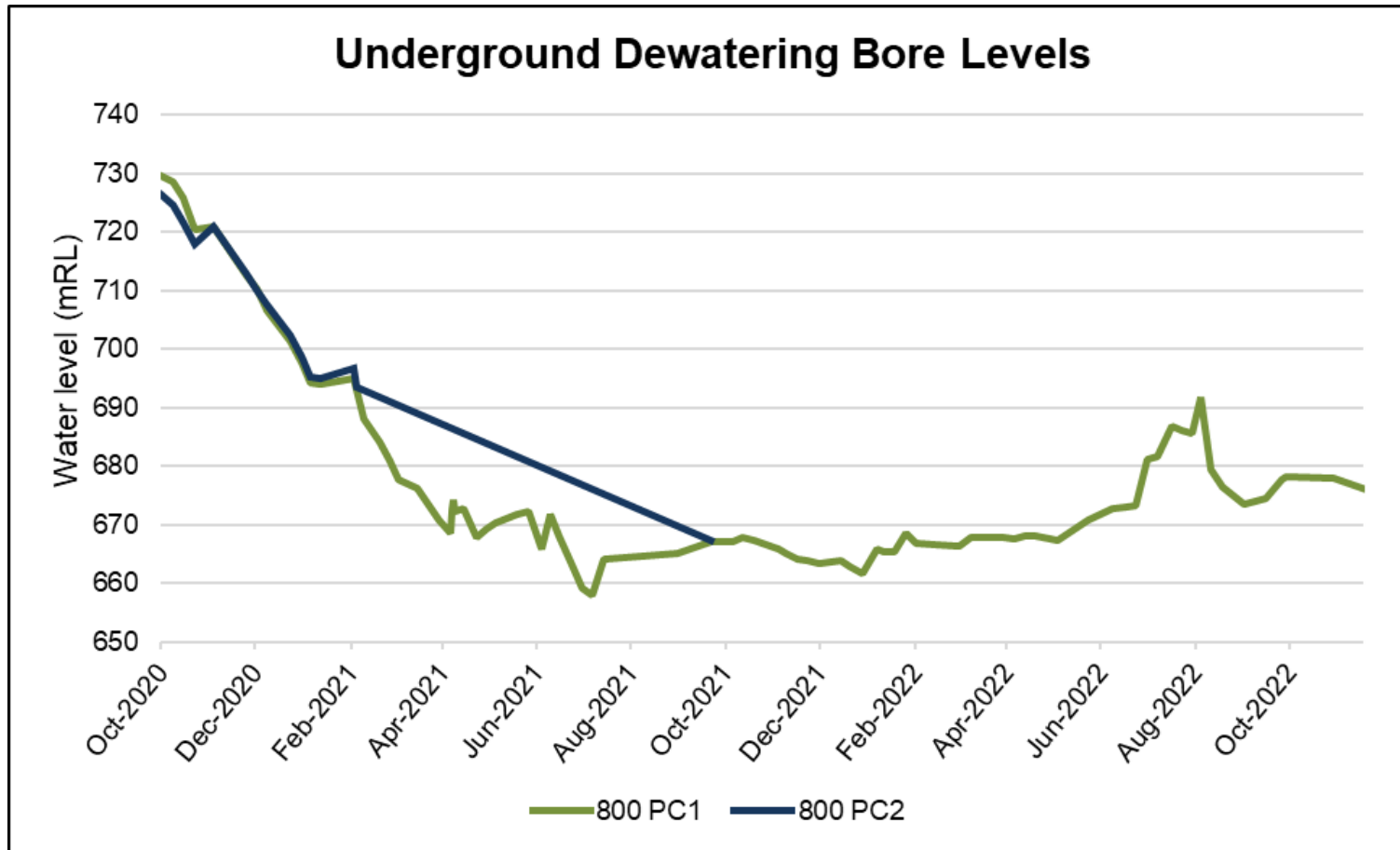


Figure 7. A) Project Martha dewatering bore location, B) Dewatering bore levels

Waihi Underground Pumping Schematic

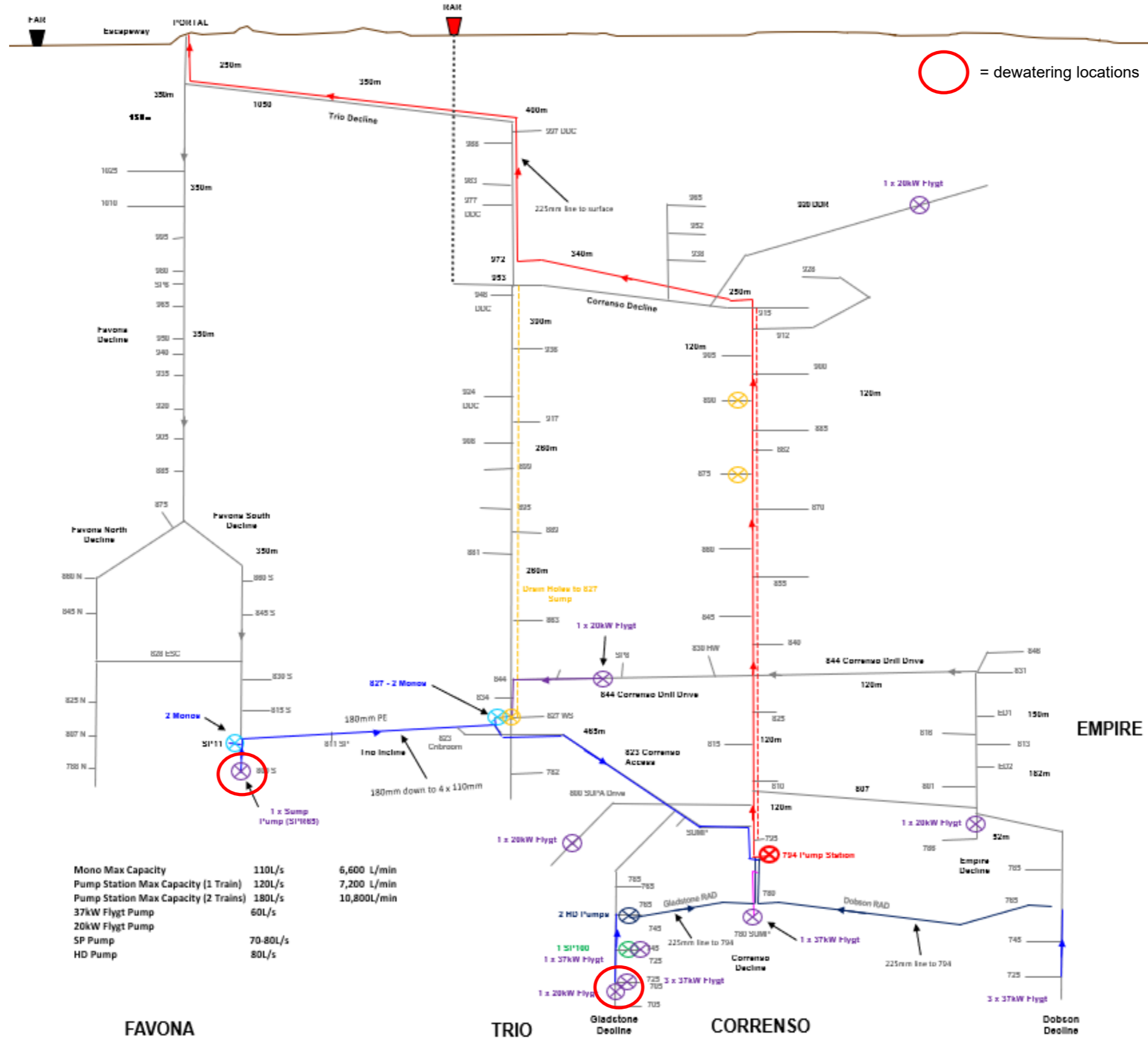


Figure 8. Correnso, Trio and Favona pumping schematic – December 2022.

Waihi Underground Pumping Schematic

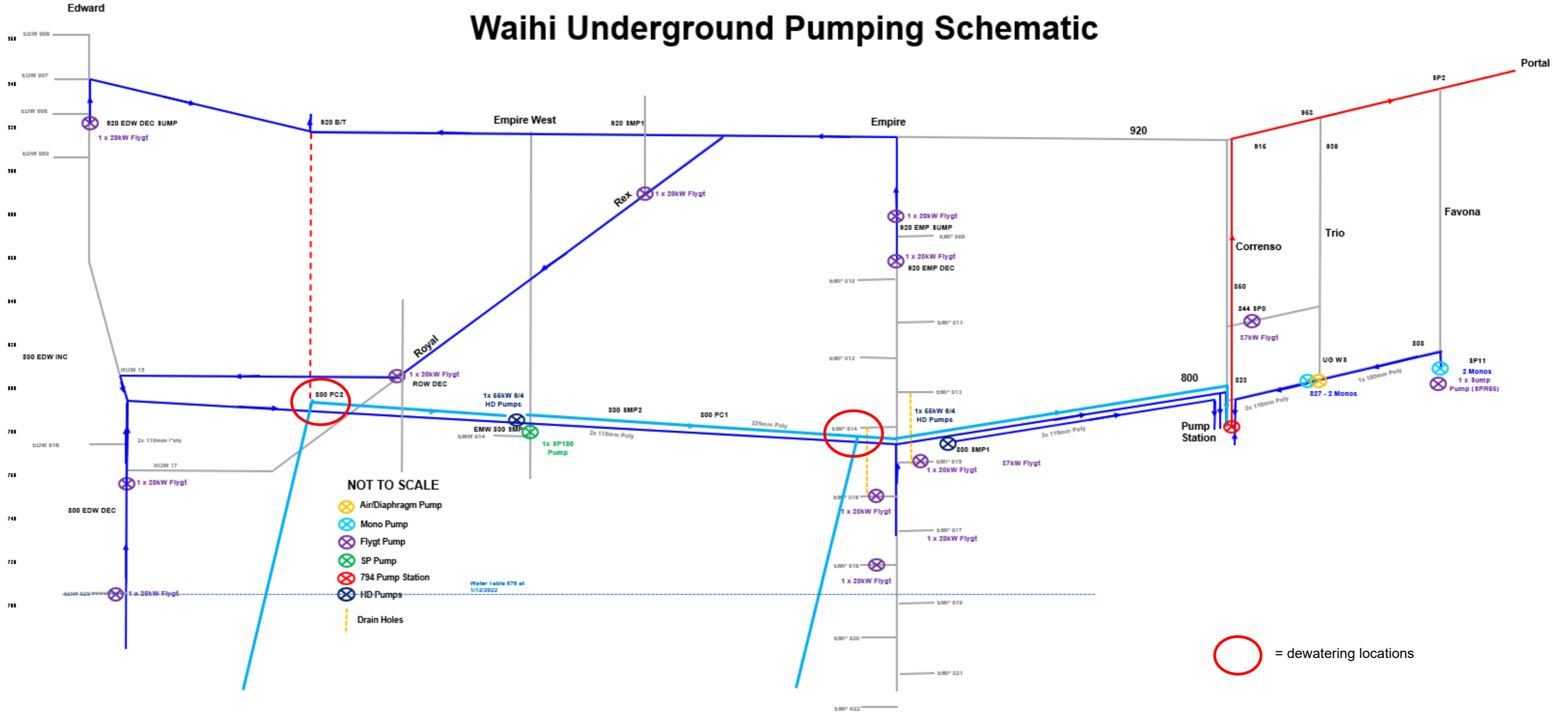


Figure 9. Martha Underground pumping schematic – December 2022.

6 GROUNDWATER MONITORING

This section is provided to meet Conditions 13 a, b and c of the Martha consent, Conditions 2a, 4b, and 4c Schedule 2 of the Favona consent, Conditions 6 (ii) and (iii) of the Trio Development consent (referred to by the Trio Underground Mine Consent 6.1.1), Condition 35 of the Correnso Underground Mine Consent, Condition 29 of the SUPA Consent and Condition 22 of the Project Martha Consent. It includes:

- Data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network.
- Identification and interpretation of any environmentally important trends in dewatering behaviour or groundwater profile. Existing trends identified prior to end of 2021 will not be discussed in depth unless there has been a significant change or trigger reached.

6.1 Method

OGNZL has maintained a piezometer network within and around Martha Mine since 1987 and Favona Mine since 2004. Additional Correnso/SUPA piezometers were installed in 2011, 2014 and 2016. P106 was drilled and four vibrating wire piezometers installed in that drill hole during 2017. It is located to the northwest of Martha Pit (Figure 10). Seven Project Martha piezometers were added to the network during 2019, three during 2021 and two were completed during 2022/23 (P122 & P123). The current piezometer network, well depths and average 2022 water depths are shown in Table 3.

Table 3. Piezometer network well depths.

| ALLUVIUM | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|---------|
| Well ID | Depth (mRL) | 2022 GWL (mRL) | Water Depth (m) | Type | Comment |
| P2-4 | 1101 | 1108 | 7 | Standpipe | |
| P8-4 | 1113 | 1119 | 6 | Standpipe | |
| P63-S* | 1113 | 1117 | 4 | Standpipe | |
| P76-S* | 1109 | 1112 | 3 | Standpipe | |
| P77-S* | 1110 | 1115 | 5 | Standpipe | |
| P87-S | 1110 | 1115 | 5 | Standpipe | |
| P91-1 | 1113 | 1120 | 7 | VWP | |
| P93-1 | 1105 | 1116 | 11 | VWP | |
| P94-1 | 1114 | 1115 | 1 | VWP | |
| P101-1 | 1102 | 1109 | 7 | VWP | |
| P102-1 | 1108 | 1114 | 6 | VWP | |
| WC201-4 | 1103 | 1111 | 8 | Standpipe | |
| WC201-5 | 1109 | 1111 | 2 | Standpipe | |
| GLD004S | 1080 | 1085 | 5 | Standpipe | |
| YOUNG VOLCANIC | | | | | |
| Well ID | Depth (mRL) | 2022 GWL (mRL) | Water Depth (m) | Type | |
| P2-3 | 1073 | 1092 | 19 | Standpipe | |

| | | | | | |
|----------------|------|------|-----|-----------|-----|
| P4-2 | 1047 | 1088 | 41 | Standpipe | |
| P7-2 | 1039 | 1090 | 51 | Standpipe | |
| P7-3 | 1080 | 1090 | 10 | Standpipe | |
| P8-3 | 1092 | 1116 | 24 | Standpipe | |
| P27-1 | 1073 | 1080 | 7 | Standpipe | |
| P63-I | 1070 | 1090 | 20 | Standpipe | |
| P64-I | 1086 | 1101 | 15 | Standpipe | |
| P76-I | 1072 | 1104 | 32 | Standpipe | |
| P77-I & P77-I2 | 1045 | 1099 | 54 | Standpipe | |
| P78-I | 1051 | 1105 | 54 | Standpipe | |
| P79-S | 1091 | 1097 | 6 | Standpipe | |
| P79-I | 1061 | 1093 | 32 | Standpipe | |
| P87-I | 1070 | 1111 | 41 | Standpipe | |
| P90-1 | 1100 | 1114 | 14 | VWP | |
| P90-2 | 1020 | 1102 | 82 | VWP | |
| P91-2 | 1097 | 1118 | 21 | VWP | |
| P91-3 | 1011 | 1113 | 102 | VWP | |
| P92-1 | 1096 | 1119 | 23 | VWP | |
| P92-2 | 1000 | 1108 | 108 | VWP | |
| P93-2 | 1015 | 1090 | 75 | VWP | |
| P94-2 | 1094 | 1113 | 19 | VWP | |
| P94-3 | 1016 | 1101 | 85 | VWP | |
| P95-1 | 1091 | 1116 | 25 | VWP | |
| P95-2 | 1031 | 1102 | 71 | VWP | |
| P100-1 | 1066 | 1080 | 14 | VWP | |
| P100-2 | 996 | 1053 | 57 | VWP | |
| P101-2 | 1083 | 1099 | 16 | VWP | |
| P101-3 | 1068 | 1091 | 23 | VWP | |
| P102-2 | 1078 | 1097 | 19 | VWP | |
| P102-3 | 1054 | 1093 | 39 | VWP | |
| P107 | 1089 | 1111 | 22 | Standpipe | |
| P108 | 1115 | 1122 | 7 | Standpipe | |
| P109 | 1090 | 1096 | 6 | Standpipe | |
| P110 | 1097 | 1105 | 8 | Standpipe | |
| P111-1 | 1100 | 1107 | 7 | VWP | |
| P112-1 | 1058 | 1058 | 0 | VWP | Dry |
| P113 | 1063 | 1062 | 0 | Standpipe | Dry |
| P114 | 1054 | 1058 | 4 | Standpipe | |
| P115 | 1072 | 1095 | 23 | Standpipe | |
| P116 | 1045 | 1092 | 47 | Standpipe | |

| BH6-1 | 1052 | 1111 | 59 | Standpipe | |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----|
| BH7 | 1078 | 1097 | 19 | Standpipe | |
| BH9-1 | 1073 | 1096 | 23 | Standpipe | |
| BH11 | 1074 | 1093 | 19 | Standpipe | |
| BH12 | 1090 | 1106 | 16 | Standpipe | |
| WC202-3 | 1090 | 1110 | 21 | Pneumatic | |
| GLD004I | 1065 | 1087 | 22 | Standpipe | |
| ANDESITE | | | | | |
| Well ID | Depth (mRL) | 2022 GWL (mRL) | Water Depth (m) | Type | |
| P2-2 | 1034 | 1045 | 11 | Standpipe | |
| P7-1 | 988 | 1003 | 15 | Standpipe | |
| P8-1 | 975 | 1023 | 48 | Standpipe | |
| P8-2 | 1044 | 1124 | 80 | Standpipe | |
| P9-1 | 1036 | 1118 | 82 | Standpipe | |
| P69-S | 1114 | 1136 | 22 | Standpipe | |
| P69-D | 1063 | 1091 | 28 | Standpipe | |
| P75 | 979 | 1068 | 89 | Standpipe | |
| P76-D | 1055 | 1098 | 43 | Standpipe | |
| P77-D | 1031 | 1098 | 67 | Standpipe | |
| P78-D | 1052 | 1073 | 21 | Standpipe | |
| P79-D | 1047 | 1088 | 41 | Standpipe | |
| P87-D | 1024 | 1102 | 78 | Standpipe | |
| P90-3 | 982 | 1086 | 104 | VWP | |
| P91-4 | 970 | 1102 | 132 | VWP | |
| P92-3 | 965 | 1101 | 136 | VWP | |
| P93-4 | 974 | 1039 | 65 | VWP | |
| P94-4 | 976 | 992 | 16 | VWP | |
| P95-3 | 1000 | 1060 | 60 | VWP | |
| P100-3 | 981 | 1046 | 65 | VWP | |
| P100-4 | 956 | 989 | 33 | VWP | |
| P101-4 | 1036 | 1038 | 2 | VWP | |
| P102-4 | 1026 | 1032 | 6 | VWP | |
| P106-1 | 1100 | 1100 | 0 | VWP | Dry |
| P106-2 | 1060 | 1060 | 0 | VWP | Dry |
| P106-3 | 1010 | 1008 | 0 | VWP | Dry |
| P106-4 | 974 | 974 | 0 | VWP | Dry |
| P111-2 | 1088 | 1088 | 0 | VWP | Dry |
| P111-3 | 1055 | 1060 | 5 | VWP | |
| P112-2 | 1035 | 1035 | 0 | VWP | Dry |

| | | | | | |
|---------|------|------|----|-----------|--|
| P112-3 | 997 | 999 | 2 | VWP | |
| BH8 | 1075 | 1078 | 3 | Standpipe | |
| WC201-1 | 1058 | 1064 | 6 | Pneumatic | |
| WC201-2 | 1077 | 1080 | 3 | Pneumatic | |
| WC201-3 | 1096 | 1100 | 4 | Pneumatic | |
| WC202-1 | 1031 | 1073 | 42 | Pneumatic | |
| GLD004D | 1020 | 1087 | 67 | Standpipe | |

All piezometers are monitored on a monthly basis as required by the consent conditions. The water levels are translated to the mine datum reference level to enable comparison between bores or areas. Vibrating wire piezometers record values at daily intervals with the data downloaded monthly.

6.2 Inspection and Maintenance

The piezometer dip-meter is maintained in good working condition. A calibration of the dip-meter tape against a reference tape is carried out annually by Hydrologic NZ Ltd. The dip-meter tape is replaced if the difference against the reference tape is more than 0.1%. The dip-meter was calibrated in March 2022.

The consent conditions require an inspection of the piezometer installations and appraisal of the piezometer network every two years. In effect, inspections of the piezometer network are undertaken more frequently, with the piezometer monitoring procedure requiring 6-monthly sounding to the bottom of all standpipe piezometers to identify any with excess silt and mud.

The piezometer designs have screens which allow water inflow into the pipe. Piezometers that are most impacted by sediment are on a flushing schedule, with flushing of silted boreholes occurring in November of 2019. Piezometers P4-1, P4-3, P8-2, P9-2, and P9-3 have showed little change after multiple flushing attempts and are no longer monitored.

6.3 Groundwater Results

The Waihi town piezometer network currently has 52 dipped piezometers and six pneumatic piezometers. An additional 14 data loggers connected to 50 vibrating wire piezometers are also included in monitoring Waihi East, south of the Martha Pit and northwest of the Martha Pit (Figure 10). Groundwater contour plans have been updated for the three principal geological units: alluvium (plus shallow groundwater in weathered younger volcanic materials), younger volcanics (including ignimbrite), and andesite. The groundwater plans are presented in Figure 11, Figure 13 and Figure 16 respectively.

6.3.1 Changes to Monitoring Network 2022

- Two new piezometer locations were added to the network during 2022/23 (P122 & P123, each connected to 4 vibrating wire piezometers).
- An underground vibrating wire piezometer was installed at 773 mRL with a single tip at 472.5 mRL.
- Monitoring well GLD004 has been activated for inclusion in the Waihi piezometer network.
- WC202-2, WC202-4 and WC202-5 have been reactivated as part of groundwater monitoring investigations.
- BH8 is no longer monitored as this borehole collapsed.

6.3.2 Shallow Groundwater

Figure 11 shows the inferred contours for shallow groundwater in alluvium and in weathered younger volcanic materials and shows the water level trends over time. The overall contour pattern and the trend plots demonstrate that the shallow groundwater system remains essentially unaffected by dewatering of the surface and underground mining operations. Shallow groundwater levels are controlled principally by rainfall infiltration, low surface soil permeability and natural and assisted drainage to surface water systems.

Contouring of the area southwest of Martha Mine has been restricted by the loss of access to the wells at sites WC203 and WC206. For the purposes of completing the contour plan it was assumed that groundwater levels in the alluvium at these locations remained the same as in previous years.



Figure 10. Waihi piezometer network 2022.



Figure 11. Alluvium water level contours.

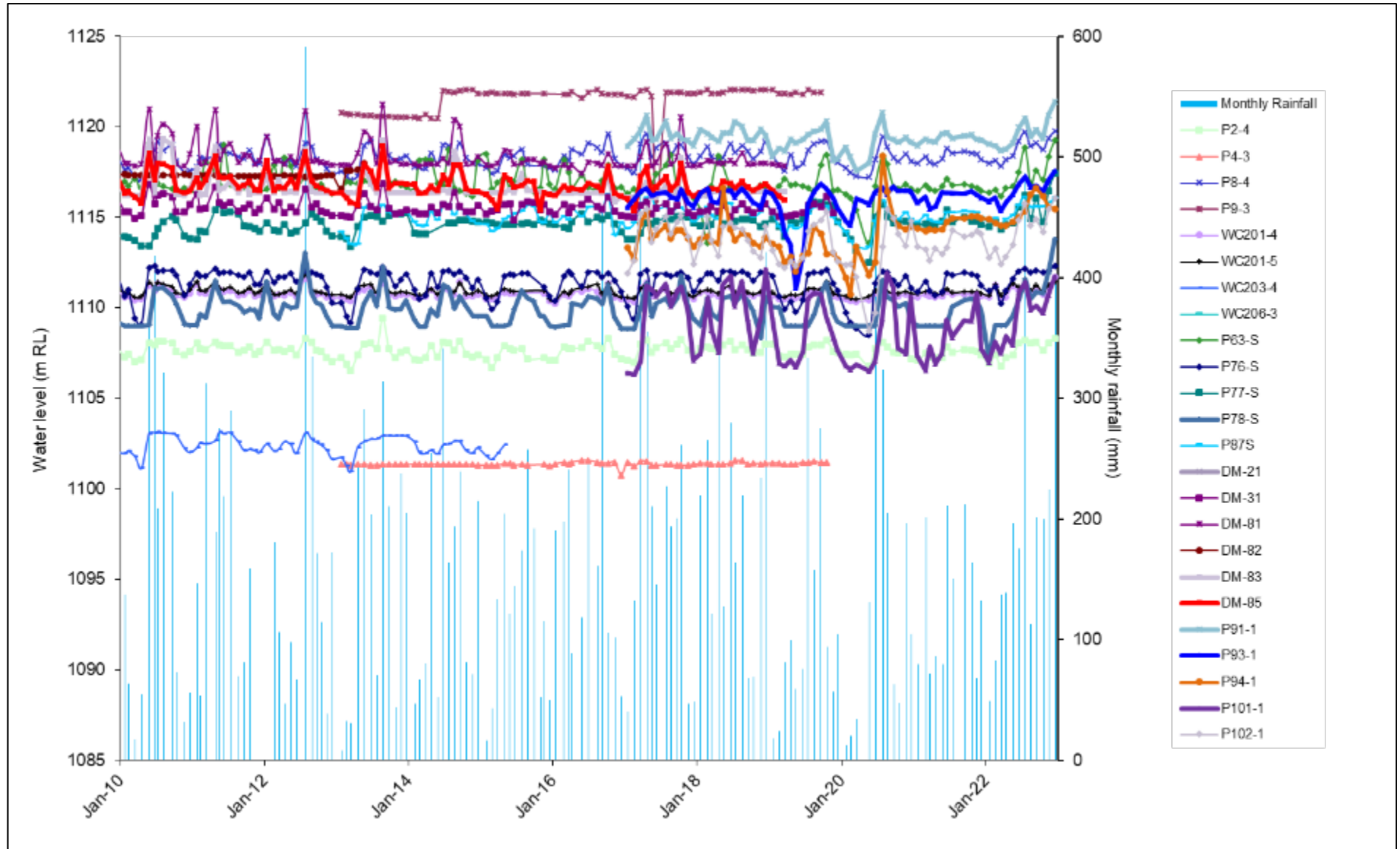


Figure 12. Groundwater level trends – shallow groundwater (alluvium & weathered contact of young volcanics).

6.3.3 Younger Volcanics

Groundwater contours in the deeper portions of the younger volcanic materials below the shallow groundwater system and groundwater level trends are shown on Figure 13, Figure 14 and Figure 15.

The younger volcanic materials infill topographic depressions in the surface of the andesite rock body in which the open pit and underground mines are constructed.

Groundwater level change and the associated consolidation of the varying thickness of these relatively compressible younger volcanic materials is considered to be responsible for much of the settlement and for the settlement patterns around Martha and Favona mines. Noting, that dewatering of the deep andesites is also contributing to general settlements across Waihi.

The dewatering pattern in the younger volcanics around Martha Mine indicates drainage towards the open pit. The limited groundwater discharge at the contact of the younger volcanic materials with the underlying andesite in the pit (see Figure 13 & Figure 14) suggests drainage is affected by features other than the contact (which defines a paleovalley in the andesite). The most likely additional drain point is a substantial block cave evident in the pit wall. This block cave, referred to as the Milking Cow, was active during historical (pre-1950's) underground operations and resulted in substantial settlement of the ground surface, down-folding of fill and younger volcanic strata, and close fracturing of the welded ignimbrite layers.

Prior to the start of dewatering at Martha Mine, groundwater levels in all rock units were similar. With the onset of mine dewatering, water levels in the veins and historic workings were drawn down. Groundwater levels in the various rock units below the shallow aquifer showed increasing vertical separation until the mid to late 1990's. Thereafter, the water levels (other than in the veins and workings) stabilised and have remained stable since. This pattern is demonstrated in the monitoring wells at site P2, with piezometer P2-1 following the vein water levels until the water level dropped below the piezometer tip. P2-2 measures the upper andesite water levels, P2-3, the younger volcanic rock water levels and P2-4 the alluvium (shallow aquifer) water levels.

The development of the settlement pattern has shown a similar behaviour with an initial higher rate of settlement followed by a much-reduced rate of settlement once groundwater levels in the upper rock layers stabilised. These patterns are discussed in the following sections.

BH11 and BH12 have been included in the young volcanics hydrograph. These were historically listed as andesite piezometers. The piezometer network was reviewed by GWS Limited as part of a wider assessment of the Waihi piezometer network. The findings of the GWS review resulted in the installation of two new Martha vibrating wire (VW) piezometers, P122 and P123.

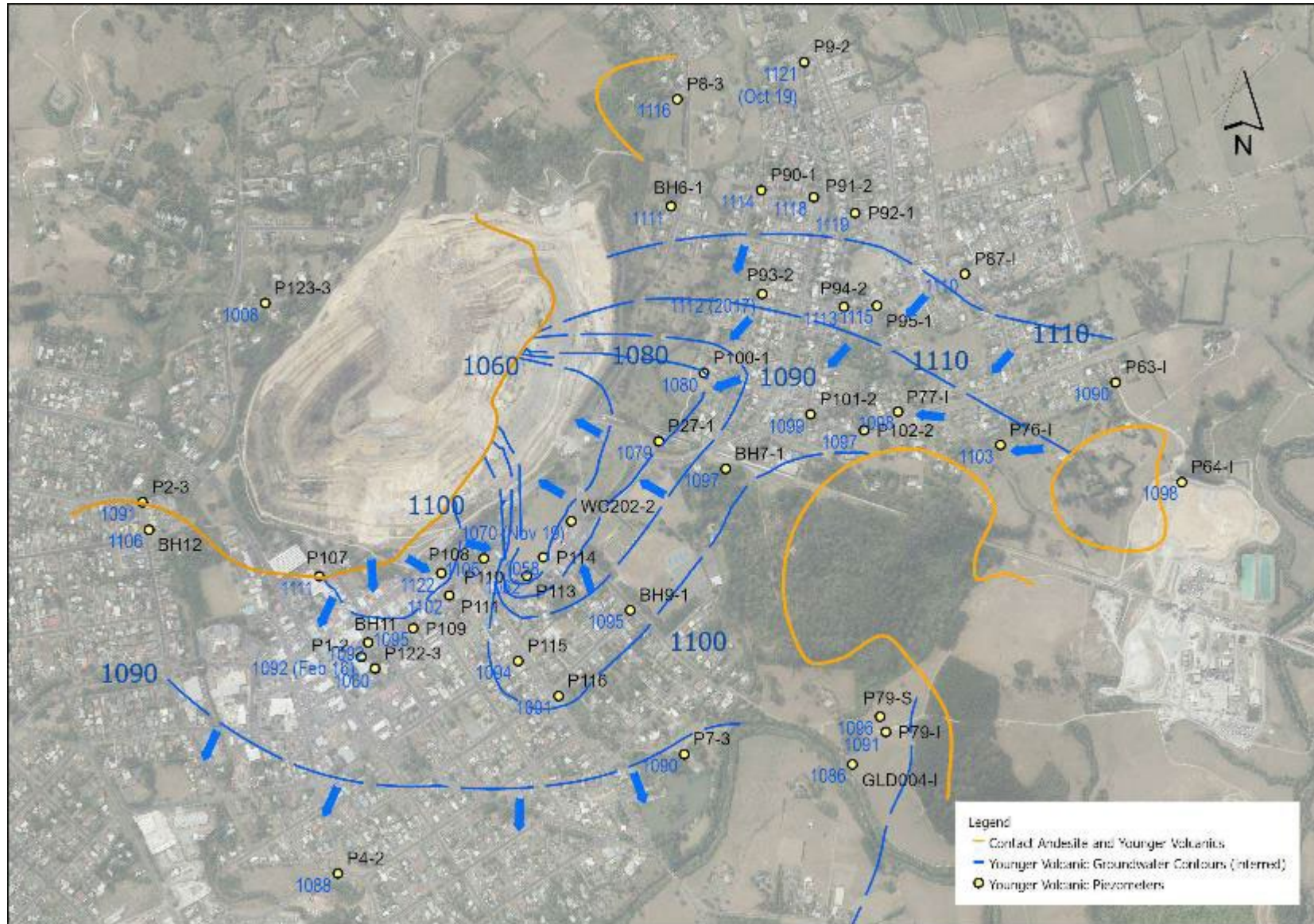


Figure 13. Deeper younger volcanic water level contours.

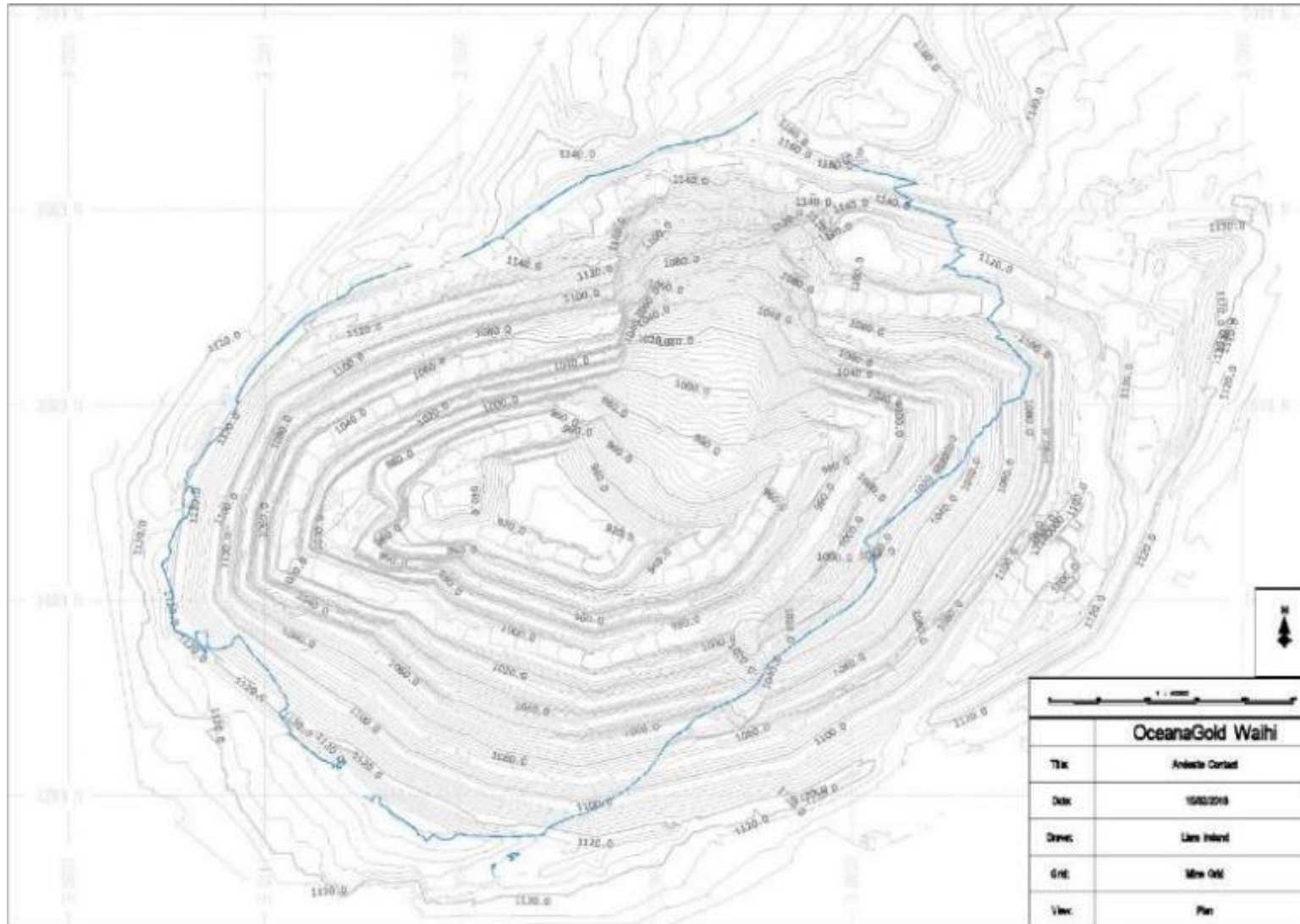


Figure 14. Groundwater level trends – deeper younger volcanic materials (blue line indicates contact of the younger volcanics with the underlying andesite where seepage at the base of the younger volcanics would occur).

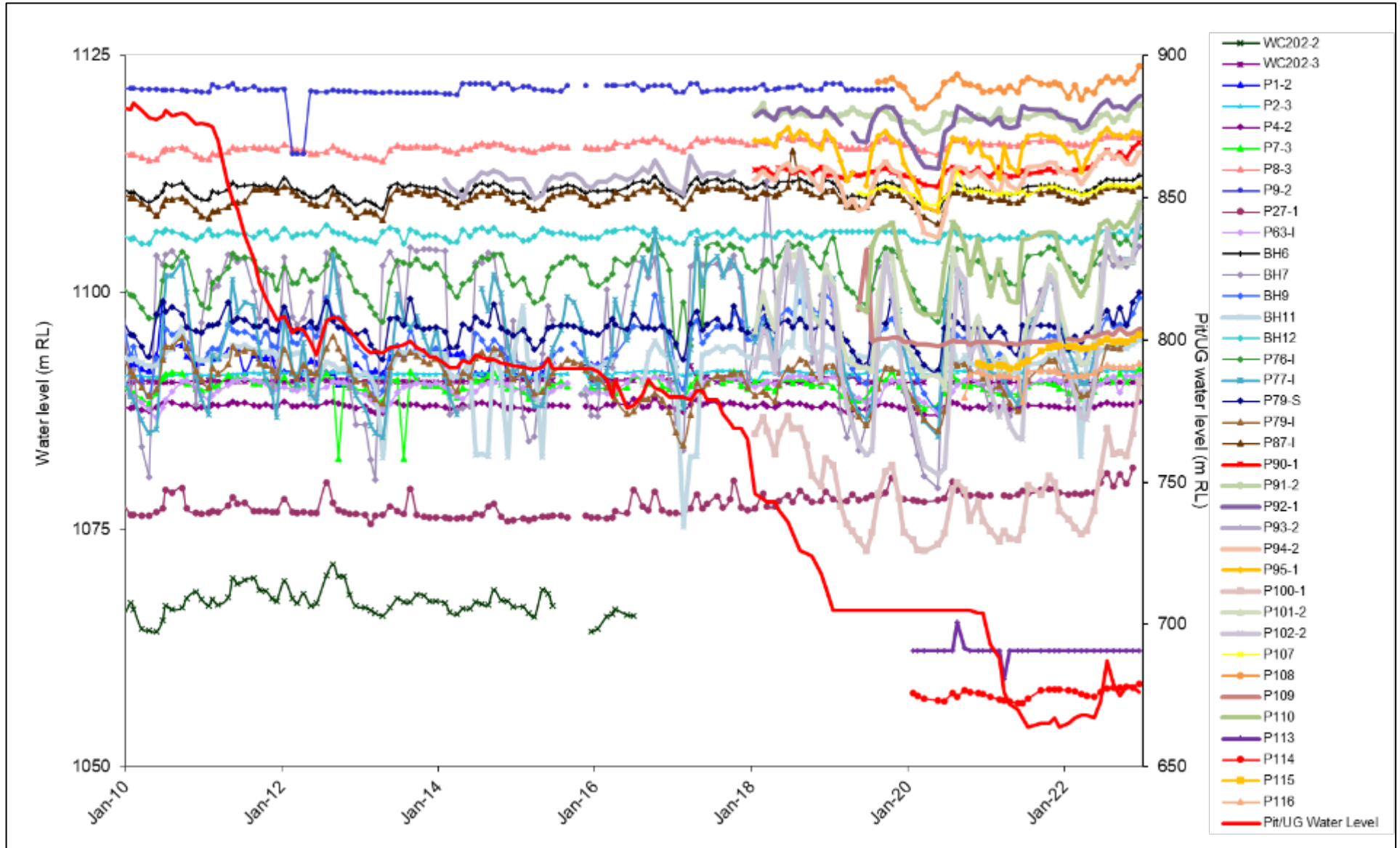


Figure 15. Groundwater level trends – deeper younger volcanics near underlying andesite contact.

6.3.4 Andesite

Andesite rock forms the local basement rock body for the area and hosts the mineralisation which was being mined at Martha Pit and is mined in the Underground.

Figure 16 shows the scope of the dewatering effects in the andesite rock body as a result of dewatering. Data from the Waihi East vibrating wire piezometer units have been included. Figure 17 provides the water level trends in the andesite rock body. While groundwater level data is available for the vein systems and the shallower andesite rock, no monitoring data is available for intermediate depths within the andesite rock mass outside of development areas. Hence, groundwater levels between the vein and the shallow rock mass have been interpolated.

Groundwater levels in the andesite vein systems have responded rapidly and substantially to mine dewatering along the strike of the Martha vein system, along the strike of the Trio vein system beneath Union Hill, and also along the strike of the Favona/Moonlight vein systems (Figure 16). An area of dewatering, indicated between Martha Mine and Trio/Correnso vein systems, suggests a relatively close linkage. Outside of these structures, the dewatering effect in the andesite rock is attenuated or absent. This is illustrated by the different responses shown on Figure 17.

The Martha Mine dewatering effect continues to be abruptly attenuated to the north of the mine and also to the west of the mine. This is considered to be the result of faulting which truncates the veining. A lobe of dewatering extends to the southwest of Martha Mine and this is considered to be due to the drainage effect along the north-south Edward lode structure. Dewatering is shown to reduce eastwards along the Martha system but may extend further at depth as the host rocks are more deeply buried in that direction and no deep monitoring wells are available for confirmation.

Figure 16 also indicates the dewatering centralised on the Favona system with the restriction of connection between Favona and the Union systems. The geological model in Section 3 indicates an up-thrown block (Union Horst, Figure 16) between the Union and Favona systems. This structural hiatus is likely to account for the restricted groundwater interconnection between the Martha-Union and Favona systems.

The chart displaying andesite water level trends (Figure 17) was congested so the vibrating wire and Favona piezometers have been excluded. These are presented in Figure 18 to Figure 34.

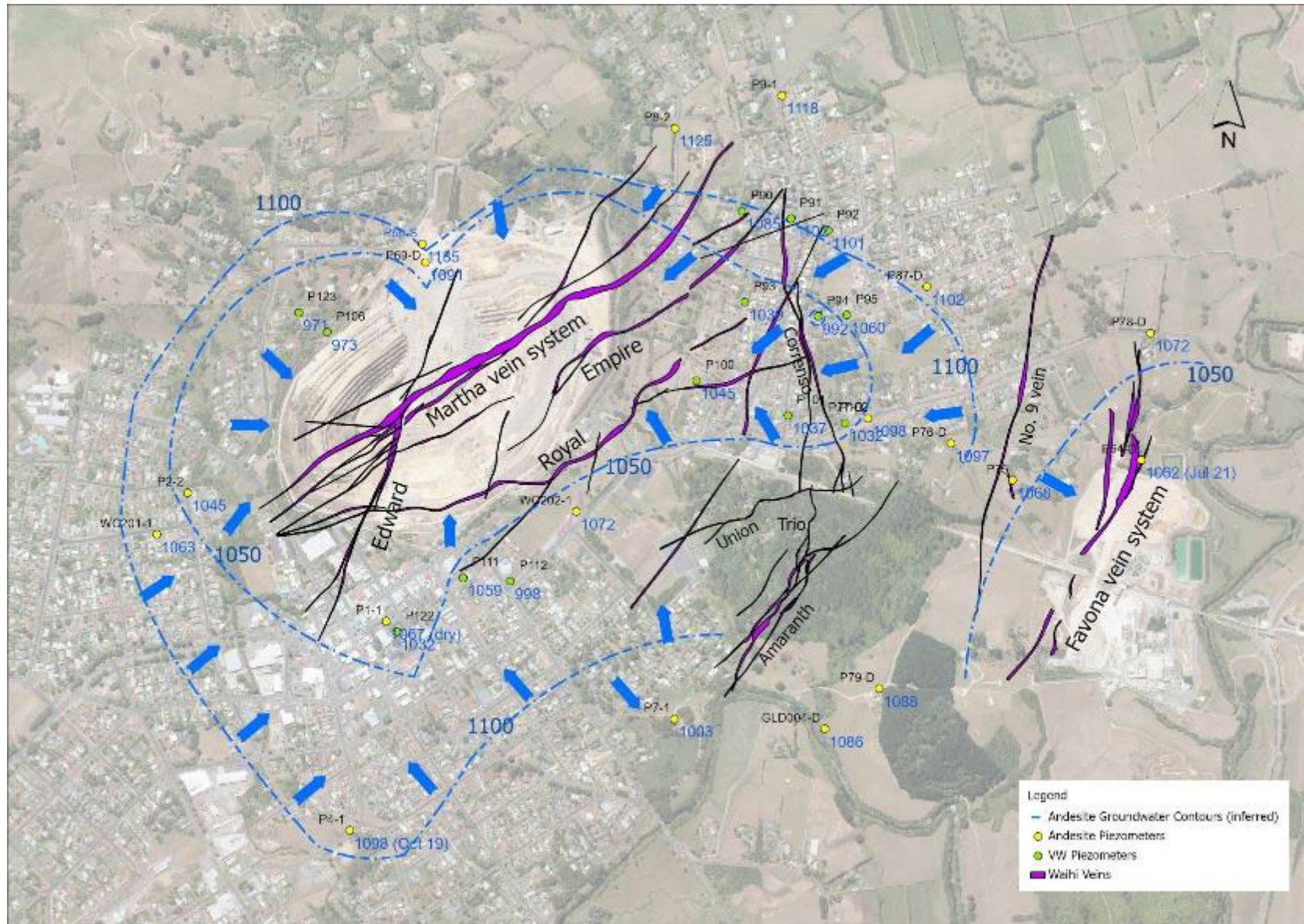


Figure 16. Upper andesite water level contours.

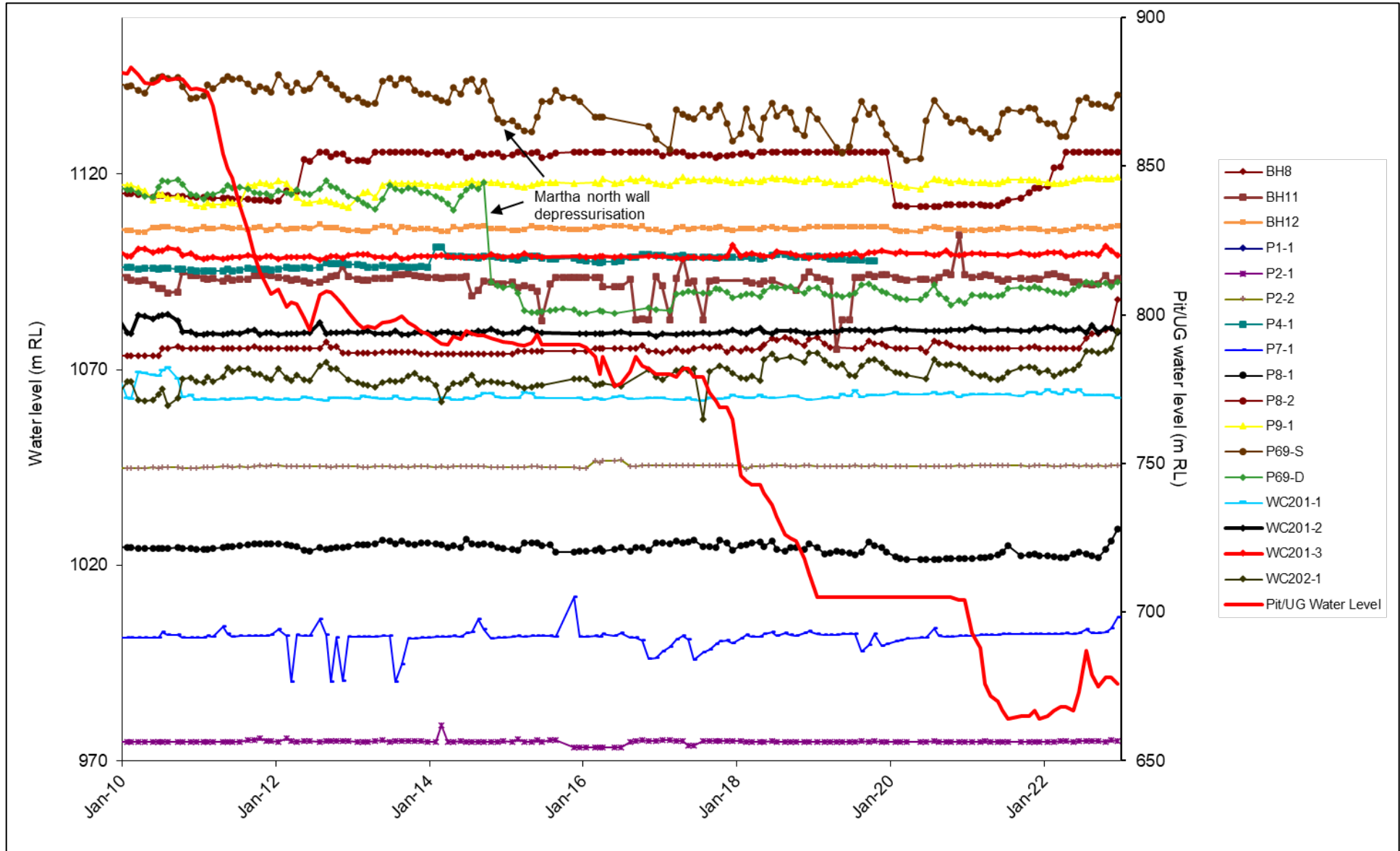


Figure 17. Andesite water level trends (excl. VW piezometers).

6.3.5 Martha Groundwater Assessment

Martha groundwater remained stable during the reporting period following expected trends with an increase in piezometric levels in response to heavy rainfall in the second half of 2022 (See Figures 12, 15 and 17). No triggers were breached; many piezometers showed increases towards the end of the monitoring period likely due to the above average rainfall experienced. GWS Ltd have analysed the data and provided a summary in Appendix F.

Two new Project Martha piezometers were installed in 2022/23. Locations and tip depths were advised by GWS and discussed with the hydrogeologic peer reviewer. Tip depths and RL's are shown in Table 4. Water levels are currently indicative as the piezometers have been recently installed, however it seems some tips at depth show little water pressure, indicating dry conditions.

Table 4. Project Martha piezometer depths.

| Piezometer | Target material | Tip depth (m) | Tip (mRL) | Water level (mRL) |
|------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------------|
| P122-1 | Upper young volcanics | 20 | 1092 | 1100 |
| P122-2 | Base younger volcanics | 52 | 1060 | 1060 |
| P122-3 | Upper Andesite | 80 | 1032 | 1032 |
| P122-4 | Lower Andesite | 180 | 932 | 934 |
| P123-1 | Upper Andesite | 80 | 1044 | 1113 |
| P123-2 | Lower Andesite | 120 | 1004 | 1007 |
| P123-3 | Lower Andesite | 160 | 964 | 972 |
| P123-4 | Lower Andesite | 200 | 924 | 926 |

Project Martha piezometers P107 to P110 and P113 to P116 are standpipes installed at varying ground elevations. Figure 15 shows water levels have remained relatively stable. P113 has remained dry since installation.

Vibrating wire piezometer P111 (Figure 18) was installed with three tips, one in the young volcanics and two in the andesite layer. The younger volcanic piezometer is measuring some water pressure at 1107mRL. The upper andesite piezometer appears to be dry with levels recorded below the tip level (1087mRL cf. 1088mRL), indicating this area may be previously affected by dewatering. The lower andesite piezometer is measuring around 4m of water pressure above the tip, at 1059mRL.

P112 is also a vibrating wire piezometer installed with three tips, one in the young volcanics and two in the andesite layer. The younger volcanic piezometer is measuring around 1 m of water pressure above the tip at 1059mRL, while both the andesite piezometers have been dry (1035mRL & 998mRL) since installation in July 2020 (Figure 19).

P122 (VWP) was installed in January 2023 with four tips, one in the young volcanics and three in the andesite layer. Water levels appear to have stabilised with the upper young volcanic piezometer tip measuring around 8m of water pressure at 1100mRL and the lower andesite piezometer tip measuring around 2m of water pressure at 934mRL. The other two piezometers appear to be dry at 1060mRL and 1032mRL (Figure 20).

P123 (VWP) was installed in December 2022 with all four tips in the andesite layer and these seem to have now stabilised. The 80m tip is measuring around 69m of water pressure above the tip at 1113mRL, the 120m tip is measuring around 3m of water pressure at 1007mRL, the 160m tip is

measuring around 8m of water pressure at 972mRL, and the 200m tip is measuring around 2m of water pressure at 926mRL (Figure 21).

A peer review recommendation was to identify lithology zones on the vibrating wire hydrographs. The key to the zone shading is shown in Table 5.

Table 5. Lithology shading.

| Lithology | |
|-----------------|--|
| Alluvium | |
| Young Volcanics | |
| Andesite | |

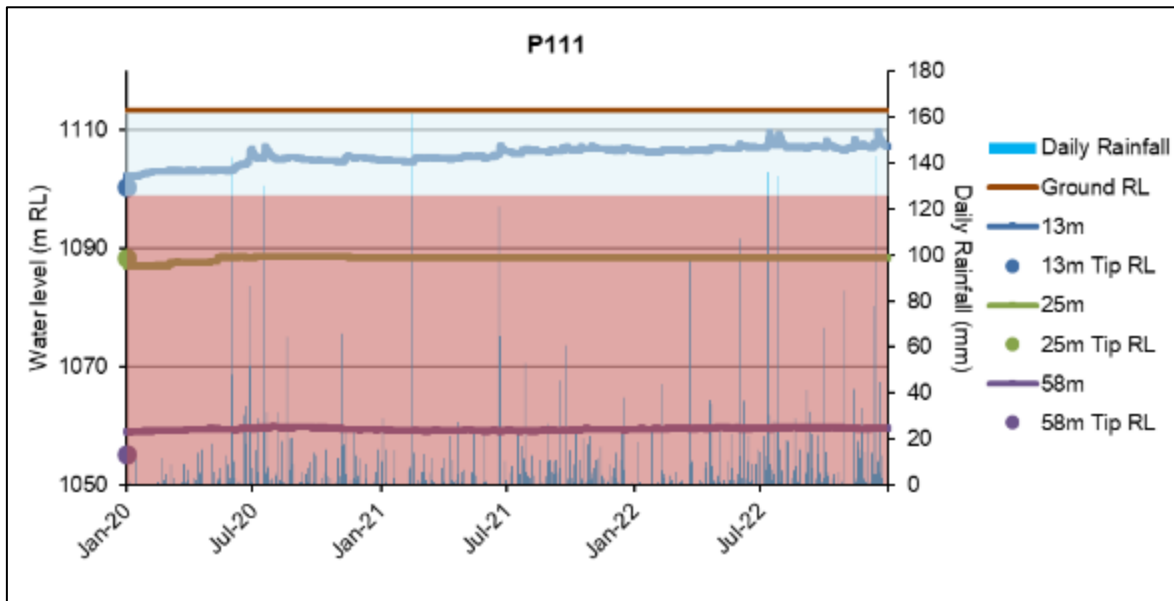


Figure 18. P111 vibrating wire piezometer.

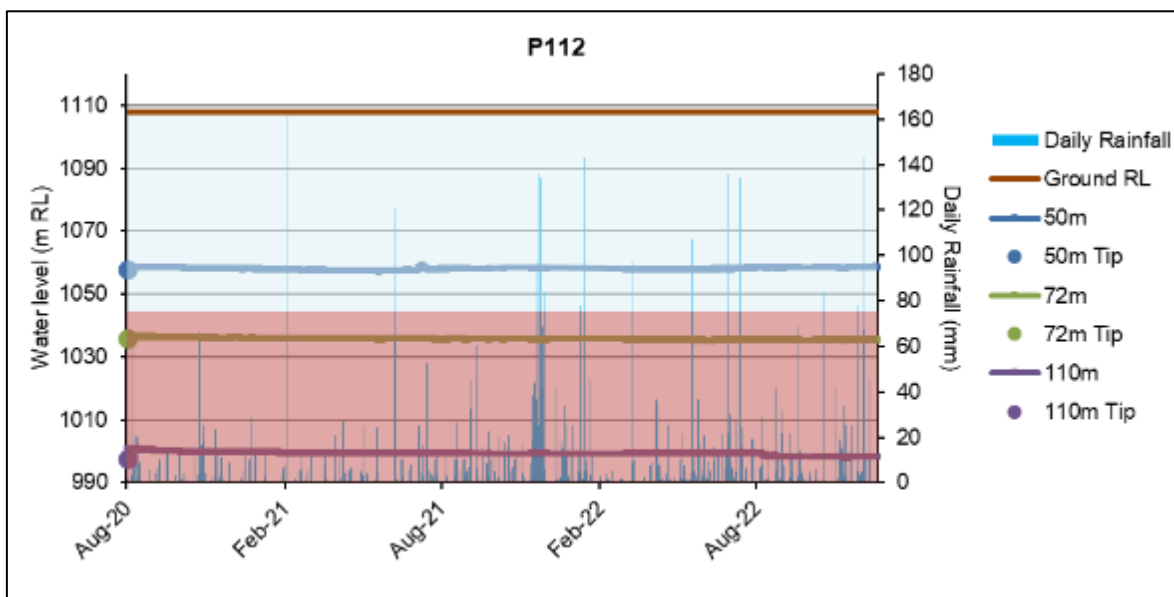


Figure 19. P112 vibrating wire piezometer.

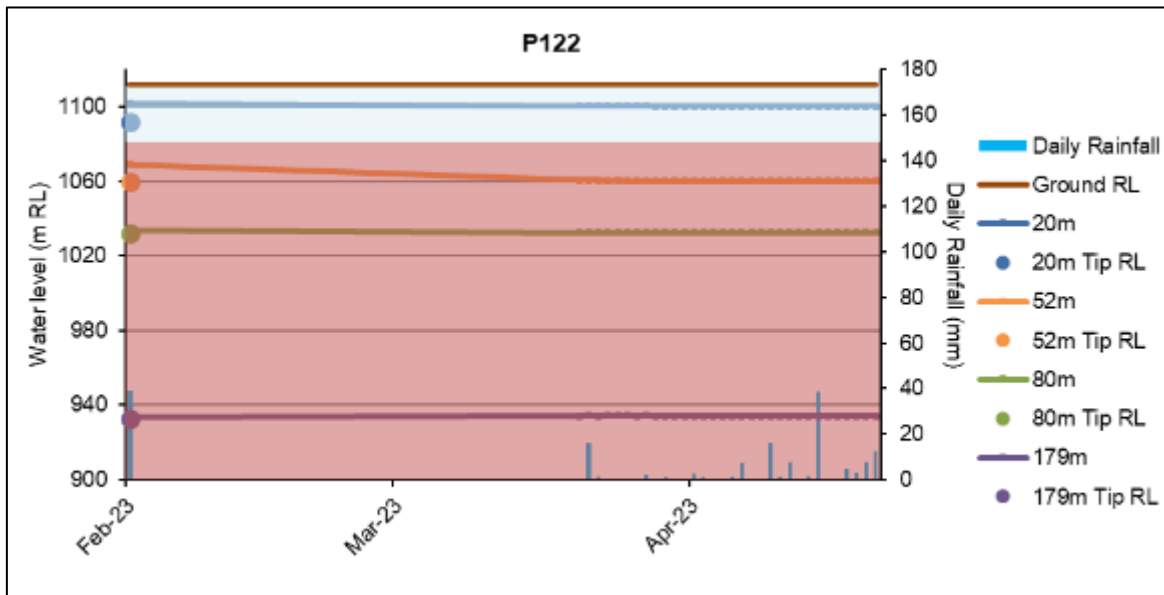


Figure 20. P122 vibrating wire piezometer.

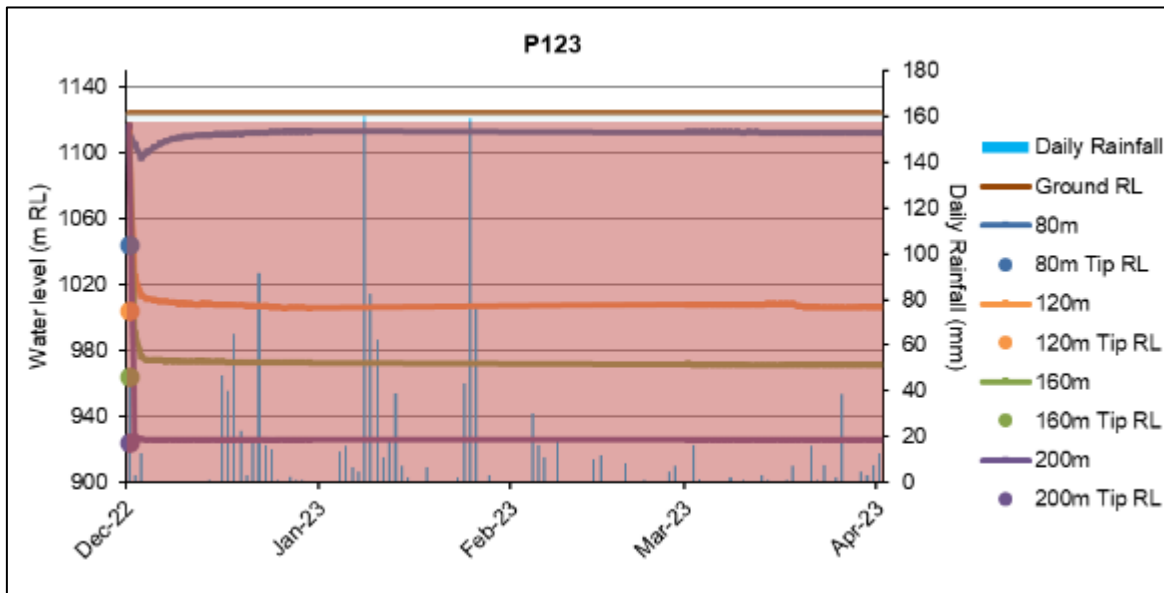


Figure 21. P123 vibrating wire piezometer.

