



Monthly Report on Filled/Unfilled Stopes and Seismic Monitoring

October 2025

Table of Contents

1	INTRODUCTION	3
2	FILLED/UNFILLED STOPES (MARTHA UNDERGROUND).....	3
3	SEISMIC & GEOTECHNICAL MONITORING	5
3.1	Underground Seismic Monitoring System	5
3.2	Results.....	9
3.3	Extensometer Monitoring	10
3.4	Slough Meter Monitoring	13
3.5	Short Term Operational Monitoring	13
3.6	Stand-Off Distances	13
4	PROBE DRILLING	13
4.1	SUPA Consent RC-202.2016 c.20a	13
4.2	Probe Drilling for the Month (Project Martha)	13
5	DEFINITIONS	14
APPENDIX A	CONSENT CONDITIONS	15

1 INTRODUCTION

Hauraki District Council Land Use Consent 202.2018 (Project Martha) requires monthly reporting of void and stope volumes, seismic and rock movement monitoring and reporting relating to safeguards around proximities to historic workings (Condition 75). Additionally, Condition 75 requires reporting of the volume of fill used to fill historic unfilled voids.

Hauraki District Council Land Use Consents 202.2012 (Correnso) and 202.2016 (SUPA) have similar requirements for reporting stope volumes and filled stopes, and for seismic and rock movement monitoring. No stoping has occurred in Correnso/SUPA since January 2023 (refer to earlier monthly reports for previous Correnso/SUPA data). Some small-scale narrow vein mining has started in Correnso using the cut and fill method.

This report is for the period October 2025 and must be submitted to HDC no later than 10 working days after the end of the calendar month covered.

Refer to Appendix A for full transcripts of the relevant consent conditions.

2 FILLED/UNFILLED STOPES (MARTHA UNDERGROUND)

The main mining methods used in Martha Underground are a combination of Modified Avoca Narrow Vein Stopping and Transverse Remnant Stope Mining, along with limited floor benching and overhand cut and fill mining. Table 1 uses survey data for the scanned void volume (m^3) as the defining measure of volumes for voids and backfill. Where a void is partially filled, an estimate is given of the percentage filled at the end of the month. The volumes are reported for each stope so the state of the voids can be tracked monthly. As a void is created (by stope blasting, mining historic backfill or encountering historic voids), bogged and scanned, the status would appear as 'Open' with the relevant void volume, and once a void is backfilled, the status changes to 'Filled' and will be removed from the table after one month.

At the end of October 95,068 m^3 of stopes were open in Martha Underground. This is calculated using the totals from Table 1 (Scanned Void – Total Fill Volume EOM).