Underground piezometer Row 17

In July 2022 a piezometer was installed in an existing exploration drill hole (Figure 22). The drill hole collar is in the Edward decline at 773 mRL. The hole length is around 350m, however vertically it is 300.5 m. The piezo tip is at 472.5 mRL and terminates approximately under the Empire west orebody and in set in deep Martha andesite. Piezometer readings show the December 2022 water level at 668 mRL (Figure 23). This is similar to the water level measured in PC1 borehole at 676 mRL.

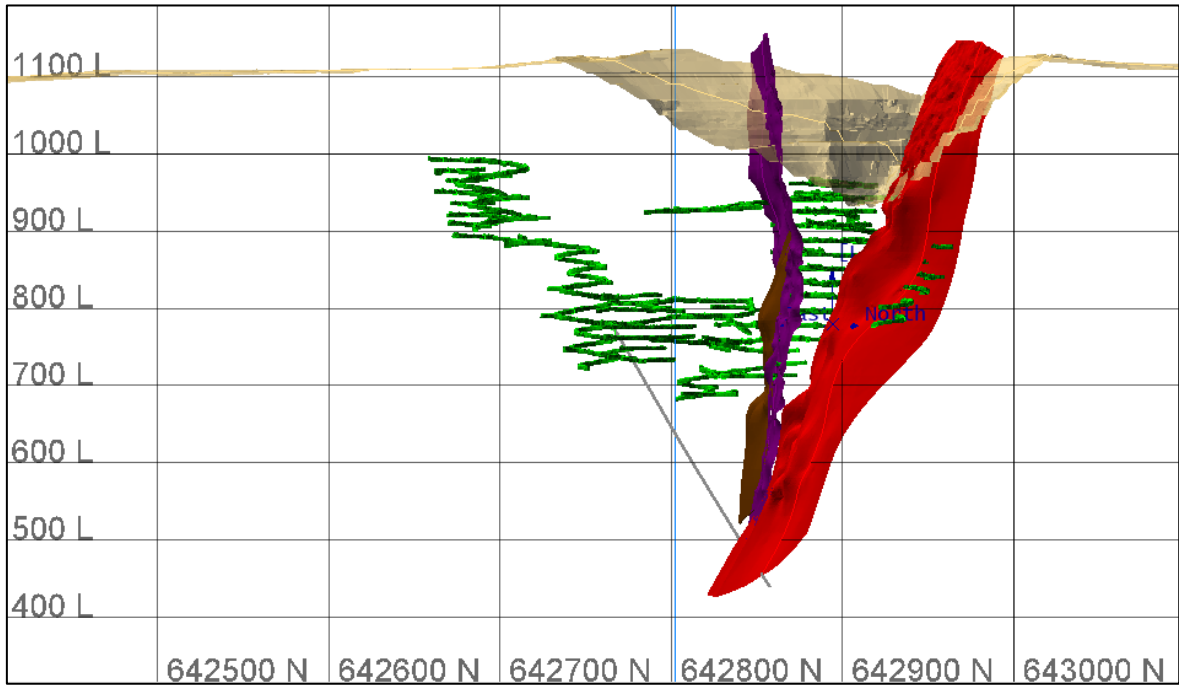


Figure 22: Underground piezometer cross section

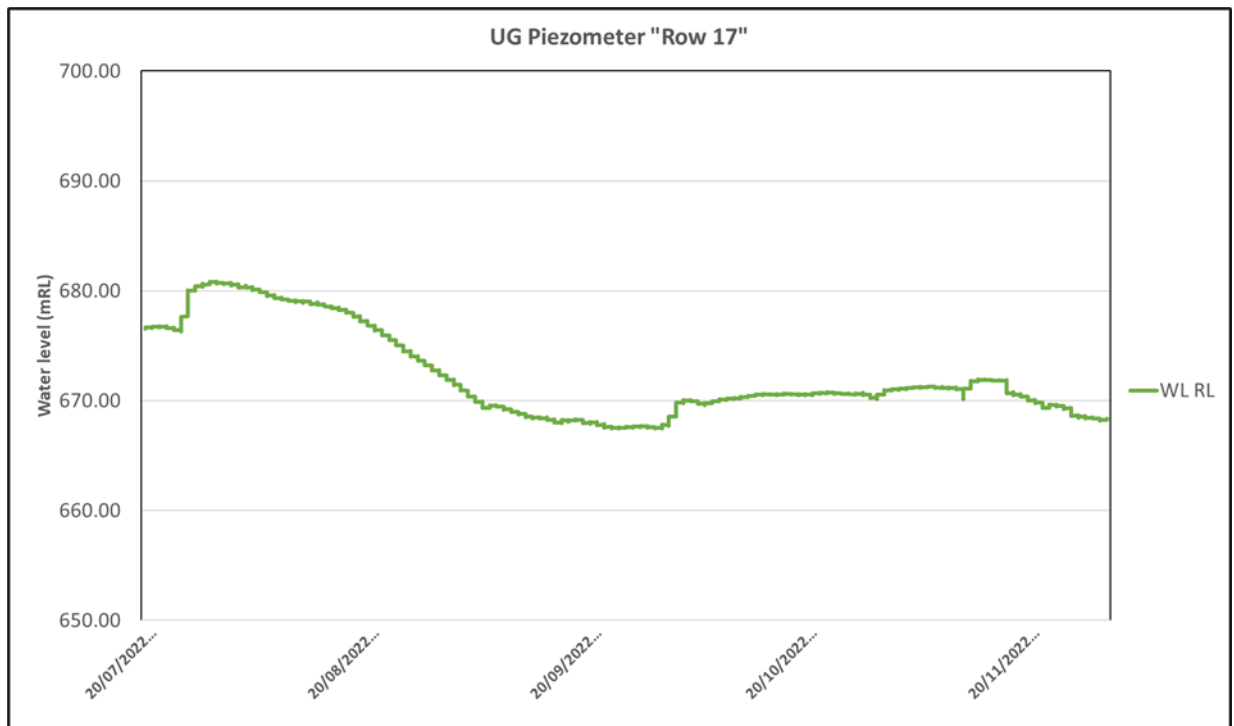


Figure 23: Underground piezometer water level

6.3.6 Favona Groundwater Assessment

Favona groundwater congregates at the 800 level and this is the assumed groundwater level in the Favona mine. However, mine development links Favona to Trio and Correnso, both part of the Martha groundwater system. Figure 24 shows how most Favona wells are influenced seasonally and not by Martha/Underground dewatering. The majority of piezometers have shown an increasing trend towards the end of 2022. P79-D has recovered to typical levels held prior to its depressurisation in 2016. A peer review request was made to include a chart with selected Favona andesite piezometer

with rainfall included (Figure 25). A slight delayed response to rainfall and drier periods can be noted in four piezometers, with P87-D less responsive.

No well had a 15m decrease during the reporting period.

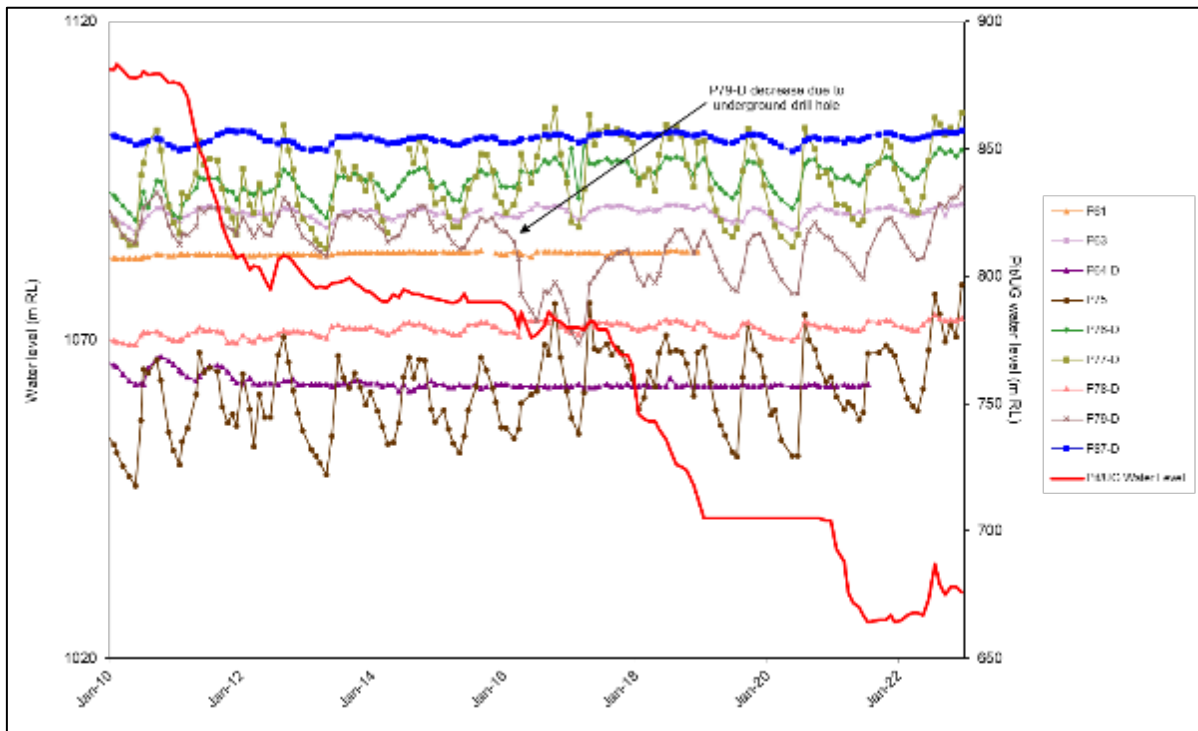


Figure 24. Favona andesite water level trends.

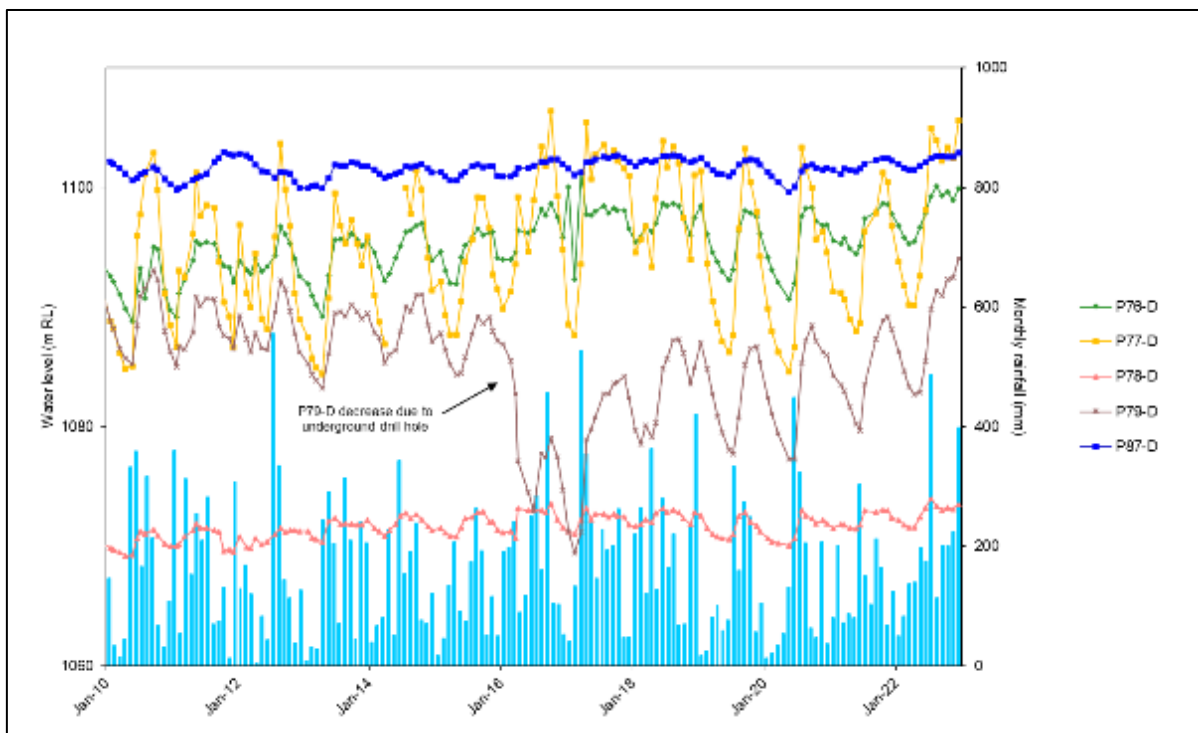


Figure 25. Selected Favona andesite piezometers with rainfall.

6.3.7 Waihi East – CEPA

Six vibrating wire piezometers were installed between July – September 2011. They are located east of the Martha Pit to provide improved groundwater information in an area with few existing wells and in the vicinity of the Correnso Project. Two additional vibrating wire piezometer boreholes and 39 additional settlement markers were installed in early 2014. One further borehole was installed in 2016 for monitoring related to the Daybreak/SUPA orebody.

The piezometers were located across and perpendicular to the Correnso vein system in three lines (P90, P91 and P92 forming one line, P93, P94 and P95 a second line and P100, P101 and P102 the third). Separation distance between the northern and southern lines is some 500m. The piezometers were constructed to intercept the shallow aquifer, younger volcanics, and andesite rock (Table 6).

Table 6. Geological units and depths of P90-P95, P100-P102 piezometers.

| Bore | Shallow | Younger Volcanics | | Andesite | |
|------|---------|-------------------|------------|----------|--------|
| | | Upper | Basal Zone | | |
| P90 | - | 20.0m | 100.0m | 137.0m | |
| P91 | 9.3m | 25.5m | 111.3m | 151.3m | |
| P92 | - | 23.3m | 121.3m | 156.3m | |
| P93 | 12.3m | 26.0m | 100.0m | 143.0m | |
| P94 | 6.0m | 25.0m | 104.0m | 144.0m | |
| P95 | - | 35.0m | 90.0m | 120.0m | |
| P100 | - | 50.0m | 120.0m | 135.0m | 160.0m |
| P101 | 12.8m | 32.0m | 47.0m | 78.0m | |
| P102 | 8.0m | 38.0m | 62.0m | 90.0m | |

Figure 26 to Figure 34 present the records from the piezometers expressing water level as mRL. The charts also display the depth of the piezometer tips, lithology shading and daily rainfall. Separation between the shallow and deeper piezometers is evident in the records. The nine groundwater monitoring boreholes have indicated stable water levels in Waihi East. Exceptions are discussed below.

Note: In the following plots the gaps in the data are usually due to either brief logger malfunction issues or flat batteries in the unit. The exception to this is the data gaps in P90-2 which are due to the cable being severed by drainage works associated with nearby residential construction. This cable will be repaired once the residential construction has finished.

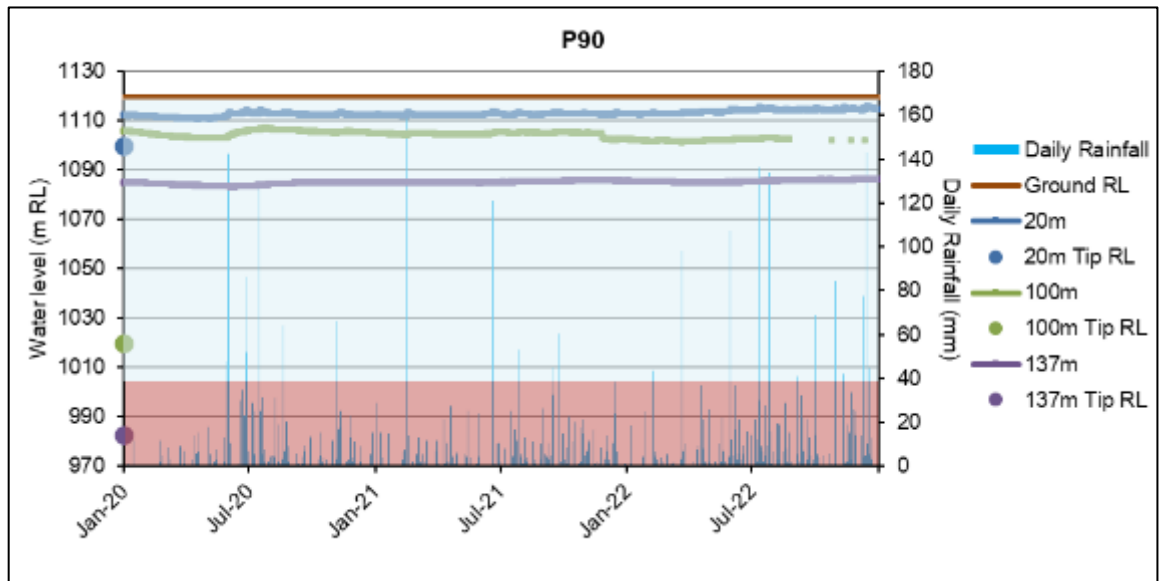


Figure 26. P90 vibrating wire piezometer.

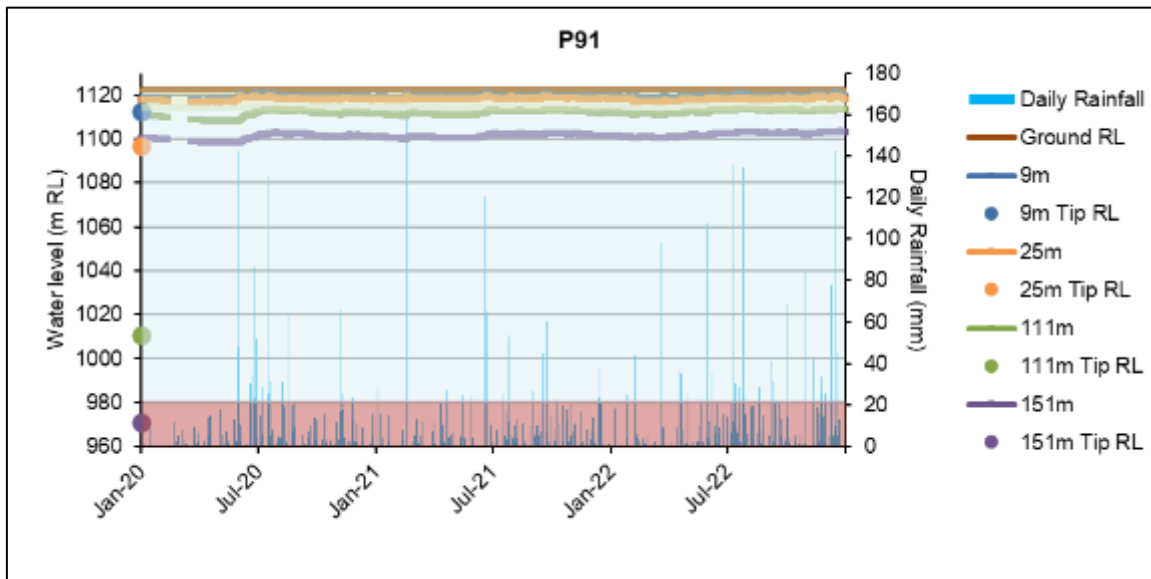


Figure 27. P91 vibrating wire piezometer.

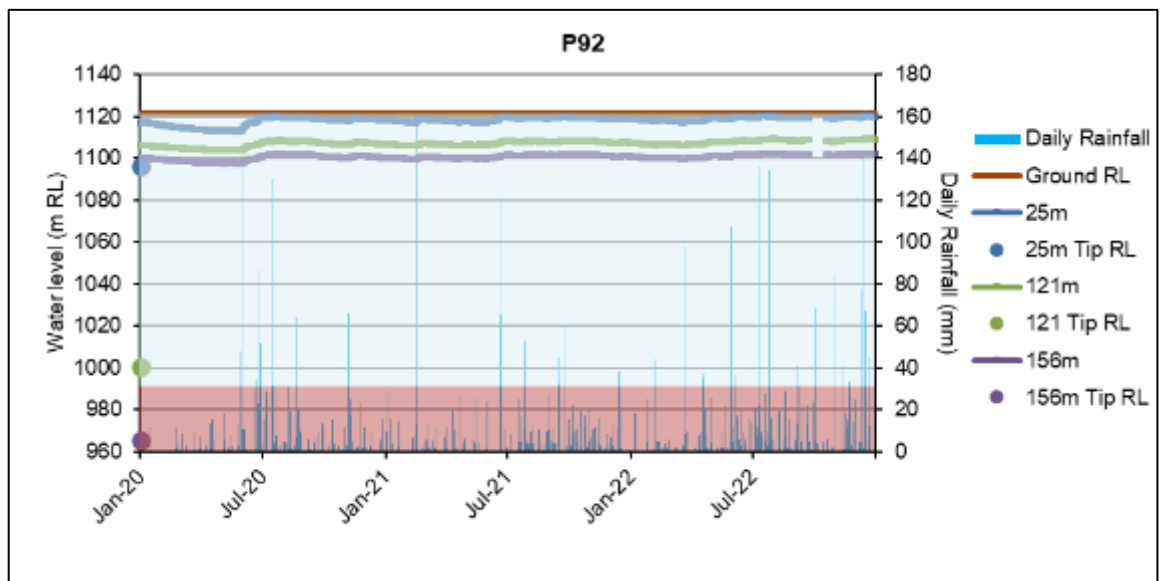


Figure 28. P92 vibrating wire piezometer.

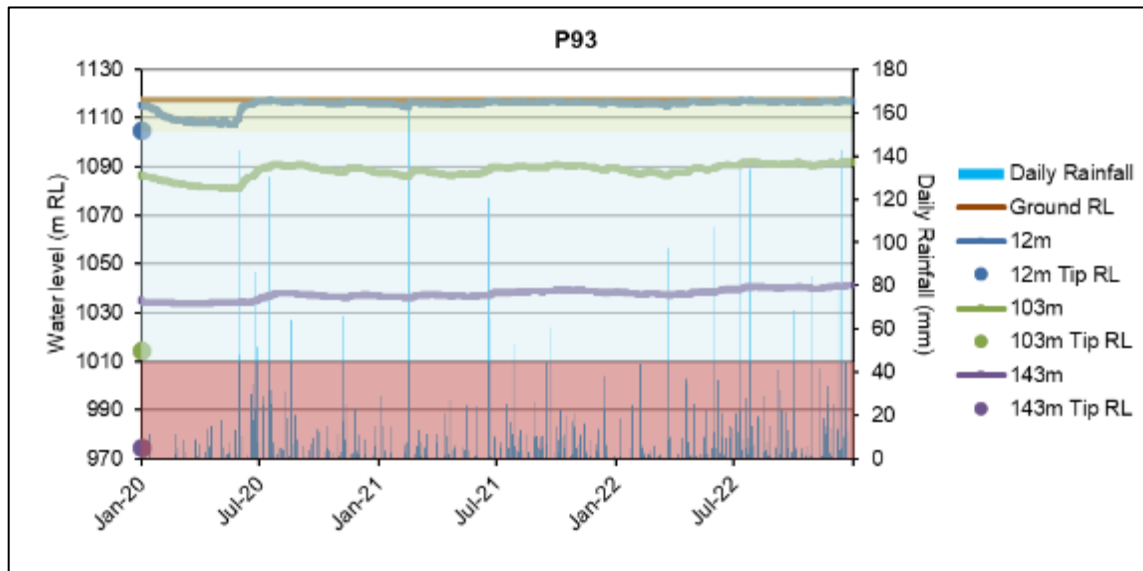


Figure 29. P93 vibrating wire piezometer.

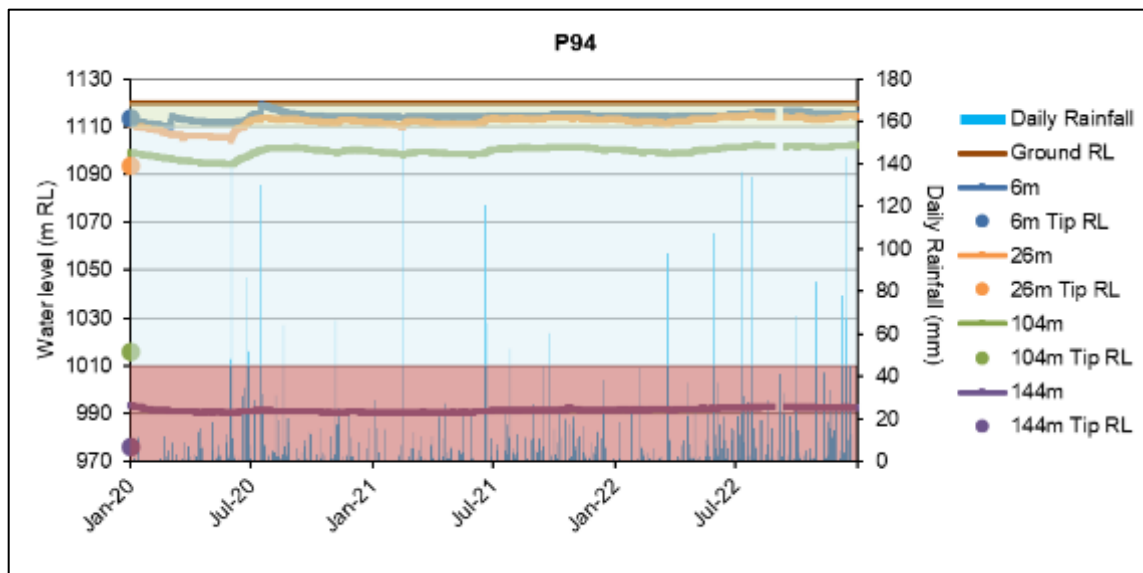


Figure 30. P94 vibrating wire piezometer.

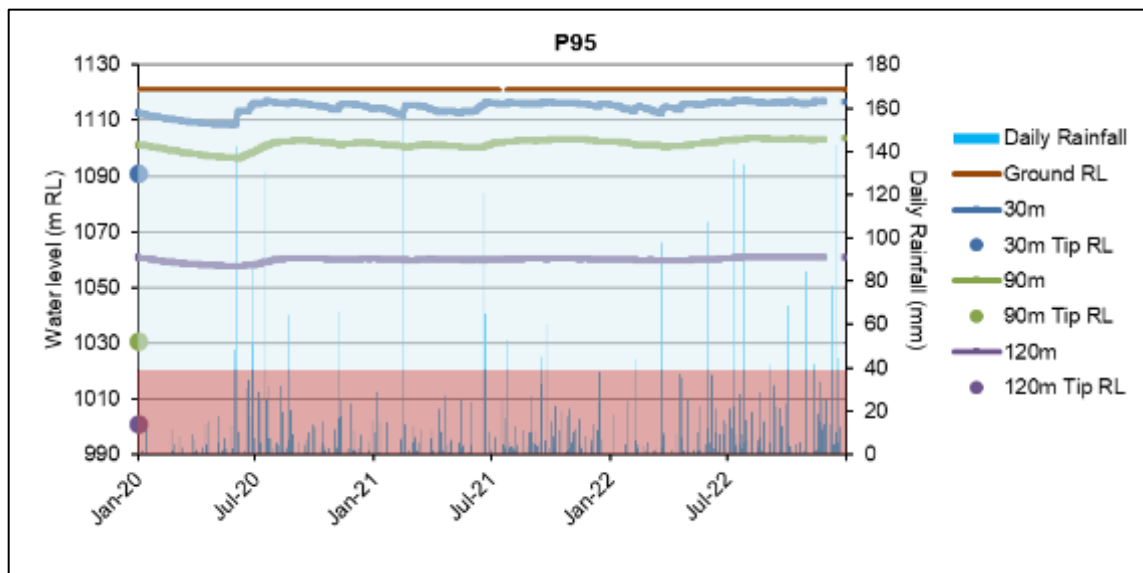


Figure 31. P95 vibrating wire piezometer.

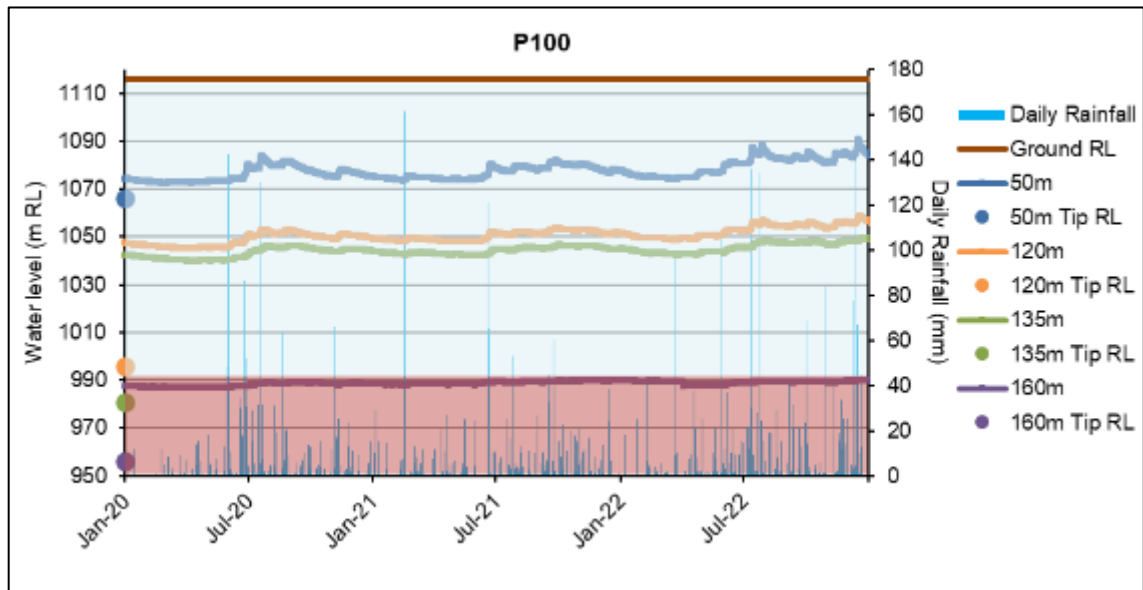


Figure 32. P100 vibrating wire piezometer.

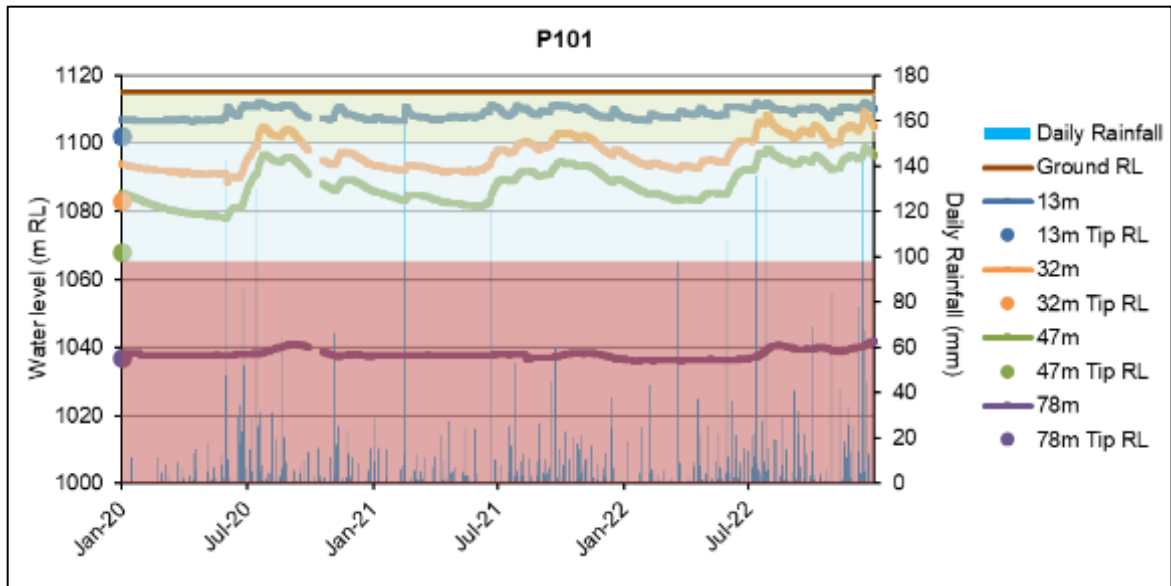


Figure 33. P101 vibrating wire piezometer.

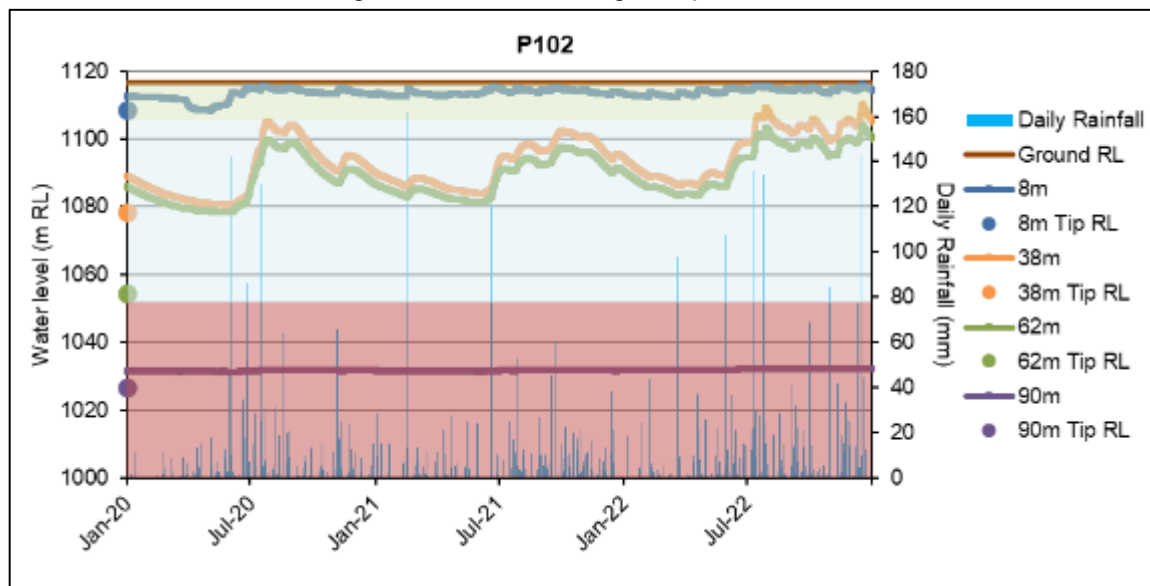


Figure 34. P102 vibrating wire piezometer.

Piezometric levels in the younger volcanics have continued to show some influence from rainfall. This is particularly evident at P100, P101 and P102. This ongoing fluctuation does not appear to have any significant effect on ground surface settlement.

During 2018 and 2019, P94-4 (the 975 mRL piezometer) showed a drop in pressure which is believed to be a result of nearby mining causing relaxation in the country rock surrounding the piezometer tip. The pressure has stabilised through 2021 and 2022 with water levels remaining at around 990 mRL. The shallower piezometers at this location have not displayed any unusual drop in pressure and there have been no anomalous trends identified in nearby settlement markers (BM24, MATAURA1, 24F).

P101-4, an andesite piezometer, appears to have little water pressure (Figure 33). The tip is at ~1042 mRL and at the end of the 2022 monitoring period (during 2021) the water pressures gradually fell from 1037.71 to 1036.59 mRL. This pressure is now gradually increasing with the current measurement being 1041.61 mRL. The three piezometers above show no such gradual decline and are reactive to wet and dry periods. OGNZL will continue to monitor P101 monthly and note any other significant trends in 2023.

6.3.8 Private Wells

The private wells are bores which are mainly used for water supply. They show seasonal fluctuations in groundwater levels and these levels can also be influenced by landowners using the bore. The Wharry Rd, Whangamata Rd and Matura Rd bores can no longer be accessed. Two such access restrictions were due to health and safety concerns and the other due to the landowner not allowing OGNZL access. There is no previous indication of any influence in the bores from mine dewatering (Figure 35).

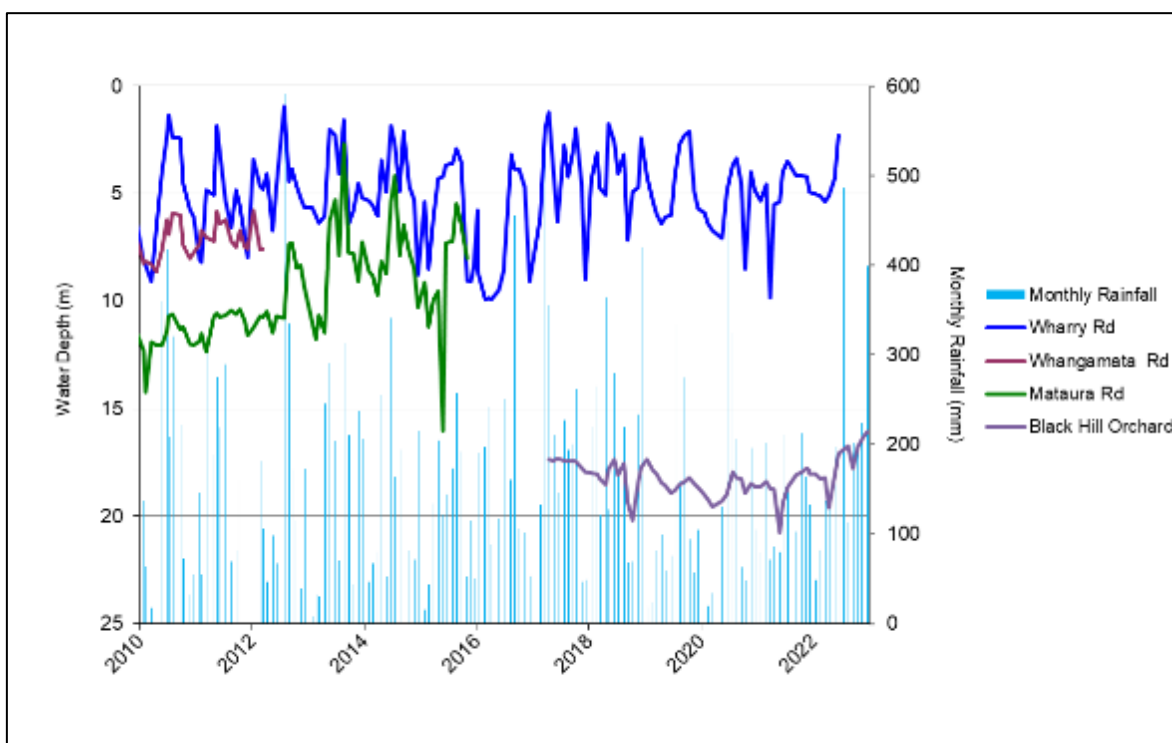


Figure 35. Private bore water levels.

7 SETTLEMENT MONITORING

Condition 13b of the Extended Martha Mine consent requires the identification of any environmentally important trends in settlement behaviour. Condition 13d of the same consent requires that a comparison of the settlement survey data with that predicted for the consent.

A reassessment for the settlement prediction was conducted for the Trio Development Project (Engineering Geology, June 2010). This review assessed the effect of pumping from the Martha pit to draw down the groundwater level progressively to 755mRL, which would also dewater the connected Trio system.

Another reassessment was conducted for the Correnso Underground project (Engineering Geology, 2012). The report recommended new trigger levels for settlement based on additional depressurisation of the andesite layer.

Further reassessment was undertaken for Project Martha with dewatering to below 700 mRL authorised. New triggers were applied during the 2020 reporting period (Table 7).

A review of the settlement marker network was undertaken during 2019 by GWS Ltd. This resulted in the removal of erroneous and high-density settlement markers for settlement plotting and trigger assessments.

Seven settlements zones were defined around the Martha Mine pit in 1999, extending to the outskirts of Waihi. The zones were established based on the first ten years (pre-extension) of settlement history having regard to the then current knowledge of the thickness and composition of compressible materials (such as ash-soils, alluvium, sediments, and unconsolidated younger volcanic deposits) and the expected effect from Martha Mine dewatering. Table 7 provides the most recent update of the Settlement Zone trigger levels, approved in 2019 and applied following the commencement of Project Martha in 2020, to reflect the changed mining and dewatering conditions. Figure 35 shows the predicted settlement zones. These have also been updated with the commencement of Project Martha.

Table 7 - Summary of Predicted Settlement Zone and Project Martha Trigger Levels

| Zone | New Trigger Levels (mm) Project Martha (2020) |
|-------------------|--|
| Settlement Zone 1 | 55 |
| Settlement Zone 2 | 65 |
| Settlement Zone 3 | 95 |
| Settlement Zone 4 | 160 |
| Settlement Zone 5 | 260 |
| Settlement Zone 6 | 340 |
| Settlement Zone 7 | 540 |

The settlement measured is an accumulation of all causes of settlement. Generally, this is considered to be the result of mine dewatering, but close to the mines and (in the case of Favona) overlying the mine areas, additional settlement may be the result of primary consolidation settlement (as opposed to reconsolidation settlement which is the process in the Martha groundwater system where historic dewatering resulted in groundwater levels dropping to lower elevations for a longer time period than is proposed for current mining activity). Nevertheless, it is the total settlement that is discussed in this report as settlement due to dewatering alone cannot be separated from other causes.

Comment is provided in relation to the predicted settlements given in Table 7 and these comments are expanded on where monitoring data show exceedance of the trigger values.

7.1 Method

The initial settlement survey network was established in 1980 during the exploration phase of the project and has been regularly monitored since December 1987. Over the course of the project, settlement survey marks have been added, removed or replaced, as required, to extend the network or to compensate for damaged sites.

Figure 38 shows the location of settlement marks monitored by OGNZL up to the end of 2022. Also, included on Figure 38 are the defined subsidence hazard zones related to historical underground mine stopes and shafts (IGNS, 2002). Figure 39 provides the settlement monitoring marks across the Favona Mine and shows the locations of the Favona Mine workings in relation to the marks. Figure 40 provides the marks identified as triggered during the November 2022 survey.

Settlement monitoring was undertaken in May/June and November/December 2022 across the settlement network surrounding Waihi Township (refer Appendix C) and also along the Favona network which is an extension of the Martha mine survey network. Appendix B presents the two summary settlement monitoring reports. For simplicity this report refers to surveys as May and November 2022.

The raw data provided by the surveyors has been graphed and where changes in the record are apparent as a result of mark relocation or replacement, corrections have been applied using graphical projection so that total settlement over the life of mining can be assessed for each location. The correction process applied was as follows:

- Updating the time-history graph for all data from settlement markers with data up to 1/11/2022.
- Where changes in the time-history graph identified a datum change, a correction was arrived at by projecting the initial data visually on the graph to the time of the new datum and a correction calculated. A smooth settlement curve resulting after the correction was applied and similarity of curve shape to those of adjacent marks was taken as indicating an acceptable correction.
- Where marks were installed in May 1999, the previously determined settlement for that location from 1988 to 1999 was applied as a correction.
- Where marks were installed or changed other than in May 1999, the previously assessed settlement at the location as of May 1999 was used with a best fit trend line of settlement in time to correct the values to be consistent with the May 1999 value.
- For Favona marks, settlement values as at 1/12/2005 were assessed for each location and used to correct the new marks to account for settlement from 1988 to 2005.
- The corrected data has then been used to generate:
 - Settlement-time trend graphs for each zone.
 - Plans of total settlement.
 - Contours of total settlement.
 - Calculation of tilt.
 - Settlement-time trend graphs of specific areas.
- Where Favona development has affected settlement, a projection of the pre-Favona mine settlement trend has been made as a means to estimate the current Martha Mine settlement and this settlement value has been subtracted from the total measured settlement to provide an estimate of the settlement due to the Favona Mine development.

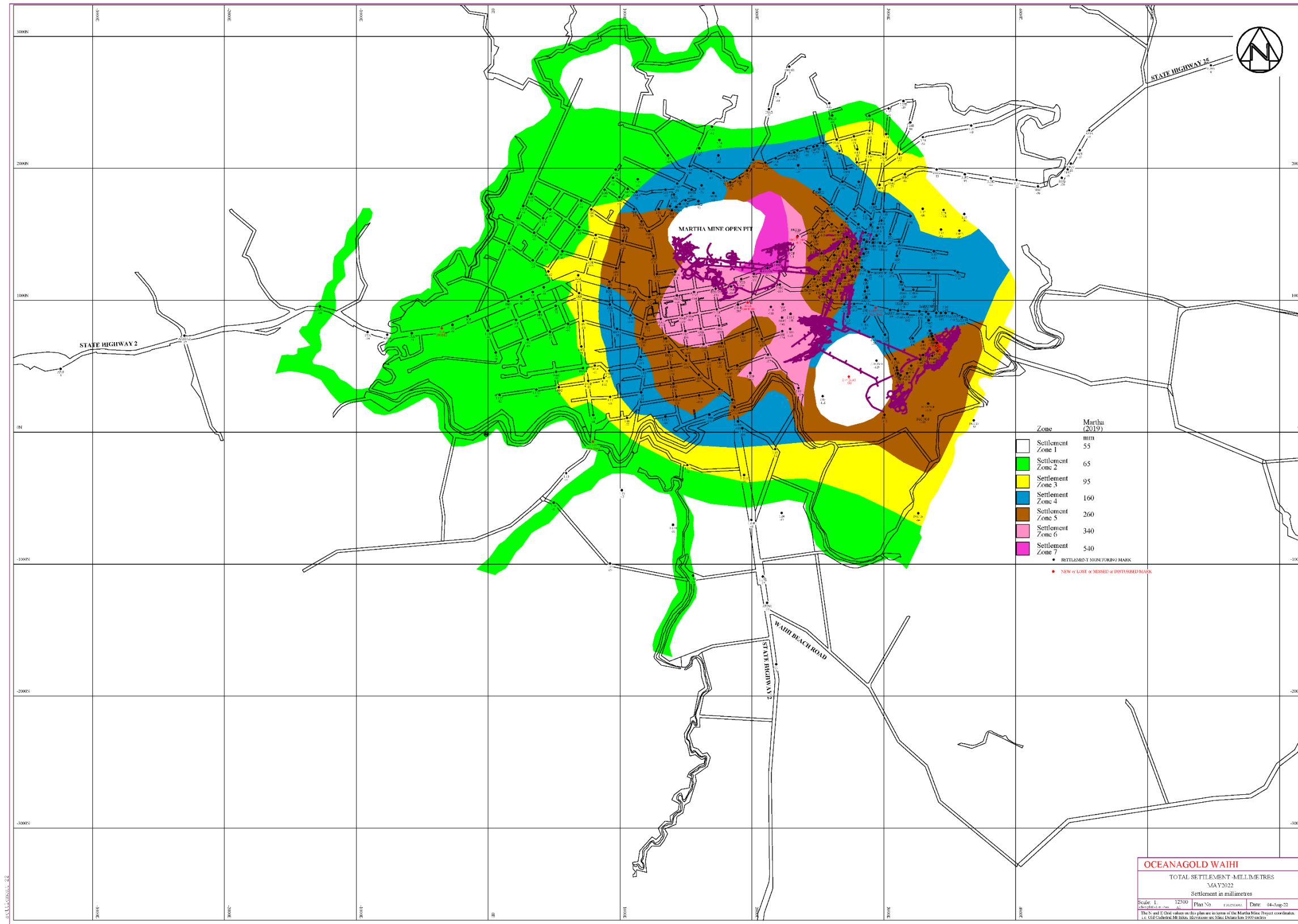


Figure 36 Total Settlement Zones May 2022

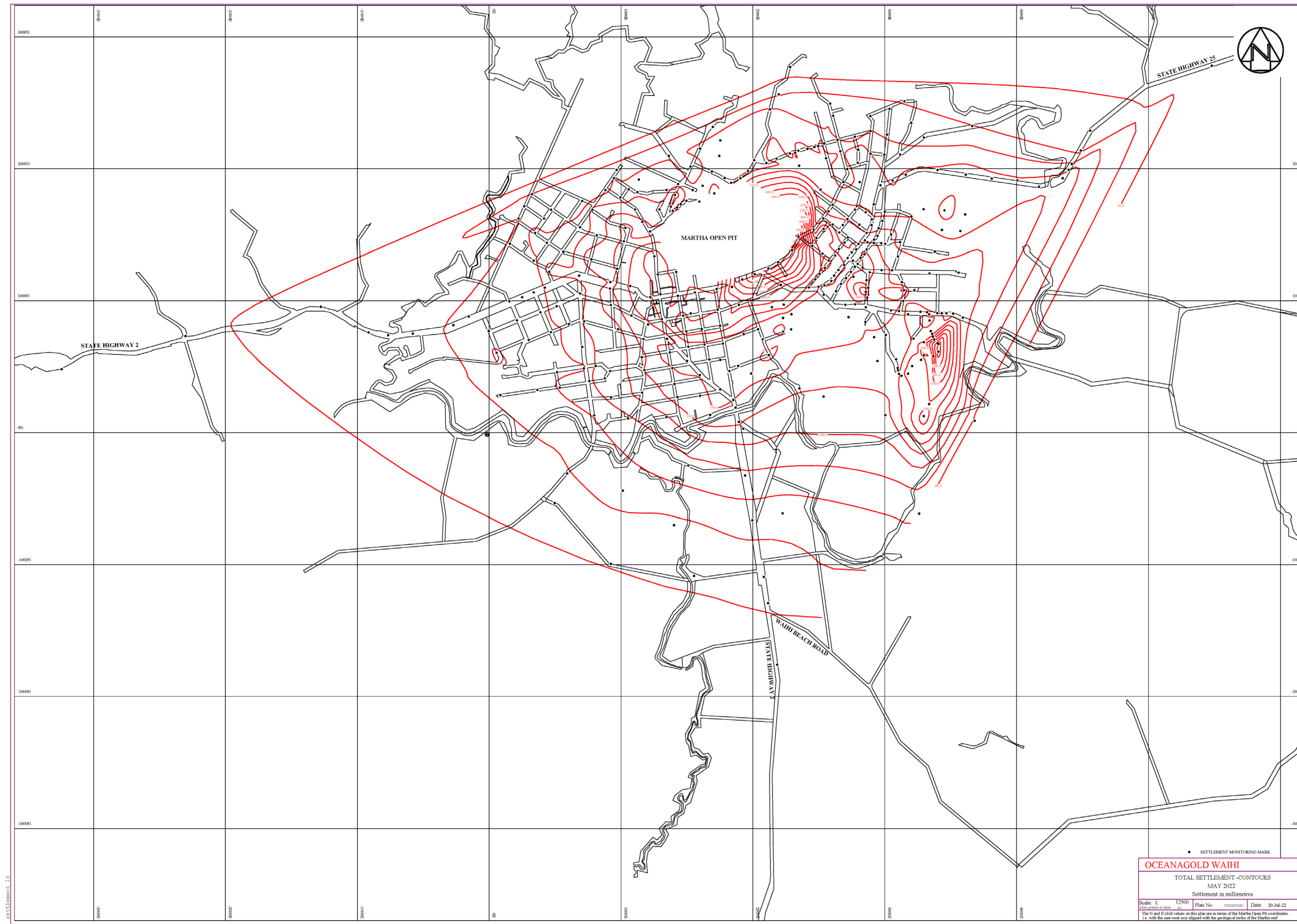


Figure 37: Total Settlement Contours May 2022

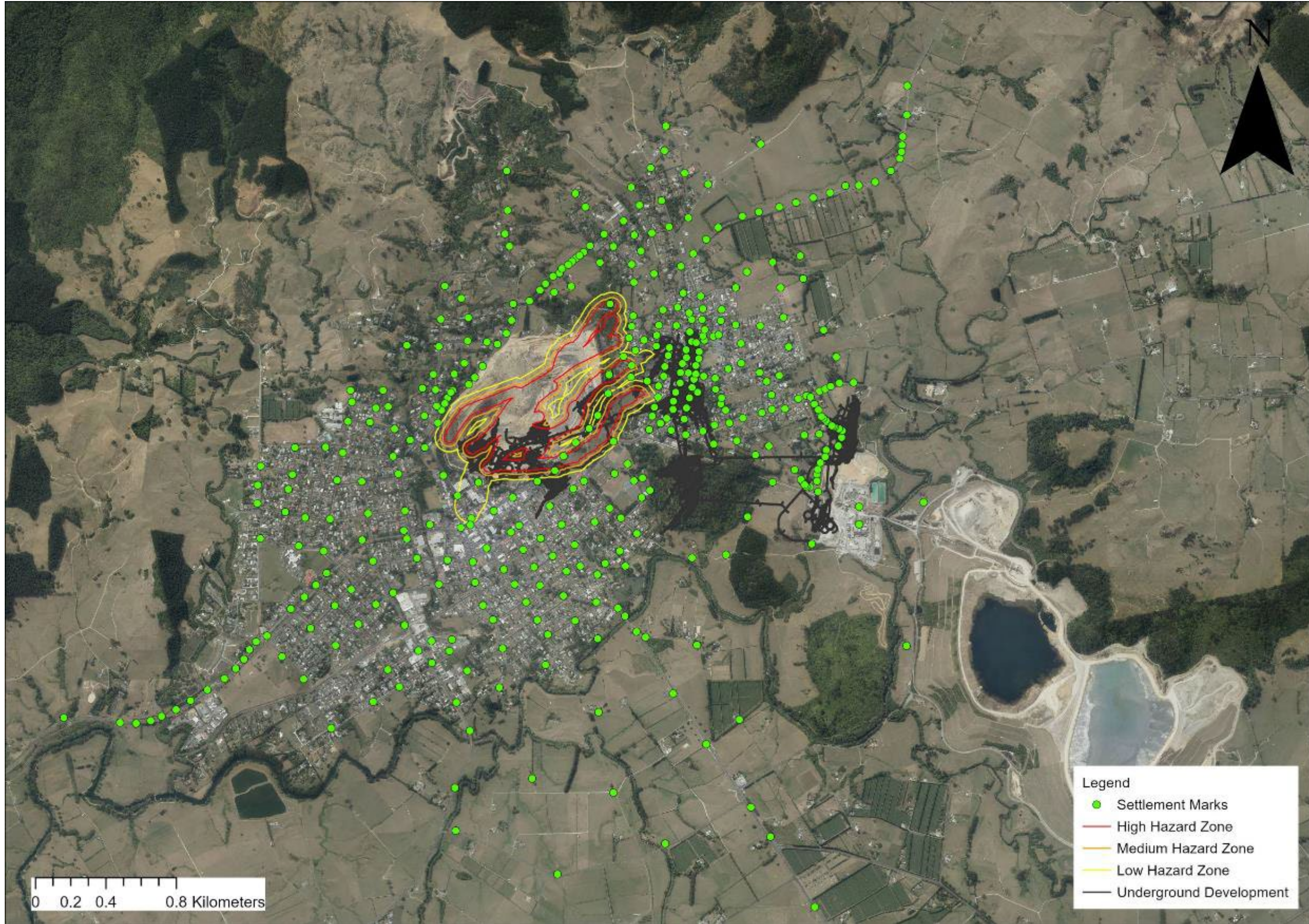
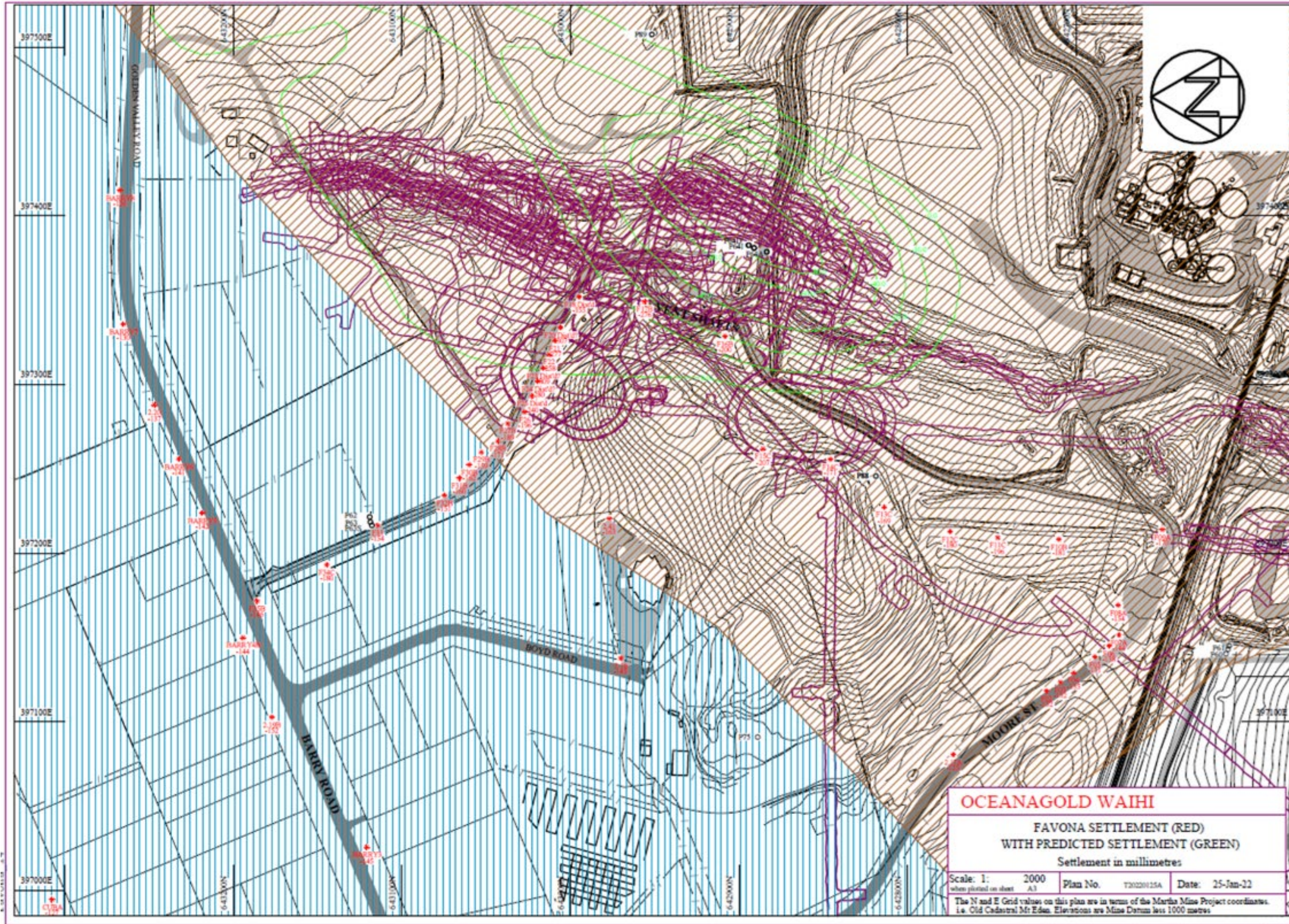


Figure 38: Settlement Marker Location Plan & Hazard Zones



SURFAC - GEOVIA -prepared by B.M. Morrison

Figure 39: Favona Settlement Nov 2022



Figure 40: Triggered settlement marks Nov 2022



7.2 Results

Appendix C presents plans showing settlement marks, settlement values and settlement contours.

Time-history plots of settlement survey data for each zone are presented in Appendix D. The plots also depict the zone settlement predictions (for the Martha Extended Project, Trio Development, Correnso Project and Project Martha) shown as horizontal lines on each set of graphs.

The projected trends and the maximum settlements are provided on the graphs in Appendix D. Key trends are described below.

96% (385/399) of the marks did not exceed the settlement trigger levels; 14 marks were triggered. This number is similar to 2021. Figure 40 displays the ten settlement marks from the November 2022 survey outside the influence of the Favona Underground that exceeded the trigger limits. The other four marks that exceeded the trigger limits are located above the Favona Underground.

In the previous reporting period, some points in the time-history plots of settlement in Appendix D for May 2021 showed greater settlement compared to the general trends. This was due to a larger than normal survey mis-close associated with the change to a new survey staff in May 2021. This was generally most notable to the north and east extents of the survey. The reason for this larger than normal mis-close was able to be identified and corrected for the November 2021 survey. The May 2021 survey data was reprocessed to remove the May 2021 mis-close. The November 2022 results follow the general settlement trends prior to the May 2022 survey.

A summary of the number of settlement survey marks that have been triggered within each of the settlement zones is presented below in Table 8. Further discussion regarding each of the triggered survey marks is provided in the following sections.

Table 8 Number of Survey Marks Triggered in Each Settlement Zone

| Zone | Triggered marks |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 1 |
| 3 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 |
| 5 | 0 |
| 6 | 1 |
| 7 | 0 |
| Favona | 4 |
| Total | 14 |

7.2.1 ZONE 1 – Trigger 55mm

The Zone 1 time-history plot (Appendix D) shows three groupings, one showing a small but steady ongoing settlement after about 1999), another with little settlement until November 2015 and then a small ongoing settlement and another group with no settlement evident. To show these observations the marks for Zone 1 were re-plotted as groups namely:

- Zone 1 along Waihi Whangamata Road has had a small steady ongoing settlement since 1999 which has reached between 15 and 40 mm (Figure 41)
- Zone 1 south of Waihi has had a small steady ongoing settlement since 1999 which has reached between 15 and 50 mm (Figure 42)

- Zone 1 west of Waihi has had a very small amount of settlement (less than 12 mm) up to 2015 following which the settlement rate increased to a small steady ongoing settlement which has reached between 10 to 20 mm (Figure 43)
- Zone 1 north of Waihi which has had no measurable settlement (Figure 44)

This grouping shows that the marks in Zone 1 with a slow ongoing settlement trend are located along Waihi to Whangamata Road to the east of Waihi and to the south of Waihi. A steady increase in settlement rate from about 1999 is also be observed in most marks in Zones 2 to 6, suggesting that there is a small and widespread effect occurring at depth. Two of the three settlement marks in Zone 1 to the west show little settlement until 2015 and then a small steady on-going settlement showing the widespread effects at depth have reached these markers (Figure 44).

These observations suggest the following:

- The widespread 10 to 50 mm settlement observed from about 1999 at many Zone 1 marks and also the increasing settlement in Zones 2 to 6 marks is a response to the ongoing dewatering of the deeper structures in the andesite rock body (fracture depressurisation) as a result of mine dewatering. This is a broad effect and has negligible influence on differential tilt between marks.

The stable water levels in the wells monitoring the deeper younger volcanic materials and the upper andesite layers (Figure 15) indicate that the observed settlement behaviour is not related to on-going consolidation of these materials at these locations as no on-going dewatering is evident at these locations.

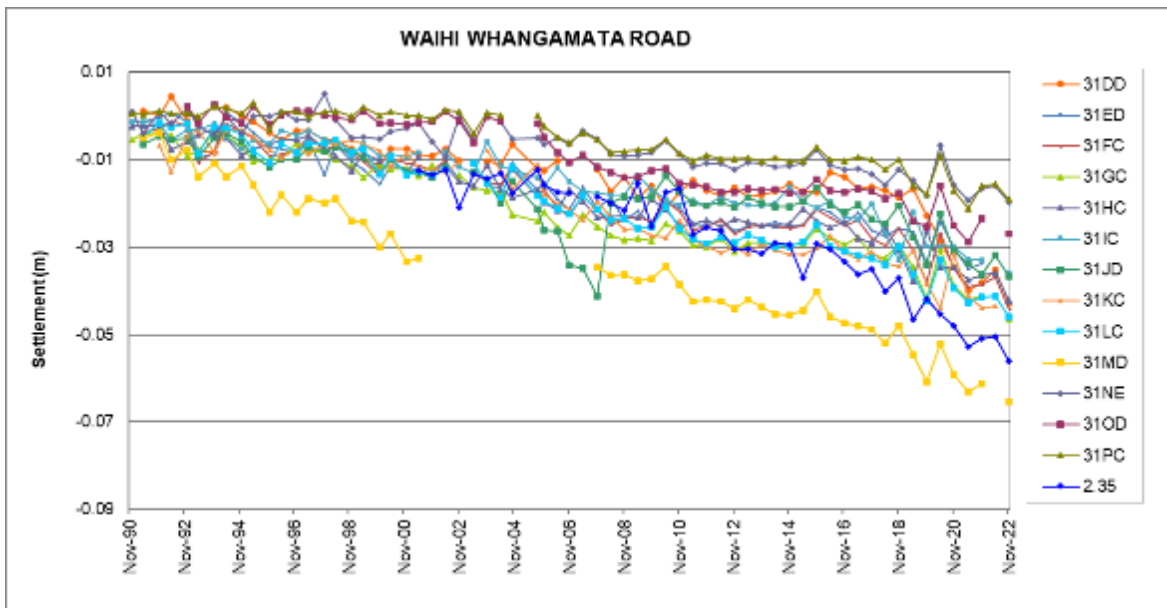


Figure 41: Zone 1 Waihi to Whangamata Road

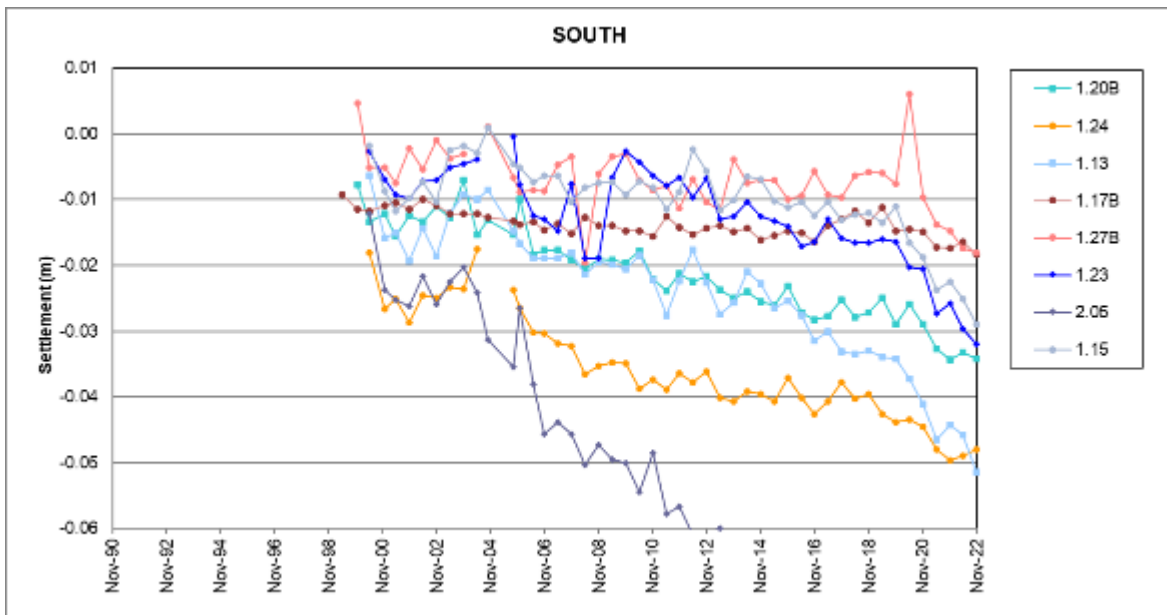


Figure 42: Zone 1 Waihi South

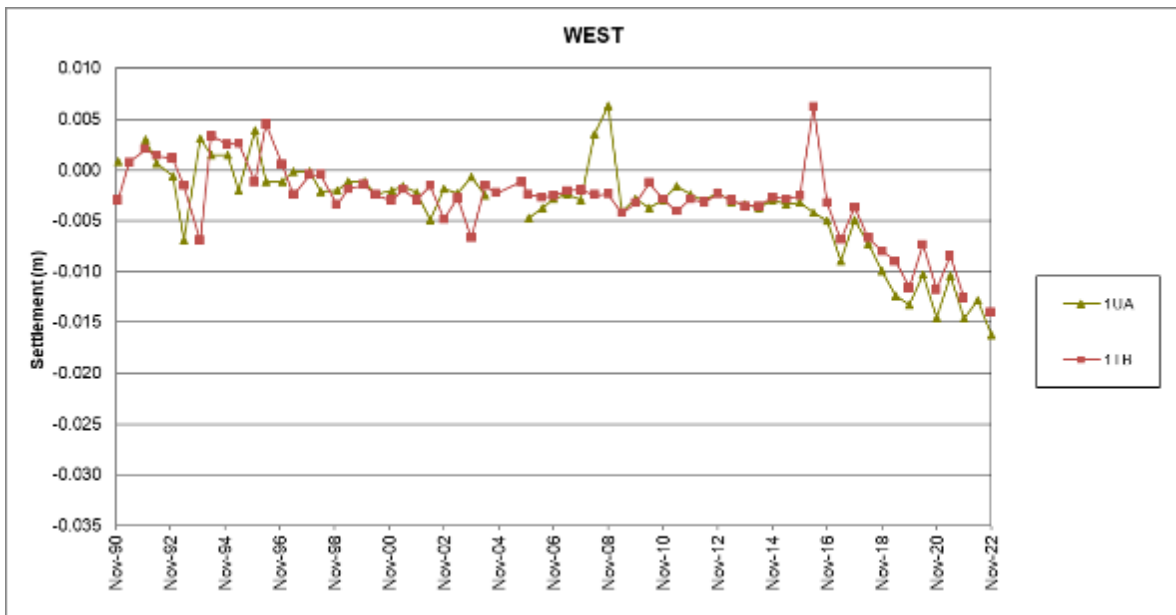


Figure 43: Zone 1 West of Waihi

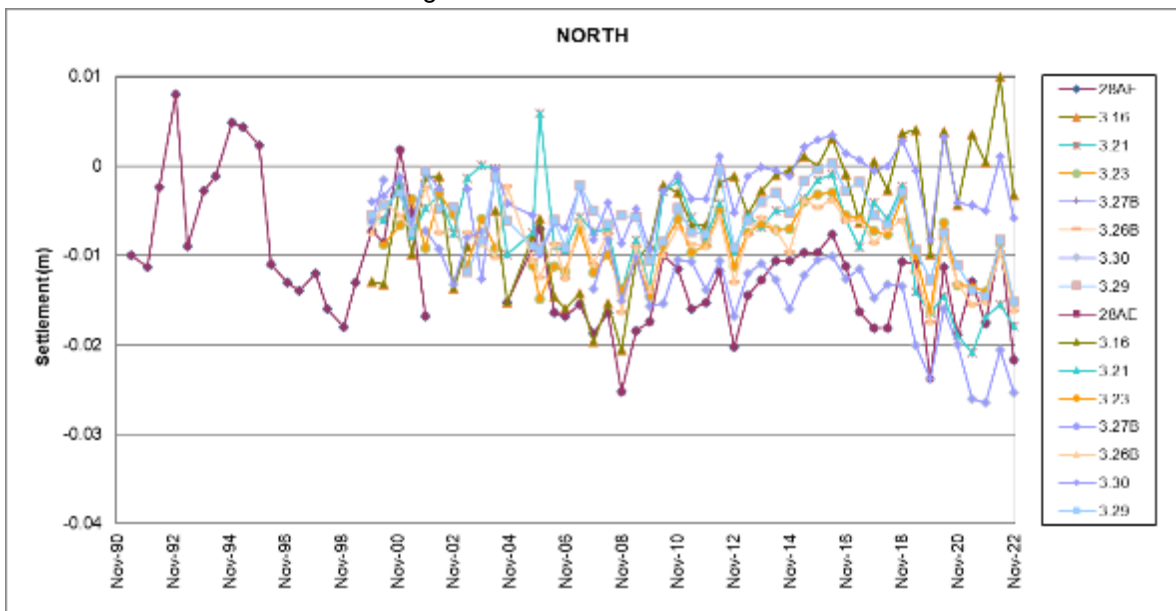


Figure 44: Zone 1 North of Waihi

Results exceeding the trigger levels shown on the Zone 1 time – history plot are discussed below.

Four marks in Zone 1 showed settlement greater than the trigger levels: 31MD, 2.05, 2.35, and 2.44

Mark 31MD is located along the Waihi to Whangamata Road and showed a period of greater settlement than nearby marks during the early 1990s. More recent recorded ongoing settlement is similar to nearby marks. This mark may be influenced by its proximity to the banks of the Ohinemuri River (Figure 40).

Mark 2.05 is near Winner Hill and was included in Zone 1 because it was an andesite outcrop. Dewatering of the andesite was originally thought to contribute less to settlements. Like other marks to the south of Waihi Mark 2.05 indicates ongoing settlement after 2003 due to deeper and more extensive dewatering of the andesite. Mark 2.05 is more representative of Zone 4 settlements.

Mark 2.35 is south of the Waihi to Whangamata Road and close to the Settlement Zone 3 boundary. The data suggests an acceleration of settlement after September 2005, however neighbouring marks

in Zone 3 have similar settlement values indicative of a general trend in this area. This mark is northeast of Correnso and not in close proximity to underground mine activities.

Mark 2.44 has been investigated in the past and the cause has been attributed to some localised surficial slope movement. This mark is listed as disturbed by the surveyor.

7.2.2 ZONE 2 – Trigger 65mm

This settlement zone encompasses the western outskirts of Waihi township and some marks to the north and south of Waihi. The time-history plot for Settlement Zone 2 (Appendix D) shows all but one of the Zone 2 marks to be tracking less than the settlement trigger level. As with Zone 1 most of the marks have small settlements. Total settlements to date are generally between 10 to 65 mm with settlements of between 10 to 40 mm since 1999. Movements exceeding trigger levels are discussed below.

On review, the settlement in Zone 2 which is occurring at Mark 1.04, Mark 1.02D, and Mark 1.03D has continued steadily and at an increased rate compared to other marks in Zone 2. This is assessed to be associated with ongoing dewatering for the Martha Underground (MUG) and likely shows the effect of the deep dewatering in the andesite. Piezometer P4, in the southern area of Waihi, indicates the overlying younger volcanics have not been dewatered. The settlements are relatively small, result in negligible tilt and are therefore not of concern at this point in time. Mark 1.12 will continue to be reviewed with subsequent monitoring surveys undertaken when over the trigger level of 65mm.

Mark 1.04 is located in the southern region of Waihi, near the Ohinemuri river. This mark has been triggered previously. The settlement at this mark is assessed to be unrelated to mining activities due to its distance from mining works. It should be further noted that this mark is located near the river and likely upon alluvial soils which are often susceptible to moisture related shrink and swell.

7.2.3 ZONE 3 – Trigger 95mm

This zone includes areas to the east, south and west of Waihi town.

Review of the time-history plot for Zone 3 shows, as with Zones 1 and 2, most marks display ongoing steady settlement. The measured total settlements are relatively small and generally between 20 and 90 mm with settlements since 1999 typically being between 10 and 50 mm. Tilts between adjacent marks are well within acceptable limits.

One mark (2CE) has moved more than the settlement trigger level for the zone. Mark 2CE is located to the west of Waihi township and has showed an increased rate of settlement compared to nearby marks between 1991 and 1995. Thereafter, it has settled at a similar rate to nearby marks. This settlement pattern is similar to point 2BC in Zone 5. This increase settlement rate in the early 1990's is associated with dewatering/depressurisation effects due to the development of Martha Pit. Steady ongoing settlements similar to the surrounding points indicates settlement associated with dewatering of the deeper andesite. This mark will continue to be reviewed however settlements are explainable and tilts are small, so not of concern.

Mark 1.07 is located in the southern region of Waihi. This mark has triggered in the past, and the observed settlement is not thought to be associated with mine dewatering. As with Mark 1.04 (in Zone 2) roadworks have occurred in this area and the mark is located near the Ohinemuri River where shrink/swell susceptible alluvial soils are likely to be present.

Mark 14DB is located near to Mark 1.07. This mark has also triggered in the past and the observed settlement is not thought to be related to mine dewatering. Roadworks have occurred in this area and the mark is located near the Ohinemuri River where shrink/swell susceptible alluvial soils are likely to be present.

7.2.4 ZONE 4 – Trigger 160mm

The Zone 4 time-history plots (Appendix D) show relatively steady ongoing settlement since 1995 in response to mine dewatering. The measured total settlements are relatively small and are generally between 20 and 140 mm. Settlements since 1999 are generally between 10 and 80 mm. Tilts between adjacent marks are well within acceptable limits.

One mark, 23C, exceeded the predicted maximum settlement for this zone in November 2022. This mark showed a sharp increase in settlement in the May 2020 survey. The settlement in the subsequent November 2020 survey was similar to nearby marks. This mark is located near a drain and may have been affected by the dry summer and autumn during 2019/2020 or was influenced by recent drainage works nearby. No visual evidence of settlement effects on surrounding land have been identified to date and nearby piezometers have not shown any unusual changes.

7.2.5 ZONE 5 – Trigger 260mm

The data for the Zone 5 marks is provided on the relevant time-history plot in Appendix D. These marks show a steady increase in settlement with time and total settlements are generally between 30 and 150 mm. Settlements since 1999 are generally between 15 and 85 mm. No marks in Zone 5, outside of the area over Favona Underground, exceeded the predicted maximum settlement for the zone.

7.2.6 ZONE 6 – Trigger 340mm

The settlement in this zone is shown on the relevant Zone 6 time-history plot in Appendix D. This settlement zone extends through the centre of the Waihi commercial area. The relevant settlement marks show steady ongoing settlement with time and total settlements are generally between 70 and 280 mm. Settlements since 1999 are generally between 50 and 190 mm. One mark in this zone exceeded the maximum predicted settlement for the zone. This mark (mark BM20) has been noted as disturbed by the surveyor (Appendix B), however the settlement has been accumulated at a relatively constant rate. The larger settlements at BM20 (compared to the rest of Zone 6) are likely due to the local ground conditions and there is no private property in this area. This point will continue to be monitored and reviewed.

7.2.7 ZONE 7 – Trigger 540mm

The settlements which have been measured within Zone 7 are all less than the predicted maximum. (Zone 7 time-history plot, Appendix D). Total settlements are about 300 mm. Settlements measured since 1999 are about 160 mm. Ongoing settlements are relatively constant and match the ongoing dewatering at depth within the andesite. No new settlement trends are indicated by the latest monitoring results.

7.3 Favona Settlement

The measured settlement in the vicinity of the Favona Mine has a component of settlement due to Martha Mine dewatering as well as a component of settlement related to Favona Mine dewatering.

A separation of the measured total settlement into Martha and Favona settlement components has been undertaken by projecting the settlement evident before the commencement of the Favona Mine and accepting these projected settlements as Martha settlements. The difference between the projected (Martha) settlement and total measured settlement has been taken as the Favona component of settlement. Table 9 sets out the total settlement, the settlement attributed to Martha dewatering and the settlement attributed to Favona Mine dewatering as assessed for the Favona Mine settlement markers.

Table 9 - Separation of Settlement – Favona Marks (Nov 2022)

| Mark | Measured Total Settlement. (mm) | Estimated Martha Settlement. (mm) | Estimated Favona Settlement. (mm) |
|------|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| F02 | 109 | 50 | 59 |
| F04 | 113 | 44 | 69 |
| F05 | 110 | 46 | 64 |
| F06 | 114 | 40 | 74 |
| F08A | 126 | 44 | 82 |
| F10B | 134 | 44 | 90 |
| F12C | 136 | 39 | 97 |
| F14C | 134 | 60 | 74 |
| F15C | 176 | 55 | 121 |
| F16B | 166 | 55 | 111 |
| F17B | 284 | 55 | 229 |
| F18 | 358 | 49 | 309 |
| F20 | 304 | 44 | 260 |
| F21 | 274 | 43 | 231 |
| F22 | 254 | 42 | 212 |
| F24 | 218 | 42 | 176 |
| F26 | 188 | 45 | 143 |
| F28B | 161 | 49 | 112 |
| F30B | 151 | 52 | 99 |
| F32B | 124 | 49 | 75 |
| F33 | 115 | 52 | 63 |
| F34C | 112 | 58 | 54 |
| F35B | 107 | 61 | 46 |

The largest measured settlement at Favona Mine occurs where the markers overlie mine workings (marks F16B to F26). The maximum predicted settlement over the workings from dewatering was assessed as 80 mm for earlier projects, with mine dewatering related settlement not extending into the urbanised area. The actual total settlement and the extent of settlement exceeded the predictions for the dewatering settlement. The difference between the predictions and measured settlement was assessed to reflect depressurisation and consolidation of the andesite rock body, which was not considered in the initial settlement predictions. Andesite rock was considered to be a stiff material with negligible consolidation characteristics, but the long-term settlement observed in response to Martha Mine dewatering (in Zones 1 to 6, discussed above) suggests that some minor consolidation of the deeper andesite rock is occurring, possibly as a response to fracture depressurisation. In addition, some further relaxation of the rock mass towards the mine workings may be occurring, and this may be providing further volume reduction of the andesite rock mass in the vicinity of the mine.

Another potential influence is that the Favona andesite has been undergoing primary consolidation, as current water level monitoring data suggests that the Favona system was not dewatered to the same extent as the Martha groundwater system during historical mining in the early 1900's. Consolidation predictions for Favona were made based on Martha's "reconsolidation" dewatering data. The amount of primary consolidation is greater for the first time of dewatering compared to the second or subsequent times of dewatering. This is because the first cycle of dewatering results in pre-consolidation and an increase in the stiffness of the ground, and subsequent recovery of the groundwater levels does not result in full rebound of the ground surface to its original levels.

Settlement predictions for Project Martha have been updated for the zone encompassing Favona marks to reflect the effects outlined above. Four Favona marks exceeded the maximum predicted

settlement in the November 2021 survey: F17B, F18, F20 and F21. All are located above underground workings, on company owned land. Marks F18 and F20 are noted by the surveyor as being disturbed (Figure 39, Appendix B).

7.4 Trio Underground

The only anomalous result in the vicinity of Trio Underground has been apparent settlement at mark 2.44 (located on a farm track between Union and Black Hill) with pronounced acceleration since the May 2010 survey. This was investigated and determined to be related to a shallow, likely pre-existing surficial landslide. It is now noted by the surveyor as being disturbed. The mark will continue to be monitored on a biennial basis as per other survey marks but will not be included in any settlement profiling.

7.5 Summary

The analysis of the data to the end of 2022 continues to indicate that current slow settlements associated with Martha Mine are likely to be related to dewatering of the deeper structures within the andesite rock mass. Groundwater monitoring data does not show any widespread or significant ongoing dewatering of alluvium, younger volcanic materials or the upper layers of the andesite rock body.

Settlement triggers include modification to Martha Mine Extended pit associated with the cutback projects; the extended duration of dewatering at Martha Mine; assumptions made in the Favona settlement predictions (fracture depressurisation, secondary rather than primary consolidation); and localised natural, induced and historic effects.

The area around Martha Mine of greatest settlement is adjacent to the eastern pit wall where the weaker younger volcanic rocks are thickest and dewatering of this geological unit is greatest. This is also an area that has historic underground workings that have not been backfilled.

The main area of settlement at Favona overlies the underground workings. Such area comprises Company owned farmland. Outside the Favona workings area the measured ground surface settlement is notably lower. The conditions giving rise to settlement at Favona differ from those in the Martha Groundwater System as the latter has been dewatered to a greater extent for a longer time than the current dewatering while the former has not been previously dewatered. While settlement has exceeded initial estimates at Favona, those estimates were based on Martha settlement data which was responding to reconsolidation rather than primary consolidation.

In relation to Trio, Correnso and SUPA mines, these areas are located in the dewatered Martha Groundwater System and settlement (as described in this document) has already been developing in response to Martha Mine dewatering. Also, as these are linked to the Martha system, settlement will be based on additional consolidation and did not include settlement due to dewatering of the andesites.

8 TILT

As noted earlier, a full assessment and review of the Waihi settlement marker network and database was undertaken by GWS Limited in 2019. This review resulted in the removal of erroneous and high-density settlement marks and an updated settlement database with revised settlement marker corrections where appropriate. Marks proposed for removal have been included in tilt calculations until their removal is approved by Hauraki District and Waikato Regional Councils. Revised settlement marker corrections have been applied in this reporting period.

Assessments have been grouped into five areas: Favona, Martha (including the North Wall), Correnso, Correnso South and SUPA. There is some crossover of marks between Mining Permit boundaries. The assessment of tilt between adjacent settlement marks is summarised in Table 9.

Table 10: Tilt Calculations - November 2022 Survey

| Mark | x | y | Distance (m) | Nov 2022 (m) | Abs | Δh (m) | Tilt (1:X) |
|------|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|------------|
|------|---|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------|------------|

Favona

| | | | | | | | |
|------|---------|--------|-------|---------|--------|--------|-------|
| F02 | 3097.60 | 490.00 | | -0.1086 | 0.1086 | | |
| F06 | 3107.08 | 445.21 | 45.78 | -0.1149 | 0.1149 | 0.0063 | 7230 |
| F10B | 3176.88 | 446.75 | 69.82 | -0.1347 | 0.1347 | 0.0198 | 3526 |
| F12C | 3207.32 | 503.82 | 64.69 | -0.1361 | 0.1361 | 0.0014 | 46502 |
| F14C | 3275.29 | 551.31 | 82.91 | -0.1349 | 0.1349 | 0.0012 | 71101 |
| F15C | 3297.17 | 585.32 | 40.44 | -0.1761 | 0.1761 | 0.0412 | 981 |
| F16B | 3367.38 | 578.70 | 70.52 | -0.1661 | 0.1661 | 0.0100 | 7037 |
| F17B | 3405.48 | 613.91 | 51.88 | -0.2847 | 0.2847 | 0.1186 | 437 |
| F18 | 3423.83 | 648.30 | 38.98 | -0.3585 | 0.3585 | 0.0737 | 528 |
| F21 | 3405.99 | 672.00 | 29.66 | -0.2743 | 0.2743 | 0.0842 | 352 |
| F24 | 3388.13 | 690.85 | 25.97 | -0.2187 | 0.2187 | 0.0555 | 468 |
| F32B | 3348.78 | 769.1 | 87.59 | -0.1240 | 0.1240 | 0.0948 | 924 |
| F34C | 3339.49 | 849.57 | 81.00 | -0.1124 | 0.1124 | 0.0115 | 7015 |
| F35B | 3336.68 | 896.06 | 46.58 | -0.1073 | 0.1073 | 0.0051 | 9133 |

Martha

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| 20BB | 2533.26 | 1622.29 | | -0.1230 | 0.1230 | | |
| 20AC | 2461.04 | 1536.91 | 111.83 | -0.1243 | 0.1243 | 0.0014 | 81543 |
| BM20A | 2345.50 | 1484.90 | 126.71 | -0.2456 | 0.2456 | 0.1212 | 1045 |
| 20D | 2482.07 | 1473.48 | 137.05 | -0.1443 | 0.1443 | 0.1012 | 1354 |
| 19CB | 2296.71 | 1381.40 | 206.97 | -0.2887 | 0.2887 | 0.1444 | 1433 |
| 19BB | 2191.56 | 1292.02 | 138.00 | -0.3013 | 0.3013 | 0.0126 | 10957 |
| BM19B | 2117.17 | 1244.36 | 88.35 | -0.3006 | 0.3006 | 0.0008 | 115836 |
| 17CB | 2014.23 | 1201.01 | 111.70 | -0.3030 | 0.3030 | 0.0024 | 46420 |
| 17BB | 1919.52 | 1160.79 | 102.90 | -0.2230 | 0.2230 | 0.0800 | 1287 |
| 17AB | 1841.32 | 1104.80 | 96.18 | -0.1938 | 0.1938 | 0.0292 | 3293 |
| 2.04B | 1893.21 | 968.34 | 145.99 | -0.1764 | 0.1764 | 0.0174 | 8387 |
| 34BE | 1732.56 | 931.60 | 164.80 | -0.1426 | 0.1426 | 0.0338 | 4878 |
| BM17A | 1724.44 | 1088.92 | 207.42 | -0.1044 | 0.1044 | 0.0382 | 5426 |
| 10BC | 1560.13 | 1062.92 | 216.74 | -0.1338 | 0.1338 | 0.0294 | 7366 |

| | | | | | | | |
|------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|-------|
| 10AB | 1430.61 | 1037.00 | 298.38 | -0.1382 | 0.1382 | 0.0044 | 68094 |
| BM16 | 1418.09 | 1218.03 | 210.32 | -0.1309 | 0.1309 | 0.0073 | 28711 |
| 10DC | 1279.04 | 1198.33 | 221.36 | -0.1458 | 0.1458 | 0.0149 | 14851 |
| 16BC | 1252.81 | 1336.47 | 203.34 | -0.1405 | 0.1405 | 0.0053 | 38642 |
| BM9B | 1220.25 | 1523.29 | 330.23 | -0.0831 | 0.0831 | 0.0574 | 5756 |

North Wall

| | | | | | | | |
|------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|-------|
| 27AB | 2009.08 | 2064.33 | | -0.0127 | 0.0127 | | |
| 26Q | 1963.00 | 1982.71 | 93.73 | -0.0354 | 0.0354 | 0.0226 | 4139 |
| 26PB | 1834.84 | 1893.11 | 156.38 | -0.0526 | 0.0526 | 0.0172 | 9086 |
| 26OB | 1706.93 | 1812.27 | 151.31 | -0.0048 | 0.0048 | 0.0478 | 3169 |
| 26NC | 1641.16 | 1772.40 | 228.22 | -0.0453 | 0.0453 | 0.0405 | 5638 |
| 26MB | 1593.46 | 1750.66 | 122.11 | -0.0473 | 0.0473 | 0.0136 | 8972 |
| 26JB | 1495.71 | 1756.55 | 93.74 | -0.0404 | 0.0404 | 0.0032 | 29526 |
| BM26 | 1542.45 | 1837.81 | 100.98 | -0.0372 | 0.0372 | 0.0101 | 10009 |
| 3.09 | 1618.51 | 1870.17 | 217.54 | -0.0337 | 0.0337 | 0.0289 | 7524 |

Correnso

| | | | | | | | |
|------|---------|---------|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| 25E | 2472.35 | 1162.01 | | -0.1584 | 0.1584 | | N/A |
| 25B | 2497.67 | 1105.83 | 61.62 | -0.1321 | 0.1321 | 0.0263 | 2340 |
| 25I | 2537.20 | 1045.04 | 72.51 | -0.1225 | 0.1225 | 0.0096 | 7545 |
| 24H | 2630.70 | 1072.28 | 97.39 | -0.1216 | 0.1216 | 0.0009 | 110320 |
| 24B | 2667.67 | 1126.40 | 65.54 | -0.1276 | 0.1276 | 0.0060 | 11006 |
| 24G | 2705.96 | 1170.46 | 58.38 | -0.1376 | 0.1376 | 0.0100 | 5826 |
| 24L | 2761.67 | 1181.33 | 56.76 | -0.1340 | 0.1340 | 0.0036 | 15847 |
| 24AC | 2743.58 | 1218.90 | 41.70 | -0.1376 | 0.1376 | 0.0036 | 11612 |
| 24F | 2772.80 | 1257.27 | 48.23 | -0.1323 | 0.1323 | 0.0053 | 9057 |
| BM24 | 2794.55 | 1279.36 | 31.00 | -0.1232 | 0.1232 | 0.0091 | 3413 |
| 24E | 2758.43 | 1303.23 | 43.29 | -0.1286 | 0.1286 | 0.0054 | 7982 |
| 24DC | 2718.29 | 1323.13 | 44.80 | -0.1219 | 0.1219 | 0.0067 | 6676 |
| 24I | 2692.57 | 1269.71 | 59.29 | -0.1294 | 0.1294 | 0.0075 | 7868 |
| 25H | 2648.48 | 1232.96 | 57.40 | -0.1378 | 0.1378 | 0.0083 | 6881 |
| 25CB | 2615.91 | 1190.50 | 53.51 | -0.1376 | 0.1376 | 0.0002 | 289758 |
| 25G | 2594.60 | 1149.42 | 46.29 | -0.1384 | 0.1384 | 0.0008 | 60073 |
| 25F | 2542.53 | 1116.24 | 61.74 | -0.1393 | 0.1393 | 0.0010 | 64471 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| 25B | 2497.67 | 1105.83 | 46.05 | -0.1321 | 0.1321 | 0.0072 | 6379 |
| BM25 | 2424.91 | 1100.25 | 72.97 | -0.1470 | 0.1470 | 0.0149 | 4899 |
| 25E | 2472.35 | 1162.01 | 77.88 | -0.1584 | 0.1584 | 0.0114 | 6808 |
| 25A | 2505.13 | 1203.77 | 53.09 | -0.1577 | 0.1577 | 0.0008 | 68538 |
| 25D | 2547.05 | 1248.02 | 60.95 | -0.1589 | 0.1589 | 0.0013 | 47468 |
| 21DC | 2573.96 | 1304.15 | 62.25 | -0.1462 | 0.1462 | 0.0127 | 4903 |
| 21N | 2623.25 | 1342.44 | 62.41 | -0.1322 | 0.1322 | 0.0141 | 4442 |
| 21C | 2651.57 | 1389.82 | 55.20 | -0.1214 | 0.1214 | 0.0108 | 5102 |
| 21M | 2694.90 | 1439.65 | 66.03 | -0.1071 | 0.1071 | 0.0143 | 4625 |
| 21BC | 2719.27 | 1477.80 | 45.27 | -0.0942 | 0.0942 | 0.0129 | 3512 |
| 21EB | 2799.95 | 1429.09 | 94.24 | -0.0961 | 0.0961 | 0.0019 | 50682 |
| 24K | 2783.89 | 1387.72 | 44.38 | -0.1130 | 0.1130 | 0.0169 | 2623 |
| 24J | 2749.39 | 1365.76 | 40.89 | -0.1077 | 0.1077 | 0.0053 | 7736 |
| 24DC | 2718.29 | 1323.13 | 52.77 | -0.1219 | 0.1219 | 0.0142 | 3717 |
| 22F | 2815.91 | 1325.41 | 97.65 | -0.1269 | 0.1269 | 0.0050 | 19652 |
| 22C | 2846.39 | 1352.54 | 40.80 | -0.1431 | 0.1431 | 0.0163 | 2507 |
| 22GB | 2862.88 | 1387.97 | 39.08 | -0.1165 | 0.1165 | 0.0267 | 1465 |
| 22BC | 2916.75 | 1435.77 | 72.02 | -0.1020 | 0.1020 | 0.0145 | 4963 |
| 22I | 2918.98 | 1461.37 | 25.69 | -0.0950 | 0.0950 | 0.0070 | 3684 |
| 22H | 2869.25 | 1441.80 | 53.44 | -0.0897 | 0.0897 | 0.0053 | 10073 |
| 21P | 2849.17 | 1456.90 | 25.13 | -0.0865 | 0.0865 | 0.0032 | 7976 |
| 21FB | 2861.65 | 1512.21 | 56.70 | -0.0691 | 0.0691 | 0.0174 | 3253 |
| 21Q | 2899.60 | 1571.32 | 70.24 | -0.0697 | 0.0697 | 0.0006 | 120674 |
| 21GC | 2901.12 | 1614.05 | 42.76 | -0.0727 | 0.0727 | 0.0030 | 14303 |
| 22KB | 2981.80 | 1603.49 | 81.37 | -0.0619 | 0.0619 | 0.0108 | 7531 |
| 2.29B | 2953.39 | 1548.17 | 62.19 | -0.0909 | 0.0909 | 0.0291 | 2139 |
| 22J | 2944.47 | 1489.76 | 59.09 | -0.0807 | 0.0807 | 0.0102 | 5798 |
| 22I | 2918.98 | 1461.37 | 38.16 | -0.0923 | 0.0923 | 0.0115 | 3307 |
| 22H | 2869.25 | 1441.80 | 53.44 | -0.0897 | 0.0897 | 0.0026 | 20512 |
| 21EB | 2799.95 | 1429.09 | 70.46 | -0.0961 | 0.0961 | 0.0064 | 11015 |
| 21BC | 2719.27 | 1477.80 | 94.24 | -0.0942 | 0.0942 | 0.0019 | 50682 |
| BM21 | 2654.80 | 1515.40 | 74.63 | -0.1027 | 0.1027 | 0.0085 | 8754 |
| 20F | 2605.79 | 1575.98 | 77.92 | -0.1120 | 0.1120 | 0.0093 | 8366 |
| 20E | 2535.65 | 1542.67 | 77.65 | -0.1661 | 0.1661 | 0.0540 | 1437 |
| 21C | 2651.57 | 1389.82 | 191.83 | -0.1214 | 0.1214 | 0.0447 | 4289 |

Correnso South

| | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|-------|
| 23F | 2700.77 | 968.79 | | -0.1116 | 0.1116 | | |
| 2.13 | 2725.42 | 874.95 | 97.03 | -0.0681 | 0.0681 | 0.0435 | 2229 |
| 23E | 2774.82 | 972.51 | 74.15 | -0.1156 | 0.1156 | 0.0040 | 18309 |
| 2.14A | 2853.28 | 838.67 | 132.91 | -0.0760 | 0.0760 | 0.0080 | 16648 |
| 23B | 2856.49 | 949.79 | 84.77 | -0.1194 | 0.1194 | 0.0038 | 22542 |
| BANK1 | 2866.21 | 1023.25 | 74.10 | -0.1041 | 0.1041 | 0.0153 | 4853 |
| 23C | 2856.14 | 1068.01 | 45.88 | -0.1759 | 0.1759 | 0.0718 | 639 |
| 2.25 | 2874.51 | 1097.26 | 34.54 | -0.1203 | 0.1203 | 0.0556 | 621 |
| 23D | 2861.42 | 1154.89 | 59.09 | -0.1231 | 0.1231 | 0.0028 | 20979 |
| 2.24 | 2885.91 | 1215.47 | 65.35 | -0.1326 | 0.1326 | 0.0095 | 6889 |
| MATAURA1 | 2831.84 | 1250.81 | 64.60 | -0.1211 | 0.1211 | 0.0115 | 5638 |
| BM24 | 2794.55 | 1279.36 | 46.96 | -0.1232 | 0.1232 | 0.0020 | 22964 |

SUPA

| Mark | x | y | Distance (m) | November 2022 (m) | Abs | Δh (m) | Tilt (1:X) |
|-------|---------|---------|--------------|-------------------|--------|--------|------------|
| BM25 | 2424.91 | 1100.25 | | -0.1470 | 0.1470 | | |
| 34H | 2233.59 | 970.56 | 231.14 | -0.1235 | 0.1235 | 0.0235 | 9828 |
| 2.10 | 2143.92 | 950.39 | 91.91 | -0.0597 | 0.0597 | 0.0637 | 1442 |
| 34C | 1967.74 | 983.20 | 179.21 | -0.2113 | 0.2113 | 0.1516 | 1182 |
| 34GC | 2211.33 | 1119.52 | 279.14 | -0.2085 | 0.2085 | 0.0028 | 97984 |
| 19BB | 2191.56 | 1292.02 | 173.63 | -0.3013 | 0.3013 | 0.0928 | 1870 |
| 19CB | 2296.71 | 1381.40 | 138.00 | -0.2887 | 0.2887 | 0.0126 | 10957 |
| 21O | 2527.37 | 1356.34 | 232.01 | -0.1470 | 0.1470 | 0.1417 | 1637 |
| 20C | 2450.61 | 1413.86 | 95.92 | -0.1618 | 0.1618 | 0.0148 | 6487 |
| 20D | 2482.07 | 1473.48 | 67.41 | -0.1443 | 0.1443 | 0.0175 | 3861 |
| BM20A | 2345.50 | 1484.90 | 137.05 | -0.2456 | 0.2456 | 0.1012 | 1354 |

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| | Above mine workings |
| | Tilt greater than 1:1000 |

8.1 Favona

The locations surveyed in 2022 with tilt values between adjacent marks steeper than the 1:1000 criterion are highlighted in Table 10 above. The locations of the marks in relation to the Favona mine workings are shown in Figure 45 and Figure 46 below.

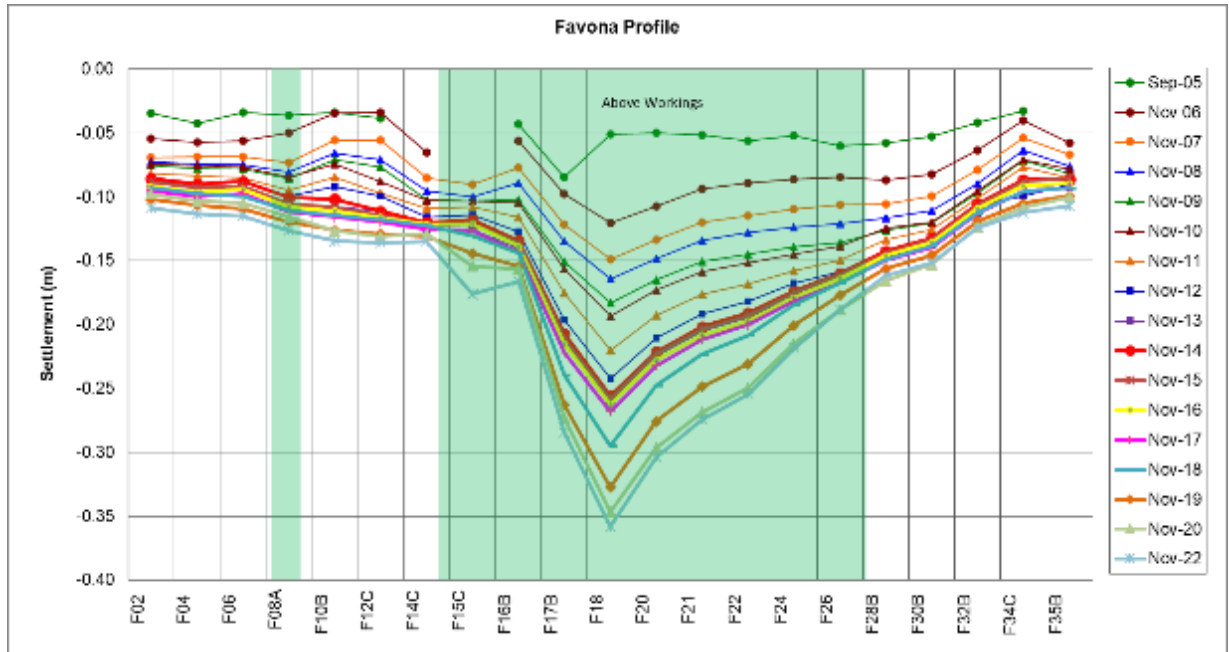


Figure 45: Favona Settlement Profile

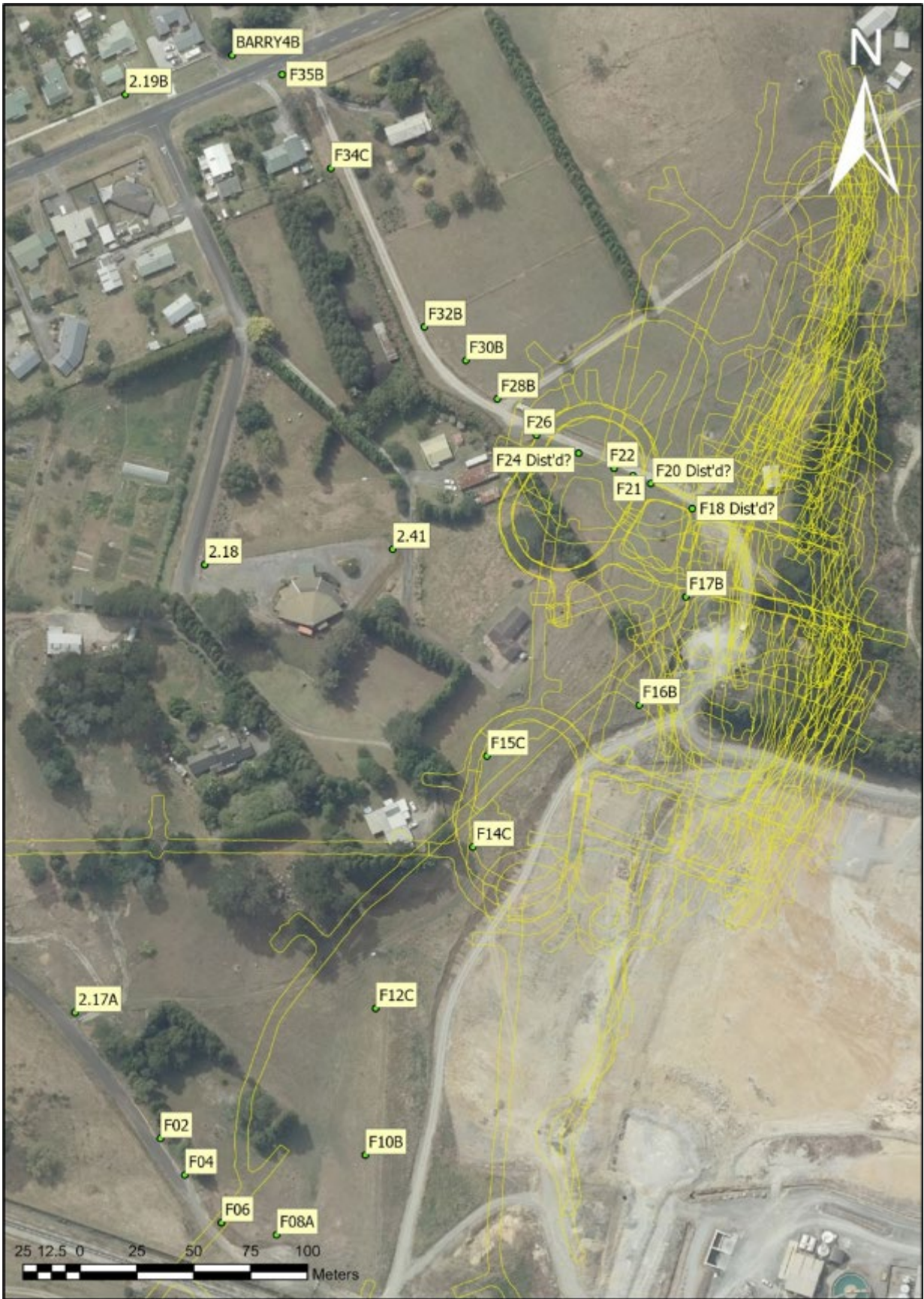


Figure 46: Favona Settlement marks and workings

Discussion

Favona Tilt

This area comprises farmland that is owned by the company. The footprint of this area is over 100m south of any non-company residences.

The tilt in this area has changed little since 2005, with small increases in tilt as the dewatered underground workings adjust compared to the adjacent land.

Tilt values greater than 1:1000 was previously assessed at six locations (F14C/F15C, F16B/F17B, F17B/F18, F18/F21, F21/F24 and F24/26). These are all located over or near underground workings.

The monitoring results for the survey marks above the Favona workings indicate no new tilt measurements in excess of 1:1000 since the May 2022 survey.

All Favona marks showed more settlement than the May 2022 survey, continuing the trend of slow settlement over time at this location.

Monitoring will continue, and this will determine any anomalous results that need to be addressed.

Note 1: The Favona tilt is calculated from the total settlement at each mark, without separation of any Martha effect. While the calculated tilt may not precisely reflect the tilt due to Favona alone, the discrepancy is considered to be minor.

Note 2: Not all Favona settlement markers are included in tilt calculations due to some being too close to one another. The minimum distance between marks included in tilt calculation is 25m.

8.2 Martha/North Wall Tilt

No tilt calculations greater than 1:1000 have been identified in the Martha/North Wall area during the November 2022 survey.

Although no tilts have been identified in Slevin Park, the area is swampy, historically infilled with poor material and has a previous history of slumping/subsidence. Therefore, close monitoring of this area will continue. We understand that HDC is also undertaking regular monitoring of this area.

From November 2022 additional Martha marks have been added to the tilt calculations to extend this analysis in line with the mine expansion in this area.

8.3 Correnso

Two tilt calculations greater than 1:1000 were identified in the Correnso South area during the May 2020 survey and remain in the November 2022 survey. The tilts are between marks 23C/2.25 and 23C/BANK1. Both tilts are due to a sharp increase in the measured settlement at mark 23C during the May 2020 survey. The rate of settlement recorded at 23C in subsequent survey events has been similar to nearby marks. The mark is noted by the surveyor as being near a watercourse. The mark may have been influenced by improved drainage nearby or may have been disturbed.

8.4 SUPA

No tilts greater than the 1:1000 trigger have been identified to date in the SUPA area.



Figure 47: Correnso Tilts and Underground Workings

8.5 Historic comparisons

The latest measurements at all survey marks are compared with their three previous survey readings to assess any trends (Table 11). It should be noted that tilt assessments vary depending on the separation distance of the markers. If marks have little tilt, large numbers can sometimes be generated. Additionally, marks can be reviewed which can result in revised corrections. This will modify tilt calculations.

Historic comparisons for Favona marks have not been included prior to the May 2021 reporting period due to the large number of Favona marks which were removed from tilt calculations following the November 2020 survey event, as agreed by Hauraki District and Waikato Regional Councils.

Table 11: Comparison of Tilt Calculations – May 2021 to November 2022

| Mark | Tilt (1:X) May 21 | Tilt (1:X) Nov 21 | Tilt (1:X) May 22 | Tilt (1:X) Nov 22 |
|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Favona | | | | |
| F02 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| F06 | 8032 | 6510 | 7346 | 7230 |
| F10B | 3595 | 3232 | 3324 | 3526 |

| | | | | |
|------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| F12C | 11757 | 22374 | 21626 | 46502 |
| F14C | 207249 | 24632 | 22016 | 71101 |
| F15C | 1268 | 1117 | 988 | 981 |
| F16B | 8104 | 15596 | 8791 | 7037 |
| F17B | 444 | 441 | 440 | 437 |
| F18 | 512 | 528 | 530 | 528 |
| F21 | 381 | 370 | 368 | 352 |
| F24 | 440 | 479 | 474 | 468 |
| F32B | 941 | 937 | 936 | 924 |
| F34C | 5745 | 6838 | 9156 | 7015 |
| F35B | 5250 | 5416 | 5293 | 9133 |

Martha

| | | | | |
|-------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| 20BB | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 20AC | 22366 | 28886 | 30459 | 81543 |
| BM20A | 1115 | 1087 | 1074 | 1045 |
| 20D | 1543 | 1499 | 1496 | 1354 |
| 19CB | 1581 | 1548 | 1547 | 1433 |
| 19BB | 10534 | 10702 | 10619 | 10957 |
| BM19B | 552197 | 372363 | 1408494 | 115836 |
| 17CB | 47329 | 38434 | 25938 | 46420 |
| 17BB | 1278 | 1251 | 1251 | 1287 |
| 17AB | 3546 | 3398 | 2923 | 3293 |
| 2.04B | * | * | * | 8387 |
| 34BE | * | * | * | 4878 |
| BM17A | 1352 | 1302 | 1315 | 1319 |
| 10BC | * | * | * | 7366 |
| 10AB | * | * | * | 68094 |
| BM16 | * | * | * | 28711 |
| 10DC | * | * | * | 14851 |
| 16BC | * | * | * | 38642 |
| BM9B | * | * | * | 5756 |

* Fields added in November 2022 analysis due to mine expansion.

North Wall

| | | | | |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 27AB | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 26Q | 3927 | 3948 | 3931 | 4139 |
| 26PB | 10784 | 9529 | 8830 | 9086 |
| 26OB | 3434 | 3285 | 3912 | 3169 |
| 26NC | 6472 | 5810 | 5705 | 5638 |
| 26MB | 6822 | 9174 | 9314 | 8972 |
| 26JB | 7102 | 20949 | 17122 | 29526 |
| BM26 | 5232 | 9447 | 10422 | 10009 |
| 3.09 | 11847 | 7935 | 10197 | 7524 |

Correnso

| | | | | |
|------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| 25E | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 25B | 2515 | 2619 | 2305 | 2340 |
| 25I | 4074 | 5890 | 9919 | 7545 |
| 24H | 24348 | 8266 | 119177 | 110320 |
| 24B | 19277 | 17453 | 24684 | 11006 |
| 24G | 5780 | 5602 | 6131 | 5826 |
| 24L | 6524 | 31210 | 33754 | 15847 |
| 24AC | 9065 | 17440 | 18201 | 11612 |
| 24F | 6184 | 7874 | 7747 | 9057 |
| BM24 | 3195 | 3413 | 3137 | 3413 |
| 24E | 7338 | 7564 | 7434 | 7982 |
| 24DC | 9143 | 401372 | 4387 | 6676 |
| 24I | 118573 | 4583 | 4619 | 7868 |
| 25H | 3827 | 17175 | 14561 | 6881 |
| 25CB | 89187 | 632001 | 3491021 | 289758 |
| 25G | 77139 | 60071 | 31475 | 60073 |
| 25F | 34298 | 27346 | 31537 | 64471 |
| 25B | 10012 | 11751 | 7651 | 6379 |
| BM25 | 5446 | 5531 | 4710 | 4899 |
| 25E | 7016 | 7532 | 6929 | 6808 |

| | | | | |
|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| 25A | 26544 | 25590 | 26886 | 68538 |
| 25D | 43536 | 44038 | 158714 | 47468 |
| 21DC | 7074 | 5713 | 5661 | 4903 |
| 21N | 2517 | 1796 | 5699 | 4442 |
| 21C | 13464 | 7583 | 3224 | 5102 |
| 21M | 7025 | 5335 | 4828 | 4625 |
| 21BC | 2830 | 3061 | 3283 | 3512 |
| 21EB | 34905 | 39943 | 53565 | 50682 |
| 24K | 2635 | 2753 | 2623 | 2623 |
| 24J | 3543 | 1657 | 23863 | 7736 |
| 24DC | 2852 | 1571 | 7762 | 3717 |
| 22F | 43018 | 104892 | 14642 | 19652 |
| 22C | 2454 | 2322 | 2507 | 2507 |
| 22GB | 1420 | 1438 | 1438 | 1465 |
| 22BC | 5192 | 5177 | 4998 | 4963 |
| 22I | 64234 | 15351 | 4528 | 3684 |
| 22H | 3685 | 4769 | 7120 | 10073 |
| 21P | 2264 | 8819 | 33472 | 7976 |
| 21FB | 2148 | 3110 | 2762 | 3253 |
| 21Q | 63855 | 47393 | 89814 | 120674 |
| 21GC | 17104 | 15899 | 16513 | 14303 |
| 22KB | 7505 | 8002 | 8662 | 7531 |
| 2.29B | 2506 | 2630 | 2325 | 2139 |
| 22J | 4769 | 4892 | 5242 | 5798 |
| 22I | 1758 | 2092 | 2364 | 3307 |
| 22H | 3685 | 4769 | 7120 | 20512 |
| 21EB | 5504 | 5730 | 11015 | 11015 |
| 21BC | 34905 | 39943 | 53565 | 50682 |
| BM21 | 10512 | 9660 | 9073 | 8754 |
| 20F | 9189 | 8645 | 6540 | 8366 |
| 20E | 1396 | 1342 | 1434 | 1437 |
| 21C | 4189 | 4045 | 4097 | 4289 |

| | | | | |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 23F | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2.13 | 9703 | 11250 | 1102 | 2229 |
| 23E | 14685 | 21492 | 17445 | 18309 |
| 2.14A | 19837 | 14253 | 37875 | 16648 |
| 23B | 17122 | 54321 | 22670 | 22542 |
| BANK1 | 6798 | 5122 | 4984 | 4853 |
| 23C | 736 | 738 | 691 | 639 |
| 2.25 | 603 | 632 | 625 | 621 |
| 23D | 7986 | 10711 | 17816 | 20979 |
| 2.24 | 24203 | 19298 | 8847 | 6889 |
| MATAURA1 | 4581 | 5227 | 5738 | 5638 |
| BM24 | 33546 | 21893 | 17108 | 22964 |

SUPA

| | | | | |
|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| BM25 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 34H | 1543 | 11841 | 11210 | 9828 |
| 2.10 | 2944 | 5800 | 13938 | 1442 |
| 34C | 4484 | 6228 | 1946 | 1182 |
| 34GC | 1793 | 3002 | 61201 | 97984 |
| 19BB | 10534 | 1933 | 1926 | 1870 |
| 19CB | 1919 | 10702 | 10619 | 10957 |
| 21O | 4370 | 1724 | 1729 | 1637 |
| 20C | 254246 | 4049 | 4032 | 6487 |
| 20D | 5930 | 2962 | 3056 | 3861 |
| BM20A | 12101 | 1499 | 1499 | 1354 |

| | |
|--|--------------------------|
| | Above Mine Workings |
| | Tilt Greater than 1:1000 |

No anomalous trends were identified. Some marks have shown an overall trend of increasing tilt; however, none are currently of concern.

9 COMPLAINTS

The company maintains a complaints database in accordance with consent condition 13f. There were no complaints received during 2022 in relation to dewatering or settlement.

A number of other property damage complaints or enquiries were made during the year, generally in relation to impacts of blast vibration, but also included perceived concerns of settlement. As a result, some of the properties were inspected to determine likely sources. No evidence was found of land deformation as a consequence of mining activities.

10 CONTINGENCY ACTIONS AND FUTURE IMPACTS

No consent or management plan settlement trigger has been activated.

11 UNDERGROUND WATER QUALITY

Underground dewatering water is sampled at the Water Treatment Plant. This is a combination of underground water from Favona, Trio, Correnso, SUPA, Martha mines and treated service water, but gives a general indication of underground water quality. Additionally, Environmental staff endeavour to collect quarterly water samples from four locations underground.

The only mine backfilled and considered near its final closure state is the Favona underground mine. Separate sampling of Correnso and Favona underground water from sumps at the lowest accessible points in each mine began during 2018. Sampling from the two Martha Underground bores, PC1 and PC2, began in 2021.

During the reporting period, results from the composite underground dewatering had stable pH and EC values averaging 6.5 units and 276 mS/m respectively. Sulphate values averaged 1796 g/m³. Iron averaged 7.9 g/m³ and manganese 17.2 g/m³. Other metal concentrations were low (Figure 48; Appendix E).

Underground sites were sampled eight times in 2022. These included:

- 705 level Correnso x0 - dry
- 800 level Favona x2
- 800 level PC1 bore x3
- 800 level PC2 bore x3

Some sites were not able to be sampled due to dry sumps, the bore not running, or access issues. The composite underground mine water was sampled monthly throughout the period.

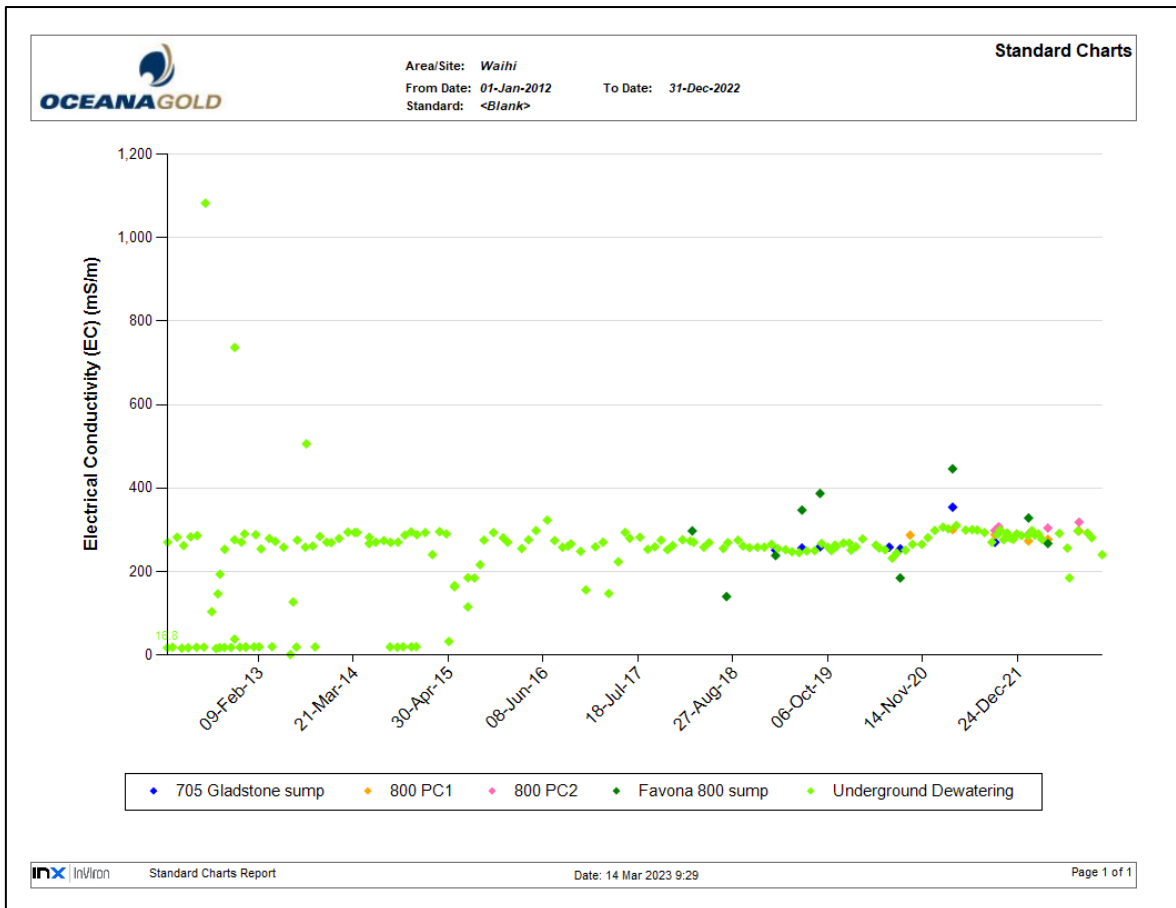
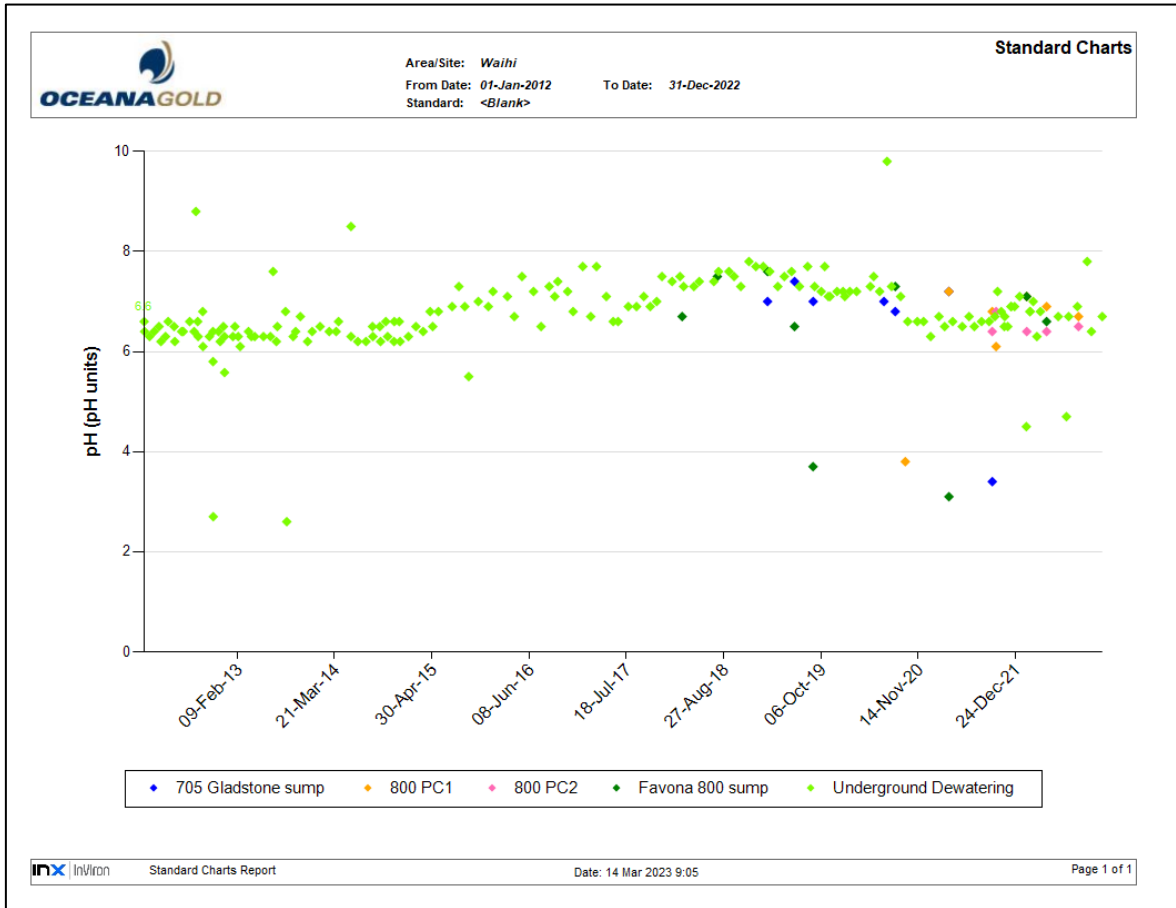
From the sites listed above, the single Favona sample had the highest EC and sulphate (328 mS/m and 2300 g/m³) (Figure 48). All other samples returned similar results. The eight samples recorded averages of:

- EC : 286 mS/m
- Sulphate: 1884 g/m³
- pH: 6.3.