Table 1: Filled/Unfilled Stopes

Month	Stope	Stope Type	Mining method	Fill Type	Status	Scanned Void (m ³)	*Monthly Fill Vol (m ³)	*Total Fill Vol EOM (m ³)	Notes
TBD	EDW-012-FDR-5-01-4,6,10	Historic Fill		CRF	Failed Material	TBC	0	0	1
TBD	EDW-015-FDR-3-20	Historic Fill		CRF	Failed Material	20858	0	0	2
Nov-24	RYE-019-ODR-4-P4	Virgin	MAS	RF	Open	TBC	0	0	3
Feb-25	EMP-010-FDR-1-06-P1	Historic Fill	TRS	CRF	Failed Material	TBC	0	0	5
Feb-25	EMW-010-FDR-3-24-P1	Historic Fill	TRS	CRF	Failed Material	TBC	0	0	4
Mar-25	EMW-013-FDR-2-21-P1	Virgin	TRS	CRF	Filling (95%)	12300	0	11685	6
Mar-25	EMW-013-ODR-2-25-2-P1	Historic Fill	TRS	CRF	Filling (80%)	2130	0	1704	
May-25	EDW-008-FDR-4-04-1-P1	Historic Fill	TRS	CRF	Filling (50%)	15400	0	7700	7
Jun-25	EDW-017-ODR-1-03-1-07-4-P3	Virgin	MAS	CRF	Filling (84%)	1710	0	1436	9
Jun-25	EMP-017-FDR-3-08-P1	Historic Stope	TRS	CRF	Failed Material	TBC	0	0	8
Jun-25	EDW-013- FDR-10-01-P1	Historic Stope	TRS	CRF	Filled (Oct)	2000	1000	2000	
Jul-25	EMW-009-FDR-3-10-P1	Historic Stope	TRS	CRF	Failed Material	TBC	0	0	10
Jul-25	EMW-011-FDR-2-07-P1	Historic Stope	TRS	CRF	Open	21000	0	0	11
Jul-25	RYE-019-ODR-3-P3	Virgin	MAS	RF	Filled (Oct)	3000	3000	3000	
Aug-25	EDW-016-ACC-P1	Historic Stope	TRS	CRF	Open	25400	0	0	13
Aug-25	EDW-019-ODR-4-01-5-P1	Virgin	TRS	CRF	Open	5100	0	0	14
Aug-25	EMW-015-FDR-2-07-P1	Historic Stope	TRS		Failed Material	TBC	0	0	12
Sep-25	EMW-015-FDR-2-11-P1	Virgin	TS	RF	Filling (20%)	10500	2100	2100	15
Oct-25	EDW-019-ODR-5-02-1-FB	Virgin	MAS	CRF	Filled (Oct)	5295	5295	5295	
Oct-25	EMP-014-ODR-1-02-2 P1	Historic Stope	TRS	CRF	Filled (Oct)	2300	2300	2300	
Oct-25	EDW-018-ODR-2-01-26-01-P1	Virgin	TRS	CRF	Filled (Oct)	2600	2600	2600	
Oct-25	EMW-012-FDR-2-13-P1	Historic Stope	TRS	CRF	Filled (Oct)	8600	8600	8600	
Oct-25	EMW-013-FDR-2-23 P1	Historic Stope	TRS	CRF	Open	TBC	0	0	
TOTALS						138,193	19,600	43,125	

* Monthly and End of Month fill volumes are calculated using the estimated percentage filled and the scanned void volume. The percentage filled is estimated by visual inspection. Therefore, fill volumes are approximate only.

Table 1 Notes:

1. Void not open due to historic crown failed and bogging on hold until crown stabilisation complete and void created.
2. Void not open due to historic workings keep filling void, bogging on hold until crown stabilisation complete and void created.
3. Only half of panel mined and will be filled once panel complete. Second half of panel planned once flat backing completed on RYE-016.
4. Choked off with failed material. Works have resumed to treat this void, starting from EMW-007.
5. Choked off with failed material. Spiling works underway on EMP-008.
6. 5% remaining to be filled. EMW-012-FDR-2-17 Fill Pass Choked off.
7. Filling of northern half of stope started in June. Approx 50% filled overall at EOM Aug 25. Bogging Southern half.
8. Choked off with failed material. Currently on hold for further development works on EMP-014 and EMP-015.
9. Part filled with CRF. To top off with RF at a later date.
10. Resumed work on recovery in June 25. Historical fill to bog after spiling works complete on EMW-008.
11. Not started filling yet. Bogger stuck and needs to be recovered.
12. Choked off with failed material. On hold. Partial scan only before failure (675m3).
13. Needs to be bogged out prior to CRF.
14. Bogging completed & CMS Completed. Planned to start CRF.
15. Currently CRFing. High priority CRF site.

3 SEISMIC & GEOTECHNICAL MONITORING

3.1 Underground Seismic Monitoring System

The purpose of the seismic system is to monitor seismic rock mass response to mining activity in and around active mining areas. The current seismic system is able to record events at least as small as ML -3.0 in the identified critical areas. The agreed critical magnitude is ML -0.5.