Figures 43 to 46 show Piper Diagrams for the various types of underground water. All water types have a similar make up of cation and anions. UG dewatering and Correnso and at times Favona are calcium sulphate waters and PC01 and at times Favona, are calcium magnesium sulphate waters.

While elevated levels of some metals are noted, all underground water is currently pumped to the Water Treatment Plant.

Figure 53 displays a Piper diagram for treated water. Treated water is used a service water underground, as discussed in Section 4. Treated water quality is extremely consistent as it needs to comply with strict water quality parameters prior to river discharge. In 2022 service water made up 7% of the dewatering volume total and is unlikely to have any effect on groundwater quality. Water quality results are provided in Appendix E.



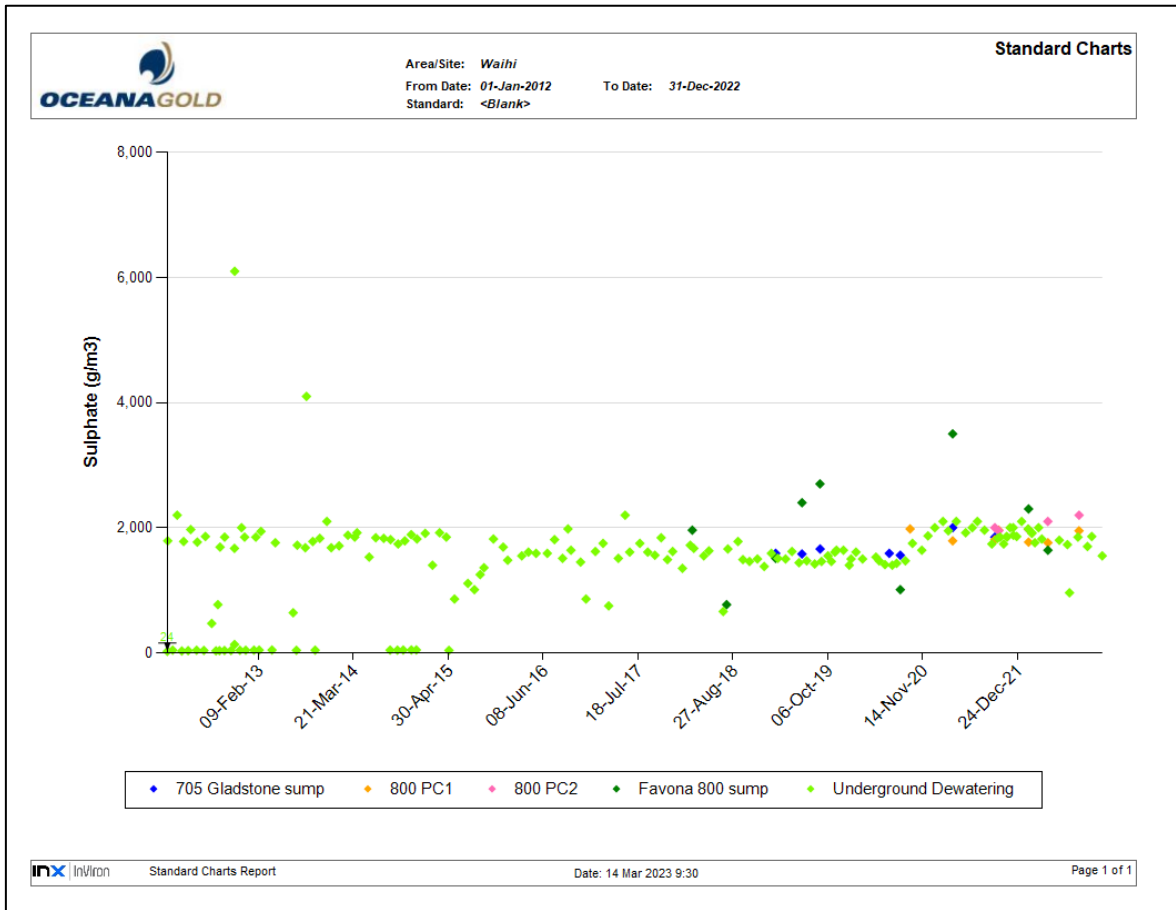


Figure 48: Underground sample sites – Summaries of Key Chemistry

Underground Dewatering

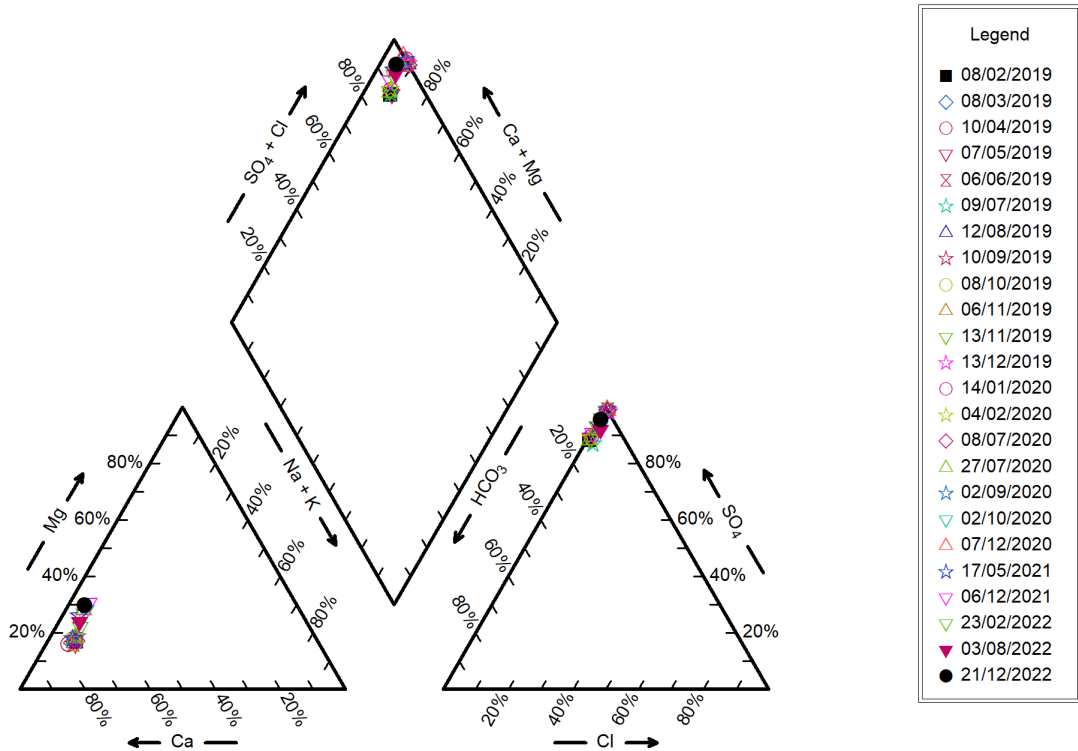


Figure 49: Underground Dewatering Piper Diagram

Correnso Underground Water

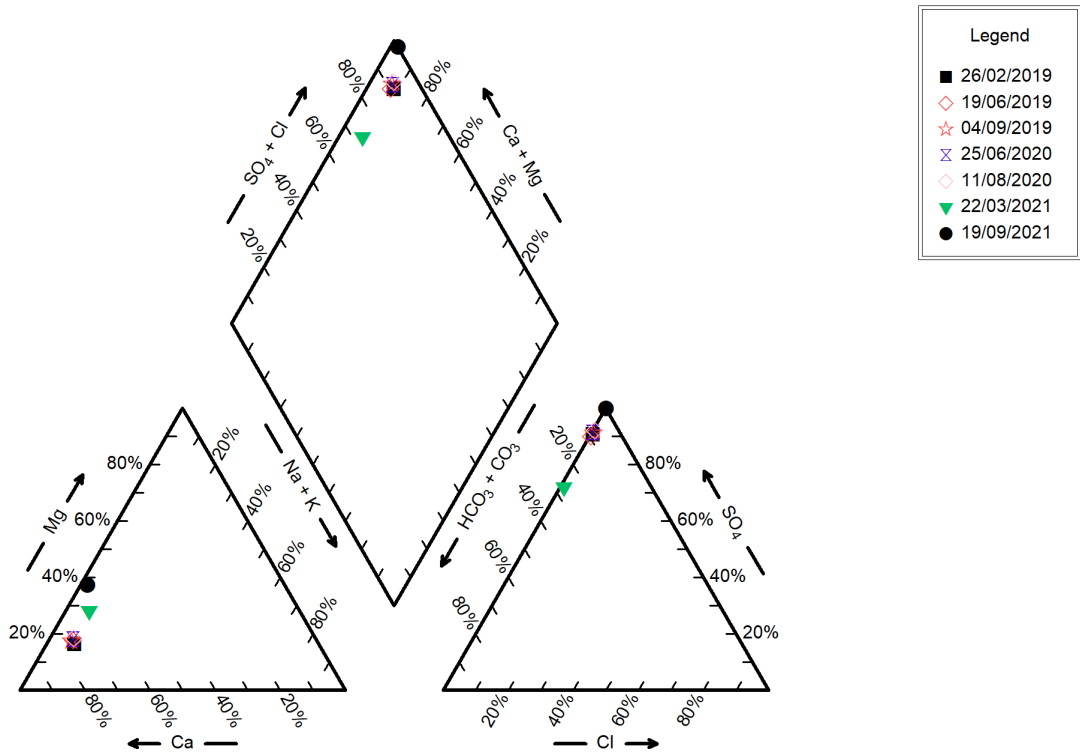


Figure 50: Correnso Underground Piper Trilinear Diagram

Favona Underground Water

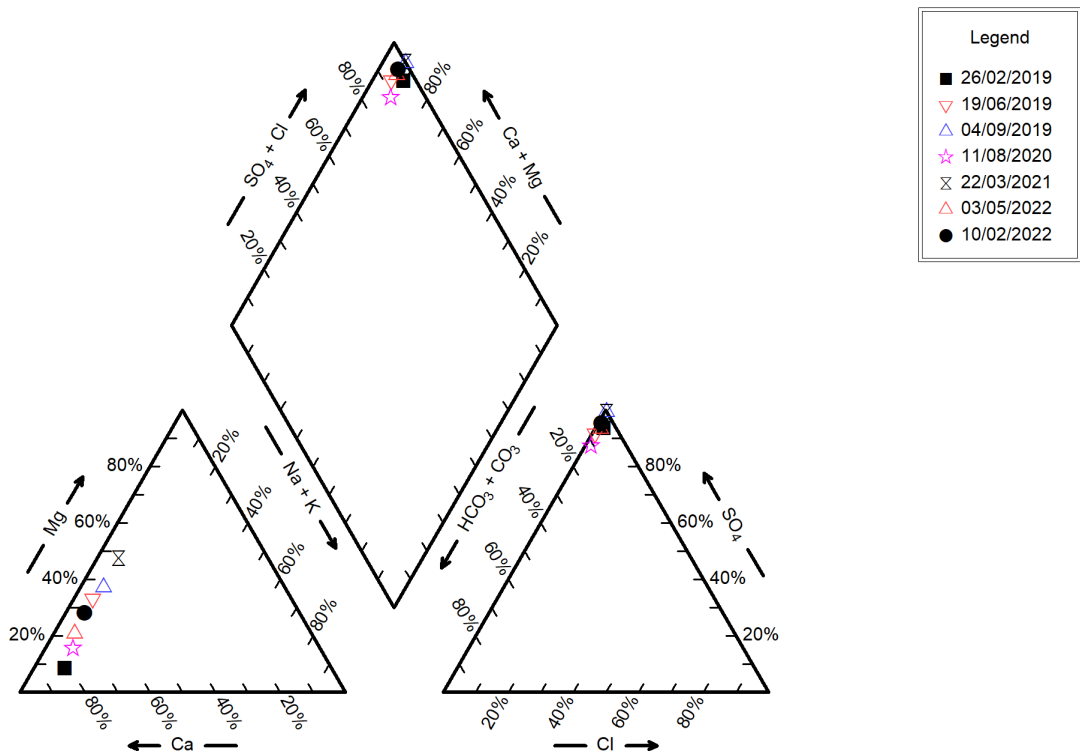
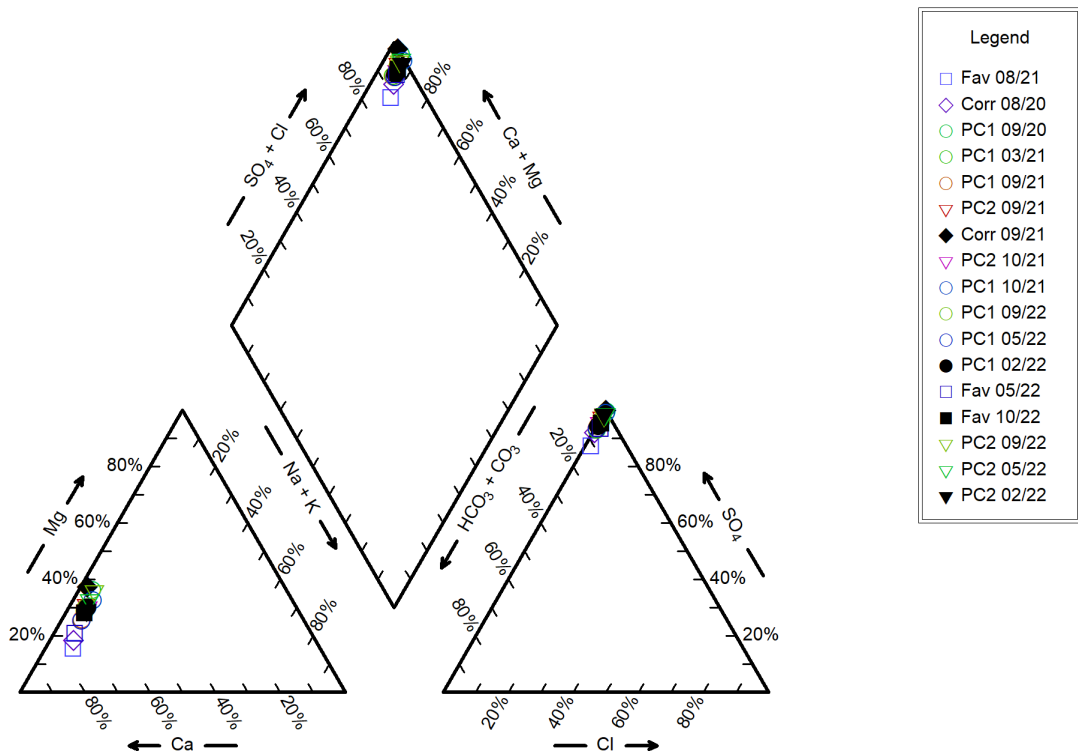


Figure 51: Favona Underground Piper Trilinear Diagram

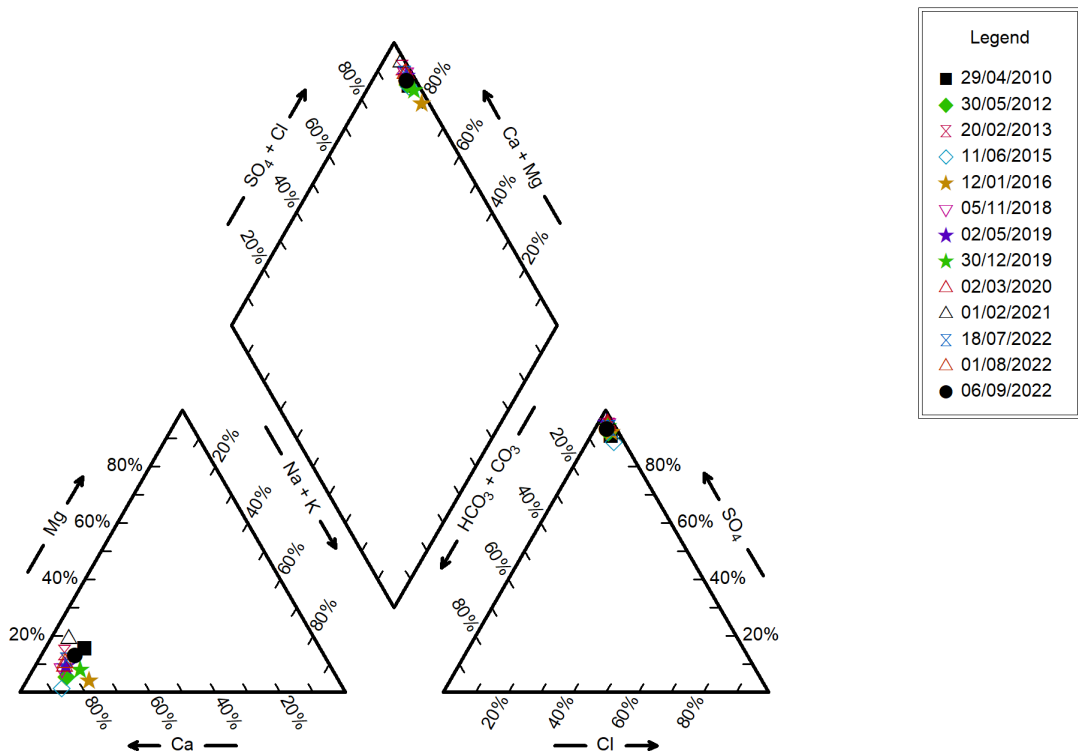
Underground mine sites - comparison



- Legend
- Fav 08/21
 - ◇ Corr 08/20
 - PC1 09/20
 - PC1 03/21
 - PC1 09/21
 - ▽ PC2 09/21
 - ◆ Corr 09/21
 - ▽ PC2 10/21
 - PC1 10/21
 - PC1 09/22
 - PC1 05/22
 - PC1 02/22
 - Fav 05/22
 - Fav 10/22
 - ▽ PC2 09/22
 - ▽ PC2 05/22
 - ▼ PC2 02/22

Figure 52: Underground Comparison Water Piper Trilinear Diagram

Treated Water



- Legend
- 29/04/2010
 - ◆ 30/05/2012
 - × 20/02/2013
 - ◇ 11/06/2015
 - ★ 12/01/2016
 - ▽ 05/11/2018
 - ★ 02/05/2019
 - ★ 30/12/2019
 - △ 02/03/2020
 - △ 01/02/2021
 - × 18/07/2022
 - △ 01/08/2022
 - 06/09/2022

Figure 53: Treated Water Piper Trilinear Diagram

12 FUTURE DEWATERING PREDICTIONS

At peer review 2021 it was raised that future dewatering predictions should be included in this report. As a result of this recommendation OGNZL commissioned GWS Ltd to assess the pumped groundwater volume predictions (Appendix G).

The key dewatering dates are currently expected to be as follows:

- 23/12/2023 dewater below 634 mRL
- 26/04/2025 dewater to 527 mRL
- 01/11/2027 dewater to 500 mRL

GWS Ltd assessed that an increased pumped water volume will be required to dewater and lower the deep groundwater level in the MUG area to 500 mRL. It was estimated that the pumped groundwater volume would need to increase from approximately 4,800 m³/d to approximately 7,000 m³/d to achieve this level of drawdown. It was further estimated that a pumped groundwater volume of around 6,000 m³/d would be required to hold the groundwater level at this target elevation.

The above estimates were validated by comparing to historic mine pumping rates.

13 IMPROVEMENT ACTIVITIES

Works that have been undertaken at the site during 2022 to improve environmental monitoring performance include:

- Review of the Martha piezometer network to assess effectiveness.
- Installation of two new piezometers in the Project Martha area and upgraded to telemetry monitoring.
- Installation of a VW piezometer in the underground Martha mine to ~500 mRL.
- Remodel of MUG Dewatering rate work scope approved.

Proposed improvement activities to be undertaken in 2023 include:

- Develop a groundwater quality baseline monitoring program.
- Further review of the Martha piezometer network to assess effectiveness.
- Predict dewatering impacts post closure.

14 PEER REVIEW RECOMMENDATIONS 2022

This section summarises the peer review recommendations from the previous annual reporting period and how they have been or are going to be addressed in this report (Table 12).

Table 12: 2022 Peer review recommendations and actions

| Recommendation | Action |
|---|---|
| 8.2 The Peer Reviewer recommended that the basal tip of proposed P122 located near the Rex orebody be 50 m (see memorandum in Attachment A) or deeper and needs further evaluating for actual depth below dry workings. | Section 6.3.5 P122-4 drilled to 180m bgl. |
| 8.4 The Peer Reviewer strongly recommends the inclusion of deeper piezometric data to be included on these conceptual hydrogeological sections progressively as data becomes available. This includes piezometric/groundwater levels from underground monitoring infrastructure (piezometers/dewatering bores) within the Andesite used to assess underground dewatering, collected by the geotechnical department. | Limited data. To be potentially included in 2023 report Section 6.3.5 interprets new underground piezometer data |
| 8.6 The Peer Reviewer recommends providing a section after the "Introduction" in the report on climatic conditions for last year and historic trends of seasonal or long-term rainfall. | Section 2 |
| 8.6 The Peer Reviewer recommends a plot showing annual/seasonal rainfall totals and possibly a Cumulative Rainfall Departure (CRD) plot | Section 2 |
| 8.7 The Peer Reviewer recommend the water level plan should show water level at the end of the reporting period, i.e. December 2021 and also at the end of last reporting period, i.e. December 2020, so that the change in dewatering level can be appreciated. | Section 5.1 |
| 8.8 Although not part of consent conditions, the Peer Reviewer recommends either the simple analytical model is recalibrated or preferably a numerical groundwater model is developed to provide more reliable predictions of drawdown rates and pumping rates. Piezometric data from Waihi monitoring network and also collected from underground investigations (installation of VWP), pumping dewatering levels and actual pumping rates will assist in calibration process. The numerical groundwater model also can be used for predictions of groundwater recovery, levels and flows at closure for the Rehabilitation and Closure Planning. The Peer Reviewer understands that there is a groundwater component in numerical geotechnical modelling conducted recently for the OGNZ Geotechnical Group. This should be reviewed to determine the relevance to the D&S reporting. | Appendix G MUG Dewatering Predictions |
| 8.8 Although not part of consent conditions, the Peer Reviewer suggests this proposed water level investigation is outlined in the Dewatering and Settlement annual reporting as planned future works. | Section 12 |

| | |
|---|---|
| <p>This water level data from the pumping bores and piezometer(s) is recommended to be included on Figure 5 “Dewatering water level and rainfall” and plotted on the hydrogeological conceptual sections providing an understanding of depressurisation of the deep andesite from mining activities, and response to high rainfall recharge events.</p> | <p>To be included 2023 report</p> |
| <p>8.11 The Peer Reviewer recommends the inclusion of a time-series hydrograph of the Favona piezometers in this section</p> | <p>Section 6.3.6 Figure 21</p> |
| <p>8.12 The Peer Reviewer recommends a table be included with the depth of bore and inferred screened geological formation. Also, the Peer Reviewer recommends rainfall data (and/or CRD) by included on the plot in Figure 29 so that seasonal or long-term trends in water levels can be shown</p> | <p>Section 6.3.8 Bore depths and screens unknown. Figure 31 rainfall included</p> |
| <p>8.12 The Peer Reviewer requests the reasons why private bores can no longer be monitored be stated in the DW&S report.</p> | <p>Section 6.3.8</p> |
| <p>8.14 The DW&S report requires the following to meet consent conditions: - Discussion of the chemistry of shallow and deep aquifers from monitoring data collection. - Prediction of future impacts including post closure effects based on monitoring data and contingency/remedial activities.</p> | <p>GWS Ltd commissioned to select wells GWS Ltd commissioned</p> |

15 RESOURCE CONSENT EVALUATION

Comments on compliance with all conditions of the Martha, Favona, Trio, Correnso and Project Martha consents including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the consent conditions are summarised in Table 13. The Correnso/Golden Link take 124860 has been superseded by Project Martha Water Permit 139551.

Table 13 – Favona, Trio, Correnso, SUPA, Project Martha Consent Condition Compliance Assessment

| Description | Consent (Condition) | Compliance | Comment |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Favona Dewatering and Settlement Plan | 109742 - 109746 | | |
| Favona groundwater take | 109742 (3) | Full | Favona discharge plumbed into main dewatering line, new meter installed on Favona line. |
| Divert and discharge ground and surface water (farm run-off and intercepted groundwater) from around the (Favona) project area. | 109743 | Full | Non-mine run-off has been diverted to natural drainage. |
| Discharge waste rock and ore onto land in temporary surface stockpiles and to discharge seepage from the temporary stockpiles into ground. | 109744 | Full | Stockpile area design & construction. Water quality monitoring in manholes and shallow bores (the subject of a separate report – <i>Favona Water Quality Monitoring Annual Report</i>). |
| Discharge waste rock into land underground in the project area as backfill and to allow degraded quality groundwater to discharge from the flooded workings in the project area into the surrounding ground post closure. | 109745 | Full | Favona back-filling completed. Dewatering being maintained |
| Discharge treated mine water from the Martha Mine Water Treatment Plant to ground in association with flooding the underground mine on completion of the project. | 109746 | Full | Favona Water Quality Monitoring Annual Report |
| | 109742 – 109746 Schedule 2 | | |
| Water Management Plan | (1) | | Under separate negotiation |
| Prior to exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Settlement, Dewatering and Water Quality Monitoring Plan | (2) | Full | Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, April 2019 |
| The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of: | | Full | Defined in this document. |

| | | | |
|--|-----|------|---|
| <p>a) mine dewatering on the regional groundwater system,</p> <p>b) mine dewatering on settlement;</p> <p>c) leachate from stockpiles containing potentially acid forming material on shallow groundwater quality, and</p> <p>d) the discharge of degraded-quality water from the backfilled and flooded workings on groundwater quality.</p> | | | <p>c) Reported annually in Favona Water Quality Monitoring Report.</p> <p>d) Combined dewatering sample taken monthly</p> |
| Final details of the monitoring locations are to be agreed with the Council. The Plan shall also provide trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and/or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the Martha pit operation. | | Full | <p>Section 5</p> <p>Stockpile water quality bores agreed in Nov 2006</p> |
| The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Plan as approved by the Council. The Plan shall be reviewed, and updated as necessary, by the consent holder at least once every two years. Any updated Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Council for approval and following approval the updated Plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version. | | Full | Consent activated following approval of Plan. Combined plan, approved by WRC, May 2023 |
| In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Settlement, Dewatering and Water Quality Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail. | | Full | No inconsistency identified |
| In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Council in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then: | (3) | Full | <p>Section 7</p> <p>Correspondence in Tilt Reports</p> |
| a) explain the cause of the non-conformance, | | | Section 7 |
| b) agree with the Council on the appropriate settlement contingency measures to be implemented as described, | | | Propose ongoing monitoring |
| c) implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate, | | | Not considered necessary as on company owned farmland |
| d) advise the Council on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation. | | | Propose ongoing monitoring |
| The report shall include at least the following information: | (4) | | |
| a) volume of groundwater abstracted | | Full | Section 4 |
| b) data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year including groundwater contour plans | | Full | Section 5 |
| c) an interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure | | Full | Section 5 & 9 |

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| effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. | | | |
| This analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information. | | Full | GWS Ltd & OGNZL staff |
| d) any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year. | | Full | Section 9 |
| e) comment on compliance with all conditions of this consent including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of this consent. | | Full | This section |
| Trio Dewatering and Settlement Plan - General conditions | 121416 - 121418, 121446 & 121447 | | |
| Prior to exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Settlement, Dewatering and Water Quality Monitoring Plan | Schedule 1 (5) | Full | Combined plan Approved by WRC May 2023 |
| The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of: i) dewatering on the regional groundwater system, ii) dewatering on settlement; iii) the discharge of degraded-quality water from the backfilled and flooded workings on groundwater quality. | | Full | Defined in plan iii) No significant flooded workings as yet. |
| Final details of the monitoring locations are to be agreed with the Council. The Plan shall also provide trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and/or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the Martha pit operation. | | Full | Defined in approved Plan |
| The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Plan as approved by the Council. The Plan shall be reviewed, and updated as necessary, by the consent holder. Any updated Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Council for written approval and following approval, the updated Plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version. | | Full | Consent activated following approval of Plan Jul 2014 |
| In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Settlement, Dewatering and Water Quality Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail. | | Full | No inconsistency identified |
| Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The Report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information: | Schedule 1 (6) | | |
| i) volume of groundwater abstracted | | Full | Section 4 |
| ii) data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year including groundwater contour plans | | Full | Section 5 |
| iii) an interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over | | Full | Section 5 & 9 |

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|--|----------------|------|---|
| the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. | | | |
| This analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information. | | Full | GWS Ltd & OGNZL staff |
| iv) any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year. | | Full | Section 9 |
| v) comment on compliance with all conditions of this consent including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of this consent. | | Full | This section |
| Monitoring - Tilt: | Schedule 1 (7) | | |
| In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations, installed in accordance with the Settlement, Dewatering and Water Quality Monitoring Plan required pursuant to condition 2 above, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Council in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then: | | Full | Section 7 |
| i) explain the cause of the non-conformance, | | | Section 9 |
| ii) agree with the Councils on the appropriate settlement contingency measures to be implemented, | | | Propose ongoing monitoring |
| iii) implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate, | | | Not considered necessary |
| iv) advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation. | | | Propose ongoing monitoring |
| The consent holder shall provide to the Council an annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The Report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information: | | | |
| a) The volume of groundwater abstracted; | | Full | Section 4 |
| b) The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network; | | Full | Section 5 |
| c) An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on | | Full | Annual Report reviewed by GWS Ltd and Engineering Geology |

| | | | |
|--|---------------|------|---|
| actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. This analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information; | | | |
| d) Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and | | Full | Section 9 |
| e) Comment on compliance with Conditions 27 to 34 of this consent including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent. | | Full | This section. |
| The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Council. | | | |
| Advice note: | | | |
| The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report shall be consistent with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report prepared as a condition of the ground dewatering consent (RC 124860) granted by the Waikato Regional Council. | | | |
| Golden Link Project Area Groundwater Take – General conditions | 124860 | | |
| Monitoring - Abstraction Volume 4. The consent holder shall monitor the volume of water abstracted on a weekly basis and shall report this to the Waikato Regional Council on a quarterly basis. | | Full | Section 4 |
| Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan 5. Prior to the exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of the activities on land settlement and the groundwater hydraulic regime, and also to detail the contingency measures that will be actioned should groundwater or surface settlement triggers be exceeded. The Plan shall, as a minimum, provide an overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted, including contingency measures, to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system, as proposed in the consent application. The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of: | | Full | Latest plan April 2019 |
| (i) dewatering on the regional groundwater system; and (ii) dewatering on settlement; and (iii) the discharge of degraded quality water from the backfilled and flooded workings on groundwater quality. | | Full | Defined in plan iii) No significant flooded workings as yet. |
| Monitoring locations are to provide appropriate resolution of surface tilt relative to the scale of surface infrastructure and final details are to be agreed with the | | Full | Defined in plan |

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|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| <p>Councils. The Plan shall also provide trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and/or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the Martha pit operation.</p> <p>The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Plan as approved by the Council. The Plan shall be reviewed and updated as necessary by the consent holder. Such updated Plans shall relate to the Correnso Mine or to any new mine within Area L. Any updated Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Council for written approval and following approval, the updated Plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version.</p> <p>In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail.</p> | | Full | Plan May 2023 |
| <p>Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report</p> <p>6. The consent holder shall provide to the Councils an annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The Report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) The volume of groundwater abstracted; (ii) The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network; (iii) An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. This analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information; (iv) Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and (v) Comment on compliance with condition 5 of this consent including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent. <p>The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Councils.</p> | | Full Full Full Full Full | Section 4 Section 5 Section 5 & 9 Section 9 Section 12 |
| <p>Monitoring - Tilt</p> <p>7. In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations installed in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan required pursuant to condition 5 of this consent, and such tilt is caused by the de-watering and/or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall</p> | | Full | Section 7 |

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| <p>notify the Councils in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then engage in a process with the Councils:</p> <p>(i) explain the cause of the non-conformance,</p> <p>(ii) Propose appropriate settlement contingency measures for discussion with Councils and agree with the Councils on the appropriate settlement contingency measures and the timing for their implementation as described,</p> <p>(iii) implement agreed settlement contingency measures as appropriate within the agreed time limit,</p> <p>(iv) advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.</p> | | | <p>Section 9</p> <p>Propose ongoing monitoring</p> <p>Not considered necessary</p> <p>Propose ongoing monitoring</p> |
| <p>Monitoring – Water Quality</p> <p>8.The consent holder shall monitor throughout the period of operation, the chemistry of the groundwater, pit run-off and pit discharge water abstracted from the open pit. The monitoring data is to be used to correlate these inflows with pit lake water quality predictions, and to provide a database for input into the closure plans. The sampling parameters and frequencies shall be described in the Martha Extended Project dewatering consent (unless agreed otherwise with the Waikato Regional Council) with the results forwarded to the Waikato Regional Council on an annual basis.</p> <p>Other Water Users</p> <p>9.If, in the opinion of the Waikato Regional Council, the exercise of this consent adversely affects stock, domestic or other water supplies, then the consent holder shall, at its own cost, be responsible for providing to the owner of those water supplies an alternative equivalent water supply, to the satisfaction of Waikato Regional Council. The consent holder shall be responsible for making an alternative water supply available within 12 hours of being directed to do so by the Waikato Regional Council.</p> | | <p>Partial</p> <p>Full</p> | <p>Pit sampling limited, dewatering sampled monthly. Favona and Correnso Underground WQ measured separately. Underground dewatering from Project Martha bores commenced.</p> |
| <p>Project Martha – Common Conditions</p> | <p>202.2018.0000857.001</p> | | |
| <p>Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan</p> <p>14. The objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system shall be to ensure that dewatering operations do not give rise to surface instability and differential settlement beyond that authorised by this consent.</p> <p>15. Two months prior to dewatering below 700 m RL (mine datum), the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Councils for their certification, a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan is to monitor</p> | | <p>Full</p> | <p>Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan approved May 2023 (Conditions 14-18)</p> |

| | | | |
|---|--|-------------|---|
| <p>and assess the effects of the activities on land settlement and the groundwater hydraulic regime, and also to detail the contingency measures that will be actioned should groundwater or surface settlement triggers be exceeded.</p> <p>16 The Plan shall, as a minimum, provide an overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted, including contingency measures, to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system set out in Condition 14 of this schedule. The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of: a. Dewatering on the regional groundwater system; and b. Dewatering on settlement.</p> <p>17. Monitoring locations are to provide appropriate resolution of mine inflows and pumping, groundwater levels (both for shallow and deep aquifers) and ground surface tilt relative to the scale of surface infrastructure, throughout the area within the maximum extent of the groundwater cone of depression and particularly in the areas above and adjacent to the mining activities provided for in this consent. Final details are to be agreed with the Councils, but are to include additional piezometers and extensometers located along the line of upper level workings in the Rex Orebody. The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall also provide groundwater and settlement trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and / or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the operation of the Martha Pit and Martha Underground Mine.</p> <p>18. The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan as certified by the Councils. The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall be reviewed and updated as necessary by the consent holder. Any updated Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Councils for certification, and following this process, the updated plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version.</p> <p>19. In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1,000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations installed in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan required pursuant to Condition 15 of this schedule, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Councils in writing within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Explain the cause of the non-conformance; b. Propose appropriate settlement contingency measures to the Councils and the timing of implementation thereof by the consent holder; c. Implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate within the agreed time limit; and | | <p>Full</p> | <p>Notification of tilts greater than 1:1000 provided in Tilt Report</p> <p>No non-conformances</p> |
|---|--|-------------|---|

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| <p>d. Advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.</p> <p>20. The consent holder shall as a matter of urgency, advise the Councils of any significant anomalies identified by the regular reading of groundwater levels in the piezometer network. Such advice is to include an explanation of the anomalous results and actions proposed to address any issues identified. This report is to be provided to the Councils within 10 working days of the anomalous results being identified. A “significant anomaly” is defined as a drop in groundwater level greater than the seasonal variation in piezometers within the alluvium and younger volcanic rocks and a drop of 15 m or more in the recordings from piezometers tapping the upper 50 m of Andesite over a one month period.</p> <p>Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report</p> <p>22. The consent holder shall provide to the Councils (within one month of an agreed anniversary date) an annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information:</p> <p>a. The volume of groundwater abstracted;</p> <p>b. The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network;</p> <p>c. An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of the future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions, this analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information;</p> <p>d. Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and</p> <p>e. Comment on compliance with Conditions 14 to 21 of this schedule including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent.</p> <p>f. The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Councils.</p> | | <p>Full</p> <p>Full</p> <p>Full</p> <p>Full</p> <p>Full</p> <p>Full</p> | <p>Section 4</p> <p>Sections 5, 6 and 9</p> <p>Section 9</p> <p>This section</p> |
| <p>Project Martha Groundwater take permit</p> <p>Dewatering Level</p> <p>1. The exercise of this consent shall not result in groundwater lowering to a level below 500mRL.</p> <p>MONITORING</p> | <p>139551</p> | <p>Full</p> | <p>Groundwater level not lowered below 500 mRL.</p> |

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| <p>2. Upon commencement of this consent, the consent holder shall monitor the volume of water abstracted on a weekly basis and shall report this to the Waikato Regional Council.</p> | | Full | Abstraction volumes reported to Council via Hyquest, |
| <p>3. Upon the first exercise of this consent the consent holder must telemeter – via a telemetry system developed after liaison with the Waikato Regional Council to ensure that the telemetry system is compatible with the Waikato Regional Council telemetry system standards and data protocols – continuous 15 minute values of: gross take volume (in units of cubic metres). The data must be reported once daily to the Waikato Regional Council via the telemetry system. There must be 96 values, respectively, per daily report. When no water is being taken the data must specify the gross take volume and calculated net take volume as zero.</p> | | Full | As above. |
| <p>4. The consent holder shall monitor the chemistry of the water abstracted under this consent. Prior to the commencement of this consent the sampling parameters and frequencies shall be agreed with the Waikato Regional Council, with the results forwarded to the Waikato Regional Council on an annual basis. The consent holder may change the sampling parameters and frequencies with the agreement of the Waikato Regional Council.</p> | | Full | Appendix E |
| <p>OTHER WATER USERS</p> | | | |
| <p>5. If, in the opinion of the Waikato Regional Council, the exercise of this consent adversely affects any existing stock, domestic or other water supplies, then the consent holder shall, at its own cost, be responsible for providing to the owner of those water supplies an alternative equivalent water supply, to the satisfaction of Waikato Regional Council. The consent holder shall be responsible for making an alternative water supply available within 12 hours of being directed to do so by the Council.</p> | | N/A | |
| <p>MONITORING OF THE SHALLOW AND DEEP AQUIFERS</p> | | | |
| <p>6. The consent holder shall upon commencement of this consent and at five yearly intervals thereafter, provide a report to the Waikato Regional Council commenting on the effect the groundwater take and dewatering activity is having on the deep and shallow aquifers under the Martha Pit and immediate surrounds. The report shall as a minimum, provide the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) The nature of the geology under the Martha Pit and immediate surrounds; (b) Comment on the existing groundwater chemistry for the deep and shallow aquifers; (c) Comment on the groundwater levels in the deep and shallow aquifers; and (d) Provide details of any wetland areas and any other known aquatic ecological values | | Full | Provided to Waikato Regional Council in June 2019 |

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| <p>that are dependent on the surface contribution of shallow and deep groundwater outflows.</p> <p>Taking into account all of this information (and any other relevant data) the consent holder shall provide comment on the effects the dewatering activity is having on the shallow and deep aquifers under the Martha Pit and immediate surrounds.</p> | | | |
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16 CONCLUSIONS

Monitoring of dewatering, groundwater, settlement, tilt, and water quality in and around the Martha, Favona, Trio, Correnso, SUPA and Project Martha operations was undertaken during 2022 in accordance with the consent conditions and the approved monitoring plan.

By the end of 2022 the groundwater levels underground had been lowered to approximately 676 mRL.

In the Martha area the greatest recent change in measured groundwater level occurred at WC-202-1. At this location a decline in the groundwater level of approximately 11m was observed over a nine-month period. Monitoring continued into 2023 and the groundwater levels at WC-202-1 have rebounded by approximately 8m.

At Favona the underground water level was maintained at around 800 mRL. As observed in previous years this dewatering has maintained a steep but localised depression of the groundwater (contour pattern) along the NE-SW trending vein structure. Water levels in the younger volcanic materials and overlying alluvium have not responded to the significant dewatering of the underlying vein-hosted andesite. Minor or no response has been seen in wells monitoring the upper layers of the andesite rock body. Response is only evident in deeper wells constructed in the andesite rock mass that intercept structures connected to the vein systems.

The drop in pressure within the P94 / 975 mRL piezometer which was previously observed in 2018 and 2019 has discontinued and now appears stable. Shallower piezometers at this location have not shown any corresponding drop in pressure. The depressurisation effect at the 975mRL level is expected to reverse once mining and groundwater pumping is discontinued the area. Monitoring of all other piezometers in the Waihi East network show levels consistent with baseline data recorded in 2011.

Settlement monitoring, to assess any effects from groundwater changes, was conducted in May/June and November/December 2022. Settlement survey results indicated that 96% (385/399) of marks graphed were within the predicted settlement ranges, based on the newly implemented Project Martha predicted settlement. Of the greater-than-predicted settlements, four were above or near the Favona Underground mine. The other ten exceedances are generally associated with sites that are considered to be affected by unstable ground or soil creep due to proximity to stream banks or drains. At all these locations no visible effects were noted nearby, and shallow piezometers have not shown any abnormal changes.

A general settlement rate across town of 10 to 65 mm over the period from 1999 to present has been measured by the monitoring network and this is considered to be a response to ongoing dewatering of structures within the deeper andesite within the Martha groundwater system. No widespread ongoing dewatering effects were observed in the younger volcanic or upper andesite rock that would give rise to such widespread settlement.

Settlement continues to be observed in marks near and overlying the Favona Mine, although the total amount is similar to previous years. The deep monitoring wells connected to the Favona vein system are the only wells showing dewatering changes consistent with this settlement, indicating the settlement is likely to be a response to dewatering of the deeper structures of the Favona vein system and/or to changes in the rock mass volume associated with mining at Favona. Tilt is also apparent between marks near and overlying the Favona Mine which is occurring on farmland owned by OGNZL (and therefore is not expected to be an issue).

Some elevated trace metal results were noted from underground water sampling during the period; however, this is expected, and all underground water is currently collected and treated.

17 REFERENCES

- Davies B., 2002: A review of the structural framework and evolution of the Waihi District, Hauraki Goldfield, New Zealand. Unpublished Internal Report, Newmont.
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- Engineering Geology Ltd, 2008: East Layback Project – Ground Settlement. Technical Report for Newmont Waihi Gold, November 2008.
- Engineering Geology Ltd, 2010: Proposed Trio Development Project – Assessment of Ground Settlement. Technical Report for Newmont Waihi Gold, June 2010.
- Engineering Geology Ltd, 2012. Evidence of Trevor Matuschka at Correnso Hearing. Prepared for Newmont Waihi Gold, November 2012.
- IGNS, 2002: Waihi Underground mine workings Stage II investigations Volume 2 – Figures. Prepared for Waihi Underground Mine Workings Technical Working Party. Client Report 2002/46, August.
- GWS Ltd, 2010: Proposed Trio Development Project – Assessment of Groundwater Inflows and Throughflows. Technical Report for Newmont Waihi Gold, June 2010.
- Newmont Waihi Gold, 2013: Favona Water Quality Monitoring, Annual Report 2013. Unpublished Internal Report, Newmont, October 2013.
- URS, 2003: Favona Underground Mine Assessment of Groundwater Issues. Favona Underground Project (Document) 9, 19 March.
- URS 2008; Martha Pit Lake – An Assessment of Water Balance and Water Quality. Technical Report for Newmont Waihi Gold, September 2008.
- URS 2009; Martha Pit Lake – An Assessment of Water Balance and Water Quality. Technical Report for Newmont Waihi Gold, August 2009.
- URS, 2009: Favona Temporary Stockpile – Water Quality Report.

Appendix A Relevant Consent Conditions

Extract from conditions of Waikato Regional Council Resource Consents 109742 to 109746, pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

SCHEDULE TWO – GENERAL CONDITIONS

The granting of consents (109742 to 109746 inclusive) is subject to the following conditions, which shall apply to each individual consent.

Water Management Plan

1. Prior to exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Water Management Plan describing the water management system to be applied across the project area, with emphasis on management of stormwater including water storage options, decline and mine dewatering, and stockpile runoff.

The consent holder shall exercise this consent in accordance with the approved Water Management Plan.

Settlement, Dewatering and Water Quality Monitoring Plan

2. Prior to exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Settlement, Dewatering & Water Quality Monitoring Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of the activities on land settlement, the groundwater hydraulic regime and on water quality, and also to detail the contingency measures that will be actioned should groundwater or surface settlement triggers be exceeded.

The Plan shall, as a minimum, provide an overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted, including contingency measures, to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system, as proposed in the consent application. The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of:

- a) mine dewatering on the regional groundwater system,
- b) mine dewatering on settlement;
- c) leachate from stockpiles containing potentially acid forming material on shallow groundwater quality, and
- d) the discharge of degraded-quality water from the backfilled and flooded workings on groundwater quality.

Final details of the monitoring locations are to be agreed with the Council. The Plan shall also provide trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and/or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the Martha pit operation.

The Plan shall be consistent with the recommendations included in the reports to the Council entitled;

- *“Proposed Favona Underground Mine – Review of Groundwater Assessment” dated October 2003 and prepared by Pattle Delamore Partners; and*
- *“Technical Review of Water Quality and Geochemistry Issues - Favona Underground Project”, dated October 2003 and prepared by GEOKEM.*

The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Plan as approved by the Council. The Plan shall be reviewed, and updated as necessary, by the consent holder at least once every two years. Any updated Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Council for approval and following approval the updated Plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version.

In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Settlement, Dewatering & Water Quality Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail.

3. In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations, installed in accordance with the Settlement, Dewatering & Water Quality Monitoring Plan required pursuant to condition 2 above, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Council in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then:
 - a) explain the cause of the non-conformance,
 - b) agree with the Council on the appropriate settlement contingency measures to be implemented as described,
 - c) implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate,
 - d) advise the Council on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.

Settlement, Dewatering & Water Quality Monitoring Report

4. The consent holder shall provide to the Council (with a copy provided to the Hauraki District Council) an annual Settlement, Dewatering & Water Quality Monitoring Report. The report shall include at least the following information:
 - a) the volume of groundwater abstracted,
 - b) the data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network,
 - c) an interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. This analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information,
 - d) any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year,
 - e) comment on compliance with all conditions of this consent including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of this consent.

The report shall be forwarded in a format acceptable to the Council.

Extract from conditions of Hauraki District Council Resource Consent 97/98-105, pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

3.30 Settlement

- a) The consent holder shall prepare a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of dewatering on land settlement and the effects of the mining activities on the subsurface hydraulic regime. The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall address at least the following:

- i) An overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system.
- ii) Details of the piezometer network proposed to monitor the effects of pit dewatering on the aquifers under Waihi township.

Any monitoring bores additional to the existing piezometer network shall be installed and operational prior to the exercising of this consent.

- iii) Details of the settlement monitoring network proposed to monitor the extended zone which has been, or is likely to be, affected by settlement caused by mine dewatering.

Any settlement monitoring network locations additional to the existing monitoring locations shall be installed and operational prior to exercising this consent.

- iv) Details of the survey of facilities in the Waihi township considered by the consent holder to be potentially "at risk" of damage from ground settlement caused by mine dewatering. The survey to be completed shall include collection of information about the facility's location, the nature of construction materials, the nature of sensitive equipment that might be potentially "at risk", and the sensitivity of this equipment to ground settlement caused by mine dewatering and/or tilt.

This survey shall be completed prior to exercise of the Waikato Regional Council consent number 971286.

- v) A settlement contingency plan to include mitigation measures to be implemented in the event that ground settlement caused by mine dewatering induces a tilt that exceeds 1 in 1000 between any two network monitoring locations spaced no less than 25 metres apart. The settlement contingency plan shall particularly address those facilities identified by the consent holder as being potentially "at risk" of damage from ground settlement caused by mine dewatering.
- vi) A dewatering contingency plan that describes the steps the consent holder shall implement in the event that dewatering results in adverse impacts on affected aquifer systems and associated groundwater supplies used for domestic, stock or other purposes.

In detailing the monitoring programmes the consent holder shall provide information on the monitoring methods proposed, the parameters to be monitored, and the calibration and maintenance of monitoring equipment.

In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of Waikato Regional Council consent number 971286 shall prevail.

- b) The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall be submitted to Hauraki District Council for approval at least one month prior to the exercise of this consent. The Hauraki District Council shall consult with the Waikato Regional Council prior to approving the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The consent holder shall review and update (as necessary) the Plan and shall provide promptly such updated Plan to the Hauraki District Council annually for approval.

- c) If in the opinion of Hauraki District Council the dewatering adversely affects land or facilities, then the consent holder shall at its own cost be responsible for reinstating the facilities to an equivalent standard to the reasonable satisfaction of Council.
- d) The consent holder shall measure and record the daily volume of water abstracted from the pit.
- e) The consent holder shall undertake monthly water level monitoring of the piezometer network in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan.
- f) The consent holder shall monitor ground settlement at a minimum of six monthly intervals in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan.
- g) In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations spaced no less than 25 metres apart, and such tilt is caused by mine dewatering, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates described in the evidence of Dr Semple (Table 5, Figure 8 dated 13 November 1997 as presented to the Joint Hearing Committee – attached hereto as Appendix C), the consent holder shall notify the Hauraki District Council and the Waikato Regional Council, in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then:
- explain the cause of the non-conformance,
 - agree with the Hauraki District Council and Waikato Regional Council on the appropriate settlement contingency measures to be implemented as described,
 - implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate,
 - advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.
- h) The consent holder shall provide to the Hauraki District Council and the Waikato Regional Council an annual dewatering and settlement monitoring report. The report shall include at least the following information:
- The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year including ground water contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network.
 - Identification of any environmentally important trends in settlement and dewatering behaviour.
 - Interpretation and analysis of any change in ground water profile over the previous year, any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year, predictions of future impacts on other bore users that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions.
 - A comparison of the settlement survey data with that predicted in Table 5 and Figure 8 (dated 13 November 1997) by Dr Semple of Woodward Clyde (NZ) Ltd as provided in evidence to the Joint Hearing Committee.
 - Comment on compliance with this condition.
 - A summary and analysis of complaints relevant to this condition.
 - Any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with this condition.
 - Any works that have been undertaken to improve environmental performance or that are proposed to be undertaken in the forthcoming year to improve environmental performance in relation to activities permitted by this condition.

The report shall be forwarded in a format acceptable to the Hauraki District Council.

(Note: This condition is complementary to Waikato Regional Council consent number 971286).

Extract from conditions of Hauraki District Council Resource Consent RC-15735, as pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan

14. Within 2 months of the exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of the activities on land settlement and the groundwater hydraulic regime, and also to detail the contingency measures that will be actioned should groundwater or surface settlement triggers be exceeded.

The Plan shall, as a minimum, provide an overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted, including contingency measures, to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system, as proposed in the consent application. The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of:

- (i) dewatering on the regional groundwater system; and
- (ii) dewatering on settlement.

Final details of the monitoring locations are to be agreed with the Council. The Plan shall also provide trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and/or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the Martha pit operation.

The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Plan as approved by the Council. The Plan shall be reviewed and updated as necessary by the consent holder. Any updated Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Council for written approval and following approval, the updated Plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version.

In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail.

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report

15. The consent holder shall provide to the Council an annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The Report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information:
- (i) The volume of groundwater abstracted;
 - (ii) The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network;
 - (iii) An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. This analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information;
 - (iv) Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and
 - (v) Comment on compliance with condition 14 of this consent including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent.

The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Council.

Monitoring – Tilt

16. In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations installed in accordance with the De-watering and Settlement Monitoring Plan required pursuant to condition 14 of this consent, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Hauraki District and Waikato Regional Councils in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then:

- (i) Explain the cause of the non-conformance,
- (ii) Agree with the Councils on the appropriate settlement contingency measures to be implemented as described,
- (iii) Implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate,
- (iv) Advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.

Extract from conditions of Waikato Regional Council Resource Consents 121416, 121417, 121418, 121446, and 121447, pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

SCHEDULE ONE – GENERAL CONDITIONS

Resource Consents **121416, 121417, 121418, 121446, and 121447** are subject to the following general conditions, which are applicable to all consents.

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan

- 5 Prior to exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of the activities on land settlement and the groundwater hydraulic regime, and also to detail the contingency measures that will be actioned should groundwater or surface settlement triggers be exceeded.

The Plan shall, as a minimum, provide an overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted, including contingency measures, to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system, as proposed in the consent application. The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of:

- (i) dewatering on the regional groundwater system; and
- (ii) dewatering on settlement, and
- (iii) the discharge of degraded quality water from the backfilled and flooded workings on groundwater quality.

Final details of the monitoring locations are to be agreed with the Council. The Plan shall also provide trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and/or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the Martha pit operation.

The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Plan as approved by the Council. The Plan shall be reviewed and updated as necessary by the consent holder. Any updated Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Council for written approval and following approval, the updated Plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version.

In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail.

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report

6. The consent holder shall provide to the Councils an annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The Report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information:
- (i) The volume of groundwater abstracted;
 - (ii) The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network;
 - (iii) An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. This analysis

shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information;

- (iv) Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and
- (v) Comment on compliance with condition 5 of this schedule including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent.

The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Council.

Monitoring – Tilt

7. In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations installed in accordance with the De-watering and Settlement Monitoring Plan required pursuant to condition 5 of this schedule, and such tilt is caused by the de-watering and/or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Councils in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then engage in a process with the Councils:
- (i) explain the cause of the non-conformance,
 - (ii) agree with the Councils on the appropriate settlement contingency measures to be implemented as described,
 - (iii) implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate,
 - (iv) advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.

Extract from conditions of Mining Licence 32 2388, pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

Dewatering

11. (a) The licensee shall prepare a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of dewatering associated with the extended project on land settlement and the effects of the mining activities on the subsurface hydraulic regime. The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall address at least the following:
- (i) An overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system.
 - (ii) Details of the piezometer network proposed to monitor the effects of pit dewatering on the aquifers under Waihi township.
Any monitoring bores additional to the existing piezometer network shall be installed and operational prior to the commencement of the extended project.
 - (iii) Details of the settlement monitoring network proposed to monitor the extended zone which has been, or is likely to be, affected by settlement caused by mine dewatering.
Any settlement monitoring network locations additional to the existing monitoring locations shall be installed and operational prior to the commencement of the extended project.
 - (iv) Details of the survey of facilities in the Waihi township considered by the licensee to be potentially "at risk" of damage from ground settlement caused by mine dewatering. The survey to be completed shall include collection of information about the facility's location, the nature of construction materials, the nature of sensitive equipment that might be potentially "at risk", and the sensitivity of this equipment to ground settlement caused by mine dewatering and/or tilt.
This survey shall be completed prior to the commencement of the extended project.
 - (v) A settlement contingency plan to include mitigation measures to be implemented in the event that ground settlement caused by mine dewatering induces a tilt that exceeds 1 in 1000 between any two network monitoring locations spaced no less than 25 metres apart. The settlement contingency plan shall particularly address those facilities identified by the licensee as being potentially "at risk" of damage from ground settlement caused by mine dewatering.

- (vi) A dewatering contingency plan that describes the steps the licensee shall implement in the event that dewatering results in adverse impacts on affected aquifer systems and associated groundwater supplies used for domestic, stock or other purposes.

In detailing the monitoring programmes the licensee shall provide information on the monitoring methods proposed, the parameters to be monitored, and the calibration and maintenance of monitoring equipment.

In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between these conditions and the provisions of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, these conditions shall prevail.

- (b) The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall be submitted to the Minister for approval at least one month prior to the commencement of the extended project. The licensee shall review and update (as necessary) the Plan and shall provide promptly such updated Plan to the Minister annually for approval.
- (c) If in the opinion of the Minister the dewatering adversely affects land or facilities, then the licensee shall at its own cost be responsible for reinstating the facilities to an equivalent standard to the reasonable satisfaction of the Minister.
- (d) The licensee shall measure and record the daily volume of water abstracted from the pit.
- (e) The licensee shall undertake monthly water level monitoring of the piezometer network in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan.
- (f) The licensee shall monitor ground settlement at a minimum of six monthly intervals in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan.
- (g) In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations spaced no less than 25 metres apart, and such tilt is caused by mine dewatering, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates described in the evidence of Dr Semple (Table 5, Figure 8 dated 13 November) the licensee shall notify the Minister, in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The licensee shall then:
- Explain the cause of the non-conformance;
 - Agree with the Minister on the appropriate settlement contingency measures to be implemented as described;
 - Implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate;
 - Advise the Minister on the steps the licensee proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.
- (h) The licensee shall provide to the Minister an annual dewatering and settlement monitoring report. The report shall include at least the following information:
- The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year including ground water contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network;
 - Identification of any environmentally important trends in settlement and dewatering behaviour;
 - Interpretation and analysis of any change in groundwater profile over the previous year, any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year, predictions of future impacts on other bore users that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified, and what contingency actions, if any, the licensee proposes to take in response to those predictions;
 - A comparison of the settlement survey data with that predicted in Table 5 and Figure 8 (dated 13 November 1997 by Dr Semple of Woodward Clyde (NZ) Ltd);
 - Comment on compliance with this condition;
 - A summary and analysis of complaints relevant to this condition;

- Any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with this condition;
- Any works that have been undertaken to improve environmental performance or that are proposed to be undertaken in the forthcoming year to improve environmental performance in relation to activities permitted by this condition;
- The report shall be forwarded in a format acceptable to the Minister.

Extract from conditions of Hauraki District Council Resource Consent 202.2012 (Correnso), as pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan

- 27 The objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system shall be to ensure that dewatering operations do not give rise to surface instability and differential settlement beyond that authorised by this consent.
- 28 Within 2 months of the exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of the activities on land settlement and the groundwater hydraulic regime, and also to detail the contingency measures that will be actioned should groundwater or surface settlement triggers be exceeded.
- 29 The Plan shall, as a minimum, provide an overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted, including contingency measures, to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system set out in Condition 27. The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of:
- a) Dewatering on the regional groundwater system; and
 - b) Dewatering on settlement.
- 30 Monitoring locations are to provide appropriate resolution of groundwater levels and surface tilt relative to the scale of surface infrastructure, particularly in the areas above and adjacent to the mining activities provided for in this consent. Final details are to be agreed with the Council. The Plan shall also provide settlement trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and/or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the Martha pit operation.
- 31 The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Plan as approved by the Council. The Plan shall be reviewed and updated as necessary by the consent holder. Any updated Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Council for written approval and following approval, the updated Plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version.
- 32 In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations installed in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan required pursuant to Condition 28 of this consent, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Hauraki District and Waikato Regional Councils in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then:
- a) Explain the cause of the non-conformance;
 - b) Propose appropriate settlement contingency measures to the Councils and the timing of implementation thereof by the consent holder;
 - c) Implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate within the agreed time limit;
 - d) Advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.
- 33 The consent holder shall as a matter of urgency, advise the Council of any significant anomalies identified by the regular (monthly) reading of groundwater levels in the piezometer network. Such advice is to include an explanation of the anomalous results and actions proposed to address any issues identified. This report is to be provided to the Council within 10 working days of the anomalous results being identified.
- A "significant anomaly" is defined as 15m or more offset occurring in piezometer recordings over a 1 month period.
- 34 In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail.