Anomalous seismic behaviour of the closure pillar that must be reported to the HDC is defined as:

- Event magnitudes exceeding ML -0.5.
- An increase in released seismic energy that does not subside after two weeks.

Underground seismic sensor locations, coordinates and sensor details are highlighted in Table 2, Figure 1 and Figure 2.

Table 2: Seismic sensor locations and details

Name	East	North	RL	Type	Location
S2	396513.4	643183.4	798.9	Uni-axial	823 COR SP1
S6	396397.3	643275.1	831.2	Uni-axial	844 SP
S7	396484.8	643260.4	940.7	Uni-axial	942 COR ACC
S9	396422.8	643249.3	883.9	Tri-axial	882 COR DEC
S10	396494.3	643130.9	932.7	Uni-axial	972 RAD
S21	395321.9	642792.6	951.3	Uni-axial	EDW 007 SAC
S22	396039.3	643121.9	917.7	Tri-axial	920 EMP DEC ACC
S23	395618.9	642743.9	887.5	Tri-axial	ROW 11 DEC/INC
S24	395903.4	642787.0	917.3	Uni-axial	REX ACC SP3
S25	395721.0	642944.2	782.5	Tri-axial	800 SP5
S26	395528.3	642859.5	792.8	Tri-axial	EDW 800 - RB DOWN