Advice notes:

1. The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall be consistent with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan prepared as a condition of the ground dewatering consent (RC 124860) granted by the Waikato Regional Council.
2. The monitoring undertaken in terms of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan may need to be continued for a period beyond the term of this consent depending on recharge of the groundwater following cessation of underground mining activities and the filling of the Martha Pit.

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report

- 35 The consent holder shall provide to the Council an annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The Report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information:
- a) The volume of groundwater abstracted;
 - b) The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network;
 - c) An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. This analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information;
 - d) Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and
 - e) Comment on compliance with Conditions 27 to 34 of this consent including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent.

The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Council.

Advice note:

The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report shall be consistent with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report prepared as a condition of the ground dewatering consent (RC 124860) granted by the Waikato Regional Council.

Extract from conditions of Waikato Regional Council Resource Consent 124860, pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

Monitoring - Abstraction Volume

4. The consent holder shall monitor the volume of water abstracted on a weekly basis and shall report this to the Waikato Regional Council on a quarterly basis.

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan

5. Prior to the exercise of this consent, the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Council for its written approval, a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of this Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of the activities on land settlement and the groundwater hydraulic regime, and also to detail the contingency measures that will be actioned should groundwater or surface settlement triggers be exceeded.

The Plan shall, as a minimum, provide an overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted, including contingency measures, to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system, as proposed in the consent application. The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of:

- (i) dewatering on the regional groundwater system; and
- (ii) dewatering on settlement; and
- (iii) the discharge of degraded quality water from the backfilled and flooded workings on groundwater quality.

Monitoring locations are to provide appropriate resolution of surface tilt relative to the scale of surface infrastructure and final details are to be agreed with the Councils. The Plan shall also provide trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and/or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the Martha pit operation.

The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Plan as approved by the Council. The Plan shall be reviewed and updated as necessary by the consent holder. Such updated Plans shall relate to the Correnso Mine or to any new mine within Area L. Any updated Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Council for written approval and following approval, the updated Plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version.

In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail.

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report

6. The consent holder shall provide to the Councils an annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The Report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information:
 - (i) The volume of groundwater abstracted;
 - (ii) The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network;
 - (iii) An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions. This analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information;
 - (iv) Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and
 - (v) Comment on compliance with condition 5 of this consent including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent.

The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Councils.

Monitoring - Tilt

7. In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations installed in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan required pursuant to condition 5 of this consent, and such tilt is caused by the de-watering and/or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Councils in writing, within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then engage in a process with the Councils:
- (i) explain the cause of the non-conformance,
 - (ii) Propose appropriate settlement contingency measures for discussion with Councils and agree with the Councils on the appropriate settlement contingency measures and the timing for their implementation as described,
 - (iii) implement agreed settlement contingency measures as appropriate within the agreed time limit,
 - (iv) advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.

Monitoring – Water Quality

8. The consent holder shall monitor throughout the period of operation, the chemistry of the groundwater, pit run-off and pit discharge water abstracted from the open pit. The monitoring data is to be used to correlate these inflows with pit lake water quality predictions, and to provide a database for input into the closure plans. The sampling parameters and frequencies shall be described in the Martha Extended Project dewatering consent (unless agreed otherwise with the Waikato Regional Council) with the results forwarded to the Waikato Regional Council on an annual basis.

Other Water Users

9. If, in the opinion of the Waikato Regional Council, the exercise of this consent adversely affects stock, domestic or other water supplies, then the consent holder shall, at its own cost, be responsible for providing to the owner of those water supplies an alternative equivalent water supply, to the satisfaction of Waikato Regional Council. The consent holder shall be responsible for making an alternative water supply available within 12 hours of being directed to do so by the Waikato Regional Council.

Extract from conditions of Waikato Regional Council Resource Consent 124861, pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

Groundwater Monitoring

5. Piezometers shall be installed at sites to be approved by the Waikato Regional Council for the purpose of monitoring changes in groundwater arising from the exercise of this consent. The groundwater monitoring system shall be detailed in the dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, prepared pursuant to condition 5 of consent number 124860.

Extract from common conditions of Hauraki District Council and Waikato Regional Council Resource Consent for Project Martha (202.2018), as pertaining to Dewatering and Settlement:

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan

- 11 The objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system shall be to ensure that dewatering operations do not give rise to surface instability and differential settlement beyond that authorised by this consent.
- 12 Two months prior to dewatering below 700 m RL (mine datum), the consent holder shall prepare, and submit to the Councils for their certification, a Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan. The purpose of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan is to monitor and assess the effects of the activities on land settlement and the groundwater hydraulic regime, and also to detail the contingency measures that will be actioned should groundwater or surface settlement triggers be exceeded.

- 13 The Plan shall, as a minimum, provide an overall description of the groundwater and settlement monitoring system and the measures to be adopted, including contingency measures, to meet the objectives of the groundwater and settlement management system set out in Condition 14 of this schedule. The monitoring regime shall be designed to assess the effects of:
- a. *Dewatering on the regional groundwater system; and*
 - b. *Dewatering on settlement.*
- 14 Monitoring locations are to provide appropriate resolution of mine inflows and pumping, groundwater levels (both for shallow and deep aquifers) and ground surface tilt relative to the scale of surface infrastructure, throughout the area within the maximum extent of the groundwater cone of depression and particularly in the areas above and adjacent to the mining activities provided for in this consent. Final details are to be agreed with the Councils, but are to include additional piezometers and extensometers located along the line of upper level workings in the Rex Orebody. The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall also provide groundwater and settlement trigger limits that will initiate the implementation of contingency mitigation and / or monitoring measures and shall detail any linkages with the operation of the Martha Pit and Martha Underground Mine.
- 15 The exercise of this consent shall be in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan as certified by the Councils. The Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall be reviewed and updated as necessary by the consent holder. Any updated Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan shall be promptly forwarded to the Councils for certification, and following this process, the updated plan shall be implemented in place of the previous version.
- 16 In the event that a tilt greater than 1 in 1,000 occurs between any two network monitoring locations installed in accordance with the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan required pursuant to Condition 15 of this schedule, or there is a significant variance from the predicted settlement rates, the consent holder shall notify the Councils in writing within 20 working days of receiving the results of the monitoring. The consent holder shall then:
- a. Explain the cause of the non-conformance;
- 17.1.1**
- b. Propose appropriate settlement contingency measures to the Councils and the timing of implementation thereof by the consent holder;
- 17.1.2**
- c. Implement settlement contingency measures as appropriate within the agreed time limit; and
- 17.1.3**
- d. Advise the Councils on the steps the consent holder proposes to take in order to prevent any further occurrence of the situation.
- 17 The consent holder shall as a matter of urgency, advise the Councils of any significant anomalies identified by the regular reading of groundwater levels in the piezometer network. Such advice is to include an explanation of the anomalous results and actions proposed to address any issues identified. This report is to be provided to the Councils within 10 working days of the anomalous results being identified.
- A “significant anomaly” is defined as a drop in groundwater level greater than the seasonal variation in piezometers within the alluvium and younger volcanic rocks and a drop of 15 m or more in the recordings from piezometers tapping the upper 50 m of Andesite over a one month period.

- 18 In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the conditions of this consent and the provisions of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan, then the conditions of this consent shall prevail.

Advice Note:

The monitoring undertaken in terms of the Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Plan may need to be continued for a period beyond the term of this consent depending on recharge of the groundwater following cessation of underground mining activities and filling of the Martha Pit.

Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report

- 19 The consent holder shall provide to the Councils (within one month of an agreed anniversary date) an annual Dewatering and Settlement Monitoring Report. The report shall, as a minimum, provide the following information:

g) The volume of groundwater abstracted;

17.1.4

h) The data from monitoring undertaken during the previous year, including groundwater contour plans (derived from the data) in respect of the piezometer network;

17.1.5

i) An interpretation and analysis of the monitoring data, in particular any change in the groundwater profile over the previous year, predictions of the future impacts that may arise as a result of any trends that have been identified including review of the predicted post closure effects based on actual monitoring data, and what contingency actions, if any, the consent holder proposes to take in response to those predictions, this analysis shall be undertaken by a party appropriately experienced and qualified to assess the information;

17.1.6

j) Any contingency actions that may have been taken during the year; and

17.1.7

k) Comment on compliance with Conditions 14 to 21 of this schedule including any reasons for non-compliance or difficulties in achieving conformance with the conditions of consent.

17.1.8

l) The report shall be forwarded in a form acceptable to the Councils.

Appendix B Surveyor Reports

MEMORANDUM

TO: **MARK BURROUGHS**

FROM: **BRUCE MORRISON**

DATE: **18TH JULY 2022**

SUBJECT: **GROUND SETTLEMENT MONITORING –MAY 2022**

Introduction

This report outlines the results from the May 2022 Ground Settlement Monitoring Survey.

Field Method

The settlement monitoring marks were levelled during May and June 2022 for OceanaGold by myself utilising an experienced *Kauri Gold* assistant under my supervision.

Equipment used for this May 2022 event was the LEICA DNA03 electronic digital level (SN330350) paired with the **new** LEICA 3 section 4.05 metre fibreglass bar coded GKNL4F staff. To minimise 'windage', the staff was used in 2 section 'mode'. The level was serviced and check calibrated by the supplier in March 2022. A field calibration check was carried out by myself before commencing this event and the check result was satisfactory.

A summary of the above framework 'misclosures' for the last thirty events is tabulated below.

| Event | West –East misclose (mm) | North –South misclose (mm) |
|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | AP2 > 34BE > AP1 | 34BE > AP6 |
| May 2007 | +2.4 | +6.4 |
| Nov 2007 | +2.7 | +3.1 |
| May 2008 | +13.2 | +4.0 |
| Nov 2008 | -8.1 | +7.3 |
| May2009 | +8.8 | +3.7 |
| Nov 2009 | -5.8 | +2.0 |
| May 2010 | -8.1 | +4.3 |
| Nov 2010 | -0.6 | +6.4 |
| May 2011 | +2.0 | +2.7 |

| | | |
|----------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Nov 2011 | +6.9 | +6.5 |
| May 2012 | +4.1 | +6.7 |
| Nov 2012 | +23.3 | +5.3 |
| May 2013 | +2.7 | +9.5 |
| Nov 2013 | -0.9 | +4.5 |
| May 2014 | -1.1 | +11.5 |
| Nov 2014 | -2.6 | +7.0 |
| May 2015 | +1.6 | +6.3 |
| Nov 2015 | -8.0 | +10.3 |
| May 2016 | +9.2 | +12.2 |
| | AP20 No 2 >AP2 > 34BE > AP1 | 34BE > AP6 |
| Nov 2016 | +14.2 | +3.6 |
| | AP19 >AP2 > 34BE > AP1 | 34BE > AP6 |
| May 2017 | +1.0 | +0.4 |
| Nov 2017 | -10.2 | -0.5 |
| May 2018 | +6.4 | +4.0 |
| Nov 2018 | -11.1 | +3.6 |
| | AP19 >AP2 > 34BE > AP1>BUH5 | 34BE > AP6 |
| May 2019 | See page 2 | See page 2 |
| | | |
| | AP19 >AP2 > 34BE > AP1>BUH5 | 34BE > AP6 |
| May 2019 | -7.9 | -6.9 |
| | AP19 >AP2 > 34BE > AP1>BUH5 | 34BE > AP24A> 34BE |
| Nov 2019 | +0.3 | -1.3 |
| | AP19 >AP2 > 34BE > AP1>BUH5 | 34BE > AP24A> C1 |
| May 2020 | -5.5 | -1.7 |
| Nov 2020 | -3.2 | -2.5 |
| May2021 | -38.7 | -9.2 |
| Nov 2021 | -0.8 | +1.7 |
| May2022 | +10.6 | +2.3 |

Extending Levelling

This levelling event included LINZ benchmarks AP2, AP20 No 2, AP19, (to the west of Waihi), AP1 and BUH5 (to the east of Waihi). AP24 a.k.a control mark AP6 (south of Waihi) and AP25 have been lost to road works. AP24A and C1 have been established as a replacement for the lost AP6 control mark in this vicinity. AP2 and AP20 No 2 have now been 'unfixed' and AP19 is the fixed benchmark west of

Waihi. The 'fixed' elevation value for AP19 was deduced from LINZ data comparing the relative levels of AP19, AP2, AP20 No2, and AP24 dating back to the year 1990. East of Waihi, AP1 is now 'unfixed, and there has never been any LINZ data for this mark although AP1 appears to be constructed to the same specifications as AP19 and AP26. The R.L. for the 'new' fixed eastern control mark (BUH5) was the mean value from two close values (relative to AP19) levelled in May 2021 and Nov 2021.

Photographs

The order of levelling of the monitoring points has now been fixed. This has been achieved by photographing all of the settlement points and placing them in 22 albums –generally in the order the points are to be levelled. This will achieve repeatable error distribution and should therefore give better results. I believe **all** the marks now have accurate GPS fixes. In the future, this should make the task of locating these marks easier if the marks are covered over by re-seal etc, or quickly confirm if the marks have definitely been 'lost' to street maintenance etc.

I recommend continuing these 'maintenance' details before or during the next levelling event.

Adjustments

Disturbed marks BM20 and 2.44 are excluded from the settlement contouring- as are marks F18, F20, F23, F24, and F25. . All the above marks are excluded from the settlement contouring.

Mark 2.11C has a 'previous history' deduced as has mark 2.28B. Marks 34C, 1.12, and BARRY2 have been lost. New marks 34BC, 1.12B, and BARRY2B have been established. These new marks are excluded from the settlement contouring as they await 'previous history' deduction.

Results

One A1 plan is attached -colour coded by seven zones as identified in the 'Settlement and Groundwater Monitoring Plan. The original Zone boundaries and 'trigger' settlement values have been modified to match *Engineering Geology Ltd* Drawing No. 8332-Fig 16.

This plan "Total Settlement Contours" (T2022-----) identifies all marks (in black) that have been used to produce the contours for the plan. The plan shows total movement (in millimetres) at the monitoring mark itself. Missed, 'lost', or disturbed marks are shown in red and these marks are not used for contouring. New marks are also shown in red and generally not used for settlement contouring until the next levelling event.

This plan also displays settlement contours in 20mm intervals. The Settlement and Groundwater Monitoring Plan identifies gradients steeper than 1:1000 to be cause for concern. BM20 has been a large mover in the past and has been identified in past surveys as being placed on shrinking material. There are no buildings in this area anymore. I understand (from Mark Halloran) BM20A was placed near BM20 with a 'foot' bedded in firm ground. Significant differential settlement (1:120) is now occurring between BM20A and BM20 –sufficient to decide to omit BM20 from the settlement 'contour' calculation.

These contours represent the total negative (–ve) movement (or settlement) around Waihi since monitoring began.

The closest contours (omitting disturbed marks) are between marks 20AC and BM20A. The distance between these marks using GPS measurements, calculates at 126.706 metres, and show 0.1831 metres of relative vertical movement to give a gradient of 1:692. The distance between marks BM20A and 20D using GPS measurements, calculates at 137.047 metres, and shows 0.1595 metres of relative vertical movement to give

a gradient of 1:859. The distance between marks 20C and BM20A, when checked by GPS measurements, calculates at 126.865 metres, and show 0.1264 metres of relative vertical movement to give a gradient of 1:1004.

Some cracks are visible in the sealed pavements in this area of closest contours.

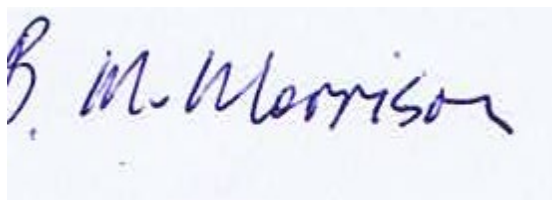
Table 1 (pages 4-12) lists all the marks used for this settlement levelling event with the marks sorted first by Zone and then by settlement value. Marks that record 'exceedences' in terms of zone predictions (for Martha (2019) are highlighted with colour and have comments attached. All marks that 'exceeded' in Table 1 were analysed further and field inspections were conducted where required.

The comments included below attempt to explain the probable reason for 'excess' movement. The comments are *Dist'd* for BM20 in Zone 6. In Zone 4, the comment is '*Nr watercourse*' for 23C. The swampy(?) ground may have de-watered during the autumn drought. For Zone 3, 2CE is near Zone 5. For Zone 2, 3.14 is near Zone 4. For Zone 1, 2.44 is *Dist'd*, 2.05 is near Zone 5, 2.35, 31DD and 31FC are near Zone 3, and 31KC, 31LC, 31MD, and 31NE are near the Ohinemuri River bridge. 31HC is near Zone3. 31GC is near Zone 3.

The 'Favona' marks were installed for monitoring the effects of dewatering in the original underground mine area. The underlying original 'Martha' zone was Zone 3 and but the Favona marks were never given zone exceedence parameters in terms of the original Martha zones. The Favona marks all report significant settlement. Note marks F18, F20, F23, F24, F25 are tentatively labelled as 'Dist'd' and not used for contouring the settlement.

The five extra 'Favona' settlement marks are again shown on the plan. These are FP1, BLOCK-S, BLOCK-N, TRIG 22, and TRIG 24. The settlements for these marks have generally been deduced relative to original reduced levels measured around the year 1987 –although FP1 (at the Favona portal) was established about the year 2000. Favona mark F07 is disturbed but has been relabelled as F07A. A 'previous history' has been calculated for F07A so this mark can be used for settlement contouring. The underlying zone for the Favona marks is now Zone 5 Martha (2019).

I understand that Time-History plots for all survey marks grouped by zone will be produced by other persons in accordance with the "Settlement and Groundwater Monitoring Plan 31 July 2005"



Bruce Morrison
Registered Professional Surveyor

Table 1. Total Movement

| | SURVEY | TOTAL | SETTLEMENT |
|--|--------|-------|------------|
|--|--------|-------|------------|

| Zone | station i.d. | DATE | X | Y | Z | May-22 | Comments |
|-------|--------------|----------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|----------|
| Zone7 | BM19B | 1/05/2022 | 2117.17 | 1244.355 | 35.5314 | -0.3346 | |
| Zone7 | 19BB | 1/05/2022 | 2191.56 | 1292.022 | 35.527 | -0.3308 | |
| Zone7 | 17CB | 1/05/2022 | 2014.23 | 1201.01 | 35.4606 | -0.3098 | |
| Zone6 | BM20 | 1/05/2022 2 | 2342.50 | 1476.25 | 35.5774 | -0.4034 | Dist'd |
| Zone6 | BM20A | 1/05/2022 | 2345.50 | 1484.901 | 35.7502 | -0.327 | |
| Zone6 | 19CB | 1/05/2022 | 2296.71 | 1381.4 | 34.9185 | -0.3114 | |
| Zone6 | 17BB | 1/05/2022 | 1919.52 | 1160.787 | 37.355 | -0.2741 | |
| Zone6 | 17AB | 1/05/2022 | 1841.32 | 1104.802 | 36.8791 | -0.2362 | |
| Zone6 | 34GC | 1/05/2022 | 2211.33 | 1119.517 | 32.1272 | -0.2246 | |
| Zone6 | 2.04B | 1/05/2022 2 | 1893.21 | 968.34 | 29.0845 | -0.2063 | |
| Zone6 | 34H | 1/05/2022 | 2233.59 | 970.561 | 32.1501 | -0.197 | |
| Zone6 | 18EE | 1/05/2022 | 1750.73 | 809.328 | 23.4266 | -0.1948 | |
| Zone6 | 18C | 1/05/2022 2 | 1494.95 | 767.193 | 27.4607 | -0.1942 | |
| Zone6 | 18IB | 1/05/2022 | 1611.19 | 784.79 | 25.8243 | -0.1911 | |
| Zone6 | 34AD | 1/05/2022 2 | 1470.88 | 886.92 | 29.7577 | -0.1891 | |
| Zone6 | 2.10 | 1/05/2022 | 2143.92 | 950.387 | 30.2808 | -0.1881 | |
| Zone6 | 34BE | 1/05/2022 | 1732.56 | 931.603 | 28.3274 | -0.1793 | |
| Zone6 | BM34 | 1/05/2022 | 1528.38 | 903.297 | 30.3138 | -0.1693 | |
| Zone6 | 34FC | 1/05/2022 2 | 2120.79 | 587.93 | 19.0392 | -0.1668 | |
| Zone6 | 10BC | 1/05/2022 | 1560.13 | 1062.92 | 38.1032 | -0.1644 | |
| Zone6 | 11AC | 1/05/2022 | 1308.26 | 859.512 | 29.3337 | -0.1632 | |
| Zone6 | 18AB | 1/05/2022 2 | 1632.39 | 667.73 | 22.1366 | -0.1548 | |
| Zone6 | 10AB | 1/05/2022 | 1430.61 | 1036.998 | 34.9995 | -0.1535 | |
| Zone6 | BM17A | 1/05/2022 | 1724.44 | 1088.919 | 40.0353 | -0.1529 | |
| Zone6 | 2.08B | 1/05/2022 2 | 2289.75 | 782.64 | 24.5339 | -0.1525 | |
| Zone6 | 2.11C | 1/05/2022 | 2292.35 | 896.99 | 26.6152 | -0.1485 | |
| Zone6 | 1.28B | 1/05/2022 2 | 1987.03 | 447.71 | 12.0975 | -0.1474 | |

| | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|----------------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| Zone6 | 2.09C | 1/05/2022 2 | 2228.35 | 868.63 | 28.6421 | -0.1418 |
| Zone6 | 34I | 1/05/2022 2 | 2229.55 | 765.53 | 28.464 | -0.1342 |
| Zone6 | 2.06 | 1/05/2022 | 2351.95 | 334.473 | 11.2795 | -0.1222 |
| Zone6 | 34CB | 1/05/2022 2 | 1967.74 | 983..202 | 30.0332 | new mark |
| Zone5 | 20C | 1/05/2022 | 2450.61 | 1413.86 | 36.3068 | -0.2006 |
| Zone5 | 21DC | 1/05/2022 | 2573.96 | 1304.152 | 37.7523 | -0.1874 |
| Zone5 | 20E | 1/05/2022 | 2535.65 | 1542.672 | 37.0758 | -0.185 |
| Zone5 | 25D | 1/05/2022 | 2547.05 | 1248.02 | 36.8566 | -0.1842 |
| Zone5 | 25A | 1/05/2022 | 2505.13 | 1203.768 | 35.9297 | -0.1801 |
| Zone5 | A10B | 1/05/2022 | 1298.62 | 1049.614 | 30.6877 | -0.1791 |
| Zone5 | 21O | 1/05/2022 | 2527.37 | 1356.342 | 35.9975 | -0.1783 |
| Zone5 | 25E | 1/05/2022 | 2472.35 | 1162.013 | 34.7655 | -0.178 |
| Zone5 | BM25 | 1/05/2022 2 | 2424.91 | 1100.25 | 33.4726 | -0.1755 |
| Zone5 | 16BC | 1/05/2022 2 | 1252.81 | 1336.473 | 39.4527 | -0.1748 |
| Zone5 | 21N | 1/05/2022 | 2623.25 | 1342.435 | 38.2815 | -0.1675 |
| Zone5 | 20D | 1/05/2022 | 2482.07 | 1473.478 | 36.5499 | -0.1675 |
| Zone5 | 10DC | 1/05/2022 | 1279.04 | 1198.326 | 35.3001 | -0.165 |
| Zone5 | 25G | 1/05/2022 | 2594.60 | 1149.415 | 37.58 | -0.1645 |
| Zone5 | 25CB | 1/05/2022 | 2615.91 | 1190.496 | 38.2879 | -0.1634 |
| Zone5 | 25H | 1/05/2022 | 2648.48 | 1232.956 | 38.9123 | -0.1634 |
| Zone5 | 24L | 1/05/2022 | 2761.67 | 1181.326 | 39.3149 | -0.1633 |
| Zone5 | 25F | 1/05/2022 | 2542.53 | 1116.24 | 35.9906 | -0.1623 |
| Zone5 | 24I | 1/05/2022 | 2692.57 | 1269.713 | 39.2768 | -0.1607 |
| Zone5 | 2.41 | 1/05/2022 | 3296.32 | 685.398 | 46.2559 | -0.1605 |
| Zone5 | 25B | 1/05/2022 2 | 2497.67 | 1105.83 | 34.8192 | -0.1578 |
| Zone5 | 10CB | 1/05/2022 | 1222.46 | 1025.855 | 29.7746 | -0.1575 |
| Zone5 | 12CE | 1/05/2022 | 1499.92 | 543.077 | 20.9798 | -0.1556 |
| Zone5 | 24AC | 1/05/2022 | 2743.58 | 1218.9 | 40.0799 | -0.1555 |
| Zone5 | 18F | 1/05/2022 2 | 1752.28 | 551.03 | 17.3264 | -0.1547 |

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|-------|-------|----------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| Zone5 | BM16 | 1/05/2022 2 | 1418.09 | 1218.03 | 46.4401 | -0.1543 |
| Zone5 | 2.03 | 1/05/2022 | 1930.08 | 745.943 | 22.5894 | -0.154 |
| Zone5 | 24F | 1/05/2022 | 2772.80 | 1257.274 | 40.12 | -0.1537 |
| Zone5 | 24E | 1/05/2022 | 2758.43 | 1303.234 | 40.3545 | -0.1536 |
| Zone5 | 13AC | 1/05/2022 | 1751.98 | 327.376 | 18.5921 | -0.1528 |
| Zone5 | 24G | 1/05/2022 | 2705.96 | 1170.464 | 39.7902 | -0.1526 |
| Zone5 | 25I | 1/05/2022 | 2537.20 | 1045.036 | 34.6802 | -0.1525 |
| Zone5 | BM24 | 1/05/2022 2 | 2794.55 | 1279.36 | 40.3908 | -0.1523 |
| Zone5 | 22F | 1/05/2022 | 2815.91 | 1325.407 | 40.2256 | -0.1519 |
| Zone5 | BM12 | 1/05/2022 | 1370.27 | 607.735 | 23.9548 | -0.1519 |
| Zone5 | 34EB | 1/05/2022 | 2073.93 | 705.952 | 24.636 | -0.1516 |
| Zone5 | 24B | 1/05/2022 | 2667.67 | 1126.399 | 39.3698 | -0.1515 |
| Zone5 | 21C | 1/05/2022 | 2651.57 | 1389.816 | 38.4612 | -0.151 |
| Zone5 | 18G | 1/05/2022 | 1669.05 | 554.602 | 18.4724 | -0.1504 |
| Zone5 | 24DC | 1/05/2022 | 2718.29 | 1323.127 | 39.6305 | -0.1503 |
| Zone5 | 18B | 1/05/2022 | 1510.36 | 650.578 | 23.5577 | -0.1493 |
| Zone5 | 24H | 1/05/2022 | 2630.70 | 1072.279 | 36.1449 | -0.1489 |
| Zone5 | 1.28A | 1/05/2022 | 1888.26 | 505.887 | 13.2089 | -0.1466 |
| Zone5 | 24K | 1/05/2022 | 2783.89 | 1387.719 | 40.6116 | -0.1463 |
| Zone5 | 34D | 1/05/2022 | 2038.90 | 783.431 | 25.3406 | -0.1455 |
| Zone5 | 20AC | 1/05/2022 | 2461.04 | 1536.905 | 37.0152 | -0.1439 |
| Zone5 | 21EB | 1/05/2022 2 | 2799.95 | 1429.09 | 41.6297 | -0.1439 |
| Zone5 | BM18 | 1/05/2022 2 | 1771.96 | 674.53 | 19.4267 | -0.1437 |
| Zone5 | 2A | 1/05/2022 | 1069.03 | 1111.858 | 23.8001 | -0.1427 |
| Zone5 | 24J | 1/05/2022 | 2749.39 | 1365.756 | 40.2294 | -0.1417 |
| Zone5 | 12DC | 1/05/2022 | 1596.95 | 435.491 | 19.9646 | -0.1409 |
| Zone5 | 13BC | 1/05/2022 2 | 1850.36 | 246.59 | 13.7201 | -0.1409 |
| Zone5 | 18HC | 1/05/2022 | 1821.52 | 466.47 | 14.8881 | -0.1398 |
| Zone5 | 12AC | 1/05/2022 | 1388.32 | 488.888 | 19.0463 | -0.1388 |
| Zone5 | 15A | 1/05/2022 | 1204.79 | 818.863 | 28.7713 | -0.1374 |

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|-------|-------|----------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| Zone5 | 20BB | 1/05/2022 | 2533.26 | 1622.291 | 37.8739 | -0.1372 |
| Zone5 | 21M | 1/05/2022 | 2694.90 | 1439.648 | 39.1804 | -0.1351 |
| Zone5 | 20F | 1/05/2022 | 2605.79 | 1575.98 | 37.5672 | -0.1344 |
| Zone5 | 15BC | 1/05/2022 2 | 1169.90 | 708.855 | 26.333 | -0.1319 |
| Zone5 | AP22A | 1/05/2022 | 1868.44 | 188.565 | 12.4078 | -0.1312 |
| Zone5 | 11BB | 1/05/2022 | 1348.57 | 710.573 | 26.929 | -0.1299 |
| Zone5 | 1.10A | 1/05/2022 | 1599.70 | 278.938 | 16.634 | -0.1295 |
| Zone5 | BM21 | 1/05/2022 | 2654.80 | 1515.397 | 39.4246 | -0.1288 |
| Zone5 | 12BC | 1/05/2022 | 1405.27 | 368.295 | 14.9191 | -0.1286 |
| Zone5 | BM13 | 1/05/2022 2 | 1426.61 | 269.34 | 13.5771 | -0.1280 |
| Zone5 | 4DB | 1/05/2022 | 1033.26 | 1550.66 | 32.25 | -0.1278 |
| Zone5 | 21BC | 1/05/2022 | 2719.27 | 1477.799 | 41.2675 | -0.1274 |
| Zone5 | 21K | 1/05/2022 | 2681.11 | 1572.207 | 39.9991 | -0.1262 |
| Zone5 | 4B | 1/05/2022 2 | 1021.54 | 1448.63 | 31.2524 | -0.1220 |
| Zone5 | 2.17A | 1/05/2022 | 3085.76 | 555.866 | 36.9084 | -0.1211 |
| Zone5 | 2BC | 1/11/2021 | 970.20 | 1241.898 | 30.3855 | -0.1205 |
| Zone5 | 30C | 1/05/2022 | 2573.54 | 1675.395 | 38.442 | -0.1119 |
| Zone5 | BM9B | 1/05/2022 | 1220.25 | 1523.285 | 34.7521 | -0.1053 |
| Zone5 | 7CB | 1/05/2022 2 | 1161.74 | 1597.63 | 30.6124 | -0.1034 |
| Zone5 | AP3 | 1/05/2022 2 | 918.94 | 1140.59 | 26.0687 | -0.1016 |
| Zone5 | 26F | 1/05/2022 2 | 1392.77 | 1680.26 | 43.8599 | -0.0800 |
| Zone5 | 26R | 1/05/2022 2 | 1905.59 | 1927.17 | 71.3567 | -0.0785 |
| Zone5 | 26Q | 1/05/2022 | 1963.00 | 1982.711 | 73.6727 | -0.0784 |
| Zone5 | 26PB | 1/05/2022 | 1834.84 | 1893.106 | 67.9443 | -0.0783 |
| Zone4 | 23C | 1/05/2022 | 2856.14 | 1068.014 | 37.5462 | -0.2199 |
| Zone4 | 23AB | 1/05/2022 2 | 3145.42 | 1078.73 | 37.1891 | -0.1827 |
| Zone4 | 2.24 | 1/05/2022 | 2885.91 | 1215.469 | 41.2754 | -0.1716 |
| Zone4 | 22C | 1/05/2022 | 2846.39 | 1352.544 | 40.308 | -0.1713 |

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|-------|----------|----------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| Zone4 | 23D | 1/05/2022 | 2861.42 | 1154.885 | 38.8537 | -0.1632 |
| Zone4 | BANK1 | 1/05/2022 | 2866.21 | 1023.248 | 37.7929 | -0.1614 |
| Zone4 | 2.25 | 1/05/2022 | 2874.51 | 1097.261 | 37.9749 | -0.1603 |
| Zone4 | MATAURA1 | 1/05/2022 | 2831.84 | 1250.806 | 41.0606 | -0.1592 |
| Zone4 | 23E | 1/05/2022 | 2774.82 | 972.514 | 37.703 | -0.1585 |
| Zone4 | 23B | 1/05/2022 | 2856.49 | 949.794 | 38.7431 | -0.157 |
| Zone4 | 23F | 1/05/2022 | 2700.77 | 968.793 | 36.6413 | -0.1563 |
| Zone4 | 22GB | 1/05/2022 | 2862.88 | 1387.968 | 40.8384 | -0.1558 |
| Zone4 | 2.13 | 1/05/2022 | 2725.42 | 874.951 | 47.2017 | -0.1542 |
| Zone4 | 2.14A | 1/05/2022 | 2853.28 | 838.669 | 41.3137 | -0.1539 |
| Zone4 | 2.19B | 1/05/2022 | 3270.21 | 916.063 | 38.5593 | -0.1496 |
| Zone4 | BARRY1 | 1/05/2022 | 3047.74 | 926.576 | 38.1155 | -0.1493 |
| Zone4 | MORTON | 1/05/2022 | 2975.42 | 1231.913 | 40.7125 | -0.1472 |
| Zone4 | BARRY3 | 1/05/2022 | 3176.85 | 895.991 | 37.6882 | -0.1424 |
| Zone4 | BARRY4B | 1/05/2022 | 3320.16 | 912.693 | 38.8889 | -0.1417 |
| Zone4 | 2.18 | 1/05/2022 | 3218.04 | 712.756 | 44.5453 | -0.1414 |
| Zone4 | 22BC | 1/05/2022 | 2916.75 | 1435.773 | 42.101 | -0.1408 |
| Zone4 | BARRY5 | 1/05/2022 | 3397.59 | 904.647 | 40.9921 | -0.1403 |
| Zone4 | BARRY6 | 1/05/2022 | 3432.52 | 904.356 | 42.4774 | -0.1399 |
| Zone4 | 22E | 1/05/2022 | 3055.20 | 1231.504 | 40.7849 | -0.1386 |
| Zone4 | 22H | 1/05/2022 | 2869.25 | 1441.796 | 41.6187 | -0.1381 |
| Zone4 | STAFORD | 1/05/2022 | 3139.86 | 998.179 | 37.3165 | -0.1377 |
| Zone4 | 1.11B | 1/05/2022 | 1675.83 | 133.622 | 9.0255 | -0.1375 |
| Zone4 | 2.20 | 1/05/2022 | 3467.69 | 904.56 | 43.785 | -0.1361 |
| Zone4 | BM23 | 1/05/2022 2 | 3107.42 | 921.05 | 38.0911 | -0.1360 |
| Zone4 | 2.23 | 1/05/2022 | 3560.02 | 1212.795 | 36.6378 | -0.1347 |
| Zone4 | 2HB | 1/05/2022 | 1078.24 | 886.849 | 24.3907 | -0.1346 |
| Zone4 | 21P | 1/05/2022 | 2849.17 | 1456.9 | 41.8489 | -0.1344 |
| Zone4 | 22M | 1/05/2022 | 2973.44 | 1434.656 | 41.672 | -0.134 |
| Zone4 | 22I | 1/05/2022 | 2918.98 | 1461.367 | 41.9153 | -0.1339 |
| Zone4 | 2.16 | 1/05/2022 | 3007.62 | 739.64 | 33.5961 | -0.1317 |
| Zone4 | 2.15 | 1/05/2022 | 2918.94 | 723.52 | 38.3665 | -0.1304 |

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|-------|--------|----------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| Zone4 | BARRY7 | 1/05/2022 | 3518.87 | 901.897 | 43.6134 | -0.1279 |
| Zone4 | 22L | 1/05/2022 | 3047.70 | 1499.876 | 40.994 | -0.1277 |
| Zone4 | 22A | 1/05/2022 | 3003.28 | 1429.771 | 41.645 | -0.1277 |
| Zone4 | GW | 1/05/2022 | 3128.83 | 1140.936 | 38.5426 | -0.1268 |
| Zone4 | AP100 | 1/05/2022 2 | 1893.80 | 81.27 | 11.7818 | -0.1260 |
| Zone4 | 22J | 1/05/2022 | 2944.47 | 1489.763 | 42.4238 | -0.1259 |
| Zone4 | CUBA | 1/05/2022 | 3224.32 | 1079.177 | 35.8274 | -0.1258 |
| Zone4 | BARRY8 | 1/05/2022 | 3592.28 | 871.451 | 37.9365 | -0.1252 |
| Zone4 | 2.22 | 1/05/2022 | 3339.13 | 1206.603 | 40.3536 | -0.1242 |
| Zone4 | 22D | 1/05/2022 | 3100.02 | 1335.441 | 41.4523 | -0.1238 |
| Zone4 | 1.05 | 1/05/2022 | 1176.96 | 473.454 | 21.8186 | -0.1208 |
| Zone4 | 21FB | 1/05/2022 | 2861.65 | 1512.211 | 42.65 | -0.1203 |
| Zone4 | BM2 | 1/05/2022 | 915.74 | 1091.799 | 24.8308 | -0.1197 |
| Zone4 | 2.29B | 1/05/2022 | 2953.39 | 1548.172 | 42.5882 | -0.1186 |
| Zone4 | 21L | 1/05/2022 | 2806.79 | 1575.074 | 43.086 | -0.1178 |
| Zone4 | 21AC | 1/05/2022 | 2716.64 | 1617.767 | 39.6913 | -0.1177 |
| Zone4 | BM22 | 1/05/2022 2 | 3115.79 | 1442.95 | 40.6204 | -0.1138 |
| Zone4 | 1.26 | 1/05/2022 | 1926.81 | 30.053 | 15.0933 | -0.1135 |
| Zone4 | 2.27 | 1/05/2022 | 3379.40 | 1371.481 | 37.7579 | -0.1127 |
| Zone4 | 27KB | 1/05/2022 | 2320.23 | 2120.206 | 63.3337 | -0.1119 |
| Zone4 | 15C | 1/05/2022 2 | 1156.82 | 571.08 | 24.21 | -0.1116 |
| Zone4 | 26BE | 1/05/2022 | 1408.78 | 1800.553 | 38.8154 | -0.1107 |
| Zone4 | 2GB | 1/05/2022 2 | 922.38 | 967.66 | 22.6763 | -0.1092 |
| Zone4 | 21Q | 1/05/2022 | 2899.60 | 1571.317 | 43.1286 | -0.1086 |
| Zone4 | 1.06 | 1/05/2022 | 1159.34 | 302.262 | 17.2233 | -0.1078 |
| Zone4 | 22KB | 1/05/2022 | 2981.80 | 1603.49 | 42.8504 | -0.1063 |
| Zone4 | 30BB | 1/05/2022 2 | 2604.86 | 1726.50 | 41.549 | -0.1059 |
| Zone4 | 21I | 1/05/2022 | 2854.70 | 1668.793 | 41.645 | -0.1048 |
| Zone4 | 21J | 1/05/2022 | 2773.44 | 1688.923 | 39.9631 | -0.1036 |
| Zone4 | 26CE | 1/05/2022 | 1377.77 | 1711.891 | 40.6001 | -0.1035 |

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|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| Zone4 | 21GC | 1/05/2022 | 2901.12 | 1614.054 | 43.4451 | -0.1017 |
| Zone4 | SM822 | 1/05/2022 | 2512.91 | 1841.132 | 41.4587 | -0.0994 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 2.31B | 2 | 3201.23 | 1637.29 | 42.0944 | -0.0989 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 1.09B | 2 | 1344.14 | 117.48 | 9.9268 | -0.0983 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 27N | 2 | 2179.57 | 2075.99 | 71.9144 | -0.0962 |
| Zone4 | 2.30B | 1/05/2022 | 3000.35 | 1672.941 | 43.172 | -0.0956 |
| Zone4 | BM15 | 1/05/2022 | 976.94 | 783.004 | 20.5212 | -0.0953 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 27E | 2 | 2494.09 | 2171.62 | 50.3441 | -0.0941 |
| Zone4 | 4.08 | 1/05/2022 | 2350.64 | 2022.324 | 73.2139 | -0.0932 |
| Zone4 | 21HC | 1/05/2022 | 2916.84 | 1728.842 | 42.8833 | -0.0927 |
| Zone4 | 7BB | 1/05/2022 | 1105.69 | 1689.902 | 35.9401 | -0.0872 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 4.05 | 2 | 2809.68 | 1897.68 | 40.6185 | -0.0829 |
| Zone4 | 27H | 1/05/2022 | 2413.27 | 2149.757 | 57.0283 | -0.0822 |
| Zone4 | 4.07 | 1/05/2022 | 2554.47 | 2079.237 | 45.0513 | -0.0818 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 27J | 2 | 2344.14 | 2136.14 | 62.1344 | -0.0815 |
| Zone4 | 3.01 | 1/05/2022 | 1291.95 | 1690.334 | 37.2989 | -0.0806 |
| Zone4 | 3.04B | 1/05/2022 | 1123.76 | 1821.498 | 39.2847 | -0.0802 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 26AE | 2 | 1432.47 | 1883.48 | 37.5526 | -0.0802 |
| Zone4 | BM30 | 1/05/2022 | 2715.36 | 1996.207 | 44.0868 | -0.0768 |
| Zone4 | 26H | 1/05/2022 | 1452.90 | 1729.593 | 49.9634 | -0.0754 |
| Zone4 | 26G | 1/05/2022 | 1425.06 | 1706.748 | 47 | -0.0748 |
| Zone4 | 26JB | 1/05/2022 | 1495.71 | 1756.55 | 53.7287 | -0.0737 |
| Zone4 | 27F | 1/05/2022 | 2466.48 | 2164.026 | 52.3215 | -0.0734 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 26MB | 2 | 1593.46 | 1750.66 | 58.9705 | -0.0726 |
| Zone4 | 3.11A | 1/05/2022 | 1786.17 | 1929.216 | 62.1499 | -0.0722 |
| Zone4 | 30AB | 1/05/2022 | 2685.64 | 1898.443 | 46.2365 | -0.0721 |
| Zone4 | 3.02 | 1/05/2022 | 1344.87 | 1837.735 | 34.9453 | -0.0719 |
| Zone4 | 3.09 | 1/05/2022 | 1618.51 | 1870.174 | 51.921 | -0.071 |
| Zone4 | 27DC | 1/05/2022 | 2541.24 | 2190.709 | 48.1901 | -0.0694 |
| Zone4 | 27AB | 1/05/2022 | 2009.08 | 2064.334 | 73.4824 | -0.0682 |

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|-------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| Zone4 | 3.10A | 1/05/2022 | 1689.03 | 1978.29 | 53.4373 | -0.0671 |
| Zone4 | 27L | 1/05/2022 | 2280.24 | 2115.405 | 65.8409 | -0.067 |
| Zone4 | 27O | 1/05/2022 | 2101.57 | 2042.821 | 75.025 | -0.0655 |
| Zone4 | BM26 | 1/05/2022 | 1542.45 | 1837.805 | 45.4247 | -0.0614 |
| Zone4 | 3.13 | 1/05/2022 | 1744.89 | 2097.492 | 53.7644 | -0.0602 |
| Zone4 | 26OB | 1/05/2022 | 1706.93 | 1812.27 | 67.1824 | -0.0524 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone4 | 3.6A | 2 | 1526.28 | 2015.74 | 38.9213 | -0.0443 |
| Zone4 | BARRY2B | 1/05/2022 | 2937.67 | 943.59 | 38.5538 | new mark |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 2CE | 2 | 774.75 | 1313.19 | 34.6109 | -0.1150 |
| Zone3 | 2.34 | 1/05/2022 | 3452.45 | 1683.502 | 37.7071 | -0.1062 |
| Zone3 | 14DB | 1/05/2022 | 876.99 | 411.215 | 15.1516 | -0.1022 |
| Zone3 | 2.36 | 1/05/2022 | 3433.14 | 1534.879 | 35.9202 | -0.095 |
| Zone3 | 1.25 | 1/05/2022 | 2175.94 | -129.105 | 20.0545 | -0.0915 |
| Zone3 | 2.40B | 1/05/2022 | 3572.85 | 1526.452 | 33.1489 | -0.0912 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | 1691.95 | | |
| Zone3 | 2.33 | 2 | 3294.51 | 2 | 40.3026 | -0.0903 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 4.02 | 2 | 2797.90 | 2143.571 | 45.7594 | -0.0897 |
| Zone3 | A33C | 1/05/2022 | 456.03 | 1219.226 | 35.851 | -0.0889 |
| Zone3 | 1.07 | 1/05/2022 | 924.43 | 267.487 | 12.4973 | -0.0863 |
| Zone3 | 4.03B | 1/05/2022 | 2794.90 | 2044.783 | 43.7955 | -0.0854 |
| Zone3 | 4A | 1/05/2022 | 815.01 | 1494.154 | 40.6873 | -0.0851 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 31BC | 2 | 3159.33 | 1954.86 | 45.4974 | -0.0851 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 4EC | 2 | 782.01 | 1687.78 | 41.1247 | -0.0850 |
| Zone3 | BM31 | 1/05/2022 | 2967.04 | 1873.475 | 43.2806 | -0.0849 |
| Zone3 | 2FC | 1/05/2022 | 720.33 | 843.055 | 23.9232 | -0.0833 |
| Zone3 | 15DB | 1/05/2022 | 917.56 | 466.148 | 15.5971 | -0.0829 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 2DA | 2 | 682.15 | 1189.58 | 35.8057 | -0.0829 |
| Zone3 | 14EA | 1/05/2022 | 808.56 | 504.723 | 17.0881 | -0.0807 |
| Zone3 | 14CB | 1/05/2022 | 759.10 | 389.766 | 18.8155 | -0.0803 |
| Zone3 | 4.01C | 1/05/2022 | 2891.78 | 2113.146 | 47.298 | -0.0801 |
| Zone3 | 4.04 | 1/05/2022 | 2662.60 | 2131.765 | 45.9155 | -0.0797 |

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|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| Zone3 | 14BC | 1/05/2022 | 535.45 | 340.672 | 20.9076 | -0.0779 |
| Zone3 | 31AC | 1/05/2022 | 3059.04 | 1910.629 | 44.0652 | -0.0773 |
| Zone3 | 1.08 | 1/05/2022 | 1052.91 | 107.171 | 16.5219 | -0.0769 |
| Zone3 | 1.21A | 1/05/2022 | 1939.94 | -325.504 | 19.6529 | -0.0768 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 29DB | 2 | 2996.63 | 2106.66 | 47.8035 | -0.0754 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 2EB | 2 | 689.02 | 1054.62 | 29.2594 | -0.0726 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 1.22 | 2 | 1510.00 | -249.93 | 15.8612 | -0.0716 |
| Zone3 | 14FB | 1/05/2022 | 705.60 | 649.144 | 20.1487 | -0.0707 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone3 | 3.25 | 2 | 3116.90 | 2107.06 | 49.81 | -0.0671 |
| Zone3 | 29AC | 1/05/2022 | 2641.62 | 2218.071 | 48.515 | -0.0609 |
| Zone3 | 29CE | 1/05/2022 | 2891.84 | 2285.59 | 51.569 | -0.0606 |
| Zone3 | 3.24 | 1/05/2022 | 3017.29 | 2258.712 | 51.9305 | -0.0557 |
| Zone3 | 29B | 1/05/2022 | 2772.84 | 2242.217 | 50.0005 | -0.0462 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1.12B | 2 | 794.14 | -73.01 | 11.0434 | new mark |
| Zone2 | 3.14 | 1/05/2022 | 1752.75 | 2214.323 | 48.7539 | -0.0727 |
| Zone2 | 7AC | 1/05/2022 | 994.54 | 1781.823 | 43.52 | -0.0719 |
| Zone2 | 1K | 1/05/2022 | 511.74 | 957.174 | 29.5972 | -0.0718 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone2 | 3.03 | 2 | 1134.46 | 1917.24 | 39.3452 | -0.0697 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone2 | 33F | 2 | 347.95 | 1511.68 | 42.0397 | -0.0688 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone2 | BM4 | 2 | 689.21 | 1555.55 | 42.2726 | -0.0681 |
| Zone2 | 4FB | 1/05/2022 | 562.51 | 1370.97 | 39.3663 | -0.0668 |
| Zone2 | BM7 | 1/05/2022 | 1057.32 | 1843.069 | 44.1115 | -0.0649 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | 2152.41 | | |
| Zone2 | 3.12 | 2 | 1599.68 | 1 | 40.263 | -0.0648 |
| | | 1/05/2022 | | | | |
| Zone2 | 33E | 2 | 437.71 | 1437.52 | 40.9845 | -0.0618 |
| Zone2 | 1.04 | 1/05/2022 | 795.98 | 129.359 | 12.7981 | -0.0608 |
| Zone2 | 1JB | 1/05/2022 | 604.79 | 822.761 | 26.4095 | -0.0607 |
| Zone2 | 6A | 1/05/2022 | 946.43 | 1928.115 | 47.5073 | -0.0607 |
| Zone2 | 1C | 1/05/2022 | 421.48 | 1098.886 | 34.7888 | -0.0598 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--|
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 33A | 2 | 338.15 | 1303.89 | 36.7195 | -0.0591 | |
| Zone2 | 3.07 | 1/05/2022 | 1362.08 | 2096.818 | 48.0416 | -0.0576 | |
| Zone2 | 1I | 1/05/2022 | 468.34 | 761.228 | 27.2719 | -0.0571 | |
| Zone2 | BM14 | 1/05/2022 | 718.16 | 485.955 | 19.8315 | -0.0561 | |
| Zone2 | 1B | 1/05/2022 | 337.50 | 1062.935 | 34.0014 | -0.0558 | |
| Zone2 | BM6 | 1/05/2022 | 881.86 | 1837.081 | 46.2295 | -0.0541 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 33DB | 2 | 265.40 | 1714.72 | 46.3645 | -0.0539 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 14AC | 2 | 515.17 | 457.62 | 24.0214 | -0.0517 | |
| Zone2 | 5C | 1/05/2022 | 705.43 | 1754.71 | 45.1658 | -0.0512 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 33GA | 2 | 415.95 | 1621.64 | 45.3494 | -0.0511 | |
| Zone2 | 1FB | 1/05/2022 | 210.46 | 850.779 | 29.8282 | -0.0493 | |
| Zone2 | 1EB | 1/05/2022 | 388.60 | 912.09 | 30.4301 | -0.0488 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1HC | 2 | 299.70 | 702.80 | 27.0423 | -0.0486 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 3.22A | 2 | 2891.15 | 2398.65 | 56.6562 | -0.0485 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | BM29 | 2 | 2608.80 | 2400.76 | 55.9601 | -0.0483 | |
| Zone2 | 3.15 | 1/05/2022 | 1696.24 | 2315.821 | 39.1 | -0.048 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 3.05 | 2 | 966.29 | 1990.77 | 47.1859 | -0.0465 | |
| Zone2 | 1O | 1/05/2022 | -271.35 | 814.183 | 22.7116 | -0.0461 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1A | 2 | 249.92 | 1026.38 | 33.3305 | -0.0452 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1GB | 2 | -2.87 | 769.742 | 29.291 | -0.0437 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1ME | 2 | -155.40 | 879.89 | 26.1006 | -0.0426 | |
| Zone2 | 1.03B | 1/05/2022 | 365.55 | 323.37 | 19.3832 | -0.042 | |
| Zone2 | 5AC | 1/05/2022 | 470.30 | 1688.454 | 47.036 | -0.0418 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1.02D | 2 | 85.42 | 283.30 | 18.6565 | -0.0415 | |
| Zone2 | BM5 | 1/05/2022 | 325.93 | 1806.47 | 47.804 | -0.0414 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Zone2 | BM1 | 2 | 152.75 | 994.87 | 32.7733 | -0.0413 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|--------|--|
| | | 1/05/202 | | 1430.80 | | | | |
| Zone2 | 33B | 2 | 156.88 | 4 | 34.4127 | -0.0403 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1.01 | 2 | 56.47 | 604.075 | 25.4477 | -0.0392 | | |
| Zone2 | 33C | 1/05/2022 | 222.53 | 1621.241 | 44.4096 | -0.0385 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1RA | 2 | -579.06 | 750.36 | 16.7337 | -0.0341 | | |
| Zone2 | 1.14 | 1/05/2022 | 496.74 | -535.095 | 8.4384 | -0.0312 | | |
| Zone2 | AP2 | 1/05/2022 | -1276.40 | 954.13 | 5.7698 | -0.0262 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone2 | 1.16 | 2 | 1552.97 | -1086.27 | 18.3537 | -0.0243 | | |
| Zone2 | 1PA | 1/05/2022 | -351.51 | 787.24 | missed | 1 | | |
| Zone1 | 2.44 | 1/05/2022 | 2734.64 | 421.025 | 27.2406 | -0.5881 | Dist'd | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 2.05 | 2 | 2535.68 | 272.682 | 20.7637 | -0.1164 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 31NE | 2 | 4349.43 | 1927.421 | 33.3291 | -0.0995 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 31LC | 2 | 4168.53 | 1862.11 | 32.072 | -0.0956 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 31FC | 2 | 3614.22 | 1954.15 | 43.4068 | -0.0953 | | |
| Zone1 | 2.35 | 1/05/2022 | 3609.80 | 1652.681 | 34.092 | -0.0937 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 31HC | 2 | 3810.83 | 1924.65 | 40.3102 | -0.0853 | | |
| Zone1 | 31JD | 1/05/2022 | 4005.65 | 1911.423 | 35.5372 | -0.0833 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 31DD | 2 | 3400.43 | 1989.83 | 46.6771 | -0.0828 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 28AE | 2 | 2128.26 | 2448.76 | 85.905 | -0.0713 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 31PC | 2 | 4393.52 | 1991.66 | 37.7119 | -0.0708 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 31QC | 2 | 4417.71 | 2035.37 | 39.6099 | -0.0658 | | |
| Zone1 | 3.21 | 1/05/2022 | 2585.77 | 2493.375 | 64.9214 | -0.0548 | | |
| Zone1 | 3.30 | 1/05/2022 | 3296.29 | 2235.94 | 50.3708 | -0.0519 | | |
| Zone1 | 1.20B | 1/05/2022 | 1995.49 | -664.093 | 22.0247 | -0.0478 | | |
| Zone1 | 1.23 | 1/05/2022 | 1013.01 | -440.769 | 13.2616 | -0.047 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 1.24 | 2 | 2225.16 | -613.23 | 16.6868 | -0.0468 | | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------|-----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 3.16 | 2 | 2195.60 | 2563.08 | 95.6003 | -0.0462 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 3.26B | 2 | 3200.09 | 2347.92 | 55.4089 | -0.0456 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 3.23 | 2 | 3035.80 | 2453.65 | 59.6151 | -0.0425 | | |
| Zone1 | 3.29 | 1/05/2022 | 3662.64 | 2323.533 | 44.9105 | -0.04 | | |
| Zone1 | AP1A | 1/05/2022 | 4557.10 | 2288.33 | 42.4606 | -0.0394 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | 3.27B | 2 | 3148.37 | 2510.53 | 60.2723 | -0.0393 | | |
| Zone1 | 1.13 | 1/05/2022 | 591.36 | -310.797 | 7.0534 | -0.0391 | | |
| Zone1 | AP2A | 1/05/2022 | -766.18 | 738.506 | 12.3123 | -0.0374 | | |
| Zone1 | AP1 | 1/05/2022 | 4486.29 | 2137.008 | 41.3575 | -0.035 | | |
| Zone1 | 1.27B | 1/05/2022 | 1401.56 | -701.57 | 15.3262 | -0.0349 | | |
| Zone1 | 1UA | 1/05/2022 | -914.75 | 759.054 | 8.7266 | -0.028 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone 1 | AP24A | 2 | 2114.57 | -1292.93 | 28.0482 | -0.027 | | |
| Zone1 | 1.15 | 1/05/2022 | 923.35 | -995.413 | 14.3451 | -0.0269 | | |
| Zone1 | 1.17B | 1/05/2022 | 2082.20 | -1093.92 | 25.5769 | -0.0267 | | |
| Zone1 | AP20No2 | 1/05/2022 | -2303.63 | 731.69 | 20.1887 | -0.0165 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | BM28/2 | 2 | 2282.46 | 2770.68 | 101.879 | -0.0067 | | |
| Zone1 | AP19 | 1/05/2022 | -3242.58 | 480.68 | -6.5213 | 0 | control | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Zone1 | BUH5 | 2 | 5480.15 | 2780.65 | 52.7029 | 0.0000 | control | |
| Zone1 | C1 | 1/05/2022 | 2183.23 | -1759.33 | 32.8139 | 0 | control | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Favona | F18 | 2 | 3423.83 | 648.3 | 39.9796 | -0.3518 | Dist'd | |
| Favona | F20 | 1/05/2022 | 3411.70 | 665.722 | 40.9012 | -0.3029 | Dist'd | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Favona | F24 | 2 | 3388.13 | 690.846 | 40.6128 | -0.2751 | Dist'd | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Favona | F17B | 2 | 3405.48 | 613.91 | 43.9666 | -0.2729 | | |
| Favona | F21 | 1/05/2022 | 3405.99 | 671.998 | 40.7406 | -0.2727 | | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | | |
| Favona | F22 | 2 | 3399.79 | 678.39 | 40.683 | -0.2534 | | |
| Favona | F15C | 1/05/2022 | 3297.17 | 585.319 | 57.3088 | -0.2077 | | |
| Favona | BLOCK-S | 1/05/2022 | 3295.82 | 124.324 | 24.8154 | -0.1966 | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--|
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Favona | F16B | 2 | 3367.38 | 578.70 | 46.3697 | -0.1963 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Favona | F26 | 2 | 3374.47 | 705.541 | 40.5762 | -0.1897 | |
| Favona | BLOCK-N | 1/05/2022 | 3336.45 | 215.694 | 24.2836 | -0.1794 | |
| Favona | F34C | 1/05/2022 | 3339.49 | 849.569 | 40.1622 | -0.1783 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Favona | F10B | 2 | 3176.88 | 446.75 | 49.252 | -0.1761 | |
| Favona | F12C | 1/05/2022 | 3207.32 | 503.824 | 53.477 | -0.1758 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Favona | F14C | 2 | 3275.29 | 551.31 | 60.6417 | -0.1661 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Favona | F28B | 2 | 3365.21 | 727.17 | 40.4956 | -0.1641 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Favona | F30B | 2 | 3359.36 | 748.26 | 40.6813 | -0.1562 | |
| Favona | F08A | 1/05/2022 | 3126.97 | 430.49 | 42.7275 | -0.15 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Favona | F32B | 2 | 3348.78 | 769.10 | 40.8461 | -0.1459 | |
| Favona | F35B | 1/05/2022 | 3336.68 | 896.063 | 39.7528 | -0.1444 | |
| Favona | F06 | 1/05/2022 | 3107.08 | 445.21 | 40.4834 | -0.1344 | |
| | | 1/05/202 | | | | | |
| Favona | F04 | 2 | 3100.96 | 470.88 | 38.7032 | -0.1317 | |
| Favona | F02 | 1/05/2022 | 3097.60 | 490 | 38.1818 | -0.1289 | |
| Favona | ITXCIVB | 1/05/2022 | 2943.85 | 542.17 | 32.5941 | -0.1286 | |
| Favona | FP1 | 1/05/2022 | 3004.15 | 131.25 | 45.3969 | -0.1121 | |
| Favona | TRIG 24 | 1/05/2022 | 3260.76 | -615.678 | 25.6664 | -0.0636 | |
| Favona | TRIG 22 | 1/05/2022 | 3681.97 | 89.358 | 26.134 | -0.056 | |

MEMORANDUM

TO: **MARK BURROUGHS**

FROM: **BRUCE MORRISON**

DATE: **8TH FEBRUARY 2023**

SUBJECT: **GROUND SETTLEMENT MONITORING –NOVEMBER 2022**

Introduction

This report outlines the results from the November 2022 Ground Settlement Monitoring Survey.

Field Method

The settlement monitoring marks were levelled during November 2022, December 2022, and January 2023 for OceanaGold by myself utilising two inexperienced *Kauri Gold* assistants under my supervision.

Equipment used for this 'November 2022' event was the LEICA DNA03 electronic digital level (SN330350) paired with the **new** LEICA 3 section 4.05 metre fibreglass bar coded GKNL4F staff. To minimise 'windage', the staff was used in 2 section 'mode'. The level was serviced and check calibrated by the supplier in March 2022. A field calibration check was carried out by myself before commencing this event and the check result was satisfactory.

A summary of the above framework 'misclosures' for the last thirty-two events is tabulated below.

| Event | West –East misclose (mm) | North –South misclose (mm) |
|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | AP2 > 34BE > AP1 | 34BE > AP6 |
| May 2007 | +2.4 | +6.4 |
| Nov 2007 | +2.7 | +3.1 |
| May 2008 | +13.2 | +4.0 |
| Nov 2008 | -8.1 | +7.3 |
| May2009 | +8.8 | +3.7 |
| Nov 2009 | -5.8 | +2.0 |
| May 2010 | -8.1 | +4.3 |
| Nov 2010 | -0.6 | +6.4 |
| May 2011 | +2.0 | +2.7 |
| Nov 2011 | +6.9 | +6.5 |
| May 2012 | +4.1 | +6.7 |

| | | |
|----------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Nov 2012 | +23.3 | +5.3 |
| May 2013 | +2.7 | +9.5 |
| Nov 2013 | -0.9 | +4.5 |
| May 2014 | -1.1 | +11.5 |
| Nov 2014 | -2.6 | +7.0 |
| May 2015 | +1.6 | +6.3 |
| Nov 2015 | -8.0 | +10.3 |
| May 2016 | +9.2 | +12.2 |
| | AP20 No 2 > AP2 > 34BE > AP1 | 34BE > AP6 |
| Nov 2016 | +14.2 | +3.6 |
| | AP19 > AP2 > 34BE > AP1 | 34BE > AP6 |
| May 2017 | +1.0 | +0.4 |
| Nov 2017 | -10.2 | -0.5 |
| May 2018 | +6.4 | +4.0 |
| Nov 2018 | -11.1 | +3.6 |
| | AP19 > AP2 > 34BE > AP1 > BUH5 | 34BE > AP6 |
| May 2019 | See page 2 | See page 2 |
| | | |
| | AP19 > AP2 > 34BE > AP1 > BUH5 | 34BE > AP6 |
| May 2019 | -7.9 | -6.9 |
| | AP19 > AP2 > 34BE > AP1 > BUH5 | 34BE > AP24A > 34BE |
| Nov 2019 | +0.3 | -1.3 |
| | AP19 > AP2 > 34BE > AP1 > BUH5 | 34BE > AP24A > C1 |
| May 2020 | -5.5 | -1.7 |
| Nov 2020 | -3.2 | -2.5 |
| May 2021 | -38.7 | -9.2 |
| Nov 2021 | -0.8 | +1.7 |
| May 2022 | +10.6 | +2.3 |
| Nov 2022 | +30.7 | +9.7 |

Extending Levelling

This levelling event included LINZ benchmarks AP2, AP20 No 2, AP19, (to the west of Waihi), AP1 and BUH5 (to the east of Waihi). AP24 a.k.a control mark AP6 (south of Waihi) and AP25 have been lost to road works. AP24A and C1 have been established as a replacement for the lost AP6 control mark in this vicinity. AP2 and AP20 No 2 have now been 'unfixed' and AP19 is the fixed benchmark west of Waihi. The 'fixed' elevation value for AP19 was deduced from LINZ data comparing the relative levels of AP19, AP2, AP20 No2, and AP24 dating back to the year 1990. East of Waihi, AP1 is now 'unfixed,

and there has never been any LINZ data for this mark although AP1 appears to be constructed to the same specifications as AP19 and AP26. The R.L. for the 'new' fixed eastern control mark (BUH5) was the mean value from two close values (relative to AP19) levelled in May 2021 and Nov 2021.

Photographs

The order of levelling of the monitoring points has now been fixed. This has been achieved by photographing all of the settlement points and placing them in 22 albums –generally in the order the points are to be levelled. This will achieve repeatable error distribution and should therefore give better results. I believe **all** the marks now have accurate GPS fixes. In the future, this should make the task of locating these marks easier if the marks are covered over by re-seal etc, or quickly confirm if the marks have definitely been 'lost' to street maintenance etc.

I recommend continuing these 'maintenance' details before or during the next levelling event.

Adjustments

Disturbed marks BM20 and 2.44 are excluded from the settlement contouring- as are marks F18, F20, and F24. All the above marks are excluded from the settlement contouring.

Mark 1.10A has been lost to site development as has mark 3.24. New Marks 34BC, 1.12B, and BARRY2B have had a 'previous history' deduced for settlement purposes.

Results

Two A1 plans are attached -one (T20230216A) is colour coded by seven zones as identified in the 'Settlement and Groundwater Monitoring Plan. The original Zone boundaries and 'trigger' settlement values have been modified to match *Engineering Geology Ltd* Drawing No. 8332-Fig 16.

This A1 plan "Total Settlement Contours" (T20230216A) shows the contours (in 20 millimetre intervals) deduced from the settlement marks. The locations of these settlement marks are shown with black 'stars'.

The second A1 plan "Total Settlement Values" (T20230216B) shows the location, station I.D., and total settlement value in millimetres for each mark.

The Settlement and Groundwater Monitoring Plan identifies gradients steeper than 1:1000 to be cause for concern. BM20 has been a large mover in the past and has been identified in past surveys as being placed on shrinking material. There are no buildings in this area anymore. I understand (from Mark Halloran) BM20A was placed near BM20 with a 'foot' bedded in firm ground. Significant differential settlement (1:121) is now occurring between BM20A and BM20 –sufficient to decide to omit BM20 from the settlement 'contour' calculation.

These contours represent the total negative (–ve) movement (or settlement) around Waihi since monitoring began.

The closest contours (omitting disturbed marks) are between marks 20AC and BM20A. The distance between these marks using GPS measurements, calculates at 126.706 metres, and show 0.1850 metres of relative vertical movement to give a gradient of 1:684. The distance between marks BM20A and 20D using GPS measurements, calculates at 137.047 metres, and shows 0.1689 metres of relative vertical movement to give a gradient of 1:811. The distance between marks 20C and BM20A, when checked by GPS measurements, calculates at 126.865 metres, and show 0.1423 metres of relative vertical movement to give a gradient of 1:891.

Some cracks are visible in the sealed pavements in this area of closest contours.

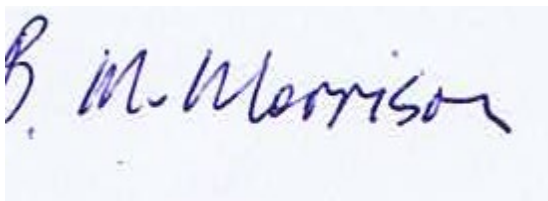
Table 1 (pages 3 -11) lists all the marks used for this settlement levelling event with the marks sorted first by Zone and then by settlement value. Marks that record 'exceedences' in terms of zone predictions (for Martha (2019)) are highlighted with colour and have comments attached. All marks that 'exceeded' in Table 1 were analysed further and field inspections were conducted where required.

The comments included below attempt to explain the probable reason for 'excess' movement. The comments are *Dist'd* for BM20 in Zone 6. For Zone4, 4 of the 5 marks are near Zone 5. For Zone 3, 12 of the 13 marks are located near Zone 4 or Zone 5. For Zone 2, 20 of the 21 marks are located near Zone 3 or Zone 4. For Zone 1, 2.44 is *Dist'd*, 13 of 15 other marks are located near Zone 2 or Zone 3.

The 'Favona' marks were installed for monitoring the effects of dewatering in the original underground mine area. The underlying original 'Martha' zone was Zone 3 and but the Favona marks were never given zone exceedence parameters in terms of the original Martha zones. The Favona marks all report significant settlement. Note marks F18, F20, and F24 are tentatively labelled as 'Dist'd' and not used for contouring the settlement.

The five extra 'Favona' settlement marks are again shown on the plan. These are FP1, BLOCK-S, BLOCK-N, TRIG 22, and TRIG 24. The settlements for these marks have generally been deduced relative to original reduced levels measured around the year 1987 –although FP1 (at the Favona portal) was established about the year 2000. The underlying zone for the Favona marks is now Zone 5 Martha (2019).

I understand that Time-History plots for all survey marks grouped by zone will be produced by other persons in accordance with the "Settlement and Groundwater Monitoring Plan 31 July 2005"



Bruce Morrison

Registered Professional Surveyor

Table 1. Total Movement

| | Zone | station i.d. | SURVEY | | TOTAL Z | SETTLEMENT | | |
|---|-------|--------------|-----------|---------|------------|------------|---------|----------|
| | | | DATE | X | | Y | Nov-22 | Comments |
| 1 | Zone7 | BM19B | 1/11/2022 | 2117.17 | 1244.355 | 35.5269 | -0.3405 | |
| 1 | Zone7 | 19BB | 1/11/2022 | 2191.56 | 1292.022 | 35.5218 | -0.3371 | |
| 1 | Zone7 | 17CB | 1/11/2022 | 2014.23 | 1201.01 | 35.458 | -0.3188 | |

| 3 | Zone6 | BM20 | 1/11/2022 | 2342.50 | 1476.25 | 35.5722 | -0.4081 | Dist'd |
|---|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--------|
| 1 | Zone6 | BM20A | 1/11/2022 | 2345.50 | 1484.90 | 35.7456 | -0.3327 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 19CB | 1/11/2022 | 2296.71 | 1381.4 | 34.9129 | -0.3182 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 17BB | 1/11/2022 | 1919.52 | 1160.787 | 37.3501 | -0.2828 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 17AB | 1/11/2022 | 1841.32 | 1104.802 | 36.8705 | -0.2494 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 34GC | 1/11/2022 | 2211.33 | 1119.517 | 32.1247 | -0.2285 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 2.04B | 1/11/2022 | 1893.21 | 968.34 | 29.0811 | -0.2107 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 18C | 1/11/2022 | 1494.95 | 767.193 | 27.4574 | -0.1975 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 34H | 1/11/2022 | 2233.59 | 970.56 | 32.1523 | -0.1965 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 18IB | 1/11/2022 | 1611.19 | 784.79 | 25.8216 | -0.195 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 18EE | 1/11/2022 | 1750.73 | 809.328 | 23.4275 | -0.1939 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 2.10 | 1/11/2022 | 2143.92 | 950.387 | 30.2805 | -0.1928 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 34AD | 1/11/2022 | 1470.88 | 886.92 | 29.7565 | -0.192 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 34BE | 1/11/2022 | 1732.56 | 931.60 | 28.3257 | -0.1821 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 10BC | 1/11/2022 | 1560.13 | 1062.92 | 38.0946 | -0.1779 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 34CB | 1/11/2022 | 1967.74 | 983.20 | 30.0324 | -0.1733 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 34FC | 1/11/2022 | 2120.79 | 587.931 | 19.0346 | -0.1731 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | BM34 | 1/11/2022 | 1528.38 | 903.30 | 30.3124 | -0.1727 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 10AB | 1/11/2022 | 1430.61 | 1036.998 | 34.9895 | -0.1716 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 11AC | 1/11/2022 | 1308.26 | 859.512 | 29.3283 | -0.1712 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | BM17A | 1/11/2022 | 1724.44 | 1088.919 | 40.0264 | -0.1655 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 18AB | 1/11/2022 | 1632.39 | 667.73 | 22.1342 | -0.1594 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 2.11C | 1/11/2022 | 2292.35 | 896.99 | 26.6118 | -0.1583 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 2.08B | 1/11/2022 | 2289.75 | 782.64 | 24.5335 | -0.1563 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 2.09C | 1/11/2022 | 2228.35 | 868.63 | 28.6389 | -0.15 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 1.28B | 1/11/2022 | 1987.03 | 447.706 | 12.0956 | -0.1498 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 34I | 1/11/2022 | 2229.55 | 765.534 | 28.4601 | -0.1435 | |
| 1 | Zone6 | 2.06 | 1/11/2022 | 2351.95 | 334.473 | 11.2788 | -0.1239 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | A10B | 1/11/2022 | 1298.62 | 1049.614 | 30.6777 | -0.1975 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | 20C | 1/11/2022 | 2450.61 | 1413.86 | 36.3177 | -0.1904 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | 21DC | 1/11/2022 | 2573.96 | 1304.152 | 37.751 | -0.1894 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | 20E | 1/11/2022 | 2535.65 | 1542.672 | 37.0734 | -0.1893 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25D | 1/11/2022 | 2547.05 | 1248.02 | 36.8536 | -0.1878 | |

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|---|-------|------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| 1 | Zone5 | 16BC | 1/11/2022 | 1252.81 | 1336.473 | 39.4439 | -0.1859 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25A | 1/11/2022 | 2505.13 | 1203.77 | 35.9276 | -0.1818 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25E | 1/11/2022 | 2472.35 | 1162.013 | 34.7646 | -0.1786 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 21O | 1/11/2022 | 2527.37 | 1356.342 | 35.9994 | -0.1772 |
| 1 | Zone5 | BM25 | 1/11/2022 | 2424.91 | 1100.25 | 33.4719 | -0.1768 |
| 1 | Zone5 | BM16 | 1/11/2022 | 1418.09 | 1218.03 | 46.4274 | -0.1762 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 10DC | 1/11/2022 | 1279.04 | 1198.33 | 35.2905 | -0.1761 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 21N | 1/11/2022 | 2623.25 | 1342.435 | 38.2787 | -0.1721 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25H | 1/11/2022 | 2648.48 | 1232.956 | 38.9079 | -0.1691 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25CB | 1/11/2022 | 2615.91 | 1190.496 | 38.2837 | -0.1688 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 10CB | 1/11/2022 | 1222.46 | 1025.855 | 29.7678 | -0.1685 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 2.41 | 1/11/2022 | 3296.32 | 685.398 | 46.2506 | -0.1685 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25G | 1/11/2022 | 2594.60 | 1149.415 | 37.5765 | -0.1685 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25F | 1/11/2022 | 2542.53 | 1116.24 | 35.9881 | -0.1656 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 20D | 1/11/2022 | 2482.07 | 1473.478 | 36.5549 | -0.1638 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25B | 1/11/2022 | 2497.67 | 1105.828 | 34.8179 | -0.162 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 34EB | 1/11/2022 | 2073.93 | 705.95 | 24.6319 | -0.1601 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 12CE | 1/11/2022 | 1499.92 | 543.077 | 20.9774 | -0.1598 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 2.03 | 1/11/2022 | 1930.08 | 745.94 | 22.5876 | -0.1586 |
| 1 | Zone5 | BM12 | 1/11/2022 | 1370.27 | 607.735 | 23.9513 | -0.1578 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24DC | 1/11/2022 | 2718.29 | 1323.127 | 39.6252 | -0.1574 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 21C | 1/11/2022 | 2651.57 | 1389.816 | 38.4567 | -0.1568 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 18F | 1/11/2022 | 1752.28 | 551.027 | 17.3255 | -0.1564 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 13AC | 1/11/2022 | 1751.98 | 327.376 | 18.591 | -0.1562 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 18B | 1/11/2022 | 1510.36 | 650.578 | 23.5549 | -0.1546 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 2A | 1/11/2022 | 1069.03 | 1111.858 | 23.7931 | -0.1543 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24L | 1/11/2022 | 2761.67 | 1181.326 | 39.3157 | -0.1533 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 18G | 1/11/2022 | 1669.05 | 554.602 | 18.4711 | -0.1527 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24K | 1/11/2022 | 2783.89 | 1387.719 | 40.6067 | -0.1526 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 34D | 1/11/2022 | 2038.90 | 783.431 | 25.3381 | -0.1522 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 21EB | 1/11/2022 | 2799.95 | 1429.087 | 41.6248 | -0.151 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 22F | 1/11/2022 | 2815.91 | 1325.407 | 40.222 | -0.1497 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 25I | 1/11/2022 | 2537.20 | 1045.036 | 34.6812 | -0.1494 |

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|---|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| 1 | Zone5 | 24J | 1/11/2022 | 2749.39 | 1365.756 | 40.2245 | -0.1487 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 1.28A | 1/11/2022 | 1888.26 | 505.887 | 13.2077 | -0.1485 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 20AC | 1/11/2022 | 2461.04 | 1536.905 | 37.0139 | -0.1477 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 15A | 1/11/2022 | 1204.79 | 818.86 | 28.7651 | -0.1472 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24E | 1/11/2022 | 2758.43 | 1303.234 | 40.3527 | -0.1471 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24AC | 1/11/2022 | 2743.58 | 1218.90 | 40.0794 | -0.1469 |
| 1 | Zone5 | BM18 | 1/11/2022 | 1771.96 | 674.53 | 19.4258 | -0.1468 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 4DB | 1/11/2022 | 1033.26 | 1550.66 | 32.2339 | -0.1468 |
| 1 | Zone5 | BM24 | 1/11/2022 | 2794.55 | 1279.361 | 40.3886 | -0.1463 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24F | 1/11/2022 | 2772.80 | 1257.274 | 40.1186 | -0.1461 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 12DC | 1/11/2022 | 1596.95 | 435.491 | 19.9615 | -0.1449 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 12AC | 1/11/2022 | 1388.32 | 488.888 | 19.0429 | -0.1439 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 13BC | 1/11/2022 | 1850.36 | 246.587 | 13.7195 | -0.1434 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 20BB | 1/11/2022 | 2533.26 | 1622.29 | 37.8703 | -0.1431 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 15BC | 1/11/2022 | 1169.90 | 708.86 | 26.3263 | -0.1418 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 18HC | 1/11/2022 | 1821.52 | 466.47 | 14.8869 | -0.1417 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 21M | 1/11/2022 | 2694.90 | 1439.648 | 39.1765 | -0.1416 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24G | 1/11/2022 | 2705.96 | 1170.464 | 39.7891 | -0.141 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 4B | 1/11/2022 | 1021.54 | 1448.629 | 31.2374 | -0.1393 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24B | 1/11/2022 | 2667.67 | 1126.399 | 39.3692 | -0.1385 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 11BB | 1/11/2022 | 1348.57 | 710.573 | 26.9237 | -0.1381 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 2BC | 1/11/2022 | 970.20 | 1241.90 | 30.3699 | -0.1380 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 20F | 1/11/2022 | 2605.79 | 1575.98 | 37.5647 | -0.1351 |
| 1 | Zone5 | BM21 | 1/11/2022 | 2654.80 | 1515.397 | 39.4195 | -0.135 |
| 1 | Zone5 | AP22A | 1/11/2022 | 1868.44 | 188.565 | 12.407 | -0.1349 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 12BC | 1/11/2022 | 1405.27 | 368.295 | 14.9152 | -0.1338 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 21BC | 1/11/2022 | 2719.27 | 1477.799 | 41.2627 | -0.1338 |
| 1 | Zone5 | BM13 | 1/11/2022 | 1426.61 | 269.34 | 13.5725 | -0.1333 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 21K | 1/11/2022 | 2681.11 | 1572.207 | 39.9934 | -0.1326 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 24H | 1/11/2022 | 2630.70 | 1072.279 | 36.1476 | -0.1315 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 2.17A | 1/11/2022 | 3085.76 | 555.866 | 36.9019 | -0.1311 |
| 1 | Zone5 | BM9B | 1/11/2022 | 1220.25 | 1523.285 | 34.7414 | -0.1204 |
| 1 | Zone5 | 30C | 1/11/2022 | 2573.54 | 1675.395 | 38.438 | -0.119 |

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|---|-------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|
| 1 | Zone5 | 7CB | 1/11/2022 | 1161.74 | 1597.63 | 30.6018 | -0.1186 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | AP3 | 1/11/2022 | 918.94 | 1140.585 | 26.062 | -0.1133 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | 26Q | 1/11/2022 | 1963.00 | 1982.71 | 73.6618 | -0.0987 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | 26R | 1/11/2022 | 1905.59 | 1927.165 | 71.3461 | -0.0976 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | 26PB | 1/11/2022 | 1834.84 | 1893.106 | 67.9339 | -0.0968 | |
| 1 | Zone5 | 26F | 1/11/2022 | 1392.77 | 1680.261 | 43.8483 | -0.0963 | |
| 3 | Zone5 | 1.10A | 1/11/2022 | 1599.70 | 278.938 | lost | Lost | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 23C | 1/11/2022 | 2856.14 | 1068.014 | 37.5444 | -0.2164 | Nr Zone 5 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 23AB | 1/11/2022 | 3145.42 | 1078.73 | 37.1879 | -0.1836 | ? |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22C | 1/11/2022 | 2846.39 | 1352.544 | 40.3044 | -0.1704 | Nr Zone 5 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.24 | 1/11/2022 | 2885.91 | 1215.469 | 41.2723 | -0.1682 | Nr zone 5 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 23D | 1/11/2022 | 2861.42 | 1154.885 | 38.8527 | -0.1617 | Nr Zone 5 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.25 | 1/11/2022 | 2874.51 | 1097.261 | 37.9734 | -0.1571 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | BANK1 | 1/11/2022 | 2866.21 | 1023.248 | 37.7965 | -0.1567 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22GB | 1/11/2022 | 2862.88 | 1387.968 | 40.8343 | -0.1554 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.19B | 1/11/2022 | 3270.21 | 916.063 | 38.5557 | -0.1553 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | MATAURA1 | 1/11/2022 | 2831.84 | 1250.806 | 41.0577 | -0.1545 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.14A | 1/11/2022 | 2853.28 | 838.669 | 41.313 | -0.1525 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | BARRY1 | 1/11/2022 | 3047.74 | 926.576 | 38.1137 | -0.1525 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 23B | 1/11/2022 | 2856.49 | 949.794 | 38.7463 | -0.1523 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | MORTON | 1/11/2022 | 2975.42 | 1231.913 | 40.7068 | -0.1513 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | BARRY4B | 1/11/2022 | 3320.16 | 912.693 | 38.8851 | -0.1477 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | BARRY3 | 1/11/2022 | 3176.85 | 895.991 | 37.6857 | -0.1477 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.18 | 1/11/2022 | 3218.04 | 712.756 | 44.5429 | -0.1472 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22E | 1/11/2022 | 3055.20 | 1231.504 | 40.7796 | -0.1465 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | BARRY5 | 1/11/2022 | 3397.59 | 904.647 | 40.9882 | -0.1463 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.23 | 1/11/2022 | 3560.02 | 1212.795 | 36.6318 | -0.1452 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | BARRY6 | 1/11/2022 | 3432.52 | 904.356 | 42.4737 | -0.1451 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2HB | 1/11/2022 | 1078.24 | 886.849 | 24.3849 | -0.1446 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.20 | 1/11/2022 | 3467.69 | 904.56 | 43.7795 | -0.1428 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | BM23 | 1/11/2022 | 3107.42 | 921.049 | 38.088 | -0.1414 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 23E | 1/11/2022 | 2774.82 | 972.514 | 37.7137 | -0.141 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22BC | 1/11/2022 | 2916.75 | 1435.77 | 42.097 | -0.1408 | |

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|---|-------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| 1 | Zone4 | 22M | 1/11/2022 | 2973.44 | 1434.656 | 41.6655 | -0.14 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22H | 1/11/2022 | 2869.25 | 1441.796 | 41.6138 | -0.1393 |
| 1 | Zone4 | BARRY2B | 1/11/2022 | 2937.67 | 943.59 | 38.5558 | -0.1389 |
| 1 | Zone4 | STAFORD | 1/11/2022 | 3139.86 | 998.179 | 37.3156 | -0.1388 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.22 | 1/11/2022 | 3339.13 | 1206.603 | 40.3457 | -0.1381 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 1.11B | 1/11/2022 | 1675.83 | 133.62 | 9.0255 | -0.1380 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21P | 1/11/2022 | 2849.17 | 1456.9 | 41.8464 | -0.1368 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22I | 1/11/2022 | 2918.98 | 1461.367 | 41.9126 | -0.1366 |
| 1 | Zone4 | BARRY7 | 1/11/2022 | 3518.87 | 901.897 | 43.6075 | -0.1355 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.16 | 1/11/2022 | 3007.62 | 739.64 | 33.5932 | -0.1353 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.15 | 1/11/2022 | 2918.94 | 723.52 | 38.3631 | -0.1349 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22L | 1/11/2022 | 3047.70 | 1499.876 | 40.9881 | -0.1348 |
| 1 | Zone4 | GW | 1/11/2022 | 3128.83 | 1140.936 | 38.5379 | -0.1342 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22A | 1/11/2022 | 3003.28 | 1429.771 | 41.6385 | -0.1335 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22D | 1/11/2022 | 3100.02 | 1335.441 | 41.4467 | -0.133 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.13 | 1/11/2022 | 2725.42 | 874.951 | 47.2119 | -0.1307 |
| 1 | Zone4 | BM2 | 1/11/2022 | 915.74 | 1091.799 | 24.8243 | -0.13 |
| 1 | Zone4 | AP100 | 1/11/2022 | 1893.80 | 81.27 | 11.7812 | -0.1291 |
| 1 | Zone4 | CUBA | 1/11/2022 | 3224.32 | 1079.177 | 35.8249 | -0.1291 |
| 1 | Zone4 | BARRY8 | 1/11/2022 | 3592.28 | 871.451 | 37.9339 | -0.129 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 1.05 | 1/11/2022 | 1176.96 | 473.454 | 21.812 | -0.1287 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22J | 1/11/2022 | 2944.47 | 1489.763 | 42.4192 | -0.1284 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21FB | 1/11/2022 | 2861.65 | 1512.211 | 42.6444 | -0.1281 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27KB | 1/11/2022 | 2320.23 | 2120.206 | 63.326 | -0.127 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 26BE | 1/11/2022 | 1408.78 | 1800.553 | 38.8046 | -0.1268 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21AC | 1/11/2022 | 2716.64 | 1617.767 | 39.6854 | -0.1246 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21L | 1/11/2022 | 2806.79 | 1575.074 | 43.0798 | -0.1243 |
| 1 | Zone4 | BM22 | 1/11/2022 | 3115.79 | 1442.95 | 40.6141 | -0.1232 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 23F | 1/11/2022 | 2700.77 | 968.793 | 36.6603 | -0.1228 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.29B | 1/11/2022 | 2953.39 | 1548.172 | 42.5846 | -0.1209 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 26CE | 1/11/2022 | 1377.77 | 1711.891 | 40.5883 | -0.1205 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.27 | 1/11/2022 | 3379.40 | 1371.481 | 37.7522 | -0.1205 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 15C | 1/11/2022 | 1156.82 | 571.077 | 24.2036 | -0.1194 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2GB | 1/11/2022 | 922.38 | 967.661 | 22.6705 | -0.1185 |

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|---|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| 1 | Zone4 | 1.26 | 1/11/2022 | 1926.81 | 30.05 | 15.0925 | -0.1170 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21Q | 1/11/2022 | 2899.60 | 1571.317 | 43.1232 | -0.1169 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 1.06 | 1/11/2022 | 1159.34 | 302.26 | 17.2163 | -0.1149 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27N | 1/11/2022 | 2179.57 | 2075.985 | 71.9052 | -0.1144 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 22KB | 1/11/2022 | 2981.80 | 1603.49 | 42.8457 | -0.1132 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 30BB | 1/11/2022 | 2604.86 | 1726.496 | 41.5454 | -0.1124 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21I | 1/11/2022 | 2854.70 | 1668.793 | 41.6396 | -0.112 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21GC | 1/11/2022 | 2901.12 | 1614.054 | 43.4393 | -0.1105 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21J | 1/11/2022 | 2773.44 | 1688.923 | 39.9576 | -0.1101 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 4.08 | 1/11/2022 | 2350.64 | 2022.324 | 73.2063 | -0.1089 |
| 1 | Zone4 | SM822 | 1/11/2022 | 2512.91 | 1841.132 | 41.4531 | -0.1085 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27E | 1/11/2022 | 2494.09 | 2171.622 | 50.3385 | -0.1073 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.31B | 1/11/2022 | 3201.23 | 1637.289 | 42.0887 | -0.1065 |
| 1 | Zone4 | BM15 | 1/11/2022 | 976.94 | 783.004 | 20.5139 | -0.1055 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 2.30B | 1/11/2022 | 3000.35 | 1672.94 | 43.1666 | -0.1032 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 7BB | 1/11/2022 | 1105.69 | 1689.90 | 35.9298 | -0.1023 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 1.09B | 1/11/2022 | 1344.14 | 117.48 | 9.9248 | -0.1015 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 21HC | 1/11/2022 | 2916.84 | 1728.842 | 42.878 | -0.1006 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 3.01 | 1/11/2022 | 1291.95 | 1690.334 | 37.287 | -0.0976 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27J | 1/11/2022 | 2344.14 | 2136.138 | 62.127 | -0.0974 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 4.07 | 1/11/2022 | 2554.47 | 2079.237 | 45.0446 | -0.0973 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27H | 1/11/2022 | 2413.27 | 2149.757 | 57.0221 | -0.0969 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 3.04B | 1/11/2022 | 1123.76 | 1821.498 | 39.2743 | -0.0939 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 26AE | 1/11/2022 | 1432.47 | 1883.479 | 37.5442 | -0.0937 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27I | 1/11/2022 | 2385.10 | 2141.94 | 59.5229 | -0.0921 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 3.11A | 1/11/2022 | 1786.17 | 1929.216 | 62.1397 | -0.0904 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 26H | 1/11/2022 | 1452.90 | 1729.593 | 49.954 | -0.0901 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27AB | 1/11/2022 | 2009.08 | 2064.334 | 73.4703 | -0.0898 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 26MB | 1/11/2022 | 1593.46 | 1750.663 | 58.9611 | -0.089 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27F | 1/11/2022 | 2466.48 | 2164.026 | 52.3154 | -0.0877 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 4.05 | 1/11/2022 | 2809.68 | 1897.68 | 40.616 | -0.0876 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 3.02 | 1/11/2022 | 1344.87 | 1837.735 | 34.9356 | -0.087 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 3.09 | 1/11/2022 | 1618.51 | 1870.174 | 51.9121 | -0.0867 |
| 1 | Zone4 | 26JB | 1/11/2022 | 1495.71 | 1756.55 | 53.722 | -0.0854 |
| 1 | Zone4 | BM30 | 1/11/2022 | 2715.36 | 1996.207 | 44.0816 | -0.0854 |


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|---|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|
| 1 | Zone4 | 3.10A | 1/11/2022 | 1689.03 | 1978.29 | 53.4275 | -0.0837 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27L | 1/11/2022 | 2280.24 | 2115.405 | 65.8336 | -0.0824 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27O | 1/11/2022 | 2101.57 | 2042.821 | 75.017 | -0.0813 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 30AB | 1/11/2022 | 2685.64 | 1898.443 | 46.2317 | -0.0805 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 3.13 | 1/11/2022 | 1744.89 | 2097.492 | 53.7542 | -0.0795 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 27DC | 1/11/2022 | 2541.24 | 2190.709 | 48.1844 | -0.0783 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | BM26 | 1/11/2022 | 1542.45 | 1837.805 | 45.4157 | -0.0764 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 26OB | 1/11/2022 | 1706.93 | 1812.27 | 67.1741 | -0.0684 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 1.12B | 1/11/2022 | 794.14 | -73.011 | 11.0368 | -0.0679 | |
| 1 | Zone4 | 3.6A | 1/11/2022 | 1526.28 | 2015.739 | 38.912 | -0.0586 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 2CE | 1/11/2022 | 774.75 | 1313.191 | 34.6024 | -0.1258 | Nr Zone 5 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 2.34 | 1/11/2022 | 3452.45 | 1683.502 | 37.7024 | -0.1106 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 14DB | 1/11/2022 | 876.99 | 411.215 | 15.1448 | -0.109 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | A33C | 1/11/2022 | 456.03 | 1219.226 | 35.8432 | -0.0996 | Nr 2CE above |
| 1 | Zone3 | 2.36 | 1/11/2022 | 3433.14 | 1534.879 | 35.9166 | -0.0992 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 2.33 | 1/11/2022 | 3294.51 | 1691.952 | 40.2962 | -0.0989 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 4EC | 1/11/2022 | 782.01 | 1687.78 | 41.1148 | -0.098 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 1.25 | 1/11/2022 | 2175.94 | -129.105 | 20.0521 | -0.0974 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 2.40B | 1/11/2022 | 3572.85 | 1526.452 | 33.1444 | -0.0973 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 4A | 1/11/2022 | 815.01 | 1494.154 | 40.6796 | -0.0964 | Nr Zone 5 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 4.02 | 1/11/2022 | 2797.90 | 2143.571 | 45.756 | -0.0963 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 1.07 | 1/11/2022 | 924.43 | 267.487 | 12.4888 | -0.0954 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | 31BC | 1/11/2022 | 3159.33 | 1954.857 | 45.4903 | -0.0951 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone3 | BM31 | 1/11/2022 | 2967.04 | 1873.475 | 43.2741 | -0.0947 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 2FC | 1/11/2022 | 720.33 | 843.055 | 23.9148 | -0.0945 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 15DB | 1/11/2022 | 917.56 | 466.148 | 15.5893 | -0.0915 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 2DA | 1/11/2022 | 682.15 | 1189.579 | 35.7992 | -0.0909 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 14EA | 1/11/2022 | 808.56 | 504.723 | 17.0799 | -0.0899 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 4.03B | 1/11/2022 | 2794.90 | 2044.783 | 43.7937 | -0.0899 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 4.01C | 1/11/2022 | 2891.78 | 2113.15 | 47.2917 | -0.0898 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 31AC | 1/11/2022 | 3059.04 | 1910.63 | 44.0575 | -0.0886 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 4.04 | 1/11/2022 | 2662.60 | 2131.765 | 45.9107 | -0.0871 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 14CB | 1/11/2022 | 759.10 | 389.77 | 18.8089 | -0.0868 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 29DB | 1/11/2022 | 2996.63 | 2106.66 | 47.7967 | -0.0864 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 2EB | 1/11/2022 | 689.02 | 1054.621 | 29.251 | -0.0848 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|
| 1 | Zone3 | 14BC | 1/11/2022 | 535.45 | 340.672 | 20.9013 | -0.0845 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 1.08 | 1/11/2022 | 1052.91 | 107.171 | 16.5138 | -0.0838 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 14FB | 1/11/2022 | 705.60 | 649.144 | 20.14 | -0.0806 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 1.21A | 1/11/2022 | 1939.94 | -325.504 | 19.6515 | -0.0801 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 3.25 | 1/11/2022 | 3116.90 | 2107.06 | 49.8032 | -0.0780 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 1.22 | 1/11/2022 | 1510.00 | -249.93 | 15.8584 | -0.0748 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 29CE | 1/11/2022 | 2891.84 | 2285.59 | 51.5625 | -0.0712 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 29AC | 1/11/2022 | 2641.62 | 2218.071 | 48.5098 | -0.0695 | |
| 1 | Zone3 | 29B | 1/11/2022 | 2772.84 | 2242.217 | 49.9944 | -0.0555 | |
| 3 | Zone3 | 3.24 | 1/11/2022 | 3017.29 | 2258.712 | lost | lost | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 3.14 | 1/11/2022 | 1752.75 | 2214.323 | 48.745 | -0.0875 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1K | 1/11/2022 | 511.74 | 957.174 | 29.5855 | -0.0872 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 7AC | 1/11/2022 | 994.54 | 1781.82 | 43.5101 | -0.0859 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 3.03 | 1/11/2022 | 1134.46 | 1917.237 | 39.3347 | -0.0843 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 3.12 | 1/11/2022 | 1599.68 | 2152.41 | 40.2543 | -0.0790 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone2 | BM4 | 1/11/2022 | 689.21 | 1555.55 | 42.2648 | -0.0787 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | BM7 | 1/11/2022 | 1057.32 | 1843.07 | 44.1014 | -0.0787 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 3.07 | 1/11/2022 | 1362.08 | 2096.818 | 48.032 | -0.0741 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1JB | 1/11/2022 | 604.79 | 822.761 | 26.3987 | -0.0741 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 33F | 1/11/2022 | 347.95 | 1511.68 | 42.0341 | -0.0738 | Nr 4FB below |
| 1 | Zone2 | 4FB | 1/11/2022 | 562.51 | 1370.97 | 39.3598 | -0.0735 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 6A | 1/11/2022 | 946.43 | 1928.115 | 47.4978 | -0.0733 | Nr Zone 4 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 33A | 1/11/2022 | 338.15 | 1303.89 | 36.7114 | -0.0717 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1C | 1/11/2022 | 421.48 | 1098.89 | 34.7807 | -0.0713 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 33E | 1/11/2022 | 437.71 | 1437.524 | 40.9774 | -0.0697 | Nr 4FB above |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1I | 1/11/2022 | 468.34 | 761.228 | 27.2619 | -0.0685 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1.04 | 1/11/2022 | 795.98 | 129.359 | 12.7901 | -0.0684 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | BM6 | 1/11/2022 | 881.86 | 1837.081 | 46.2196 | -0.0682 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 33DB | 1/11/2022 | 265.40 | 1714.719 | 46.3555 | -0.0672 | ? |
| 1 | Zone2 | BM14 | 1/11/2022 | 718.16 | 485.955 | 19.8236 | -0.0659 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1B | 1/11/2022 | 337.50 | 1062.935 | 33.9944 | -0.0653 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone2 | 5C | 1/11/2022 | 705.43 | 1754.71 | 45.1558 | -0.0647 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 3.15 | 1/11/2022 | 1696.24 | 2315.821 | 39.091 | -0.0616 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 3.22A | 1/11/2022 | 2891.15 | 2398.649 | 56.649 | -0.0608 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 14AC | 1/11/2022 | 515.17 | 457.622 | 24.0134 | -0.0606 | |

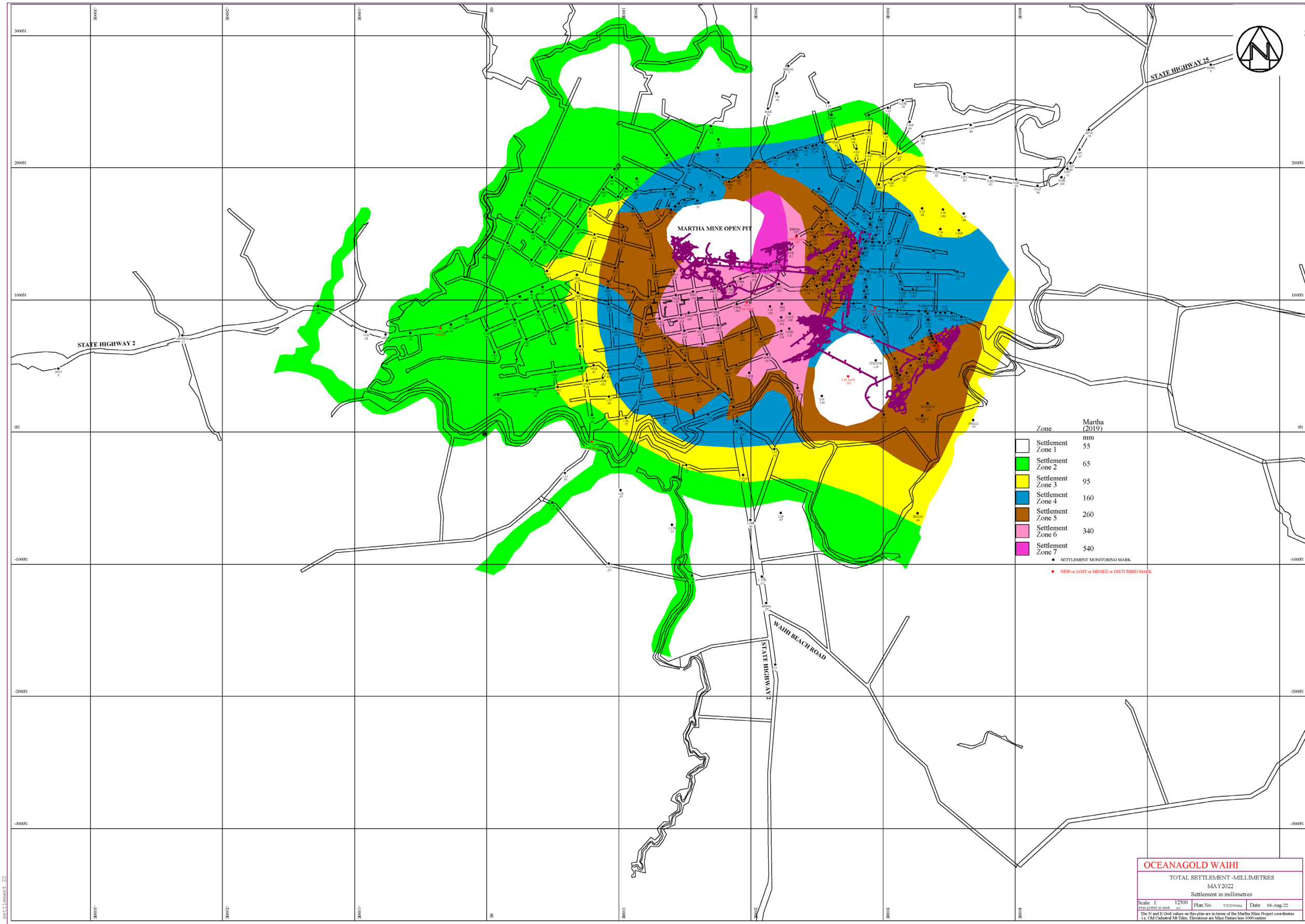
| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|
| 1 | Zone2 | 33GA | 1/11/2022 | 415.95 | 1621.64 | 45.3413 | -0.0604 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | BM29 | 1/11/2022 | 2608.80 | 2400.756 | 55.9534 | -0.0596 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1EB | 1/11/2022 | 388.60 | 912.09 | 30.4208 | -0.0593 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1FB | 1/11/2022 | 210.46 | 850.779 | 29.8203 | -0.0591 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1HC | 1/11/2022 | 299.70 | 702.8 | 27.0356 | -0.0554 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 5AC | 1/11/2022 | 470.30 | 1688.454 | 47.0266 | -0.0544 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1A | 1/11/2022 | 249.92 | 1026.38 | 33.324 | -0.0541 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1O | 1/11/2022 | -271.35 | 814.183 | 22.7058 | -0.0539 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 33B | 1/11/2022 | 156.88 | 1430.80 | 34.404 | -0.0531 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | BM5 | 1/11/2022 | 325.93 | 1806.47 | 47.7954 | -0.0527 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 33C | 1/11/2022 | 222.53 | 1621.241 | 44.4011 | -0.052 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1GB | 1/11/2022 | -2.87 | 769.74 | 29.2841 | -0.0515 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | BM1 | 1/11/2022 | 152.75 | 994.869 | 32.7672 | -0.05 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1.03B | 1/11/2022 | 365.55 | 323.37 | 19.3768 | -0.0498 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 3.05 | 1/11/2022 | 966.29 | 1990.77 | 47.181 | -0.0497 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1.02D | 1/11/2022 | 85.42 | 283.3 | 18.65 | -0.0497 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1ME | 1/11/2022 | -155.40 | 879.887 | 26.0952 | -0.0492 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1.01 | 1/11/2022 | 56.47 | 604.075 | 25.4405 | -0.0471 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1RA | 1/11/2022 | -579.06 | 750.356 | 16.729 | -0.0403 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1.14 | 1/11/2022 | 496.74 | -535.10 | 8.4339 | -0.0333 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | AP2 | 1/11/2022 | 1276.40 | 954.13 | 5.7666 | -0.0312 | |
| 1 | Zone2 | 1.16 | 1/11/2022 | 1552.97 | -1086.27 | 18.3528 | -0.0233 | |
| 3 | Zone1 | 2.44 | 1/11/2022 | 2734.64 | 421.025 | 27.2491 | -0.579 | Dist'd |
| 1 | Zone1 | 2.05 | 1/11/2022 | 2535.68 | 272.68 | 20.7629 | -0.1181 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 31FC | 1/11/2022 | 3614.22 | 1954.151 | 43.3996 | -0.1042 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 31NE | 1/11/2022 | 4349.43 | 1927.421 | 33.3254 | -0.1039 | ? |
| 1 | Zone1 | 31LC | 1/11/2022 | 4168.53 | 1862.106 | 32.0673 | -0.1006 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 2.35 | 1/11/2022 | 3609.80 | 1652.681 | 34.0866 | -0.0995 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 28AE | 1/11/2022 | 2128.26 | 2448.76 | 85.8917 | -0.0938 | Nr Zone 2 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 31DD | 1/11/2022 | 3400.43 | 1989.83 | 46.6695 | -0.0932 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 31JD | 1/11/2022 | 4005.65 | 1911.423 | 35.5324 | -0.0925 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 31HC | 1/11/2022 | 3810.83 | 1924.654 | 40.3037 | -0.0924 | Nr Zone 3 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 31PC | 1/11/2022 | 4393.52 | 1991.662 | 37.7082 | -0.0751 | ? |
| 1 | Zone1 | 31QC | 1/11/2022 | 4417.71 | 2035.374 | 39.6072 | -0.0707 | ? |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|---------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------------|
| 1 | Zone1 | 3.16 | 1/11/2022 | 2195.60 | 2563.077 | 95.5871 | -0.0689 | Nr 28AE above |
| 1 | Zone1 | 3.30 | 1/11/2022 | 3296.29 | 2235.94 | 50.3661 | -0.0624 | Nr Zone 2 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 3.21 | 1/11/2022 | 2585.77 | 2493.375 | 64.919 | -0.0586 | Nr Zone 2 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 3.26B | 1/11/2022 | 3200.09 | 2347.92 | 55.4023 | -0.0578 | Nr Zone 2 |
| 1 | Zone1 | 3.23 | 1/11/2022 | 3035.80 | 2453.651 | 59.6085 | -0.0545 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 3.29 | 1/11/2022 | 3662.64 | 2323.53 | 44.9036 | -0.0532 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 3.27B | 1/11/2022 | 3148.37 | 2510.53 | 60.2654 | -0.0523 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 1.20B | 1/11/2022 | 1995.49 | -664.093 | 22.0237 | -0.0499 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 1.24 | 1/11/2022 | 2225.16 | -613.23 | 16.6878 | -0.0465 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 1.23 | 1/11/2022 | 1013.01 | -440.77 | 13.2592 | -0.0456 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | AP2A | 1/11/2022 | -766.18 | 738.506 | 12.3083 | -0.0433 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 1.13 | 1/11/2022 | 591.36 | -310.797 | 7.0477 | -0.0433 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | AP1A | 1/11/2022 | 4557.10 | 2288.33 | 42.4602 | -0.0378 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | AP1 | 1/11/2022 | 4486.29 | 2137.01 | 41.3565 | -0.0357 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 1UA | 1/11/2022 | -914.75 | 759.054 | 8.7232 | -0.0332 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 1.27B | 1/11/2022 | 1401.56 | -701.57 | 15.3255 | -0.0329 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 1.17B | 1/11/2022 | 2082.20 | -1093.92 | 25.5749 | -0.0297 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | 1.15 | 1/11/2022 | 923.35 | -995.413 | 14.3413 | -0.0281 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | AP20No2 | 1/11/2022 | -2303.63 | 731.69 | 20.1846 | -0.0245 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | BM28/2 | 1/11/2022 | 2282.46 | 2770.684 | 101.8901 | -0.0033 | |
| 1 | Zone1 | AP19 | 1/11/2022 | 3242.58 | 480.68 | -6.5213 | 0.0000 | control |
| 1 | Zone1 | BUH5 | 1/11/2022 | 5480.15 | 2780.649 | 52.7029 | 0 | control |
| 1 | Zone1 | C1 | 1/11/2022 | 2183.23 | -1759.33 | 32.8139 | 0.0000 | control |
| 1 | Zone 1 | AP24A | 1/11/2022 | 2114.57 | -1292.93 | 28.0474 | -0.0277 | |
| 3 | Favona | F18 | 1/11/2022 | 3423.83 | 648.3 | 39.9719 | -0.363 | Dist'd? |
| 3 | Favona | F20 | 1/11/2022 | 3411.70 | 665.722 | 40.8965 | -0.3116 | Dist'd? |
| 1 | Favona | F17B | 1/11/2022 | 3405.48 | 613.912 | 43.9591 | -0.2836 | |
| 3 | Favona | F24 | 1/11/2022 | 3388.13 | 690.846 | 40.6094 | -0.2831 | Dist'd? |
| 1 | Favona | F21 | 1/11/2022 | 3405.99 | 671.998 | 40.7365 | -0.2808 | |
| 1 | Favona | F22 | 1/11/2022 | 3399.79 | 678.393 | 40.6792 | -0.2619 | |
| 1 | Favona | F15C | 1/11/2022 | 3297.17 | 585.319 | 57.3004 | -0.2156 | |
| 1 | Favona | BLOCK-S | 1/11/2022 | 3295.82 | 124.324 | 24.7998 | -0.2133 | |
| 1 | Favona | F16B | 1/11/2022 | 3367.38 | 578.696 | 46.3628 | -0.2067 | |
| 1 | Favona | F26 | 1/11/2022 | 3374.47 | 705.541 | 40.5736 | -0.1987 | |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| 1 | Favona | BLOCK-N | 1/11/2022 | 3336.45 | 215.694 | 24.2673 | -0.1968 |
| 1 | Favona | F10B | 1/11/2022 | 3176.88 | 446.75 | 49.2444 | -0.1881 |
| 1 | Favona | F12C | 1/11/2022 | 3207.32 | 503.824 | 53.471 | -0.1861 |
| 1 | Favona | F34C | 1/11/2022 | 3339.49 | 849.569 | 40.1627 | -0.1795 |
| 1 | Favona | F14C | 1/11/2022 | 3275.29 | 551.312 | 60.6331 | -0.1794 |
| 1 | Favona | F28B | 1/11/2022 | 3365.21 | 727.17 | 40.4948 | -0.1722 |
| 1 | Favona | F08A | 1/11/2022 | 3126.97 | 430.49 | 42.7178 | -0.1637 |
| 1 | Favona | F30B | 1/11/2022 | 3359.36 | 748.26 | 40.6799 | -0.1633 |
| 1 | Favona | F32B | 1/11/2022 | 3348.78 | 769.103 | 40.8439 | -0.1528 |
| 1 | Favona | F35B | 1/11/2022 | 3336.68 | 896.063 | 39.7496 | -0.1495 |
| 1 | Favona | F06 | 1/11/2022 | 3107.08 | 445.21 | 40.4746 | -0.147 |
| 1 | Favona | F04 | 1/11/2022 | 3100.96 | 470.88 | 38.6951 | -0.1426 |
| 1 | Favona | F02 | 1/11/2022 | 3097.60 | 490 | 38.1731 | -0.1406 |
| 1 | Favona | ITXCIVB | 1/11/2022 | 2943.85 | 542.17 | 32.5884 | -0.1386 |
| 1 | Favona | FP1 | 1/11/2022 | 3004.15 | 131.25 | 45.3886 | -0.1236 |
| 1 | Favona | TRIG 24 | 1/11/2022 | 3260.76 | -615.678 | 25.6556 | -0.0729 |
| 1 | Favona | TRIG 22 | 1/11/2022 | 3681.97 | 89.358 | 26.1205 | -0.0694 |

A handwritten signature in blue ink on a light blue background. The signature reads "B. M. Morrison" in a cursive, slightly slanted script.

Appendix C Plans of Settlement Marks & Contours

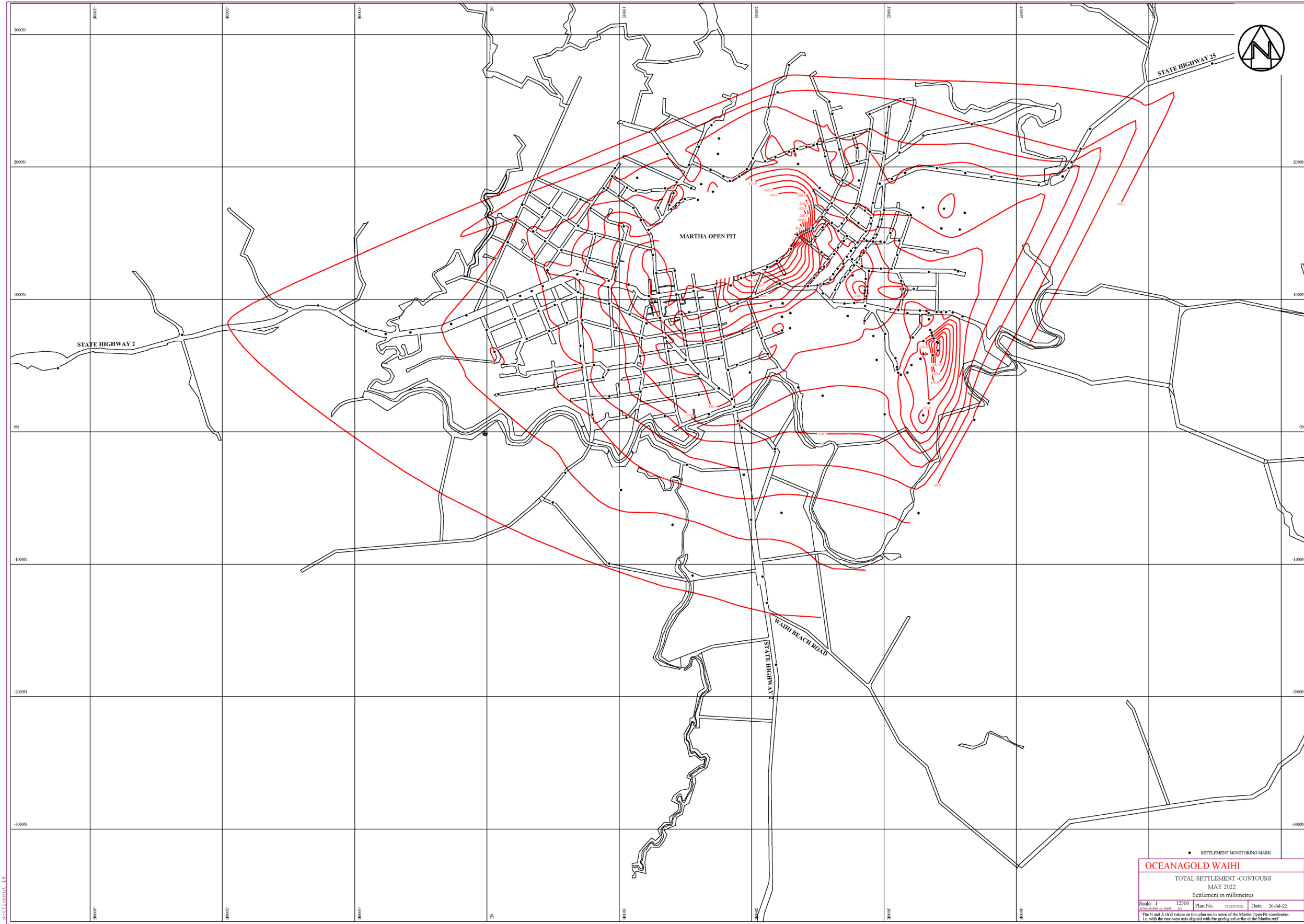


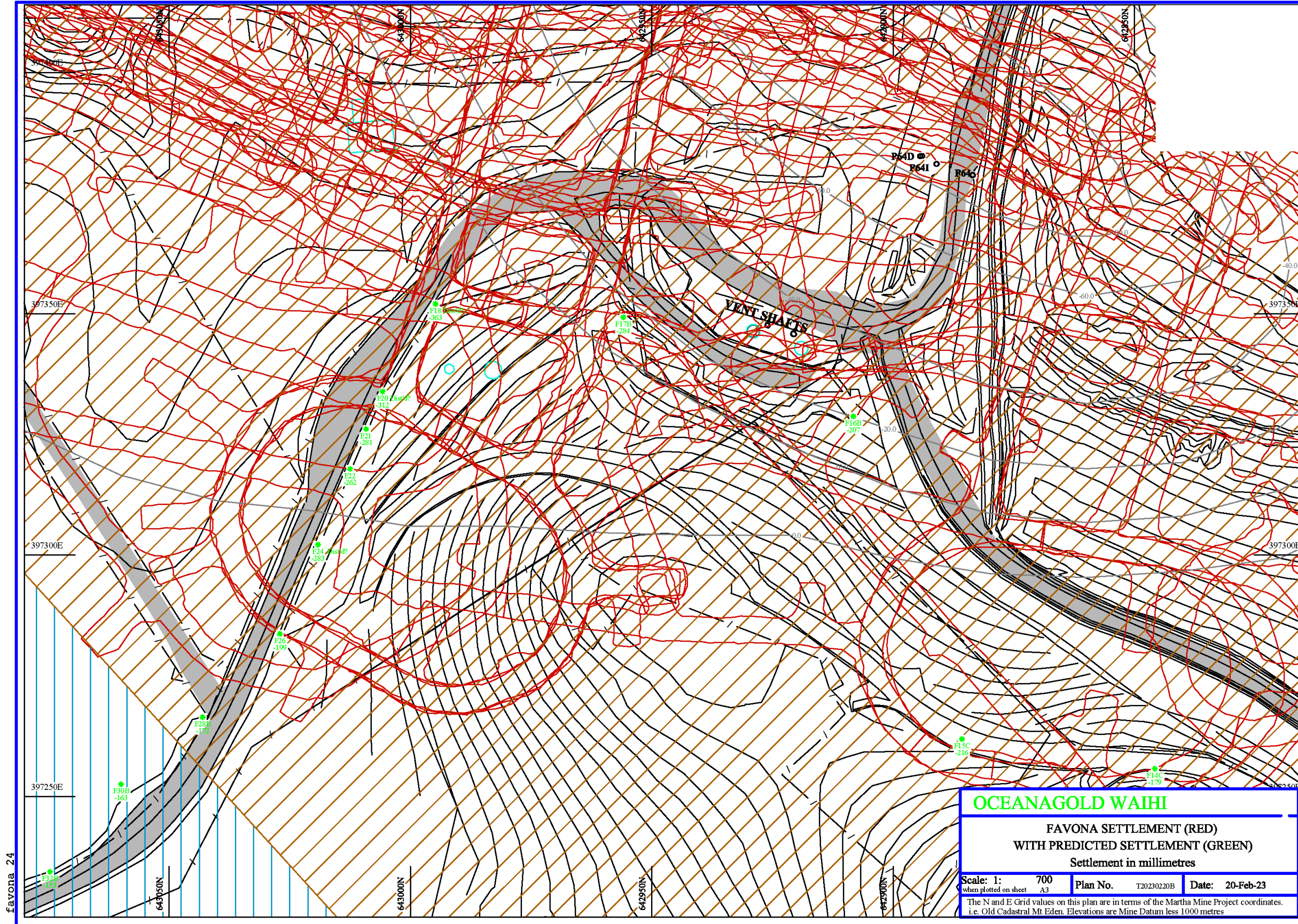
OCEANAGOLD WAIHI

TOTAL SETTLEMENT - MILLIMETRES
MAY 2022
Settlement in millimetres

| | | |
|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Scale: 1:12500 | Plan No. T20220504A | Date: 04-Aug-22 |
|----------------|---------------------|-----------------|

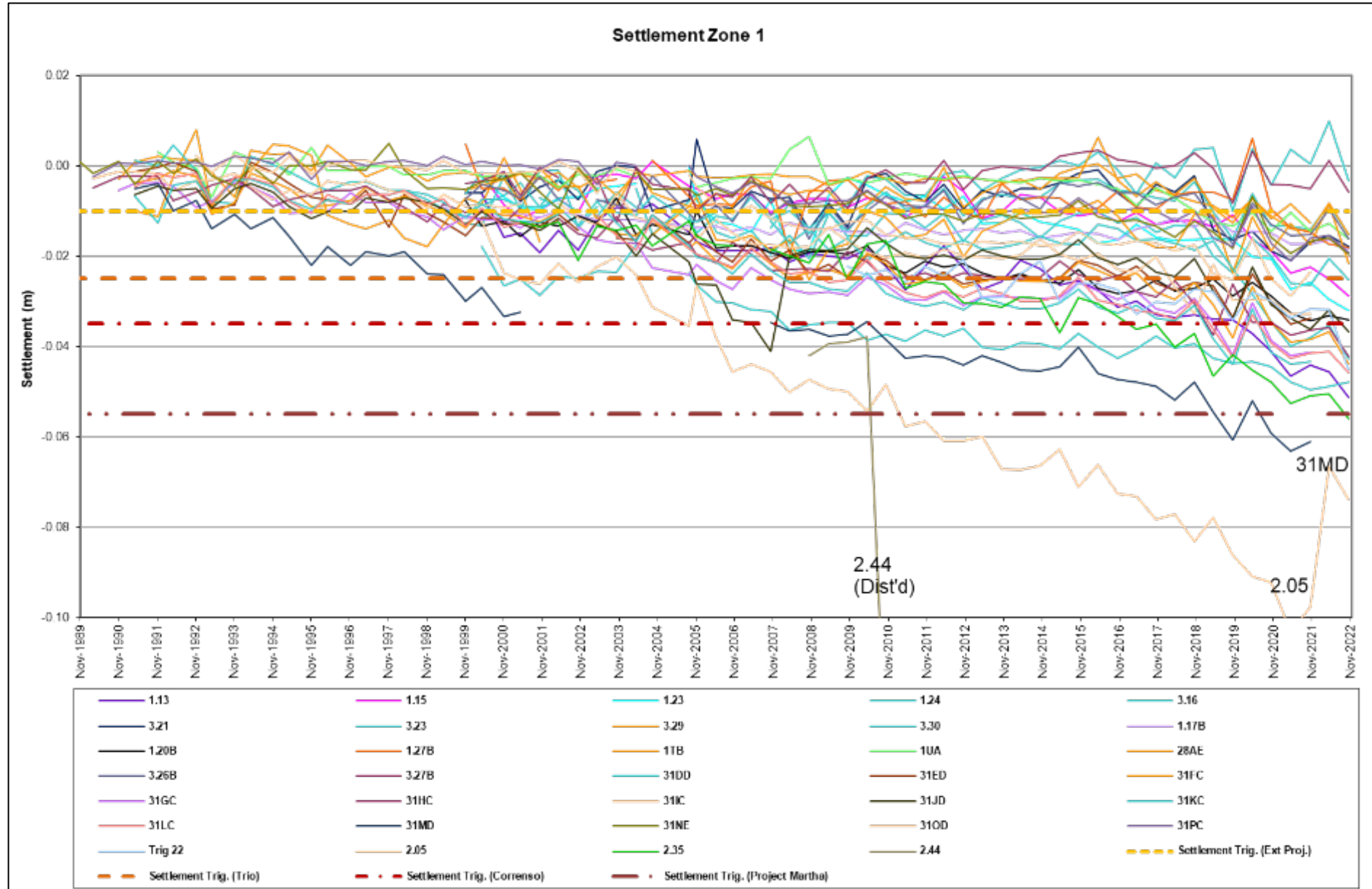
The N and E Grid values on this plan are in terms of the Martha Mine Project coordinates, i.e. Old Industrial M.F. Files. Elevations are Mine Datum less 1000 metres.