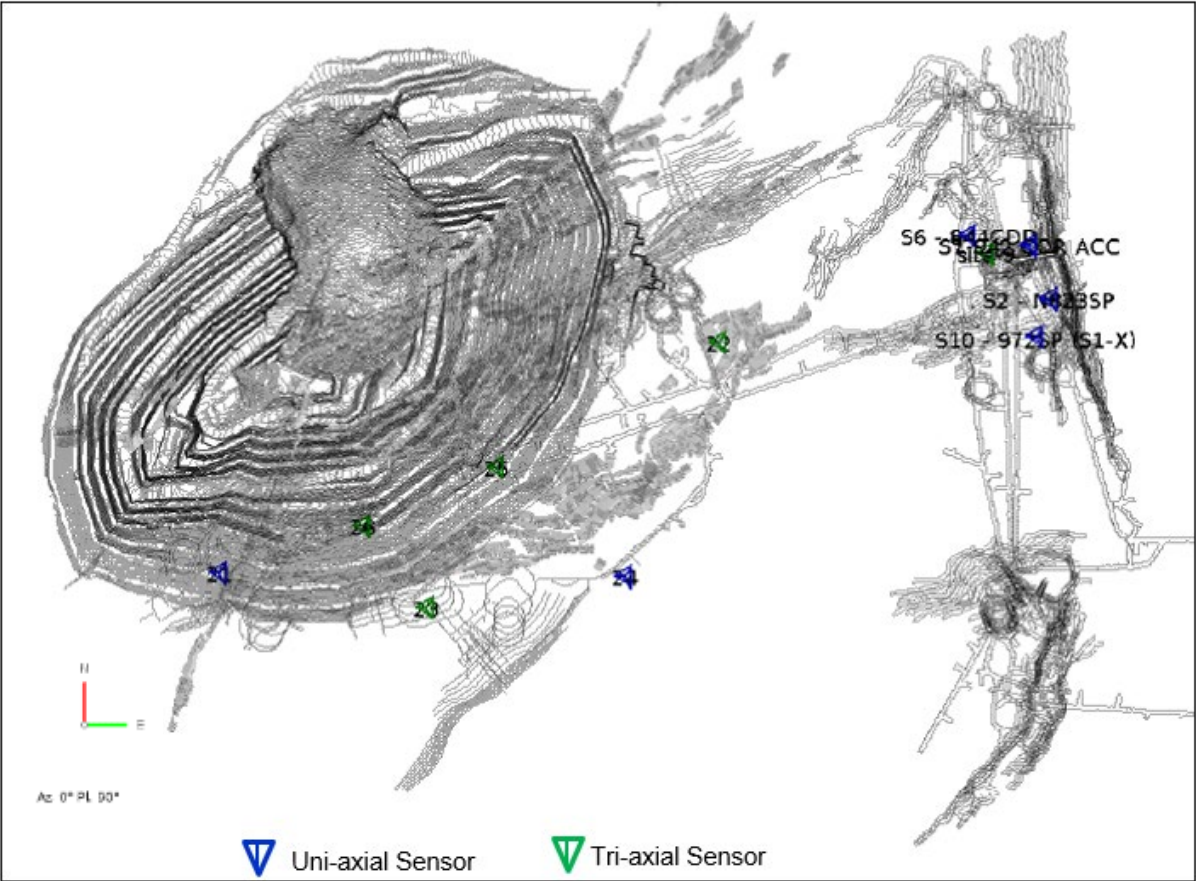


Figure 1: Plan view micro-seismic sensor locations.

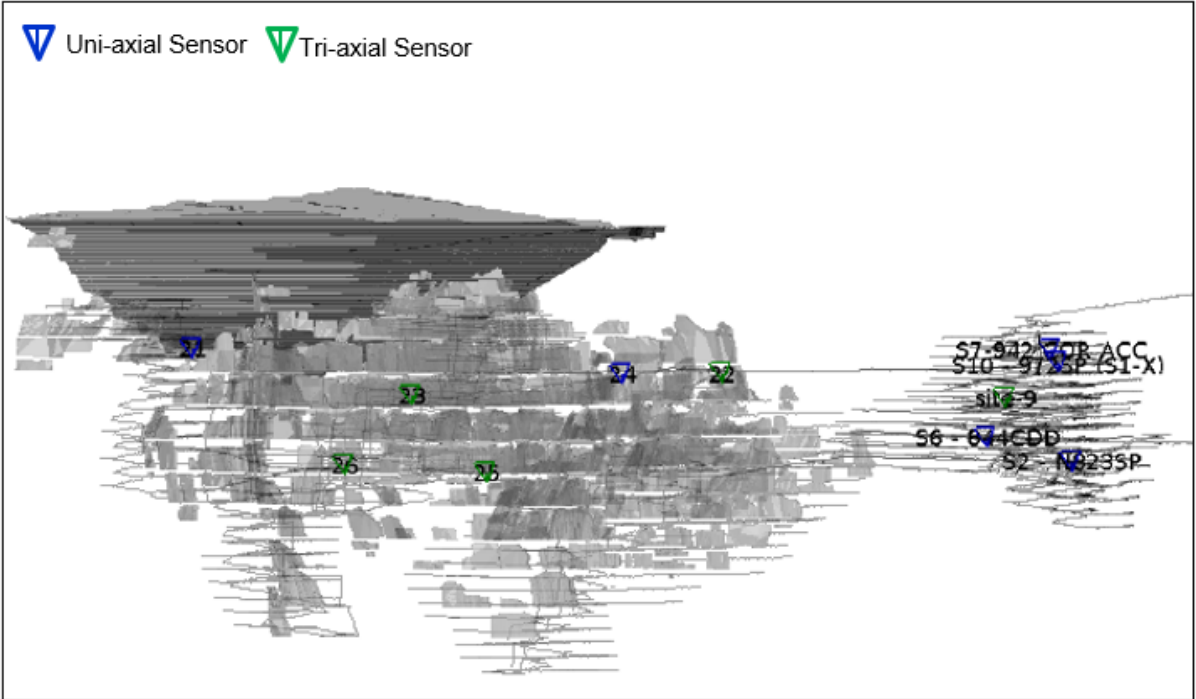


Figure 2: Section view north showing distribution and location of sensors.