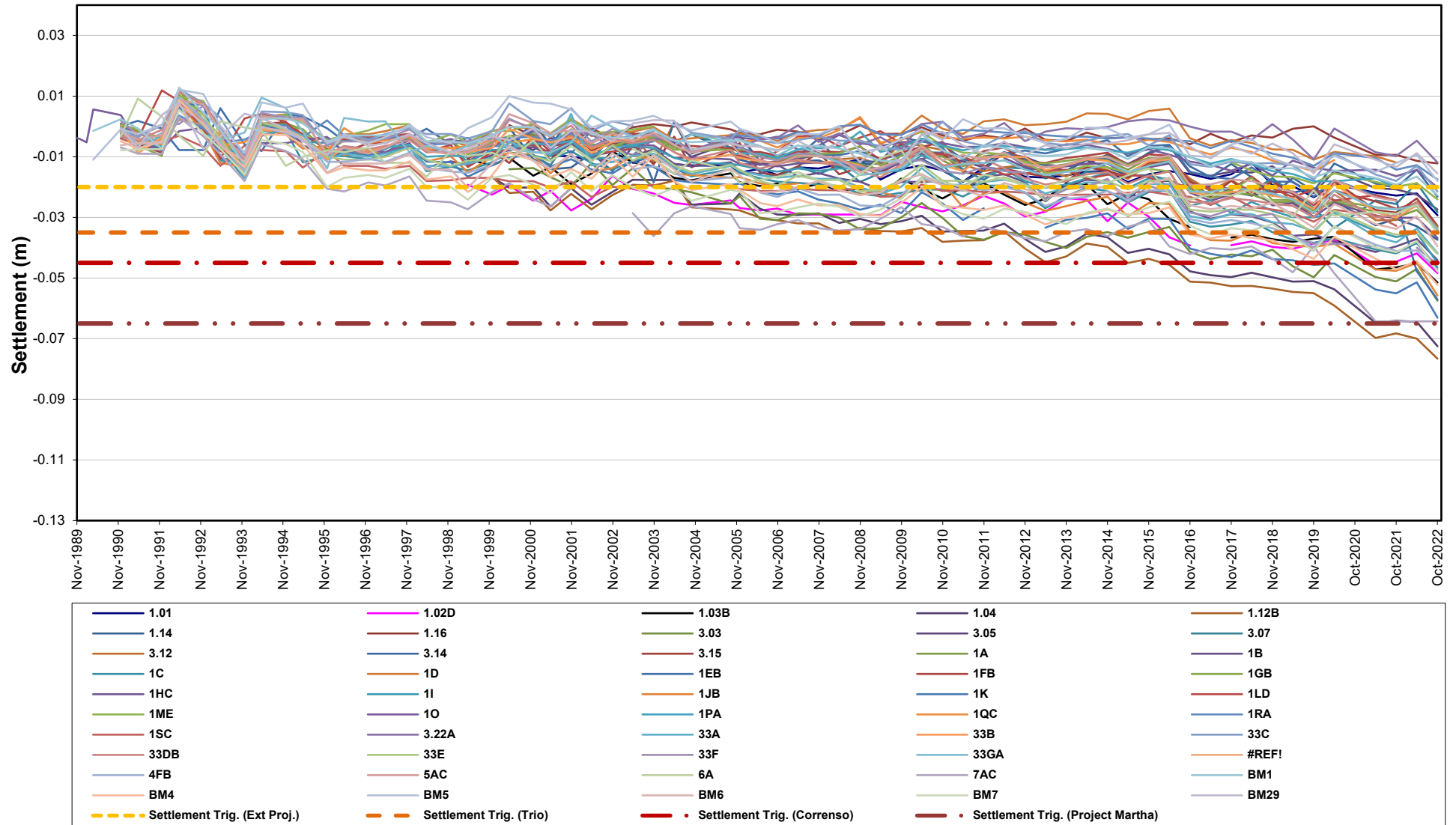


favona 24

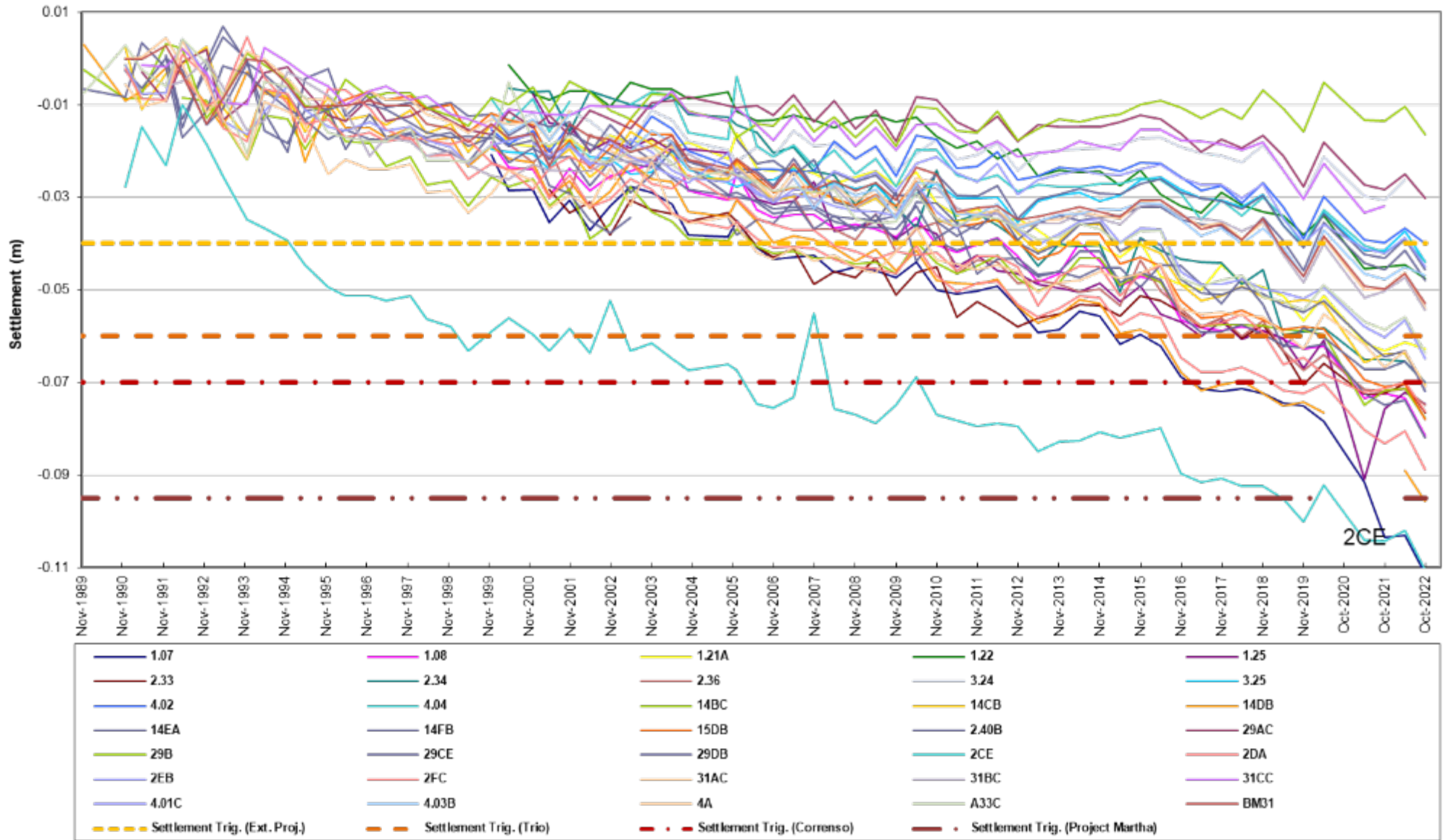
Appendix D Trend Plots of Settlement Zones

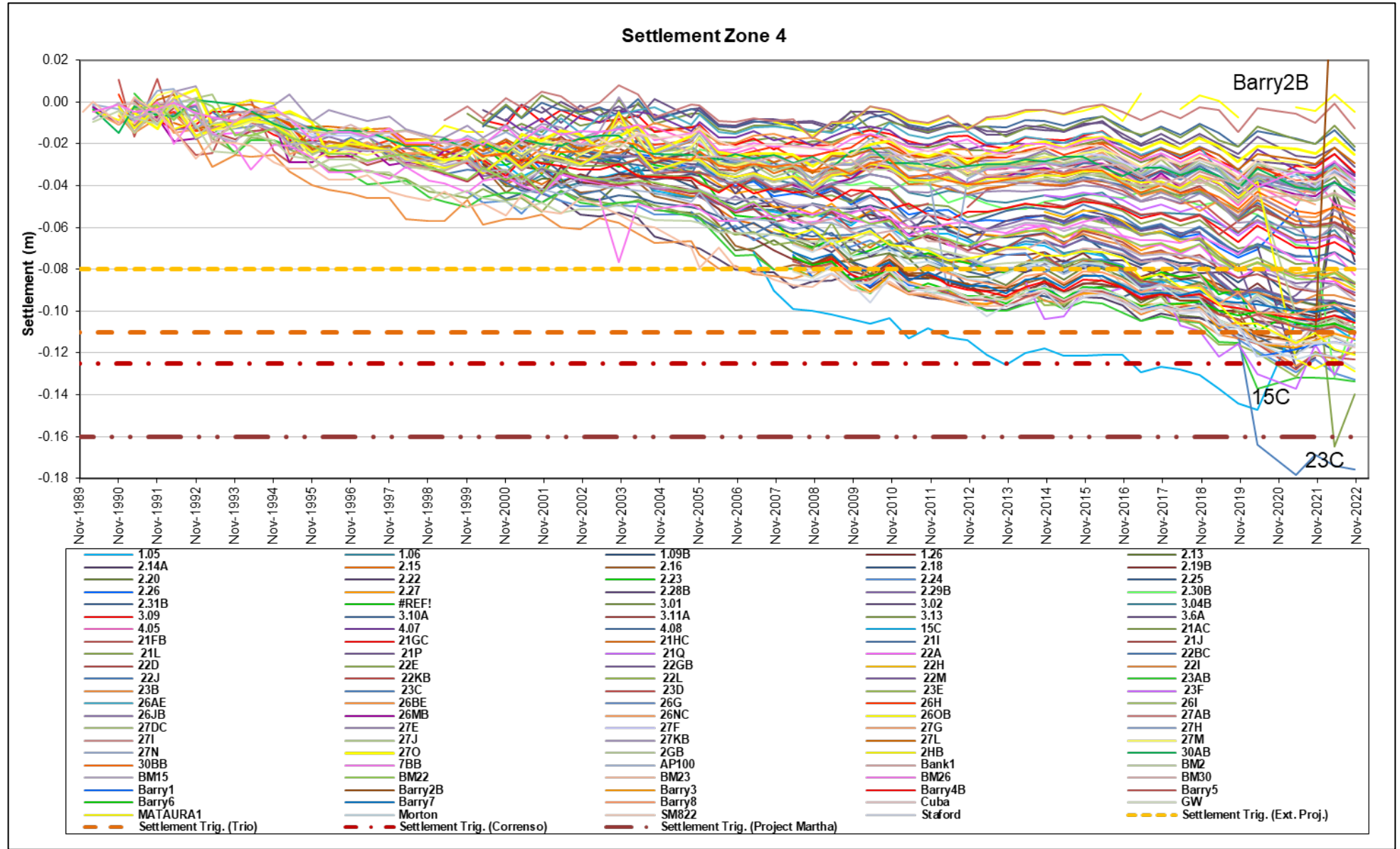


Settlement Zone 2

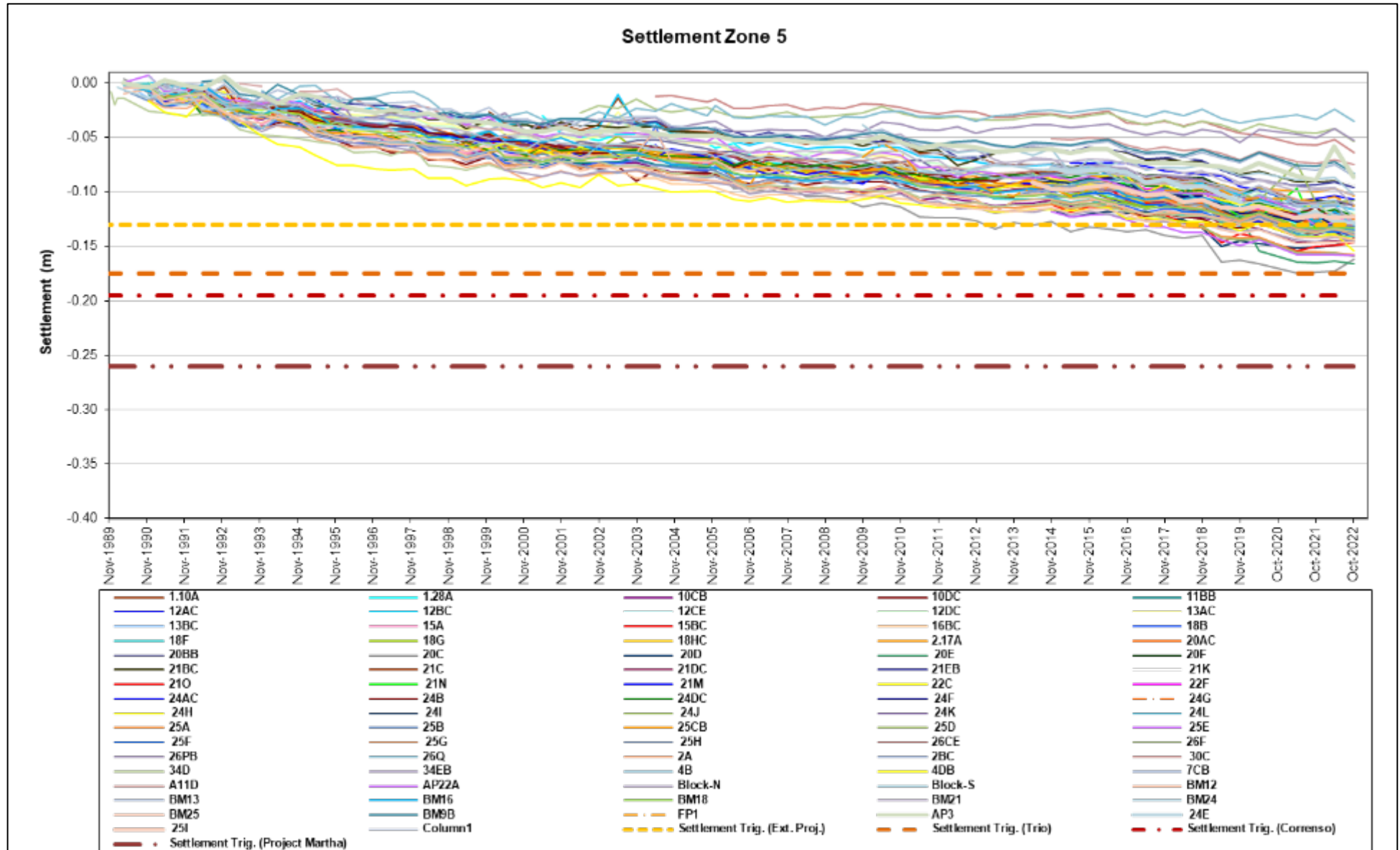


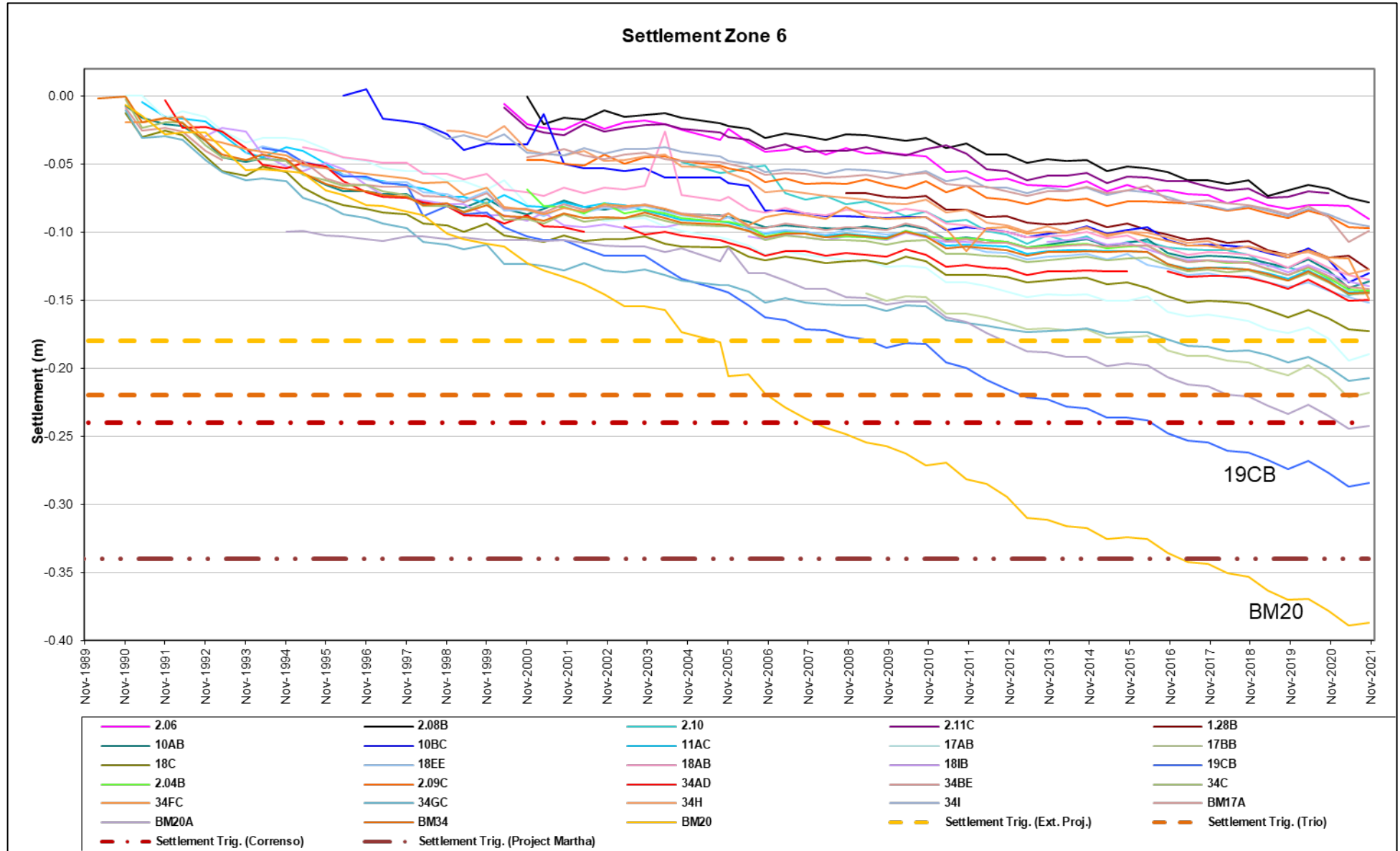
Settlement Zone 3

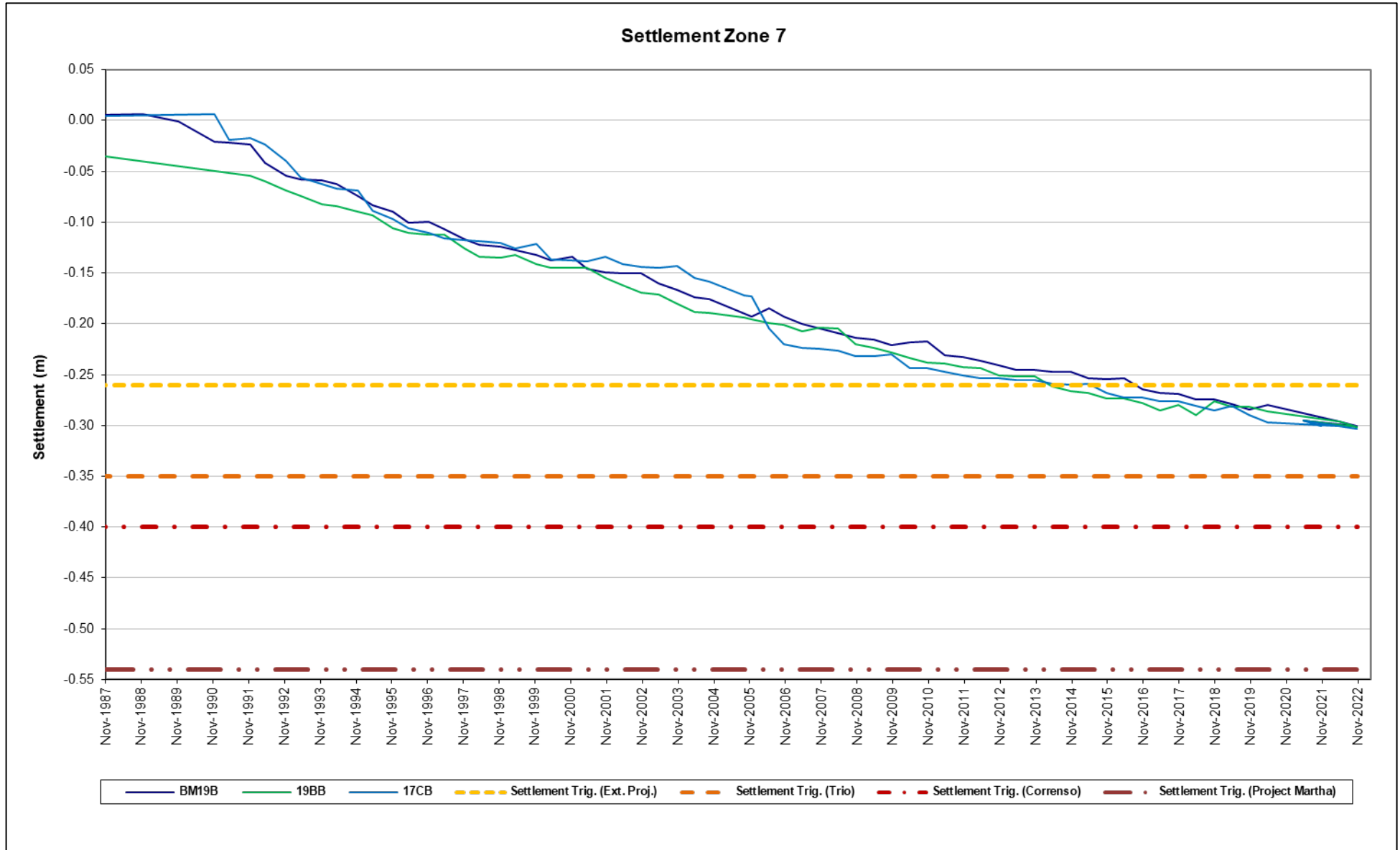


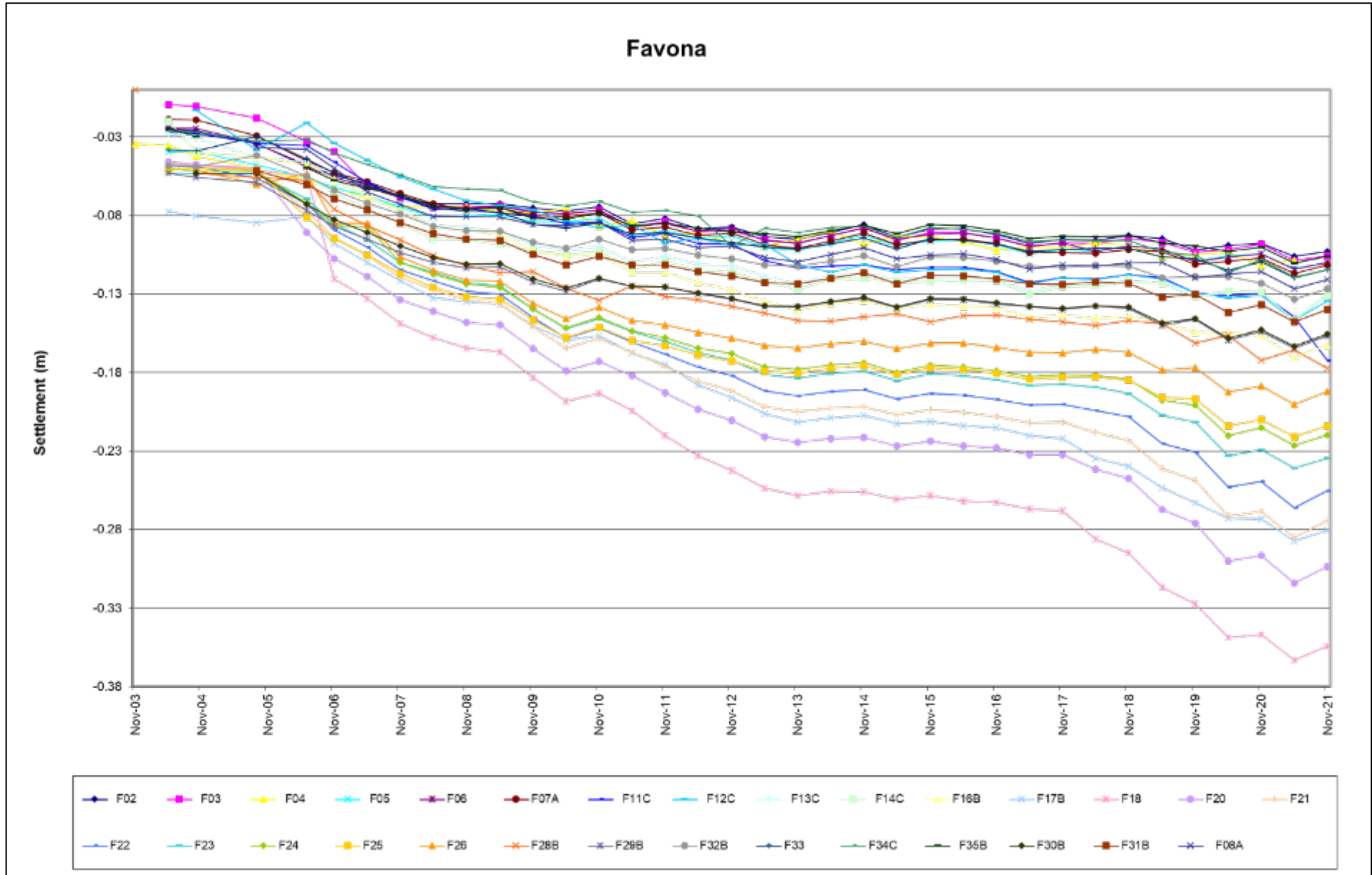


NB: Barry2B not yet corrected









Appendix E Pit/Underground & Pit Wall Runoff – Water Quality 2022

Pit / Underground Dewatering Water Quality

Treated Water Quality

| Date | Data Point | FLS Comments | FLS pH | FLS EC (mS/m) | FLS Temp | Acidity (pH 3) | Alk-Bicarb | Alk-T | AlS | SbS | AsS | COD | Bicarb | Cr6col | CdS | CaSO | Cl | CrS | CoS |
|------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------|---------------|----------|----------------|------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-----|--------|--------|---------|------|----|--------|--------|
| 7/04/2022 | Underground Dewatering | | 6.47 | 304.2 | 26.5 | 1 | 195 | 195 | 0.014 | 0.0023 | 0.0016 | 10 | 240 | 0.01 | 0.0029 | 570 | 13 | 0.0005 | 0.027 |
| 21/06/2022 | Underground Dewatering | | 6.39 | 280.4 | 24.2 | 1 | 102 | 102 | 0.03 | 0.0013 | 0.0014 | 22 | 124 | 0.01 | 0.006 | 510 | 13 | 0.0005 | 0.063 |
| 25/07/2022 | Underground Dewatering | air locks in tap disrupt | 4.63 | 272.7 | 20 | 1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 9.9 | 0.0009 | 0.0035 | 23 | 4.8 | 0.01 | 0.025 | 410 | 12 | 0.0032 | 0.192 |
| 3/08/2022 | Underground Dewatering | | 6.56 | 180.1 | 17.5 | 1 | 62 | 62 | 0.027 | 0.0031 | 0.0012 | 8 | 75 | 0.01 | 0.0046 | 300 | 20 | 0.0005 | 0.059 |
| 8/09/2022 | Underground Dewatering | air lock in tap | 6.61 | 298.2 | 25.2 | 1 | 330 | 330 | 0.022 | 0.0041 | 0.0027 | 46 | 400 | 0.01 | 0.0043 | 490 | 14 | 0.0005 | 0.037 |
| 19/10/2022 | Underground Dewatering | airlock in tap | 7.71 | 302 | 25.2 | 1 | 370 | 380 | 0.032 | 0.0033 | 0.0025 | 32 | 460 | 0.01 | 0.00108 | 530 | 15 | 0.0024 | 0.0192 |
| 6/11/2022 | Underground Dewatering | | 6.12 | 291.5 | 25.7 | 1 | 92 | 92 | 0.097 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 6 | 112 | 0.01 | 0.0035 | 520 | 10 | 0.001 | 0.041 |
| 21/12/2022 | Underground Dewatering | air locks in pipe, some | 5.94 | 252.7 | 24.6 | 1 | 65 | 65 | 0.1 | 0.0025 | 0.0019 | 18 | 79 | 0.01 | 0.0107 | 440 | 9 | 0.0005 | 0.069 |
| 10/01/2023 | Underground Dewatering | | 5.93 | 237.8 | 23.1 | 1 | 44 | 44 | 0.068 | 0.0019 | 0.0011 | 50 | 54 | 0.01 | 0.0065 | 420 | 9 | 0.0005 | 0.112 |
| 20/02/2023 | Underground Dewatering | | 4.89 | 236.8 | 24.9 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 0.0012 | 0.002 | 15 | 4 | 0.01 | 0.021 | 370 | 9 | 0.0014 | 0.138 |

| Date | Data Point | CuS | EC (mS/m) | CNTOT | Hard | FeA | PbS | MgSO | MnS | HgA | NiS | NO3-N | NOxN | NO2-N | NH3 | NH4N | pH | KSO | SeS | FeT |
|------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|-------|------|------|---------|------|------|----------|-------|-------|------|-------|----------|-------|-----|------|--------|------|
| 7/04/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.0015 | 277 | 0.02 | 1960 | 10 | 0.00021 | 129 | 13.1 | 8.00E-05 | 0.053 | 1.53 | 1.62 | 0.1 | 0.0004 | 0.26 | 6.8 | 11.2 | 0.001 | 71 |
| 21/06/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.0162 | 291 | 0.02 | 1820 | 4.9 | 0.00087 | 131 | 16.7 | 8.00E-05 | 0.155 | 0.98 | 1 | 0.1 | 6.70E-05 | 0.066 | 6.7 | 10.6 | 0.001 | 34 |
| 25/07/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.21 | 256 | 0.02 | 1490 | 13.4 | 0.031 | 114 | 17.6 | 8.00E-05 | 0.42 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 1.00E-05 | 0.95 | 4.7 | 8.8 | 0.002 | 38 |
| 3/08/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.0098 | 184.4 | 0.02 | 990 | 0.12 | 0.00048 | 62 | 6.6 | 8.00E-05 | 0.125 | 7.9 | 8.4 | 0.45 | 0.00157 | 1.29 | 6.7 | 10 | 0.0019 | 0.6 |
| 8/09/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.0063 | 297 | 0.02 | 1710 | 9.3 | 0.00046 | 116 | 12.1 | 8.00E-05 | 0.087 | 6.4 | 7.3 | 0.9 | 0.0036 | 2 | 6.9 | 13 | 0.0014 | 54 |
| 19/10/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.0019 | 292 | 0.02 | 1770 | 10.7 | 0.0001 | 110 | 10.1 | 8.00E-05 | 0.05 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 0.61 | 0.0169 | 1.15 | 7.8 | 11.1 | 0.002 | 45 |
| 6/11/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.0112 | 281 | 0.02 | 1840 | 3.8 | 0.0012 | 134 | 12.8 | 8.00E-05 | 0.092 | 0.52 | 0.53 | 0.1 | 3.20E-05 | 0.05 | 6.4 | 10.3 | 0.002 | 6.4 |
| 21/12/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.057 | 240 | 0.02 | 1610 | 2.7 | 0.0199 | 122 | 13.8 | 8.00E-05 | 0.197 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 0.47 | 0.0023 | 1.87 | 6.7 | 10.8 | 0.0018 | 11.9 |
| 10/01/2023 | Underground Dewatering | 0.0148 | 218 | 0.02 | 1430 | 14.9 | 0.00163 | 94 | 11.5 | 8.00E-05 | 0.28 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 0.22 | 0.00026 | 0.67 | 6.2 | 7.8 | 0.0012 | 117 |
| 20/02/2023 | Underground Dewatering | 0.196 | 222 | 0.02 | 1340 | 7.7 | 0.078 | 102 | 12.4 | 8.00E-05 | 0.32 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 0.22 | 2.70E-05 | 1.52 | 4.9 | 9.9 | 0.002 | 30 |

| Date | Data Point | PTO | AgS | NaSO | AuS | DRP | SO4 | SeT | Sum Anion | Sum Cation | HgT | TKN | TSS | CNWAD | ZnS | SI |
|------------|------------------------|-------|--------|------|--------|-------|------|--------|-----------|------------|----------|------|------|-------|-------|----|
| 7/04/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 1.48 | 0.0001 | 51 | 0.0006 | 0.004 | 1820 | 0.0026 | 42 | 42 | 0.00045 | 0.71 | 2100 | 0.02 | 1.26 | 36 |
| 21/06/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.117 | 0.0001 | 47 | 0.0006 | 0.04 | 1800 | 0.0021 | 40 | 39 | 0.0002 | 0.45 | 198 | 0.02 | 2.9 | 41 |
| 25/07/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.37 | 0.0001 | 34 | 0.0006 | 0.004 | 1730 | 0.003 | 37 | 34 | 0.00031 | 1.97 | 1100 | 0.02 | 11.5 | 42 |
| 3/08/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.007 | 0.0001 | 27 | 0.0005 | 0.004 | 960 | 0.002 | 22 | 22 | 8.00E-05 | 1.39 | 12 | 0.02 | 1.6 | 26 |
| 8/09/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 1.01 | 0.0001 | 45 | 0.0006 | 0.004 | 1850 | 0.0026 | 46 | 37 | 0.00037 | 4.6 | 7500 | 0.02 | 1.91 | 34 |
| 19/10/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.85 | 0.0001 | 47 | 0.0006 | 0.005 | 1700 | 0.0026 | 44 | 38 | 0.00029 | 1.29 | 2000 | 0.02 | 0.138 | 40 |
| 6/11/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.043 | 0.0002 | 45 | 0.0006 | 0.004 | 1860 | 0.0011 | 41 | 40 | 8.00E-05 | 0.72 | 133 | 0.02 | 1.7 | 39 |
| 21/12/2022 | Underground Dewatering | 0.187 | 0.0001 | 33 | 0.0006 | 0.004 | 1550 | 0.0022 | 34 | 35 | 0.00013 | 2.4 | 2200 | 0.02 | 4.3 | 38 |
| 10/01/2023 | Underground Dewatering | 0.187 | 0.0001 | 22 | 0.0006 | 0.004 | 1430 | 0.0032 | 31 | 30 | 0.0021 | 0.96 | 3600 | 0.02 | 2.8 | 37 |
| 20/02/2023 | Underground Dewatering | 0.164 | 0.0002 | 27 | 0.0006 | 0.004 | 1400 | 0.011 | 30 | 29 | 0.00027 | 1.73 | 980 | 0.02 | 9.5 | 41 |

| Date | Data Point | NH3 | Hard | FeA | FeS | PbA | PbS | MgSO | MnA | MnS | HgA | HgS | NiA | NiS | NO3-N | NOxN | NO2-N | NH4N | pH | PTO | KSO | DRP | SeA | SeS | SI | AgA | AgS | NaSO | SO4 | Sum Anion |
|------------|-------------------------|--------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|--------|--------|----------|----------|--------|--------|-------|------|-------|------|-----|-------|------|-------|--------|--------|-----|---------|---------|------|------|-----------|
| 4/04/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.1 | | | | 0.0119 | 0.0121 | | | | | | |
| 11/04/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.053 | 1750 | 0.02 | | 0.0001 | | 64 | 0.0118 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0006 | | | | | 1.37 | 8.2 | 0.009 | | 0.004 | 0.0122 | | | 0.0001 | | | 1860 | |
| 19/04/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | | | 0.009 | 0.0089 | | | | | | |
| 26/04/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.5 | | | | 0.0111 | 0.0109 | | | | | | |
| 2/05/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.076 | 1400 | 0.02 | | 0.0001 | | 51 | 0.0111 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0007 | | | | | 1.3 | 8.4 | 0.007 | | 0.004 | 0.0077 | | | 0.00011 | | | 1400 | |
| 10/05/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.6 | | | | 0.0095 | 0.0101 | | | | | | |
| 17/05/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.6 | | | | 0.0076 | 0.0079 | | | | | | |
| 23/05/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | | | 0.0071 | 0.0071 | | | | | | |
| 1/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.6 | | | | 0.0084 | 0.0086 | | | | | | |
| 7/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.26 | 1150 | 0.02 | | 0.0001 | | 47 | 0.024 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0021 | | | | | 2 | 8.8 | 0.007 | | 0.004 | 0.0059 | | | 0.00011 | | | 1190 | |
| 13/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | | | 0.0075 | 0.0076 | | | | | | |
| 20/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | | | 0.0037 | 0.0039 | | | | | | |
| 27/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.4 | | | | 0.0053 | 0.0054 | | | | | | |
| 5/07/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.8 | | | | 0.0096 | 0.0093 | | | | | | |
| 11/07/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.8 | | | | 0.0051 | 0.0048 | | | | | | |
| 18/07/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | 1140 | | 0.02 | | 0.00017 | 34 | | 0.0101 | 8.00E-05 | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0022 | 32 | 33 | 0.67 | 2.3 | 8.7 | 0.009 | 12.8 | 0.004 | | 0.0057 | 6.7 | | 0.0002 | 43 | 1080 | 27 |
| 25/07/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | | | 0.0086 | 0.0089 | | | | | | |
| 1/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | 1130 | | 0.02 | | 0.0001 | 31 | | 0.0113 | 8.00E-05 | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0018 | 15.9 | 16.6 | 0.69 | 2.4 | 8.9 | 0.005 | 13.1 | 0.005 | | 0.0071 | 7 | | 0.00087 | 43 | 1100 | 26 |
| 9/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.3 | | | | 0.0069 | 0.0063 | | | | | | |
| 15/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.4 | | | | 0.008 | 0.0085 | | | | | | |
| 22/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.9 | | | | 0.0079 | 0.0081 | | | | | | |
| 29/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.8 | | | | 0.0097 | 0.0099 | | | | | | |
| 6/09/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | 1160 | | 0.02 | | 0.0001 | 41 | | 0.0142 | 8.00E-05 | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0019 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 0.68 | 2.9 | 8.4 | 0.004 | 13.9 | 0.004 | | 0.0089 | 7.7 | | 0.00041 | 55 | 1170 | 27 |
| 12/09/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.1 | | | | 0.0071 | 0.0068 | | | | | | |
| 19/09/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.6 | | | | 0.013 | 0.0136 | | | | | | |
| 26/09/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.9 | | | | 0.0014 | 0.0014 | | | | | | |
| 3/10/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.139 | 960 | 0.02 | | 0.0001 | | 30 | 0.0066 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0011 | | 19.2 | 19.8 | 0.54 | 1.82 | 8.6 | 0.007 | | 0.004 | 0.0118 | | | 0.001 | | | 910 | |
| 10/10/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 15.8 | 16.5 | 0.62 | | 9.1 | | | | 0.0091 | 0.0094 | | | | | | |
| 17/10/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.9 | | | | 0.0167 | 0.0166 | | | | | | |
| 24/10/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.5 | | | | 0.0017 | 0.0016 | | | | | | |
| 2/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.0036 | 1270 | 0.02 | | 0.0001 | | 55 | 0.0085 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0005 | | 19 | 19.2 | 0.19 | 0.48 | 8.5 | 0.004 | | 0.004 | 0.0011 | | | 0.0001 | | | 1200 | |
| 7/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.8 | | | | 0.001 | 0.001 | | | | | | |
| 14/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.5 | | | | 0.005 | 0.0058 | | | | | | |
| 21/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.1 | | | | 0.0038 | 0.0039 | | | | | | |
| 27/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.1 | | | | 0.0081 | 0.0075 | | | | | | |
| 7/12/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.37 | 1330 | 0.02 | | 0.00058 | | 57 | 0.0083 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0024 | | 9.8 | 10.9 | 1.04 | 2.3 | 8.9 | 0.012 | | 0.004 | 0.0119 | | | 0.00013 | | | 1340 | |
| 12/12/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.8 | | | | 0.0077 | 0.0079 | | | | | | |
| 19/12/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | | | 0.0056 | 0.0059 | | | | | | |
| 28/12/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9 | | | | 0.0104 | 0.0099 | | | | | | |
| 4/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.9 | | | | 0.006 | 0.007 | | | | | | |
| 9/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.093 | 980 | 0.03 | | 0.0001 | | 23 | 0.0067 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0018 | | 22 | 22 | 0.64 | 1.33 | 8.5 | 0.013 | | 0.004 | 0.0057 | | | 0.0003 | | | 860 | |
| 16/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.2 | | | | 0.0023 | 0.0024 | | | | | | |
| 22/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | | | 0.0031 | 0.0031 | | | | | | |
| 31/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.7 | | | | 0.0011 | 0.0011 | | | | | | |
| 8/02/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.3 | 1220 | 0.04 | | 0.0002 | | 55 | 0.03 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0019 | | 15.5 | 16 | 0.51 | 1.1 | 9.2 | 0.002 | | 0.004 | 0.0033 | | | 0.0002 | | | 1180 | |
| 13/02/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.8 | | | | 0.02 | 0.003 | | | | | | |
| 20/02/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.2 | | | | 0.003 | 0.003 | | | | | | |
| 27/02/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9.2 | | | | 0.003 | 0.003 | | | | | | |
| 6/03/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | 0.37 | 1290 | 0.04 | | 0.0002 | | 55 | 0.026 | | 8.00E-05 | | 0.0018 | | 5.5 | 6.2 | 0.7 | 1.26 | 9.2 | 0.006 | | 0.004 | 0.004 | | | 0.0002 | | | 1240 | |
| 12/03/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 8.6 | | | | 0.004 | 0.004 | | | | | | |
| 20/03/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9 | | | | 0.005 | 0.02 | | | | | | |
| 27/03/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 9 | | | | 0.005 | 0.005 | | | | | | |

| Date | Data Point | Sum Cation | TKN | TSS | CNWAD | ZnA | ZnS |
|------------|-------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-------|--------|--------|
| 4/04/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 11/04/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.0014 | |
| 19/04/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 26/04/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 2/05/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.0012 | |
| 10/05/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 17/05/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 23/05/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 1/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 7/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.0019 | |
| 13/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 20/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 27/06/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 5/07/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 11/07/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 4 | | | |
| 18/07/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 25 | 4 | 4 | 0.006 | | 0.0017 |
| 25/07/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 1/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 25 | 4.4 | 4 | 0.006 | | 0.0031 |
| 9/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 15/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 22/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 29/08/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 5 | | | |
| 6/09/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | 26 | 5.2 | 3 | 0.01 | | 0.0013 |
| 12/09/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 19/09/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 26/09/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 3/10/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.001 | |
| 10/10/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 17/10/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 24/10/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 2/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.0014 | |
| 7/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 14/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 21/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 27/11/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 7/12/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.0011 | |
| 12/12/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 19/12/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 28/12/2022 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 4/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 9/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.0013 | |
| 16/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 22/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 31/01/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 5 | | | |
| 8/02/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.012 | |
| 13/02/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 20/02/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 27/02/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 6/03/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | 0.02 | 0.008 | |
| 12/03/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 20/03/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |
| 27/03/2023 | Treated Water Discharge | | | 3 | | | |

Pit Wall Runoff Water Quality

No pit wall sampling was undertaken in 2022.

Appendix F REX OREBODY INVESTIGATION

28th March 2023

To: Mark Burroughs

From: Chris Simpson

Subject: Rex Orebody - Groundwater Monitoring and Special Investigations

1. Background

The consent conditions for the Martha Underground mine (MUG) dewatering permit require monitoring of groundwater levels / pressures around the vein systems, in the host rock and in the overlying young volcanic deposits. This is undertaken through measurements from a network of piezometers (stand pipes, vibrating wire and pneumatic piezometers). Where significant changes occur in the monitoring records that might indicate a sudden change in conditions has occurred (i.e. water level or pressure drop), there is a requirement to investigate and report the findings of those investigations back to the Regional Council.

This technical memo provides a review of groundwater conditions in the area of the Rex Orebody as recent monitoring has shown some deviation from historical trends that suggest dewatering has occurred in response to underground mining.

2. Hydrogeological Setting

The Rex Orebody is a north-east trending vein system that is located behind the Martha Pit southern wall. The Rex vein system parallels the other main vein systems that are already dewatered (Martha, Empire and Welcome Lodes) and intercepts the Royal Lode in the east (refer Figure 1). The Royal Lode is dewatered via interception with the Edward lode which is actively dewatered by current mining operation. All of these vein systems are hosted by andesite rocks. In the area surrounding the Rex vein system, post mineralisation ignimbrite volcanics overlie the andesite with the distributing being controlled by the paleo topography prior to deposition.



Figure 1 Location of Martha Vein Systems (after McAra, 1988)

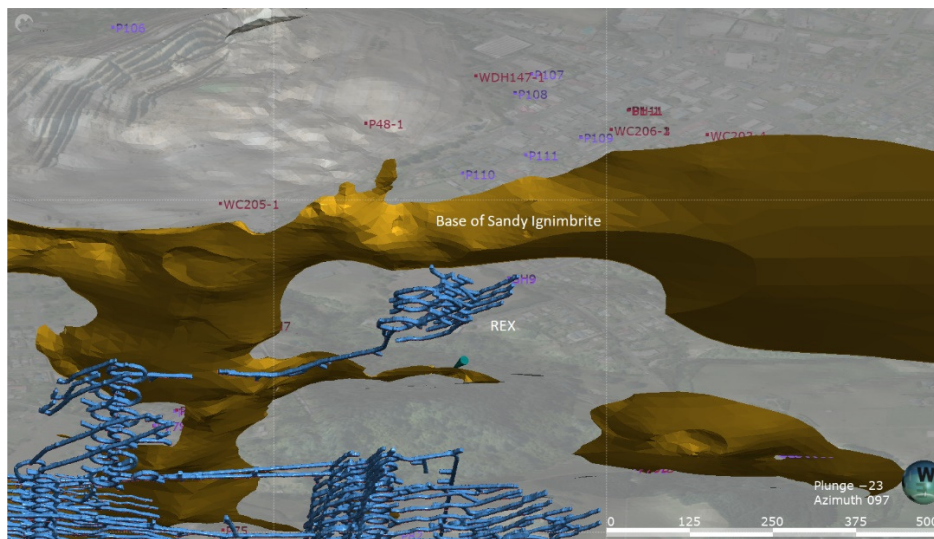


Figure 2 Sandy Ignimbrite Distribution (Viewing Up from Beneath)

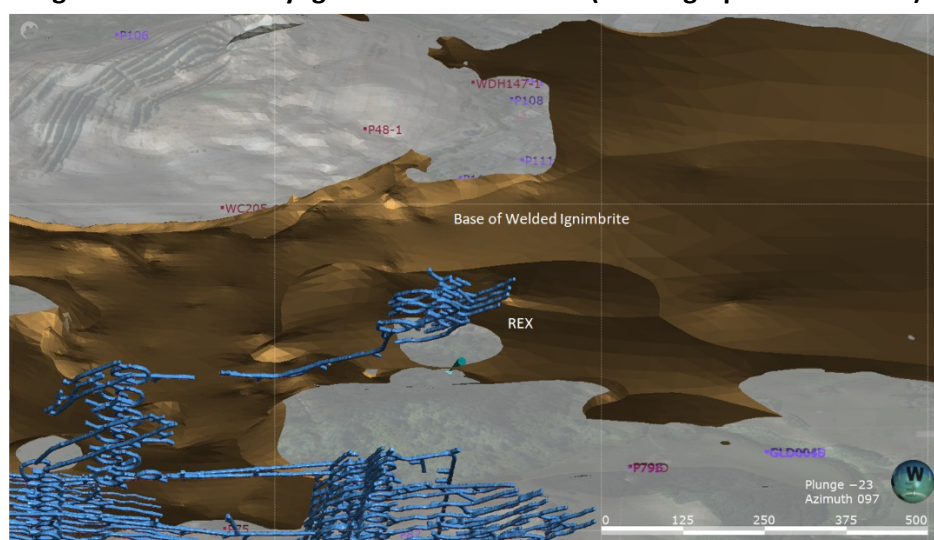


Figure 3 Welded Ignimbrite Distribution (Viewing Up from Beneath)

The sequence of young volcanic deposits consists of a fairly channelised sandy ignimbrite, overlain by a laterally extensive sheet of welded ignimbrite. Deposited on top of the welded ignimbrite is a layer of ash/regolith of variable thickness with some lake deposits present locally. This is illustrated in Figures 2 and 3.

Two separate groundwater systems exist as a function of the geologic units present; one in the andesite rockmass and one in the younger volcanics. In the vicinity of the Rex Orebody, both groundwater systems are interpreted to be draining back into the Martha Pit as shown in Figures 4 and 5. Experience has shown that the groundwater in the Young Volcanics is in a perched system that remains generally unaffected by the drainage in the underlying andesite rocks. This is due to the presence of low permeability layers that separate the systems.

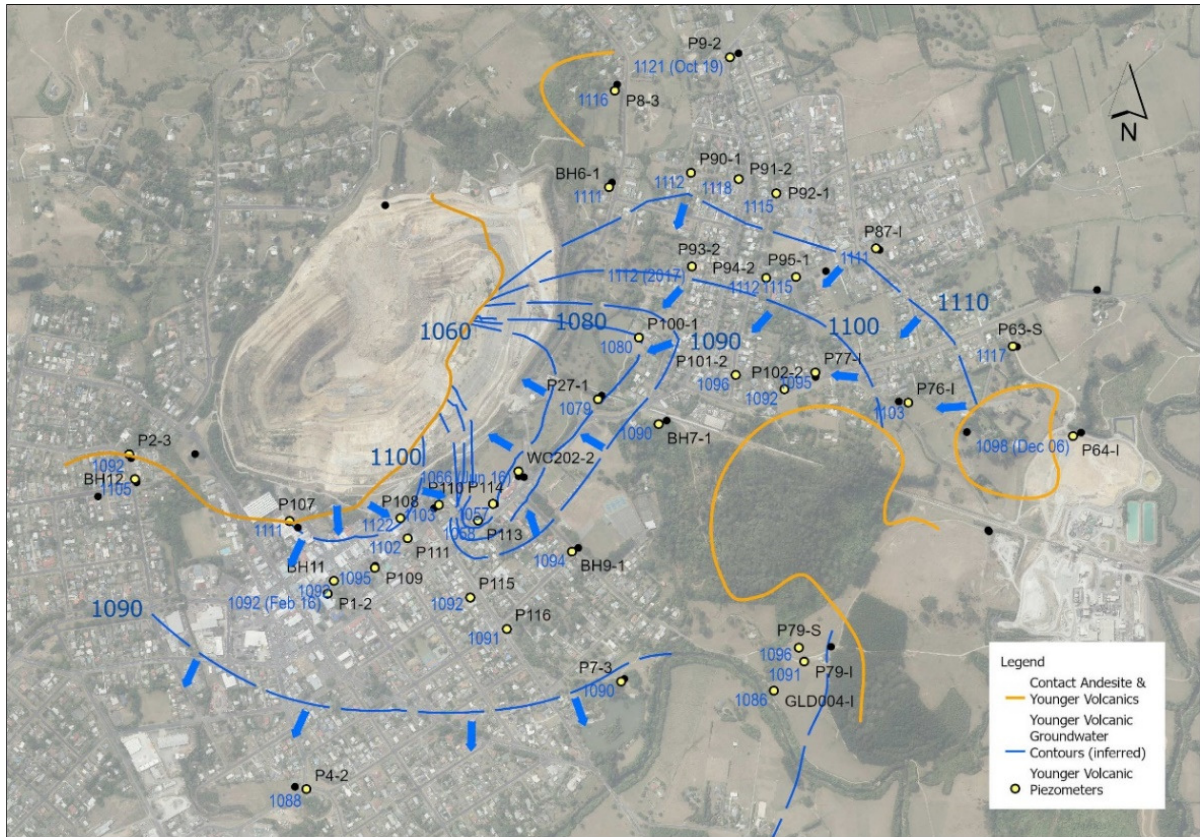


Figure 4 Young Volcanics Interpreted Piezometric Surface

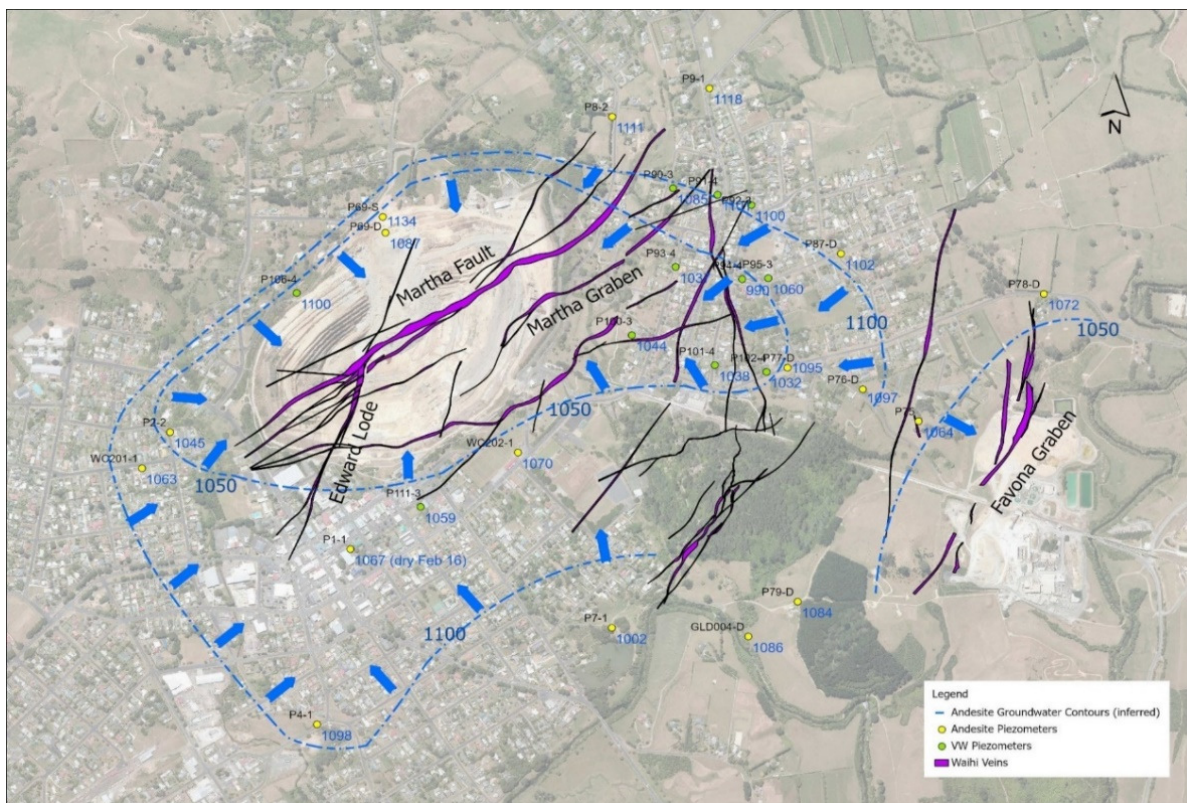


Figure 5 Andesite Piezometric Surface

3. Groundwater Monitoring Results

Groundwater monitoring is undertaken throughout Waihi and is required through conditions of consent associated with the mine dewatering permit. Monitoring in the vicinity of the Rex Orebody is undertaken at several locations as shown on Figure 6. These wells are of different depths and construction and each one is discussed individually below. The monitoring records for the piezometers are included in Attachment A of this letter report.

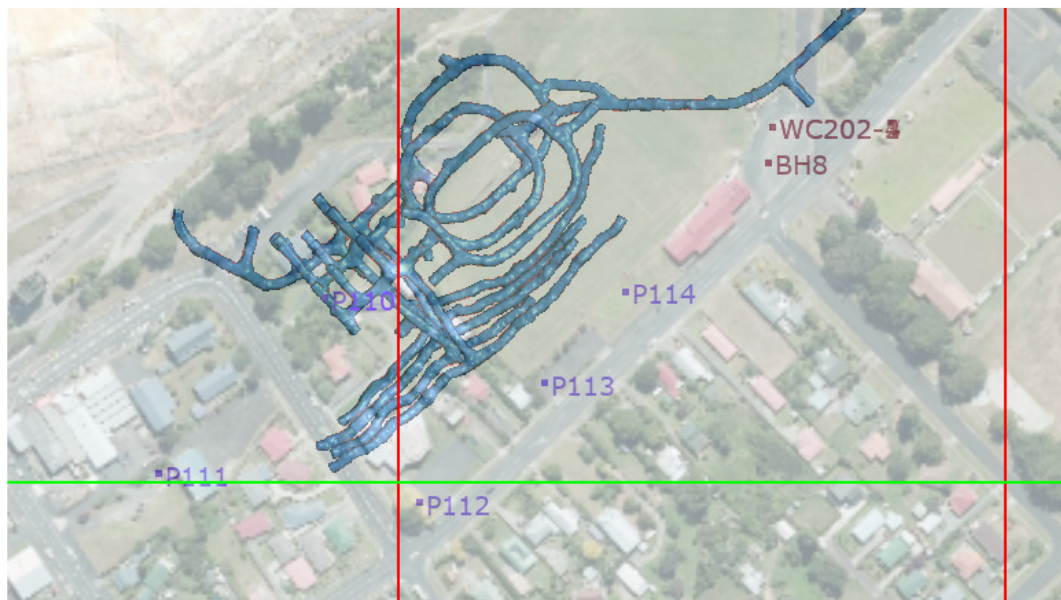


Figure 6 Groundwater Monitoring Well Locations near the Rex Orebody

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This monitoring location consists of a 17 m deep standpipe piezometer within the young volcanics with the water levels measured monthly by manual dipping. The monitoring data indicates a permanent water table exists and the groundwater level varies in response to seasonal influences by some 5-6 m. Drainage effects from the dewatered andesite rockmass have not propagated into the overlying aquifer.

P111

This monitoring location is along strike of the Rex vein system and consists of a nest of three vibrating wire piezometers. The tips are positioned; in the young volcanics (13 m depth), upper andesite (25m depth) and lower andesite (60 m depth). The groundwater pressures are automatically logged on a daily frequency. In summary, the monitoring indicates there is partial saturation in the andesite having been affected by dewatering. The groundwater system in the young volcanics is perched and demonstrates some 2.5 m of seasonal fluctuation. Drainage effects from the dewatered andesite rockmass have not propagated into the overlying aquifer.

P112

This monitoring location is along strike of the Rex vein system and consists of a nest of three vibrating wire piezometers. The tips are positioned; deep in the young volcanics (50 m depth), upper andesite (72m depth) and lower andesite (110 m depth). The groundwater pressures are automatically logged on a daily frequency. In summary, the monitoring indicates there is partial saturation in the andesite having been affected by dewatering. The groundwater system in the

young volcanics is perched and shows some 2.0 m of seasonal fluctuation. Drainage effects from the dewatered andesite rockmass have not, therefore, propagated into the overlying aquifer.

P113

This monitoring location consists of a 47 m deep standpipe piezometer within the deeper young volcanics with the water levels measured monthly by manual dipping. This monitoring well shows a limited water depth is present (<1.2 m) with minimal variation over time. The monitoring data suggests the lower younger volcanics are affected by dewatering of the andesite.

P114

This monitoring location consists of a 60 m deep standpipe piezometer within the deeper young volcanics with the water levels measured monthly by manual dipping. This monitoring well shows between 8 and 10 m water depth is present with seasonal variation over time observed. The monitoring data suggests the lower younger volcanics have limited effect from dewatering of the andesite with a permanent water table present.

BH8

This monitoring well has recorded erroneous measurements since 2009 and it is thought that the borehole has collapsed. It has not been used in this assessment.

WC202

This monitoring location is along strike of the Rex vein system and consists of a nest of three pneumatic piezometers in the deep monitoring well and two standpipe piezometers in the shallow monitoring well. The pneumatic piezo tips (1-3) are positioned; in the young volcanics (20 m depth), upper andesite (62m depth) and lower andesite (79 m depth). The groundwater pressures are automatically logged on a daily frequency. The standpipe piezometer screens (4-5) are located at 4 m and 12 m depth in the young volcanics. The monitoring data indicate the entire sequence of younger volcanics is largely dewatered above the andesite. Groundwater pressures have been present in the lowest piezo tip within the andesite and recent data has shown an increase in groundwater levels at that location.

4. Observations Underground

A site visit to the mine underground operations to view the Rex Orebody exposure from beneath was undertaken on 20/2/2023. The purpose of the site visit was to observe groundwater inflows at various locations. In summary, there is no groundwater ingress through the stope in the north-east part of the orebody in the vicinity of WC202. Between P112, P113 and P114, there is groundwater seepage through the Rex Vein and the inflow rate has remained constant during mining. These inflows are interpreted to be seepage from water contained within the basal sandy ignimbrite unit through the Rex vein "exposure". This is illustrated in Figures 7 and 8 below.

5. Settlement Survey

Ground settlement monitoring is frequently undertaken in the area as a requirement of the MUG dewatering consent. Based on the latest survey results (November 2022) no settlement data from the area suggests any increased movement as a result of the existing underground dewatering i.e. no marks breached their respective settlement zone triggers (all Zones 6 or 7). Further, no tilt has been identified that might indicate potential differential settlement has taken place.



Figure 7 Distribution of the Sandy Ignimbrite within the Paleo valley

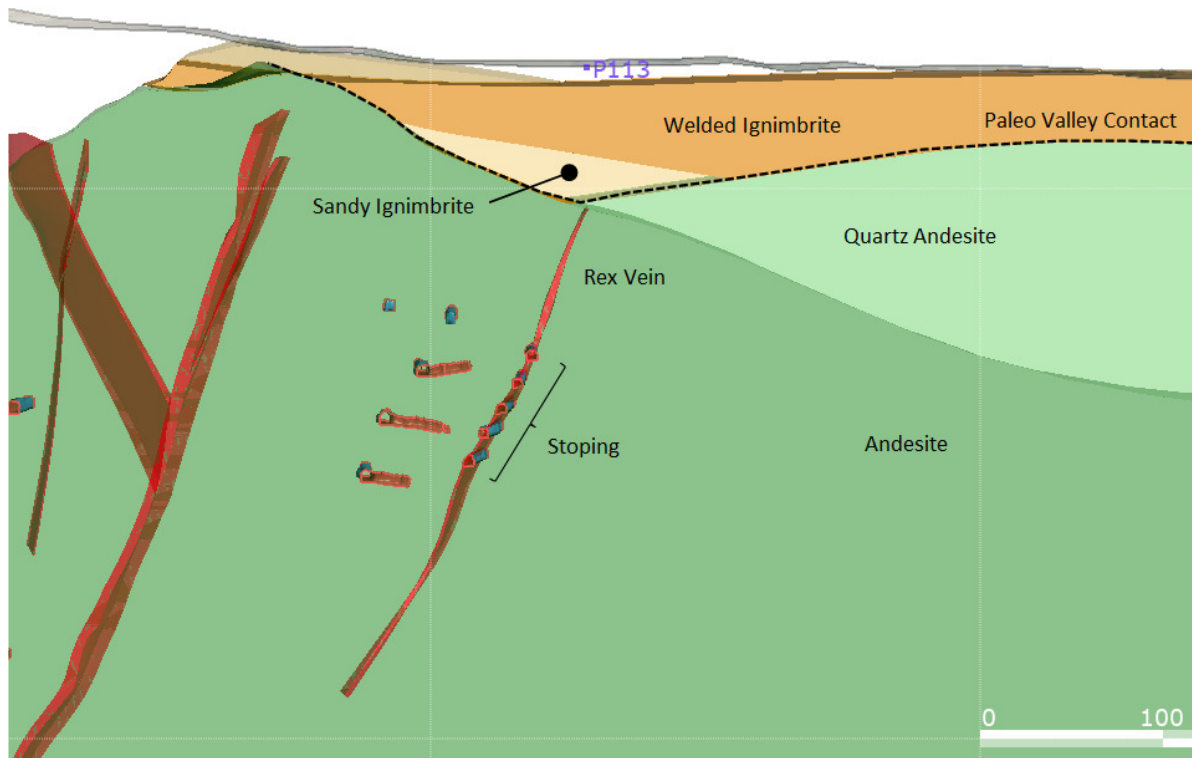


Figure 8 Section through P113 Showing the Paleo Valley in Relation to the Rex Vein

6. Summary and Discussion

Review of the groundwater monitoring data from around the Rex Orebody has indicated the following groundwater conditions exist.

- The andesite rocks that host the Rex Vein are dewatered.
- In the deep younger volcanics water remains present locally in association with the sandy ignimbrite.
- A water table remains present at most locations in the upper ash/Regolith/volcanics sequence (top 20 m) that is perched on the welded ignimbrite.

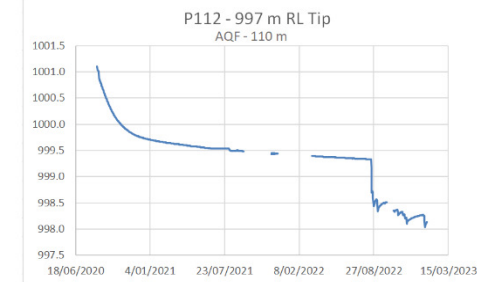
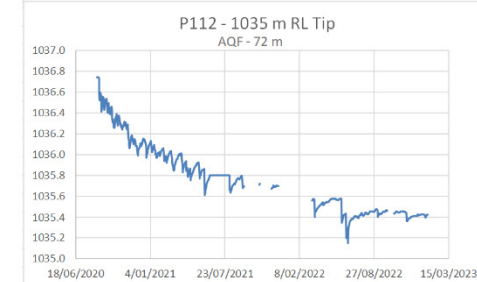
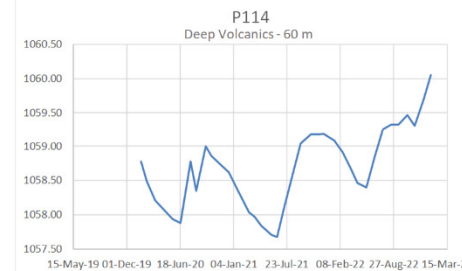
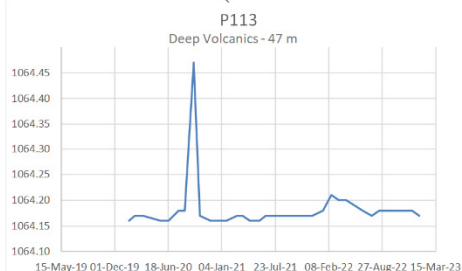
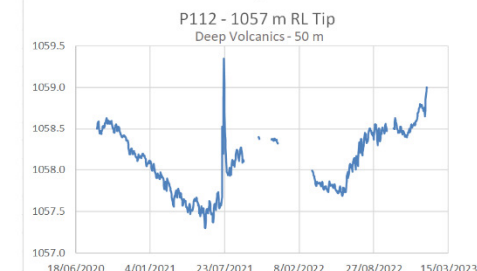
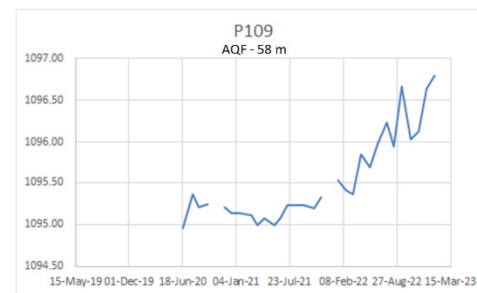
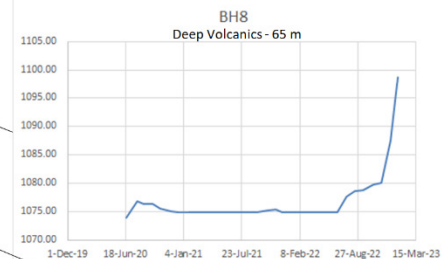
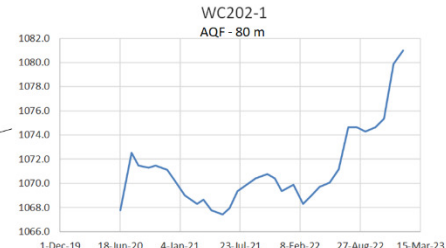
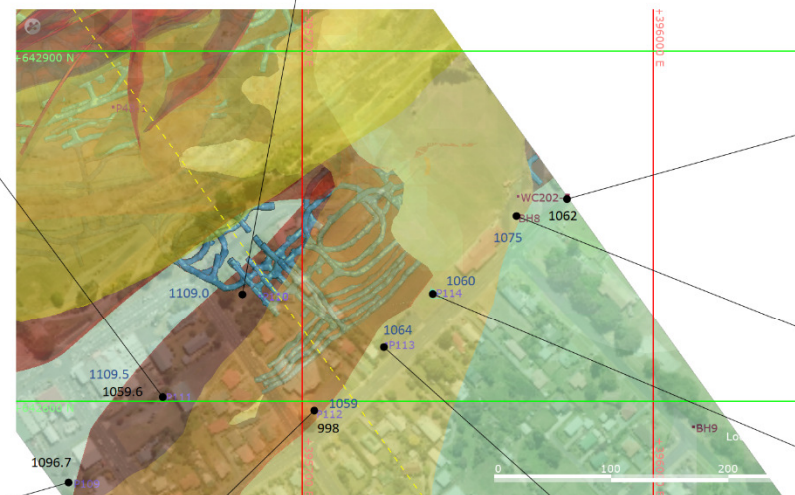
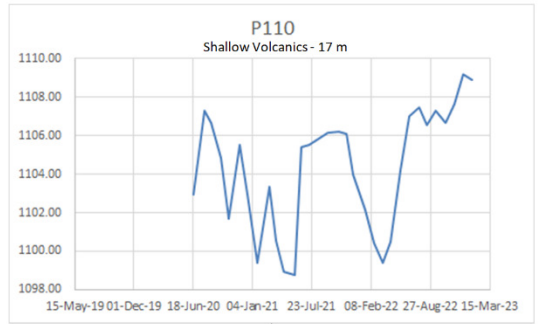
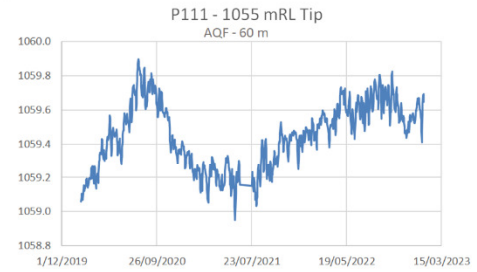
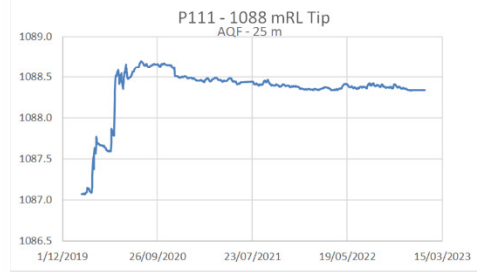
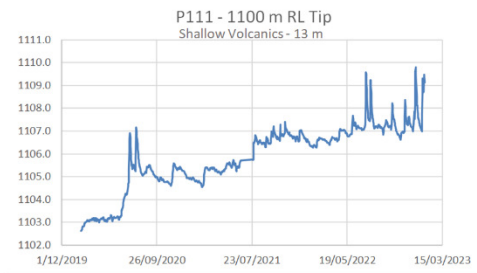
This review has shown that recent changes in some piezometers is the ongoing response to dewatering of the rockmass as a result underground mine operations. However, dewatering of the water table at the surface is generally noted not to occur as a result of mine underdrainage. Deep dewatering has not, therefore, resulted in near surface effects nor ground settlement beyond that expected beyond the consented envelope.

ATTACHMENTS

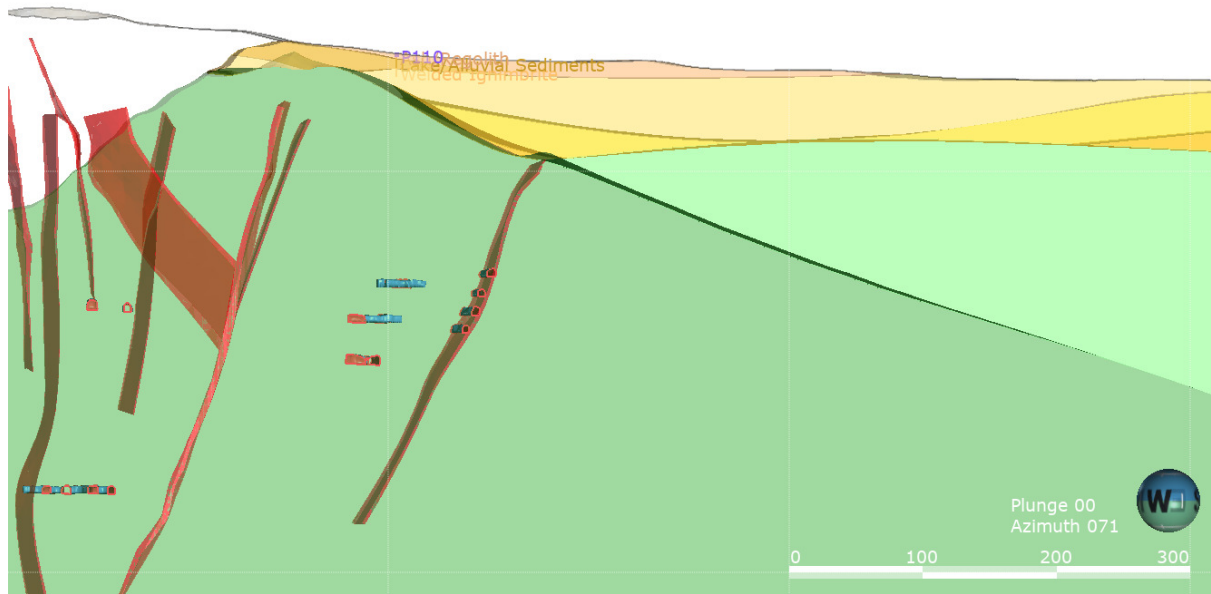
Attachment A Groundwater Monitoring Records

Attachment A

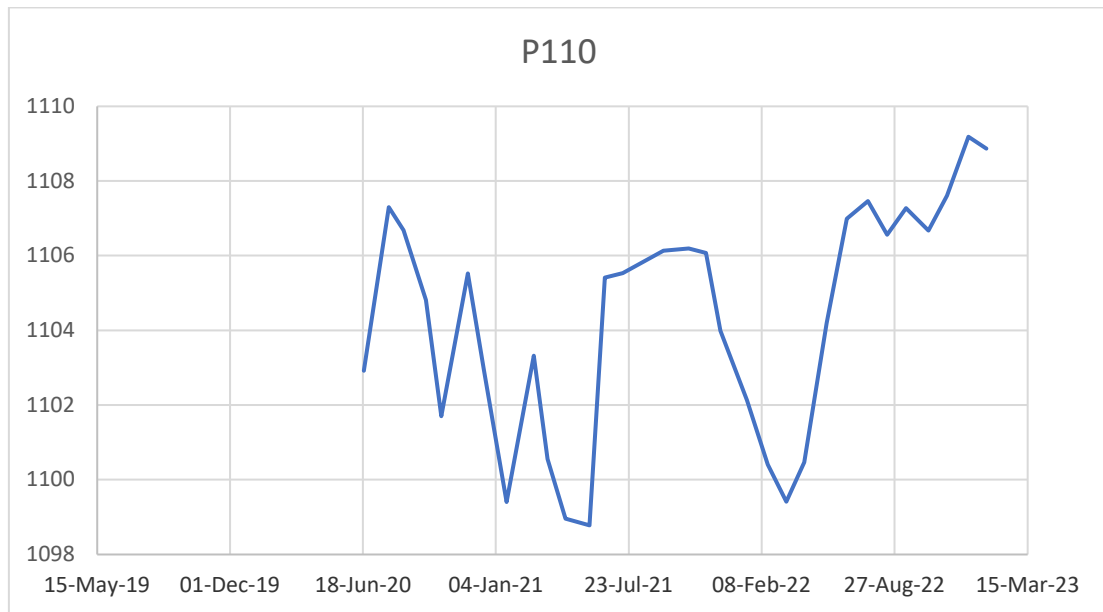
Monitoring Well Records



P110

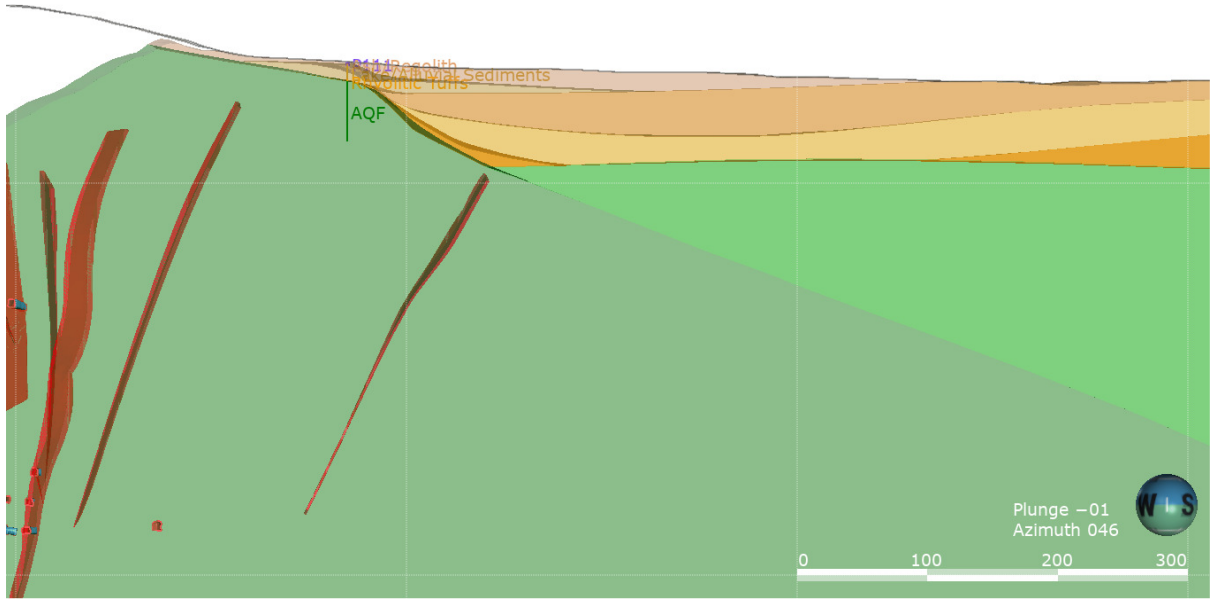


P110 Location (NW-SE Section)

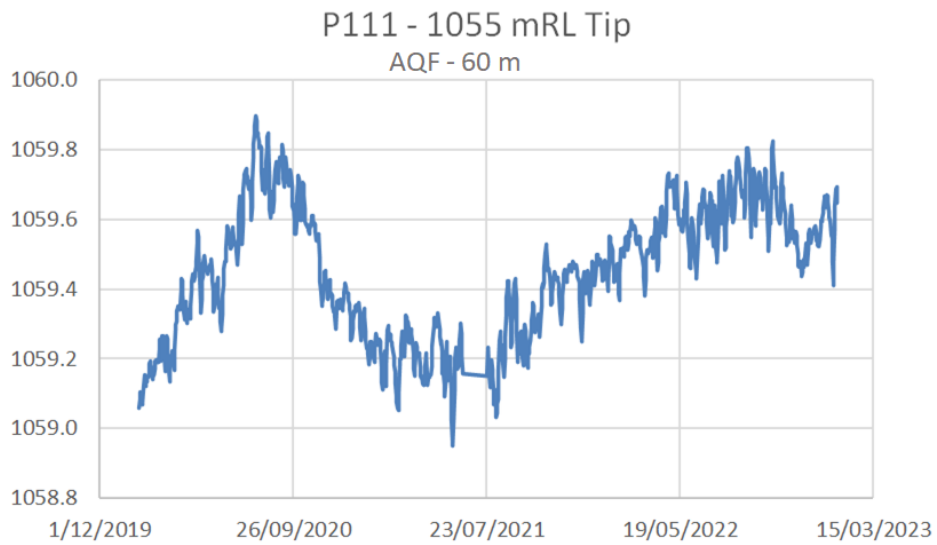
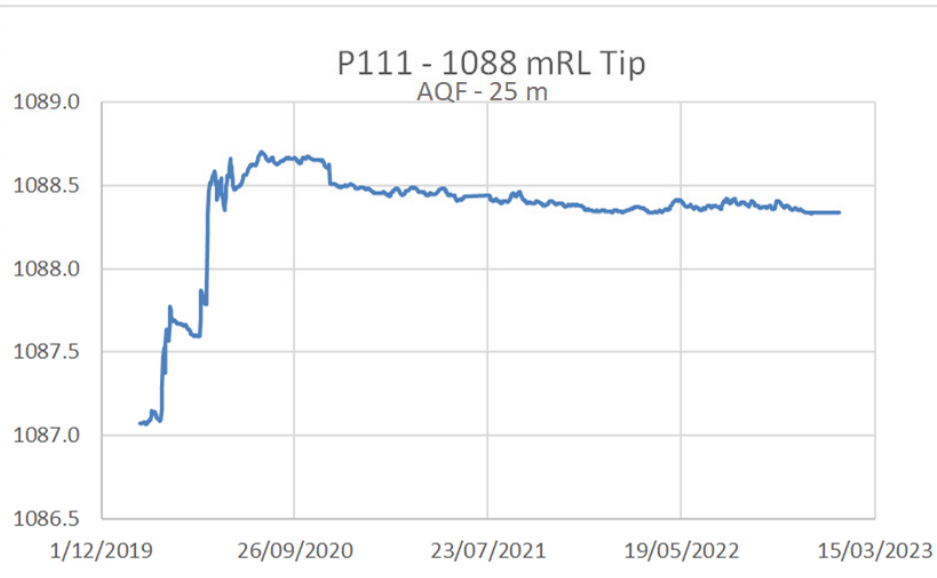
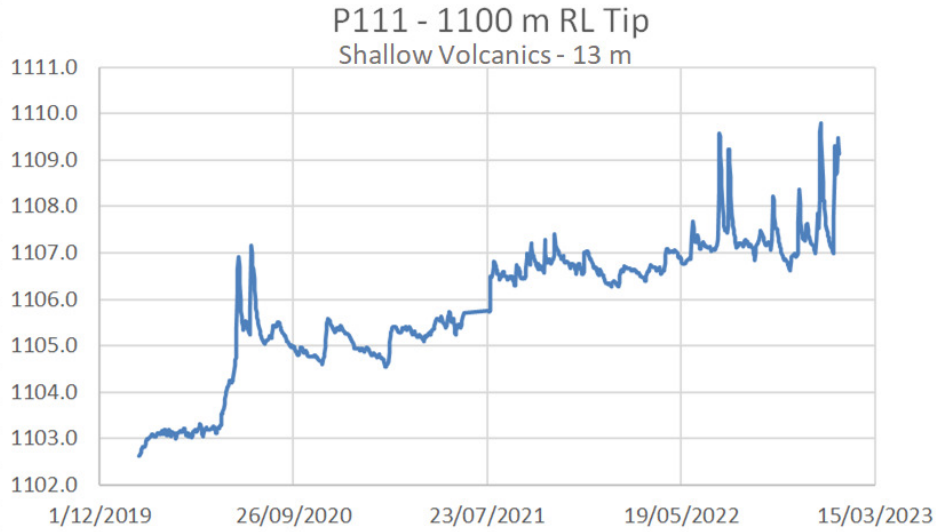


P110 Groundwater Monitoring Record

P111

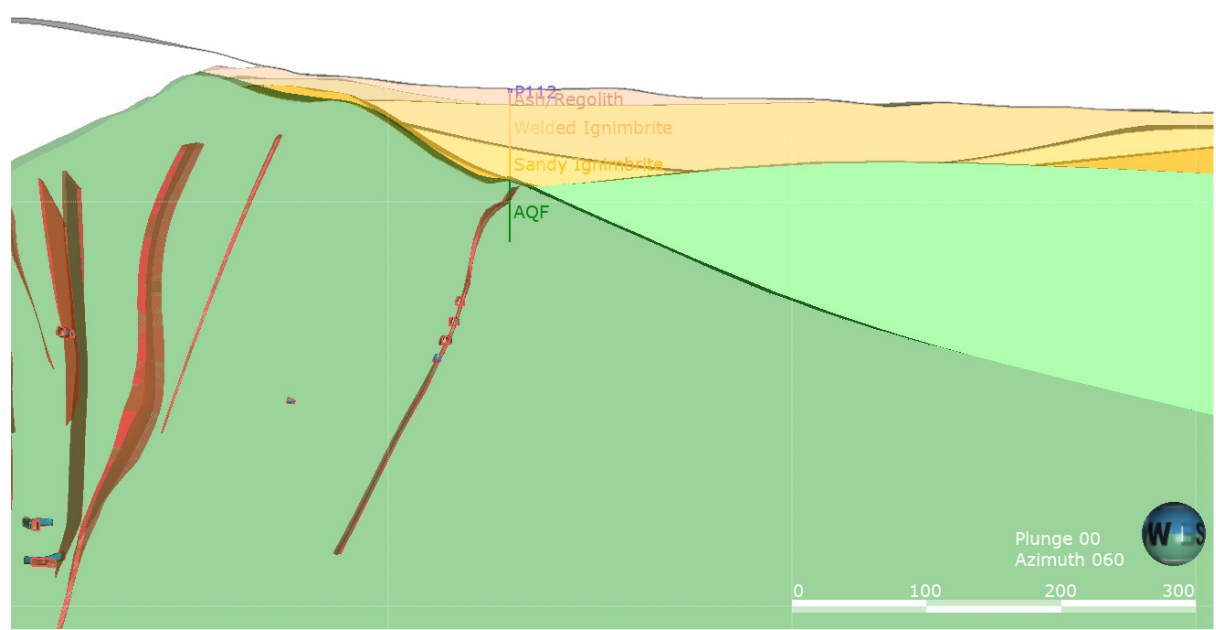


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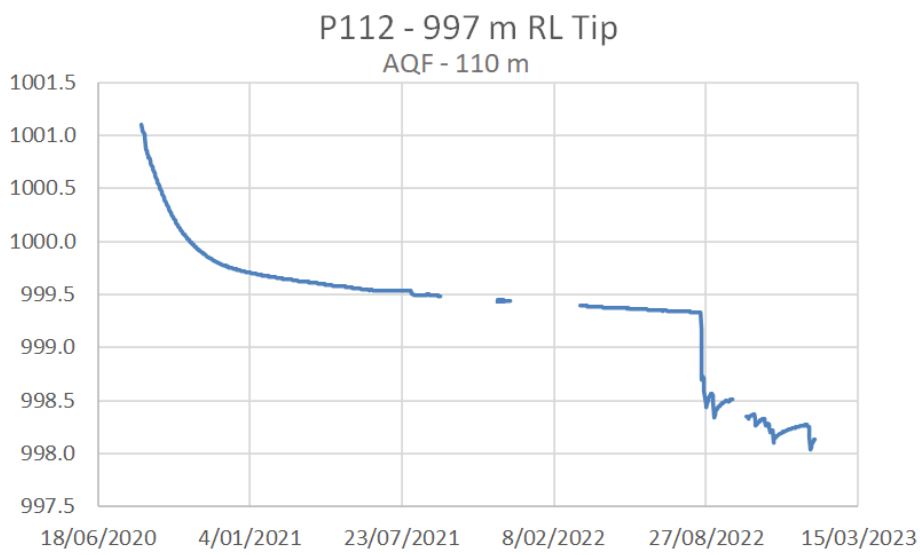
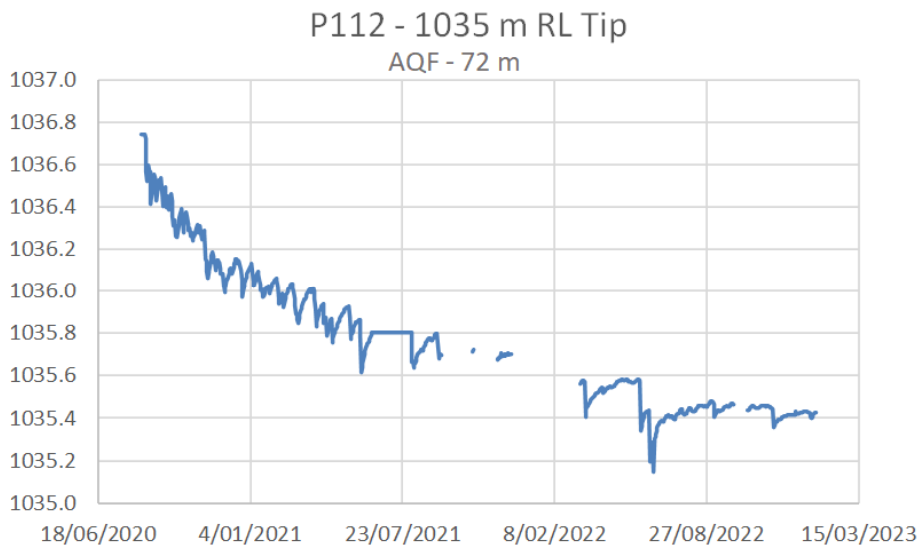
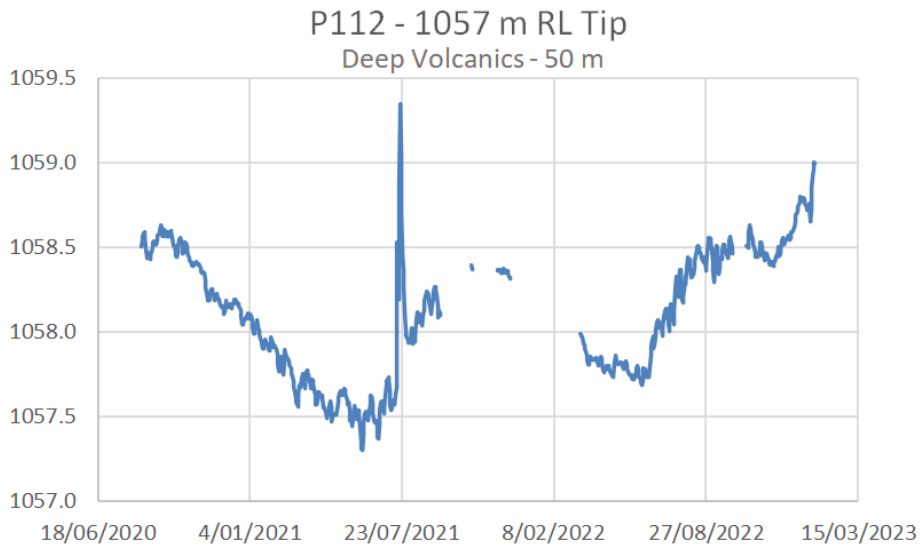


P111 Groundwater Monitoring Records

P112

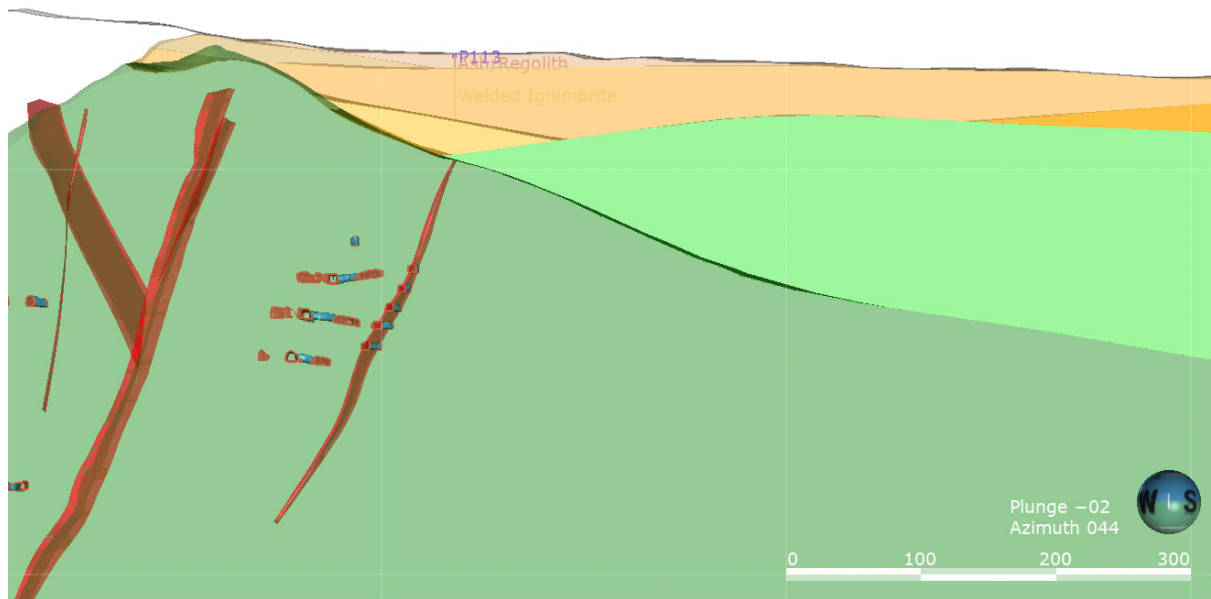


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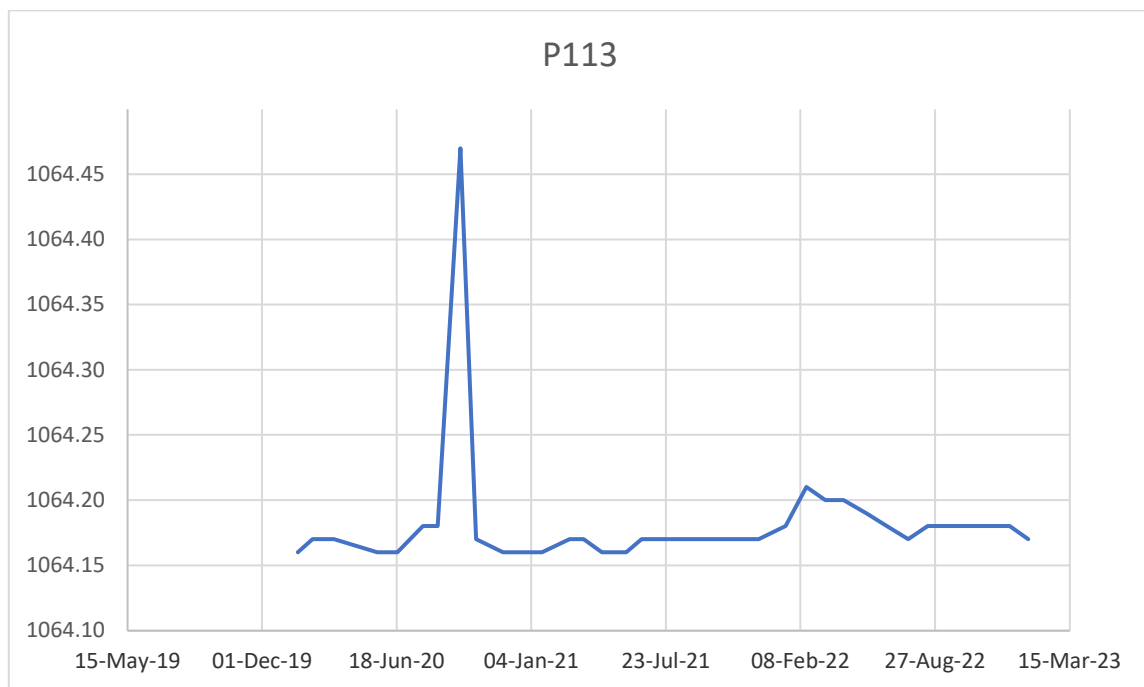


P112 Groundwater Monitoring Records

P113

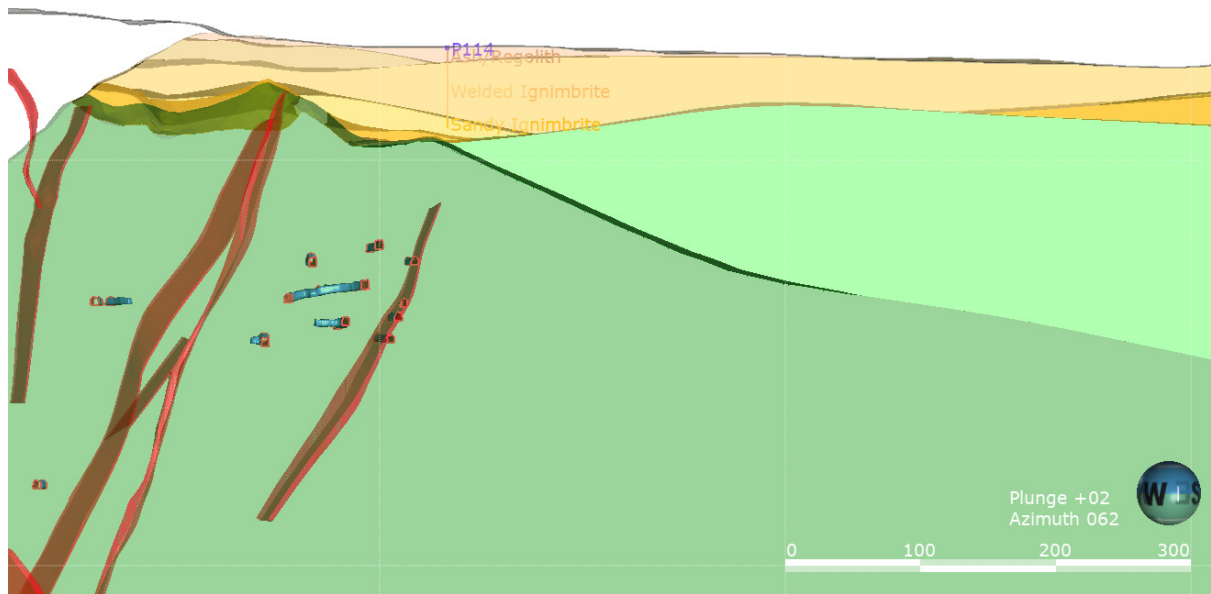


P113 Location (NW-SE Section)

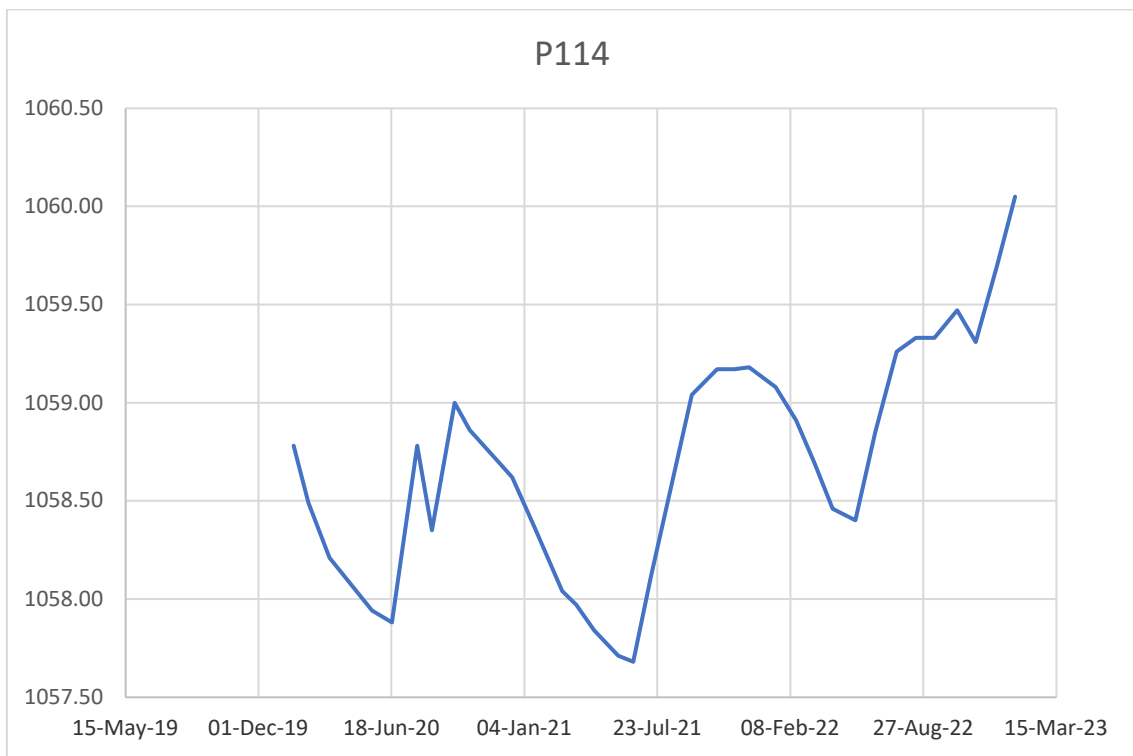


P113 Groundwater Monitoring Record

P114

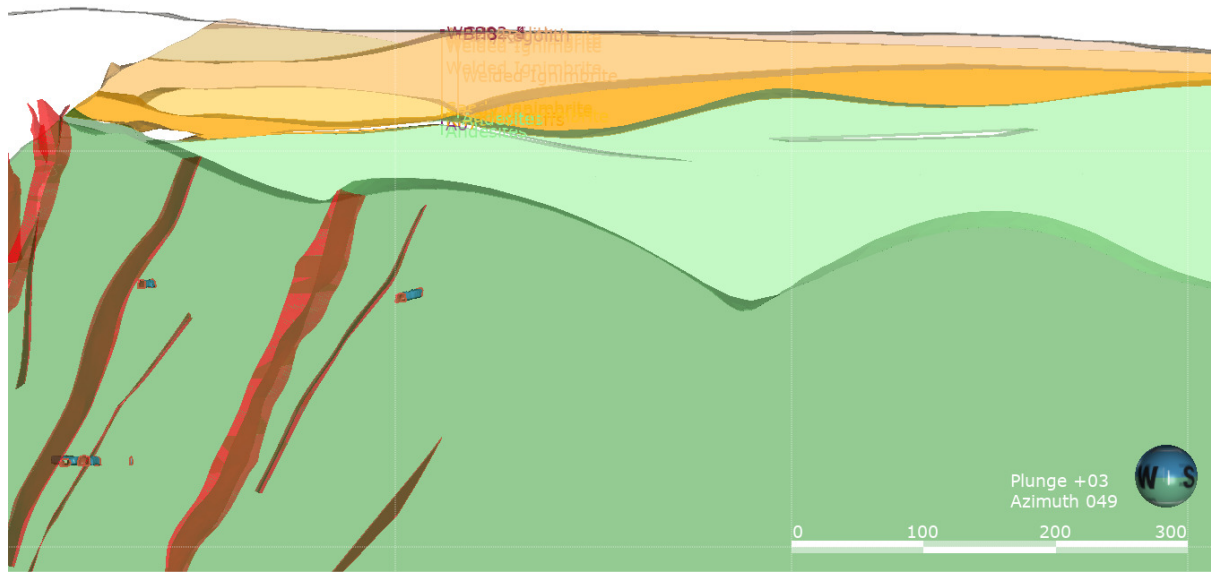


P114 Location (NW-SE Section)



P114 Groundwater Monitoring Record

BH8 & WC202



BH8 & WC202 Locations (NW-SE Section)

WC202-1



WC202-1 Groundwater Monitoring Record

Appendix G MUG DEWATERING PREDICTIONS

27th March 2023

To: Mark Burroughs

From: Chris Simpson

Subject: Revised MUG Dewatering Predictions

1. Background

As part of the consenting process for the Martha Underground mine (MUG) there were predictions provided as to what the rate of groundwater level drawdown would be in response to underground mine development and dewatering. Those predictions assumed that mine dewatering would be done at the development faces via sump pumping. In 2019 a decision was made to construct deep dewatering wells in order to advance dewatering ahead of the mine face. Two bores were constructed (PC1 & PC2), each consisting of 2 x 3 m diameter holes with submersible pumps installed that have a combined pumping capacity of 6,900 m³/d. This memo provides updated predictions for lowering of the groundwater level assuming a continuation of advance dewatering using wells.

2. Existing Mine Dewatering

A summary of the mine dewatering for the MUG project was undertaken by GWS (2023)¹ and the following provides a description of the mine dewatering. There are 4 components to the water balance:

- Initial water removed from storage (vein system, andesite and structures). This is long term dewatering needing to be achieved to enable mine development and has a time frame of years.
- Ongoing groundwater inflow from the rockmass (andesite and structures). This is long term dewatering needing to be achieved to enable mine development and has a time frame of years.
- Water replaced into storage following rainfall via permeable structures (veins and faults). This creates water that continues to flow for some weeks after rainfall.

The dewatering records for PC1 and PC2 reflect the sum of these components of the water balance. In addition to the mine dewatering, there is:

- Surface water runoff infiltrating the pit and entering the underground directly through conduits (remnant workings, open veins). These inflows occur within days during and after rainfall and can flood the underground workings.

This component of the water balance is included in the records for sump pumping and can contribute an additional 2,000 to 6,000 m³/d depending on the intensity of rainfall. This water is essentially rainfall and as such is not included in the predictions for mine dewatering, but is included in the overall water balance model for the site. Attachment A includes a break down of the MUG inflow components as well as the overall mine water balance including Favona and other sources.

¹ GWS, 2023: MUG Dewatering Review 20/2/2023

3. Proposed Mine Dewatering

The following provides our prediction of groundwater inflows likely to be encountered during mining of the Martha Underground vein systems. This method of assessment assumes dewatering is undertaken at the same rate of advance as the underground mine development. Key dates for the dewatering requirements were set out by OGL as follows:

- Dewater below 634 mRL by 23/12/2023
- Dewater to 527 mRL by 26/4/2025
- Dewater to 500 mRL by 1/11/2027

Figure 1 Indicates the proposed dewatering rates and these have been calculated and provided below.

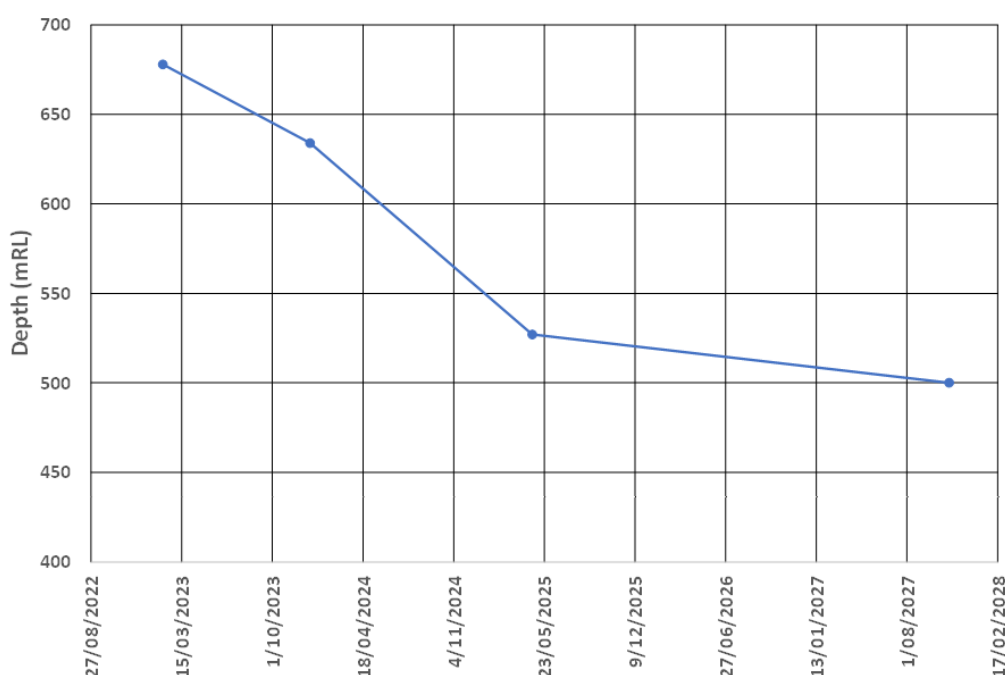


Figure 1 Proposed MUG Development Elevation over Time

Table 1 Proposed MUG Development Rate

| Dates | 1/02/2023 | 23/12/2023 | 26/04/2025 | 2/11/2027 |
|----------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| Days | | 325 | 490 | 920 |
| Months | | 10.7 | 16.1 | 30.2 |
| (mRL) | 678 | 634 | 527 | 500 |
| Difference (m) | | 44 | 107 | 27 |
| Rate (m/mth) | | 4.1 | 6.6 | 0.9 |
| Rate (m/d) | | 0.135 | 0.218 | 0.029 |

Method

The methodology to calculate the pumping rates required to meet the dewatering schedule has been projected from recent pumping rates and water level data. These data were provided and discussed in GWS (2023). Sections of data were analysed determine the volume pumped and the water level change over a given time period. From these were calculated: m³/m, m/d and m³/d. These then were used to calculate the pumping rates to obtain the required dewatering. From the data discussed in GWS (2023) a period of dewater between 6/1/2021 and 21/4/2021 resulted in a water level drop of 29 m. The calculation (Table 2) provides the average pumping rate over that period.

Table 2 Observed Average Pumping Rate

| m ³ | m | d |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| 588493 | 29.1 | 105.00 |
| m ³ /m | m/d | m ³ /d |
| 20,225 | 0.277 | 5,605 |
| | | |
| Start | 701.471 | m |
| End | 672.373 | m |
| Change | 29.098 | m |
| | | |
| Volume | 588493 | m ³ |
| | | |
| Start | 6/01/2021 | |
| End | 21/04/2021 | |
| Days | 105 | days |
| | | |
| Pumping Rate | 5,605 | m ³ /d |

From the 21/4/2021 to the end of that record when water level stabilised, some 11,715,851 m³ been was pumped over 571 days averaging 3,005 m³/d.

Results

Results for the three dewatering rate stages shown are on Table 3.

Table 3 Calculated Dewatering Rates

| Stage A | | | Stage B | | | Stage C | | |
|---------|------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------|
| Start | 687.00 | m | Start | 634.00 | m | Start | 527.00 | m |
| End | 634 | m | End | 527 | m | End | 500 | m |
| Change | 53 | m | Change | 107 | m | Change | 27 | m |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Volume | 1,071,899 | m ³ | Volume | 2,164,023 | m ³ | Volume | 546,062 | m ³ |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Start | 1/02/2023 | | Start | 23/12/2023 | | Start | 6/04/2025 | |
| End | 23/12/2023 | | End | 26/04/2025 | | End | 2/11/2027 | |
| Days | 325 | days | Days | 490 | days | Days | 940 | days |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Storage | 3,298 | m ³ /d | Storage | 4,416 | m ³ /d | Storage | 581 | m ³ /d |

These values have been adopted as being the volume of water that needs to be removed from storage + groundwater inflow + rainfall replaced storage, in order to maintain a steady level at the stage elevation. Based on the period of observations available at this time, around a further 1,800 m³/d dewatering is required in addition to the steady state dewatering volumes in order to advance the dewatering depth. This is shown on Figure 2.

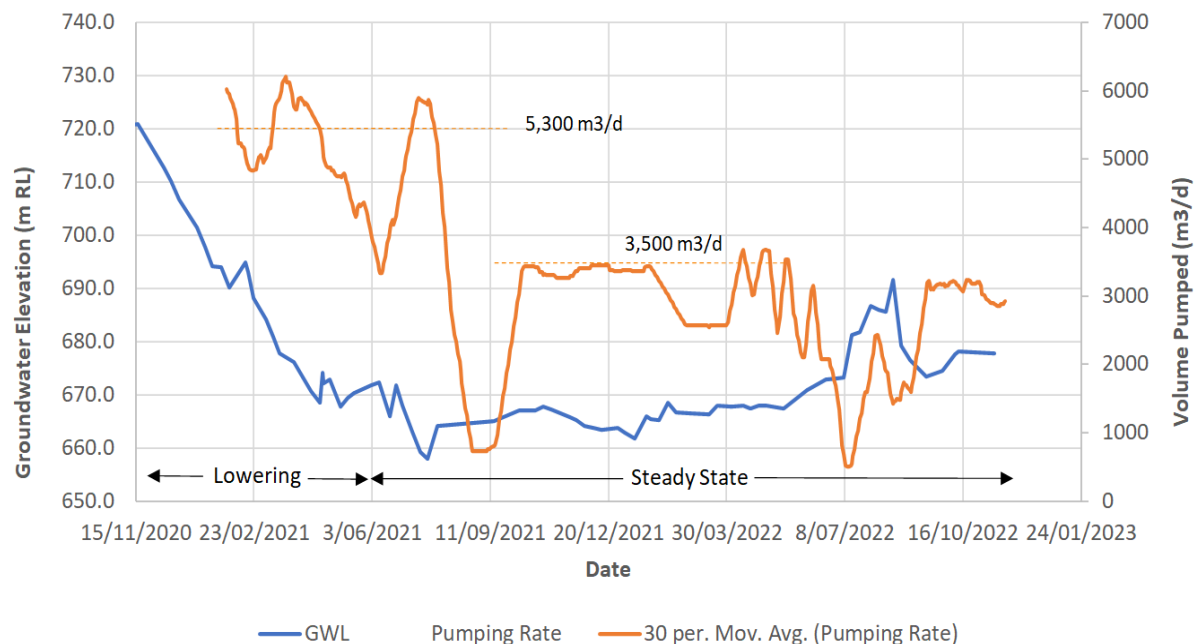


Figure 2 Observed MUG Dewatering Response (PC1&PC2)

Figure 3 show the total dewatering volumes expected based on the proposed mine development. In summary, the inflow volumes are expected to be 4,800 m³/d initially, increasing to 7,800 m³/d at the lowest elevation. While not shown on Figure 3, the dewatering volumes would reduce to some 6,000 m³/d at the lowest mine elevation to hold groundwater at that level, rather than advancing the lowering further.

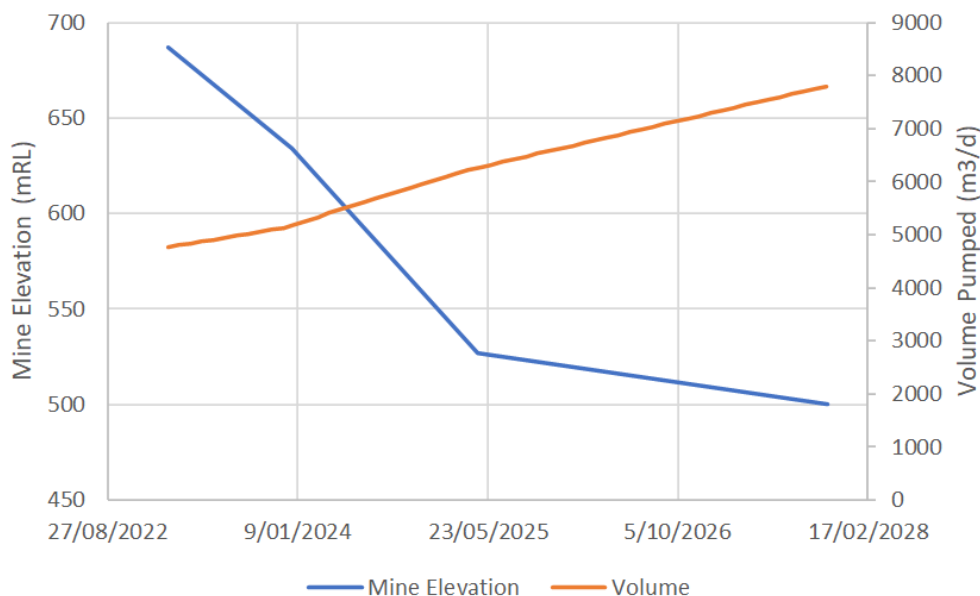


Figure 3 Predicted Groundwater Inflow Volumes

The average pumping rates calculated are considered to include storage recharged by rainfall, but heavy periods of rainfall would likely further reduce the rate of dewatering for a period or would need extra pumping for a period to maintain the dewatering rate.

Validation from Historical Data

Table 4 provides the historical mine pumping data which are annual averaged values that do not include the effects of rainfall infiltration via the pit.

Table 4 Historic Dewatering Rates

| Elevation Start | Elevation Finish | Diference | Martha Pumping | | |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|--------|
| mRL | mRL | m/yr | m ³ /yr | m ³ /d | m/d |
| 673 | 667 | 6 | 2,135,252 | 5,850 | 0.0164 |
| 667 | 659 | 8 | 1,812,005 | 4,964 | 0.0219 |
| 659 | 649 | 10 | 1,734,207 | 4,751 | 0.0274 |
| 649 | 638 | 11 | 1,876,655 | 5,142 | 0.0301 |
| 638 | 609 | 29 | 1,798,856 | 4,928 | 0.0795 |
| 609 | 581 | 28 | 2,342,348 | 6,417 | 0.0767 |
| 581 | 554 | 27 | 1,268,148 | 3,474 | 0.0740 |
| 554 | 540 | 14 | 1,721,423 | 4,716 | 0.0384 |
| 540 | 500 | 40 | 2,161,184 | 5,921 | 0.1096 |
| | | | 1,872,231 | 5,129 | 0.0527 |

While the historical pumping rate is similar to that calculated from the current data, the current data is showing more rapid dewatering overall. This may reflect the dewatering methodology or a change in the volume within the historic mine between natural ground and the post-mining condition.

Limitations

The predicted groundwater inflow values have been undertaken adopting a methodology that relies on observational data. The method differs to that previously adopted for consenting the Martha Underground mine that was largely theoretical and assumed face dewatering only. Ultimately, the volumes of groundwater pumped from the underground mine will relate to the rate of advancement of dewatering. Hence changes to the method of dewatering will result in departures from the predictions made here.

ATTACHMENT A – Water Balance Figures

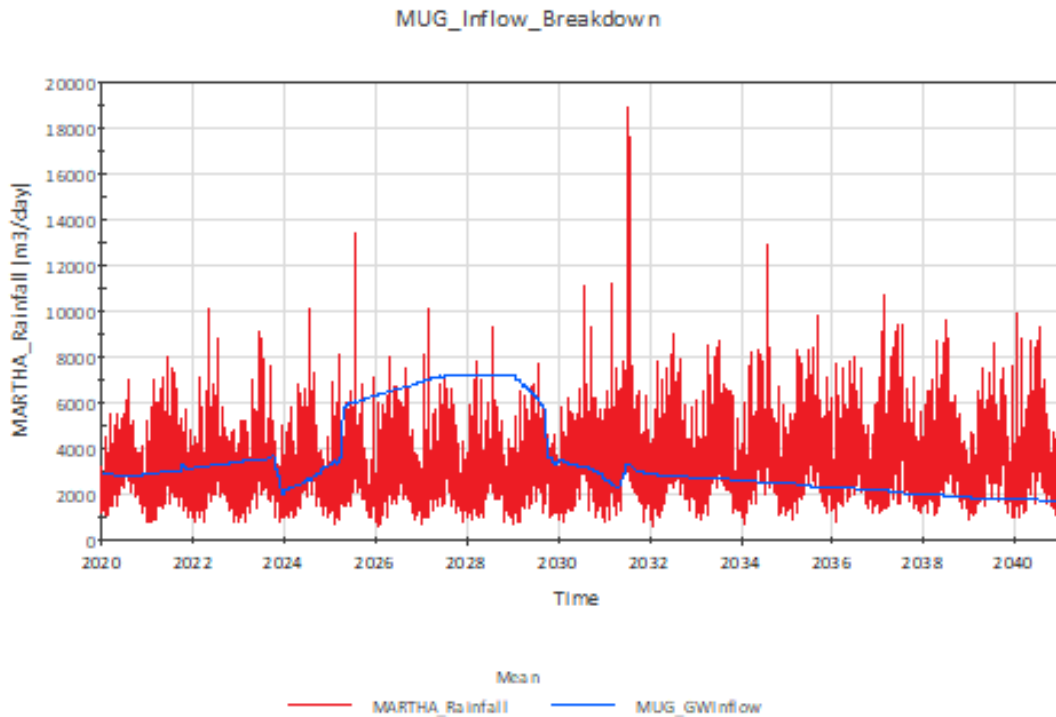


Figure A1 Breakdown of Martha Underground Water Volumes (Provided by GHD)

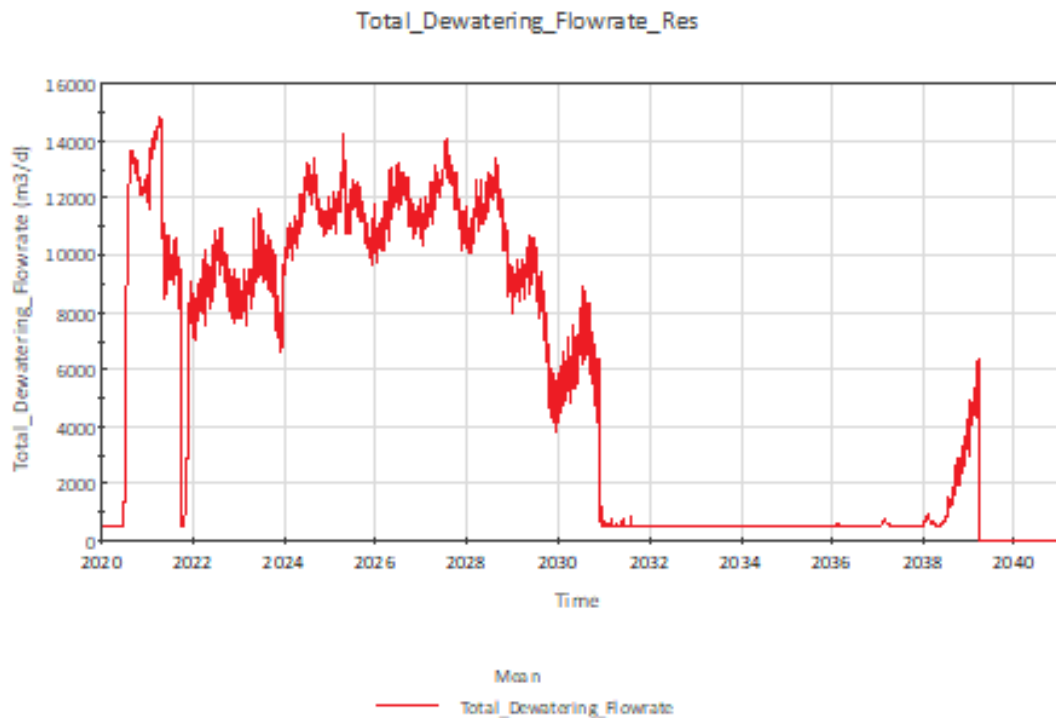


Figure A2 Total Mine Water Volumes Reporting to the WWTP (Provided by GHD)