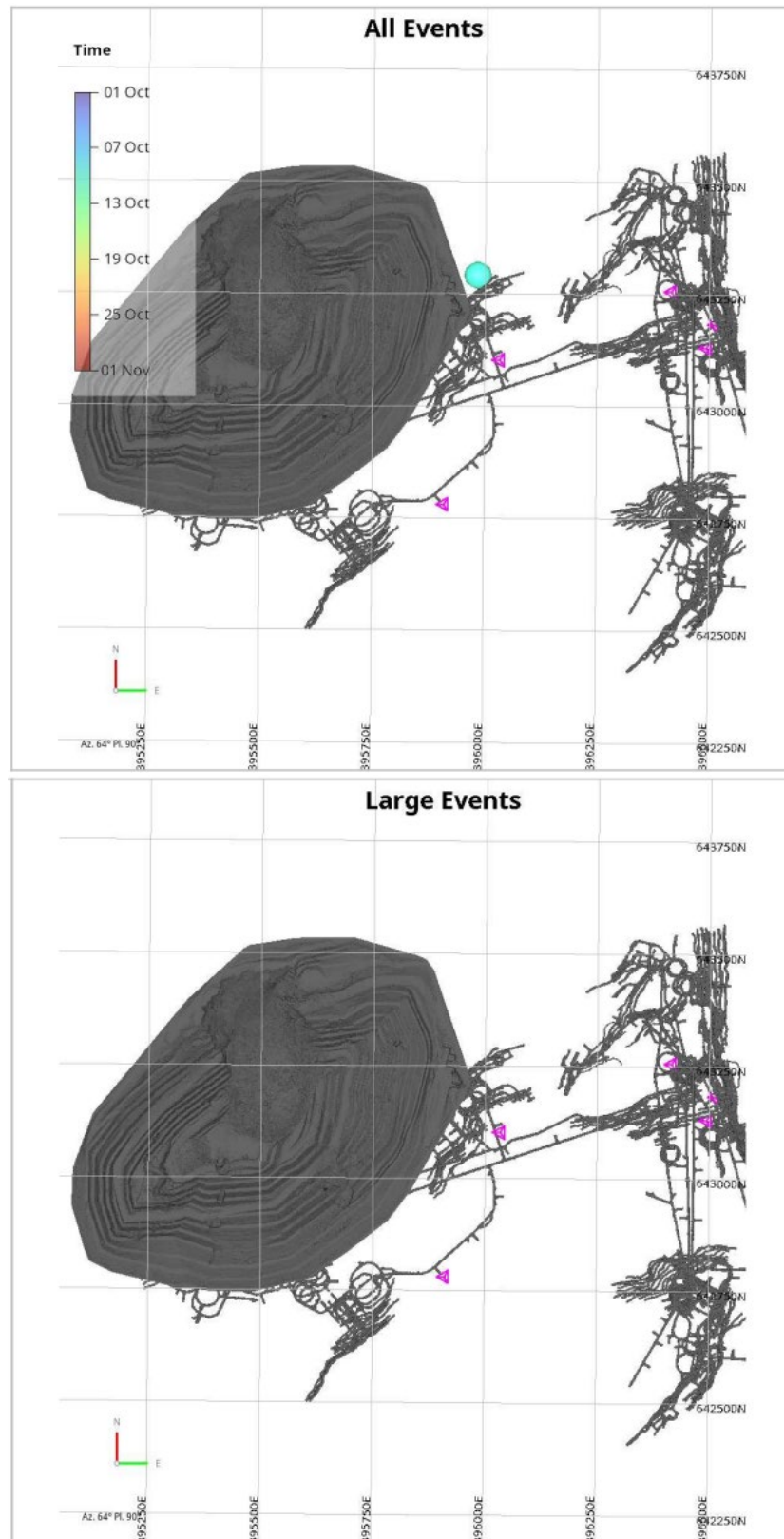


Figure 3: Plan View, Top: Normal (Location and Source) & $m_L \geq -3.0$ & number of accepted triggers ≥ 3 , Bottom: Listing of events $m > -0.5$ during October 2025.

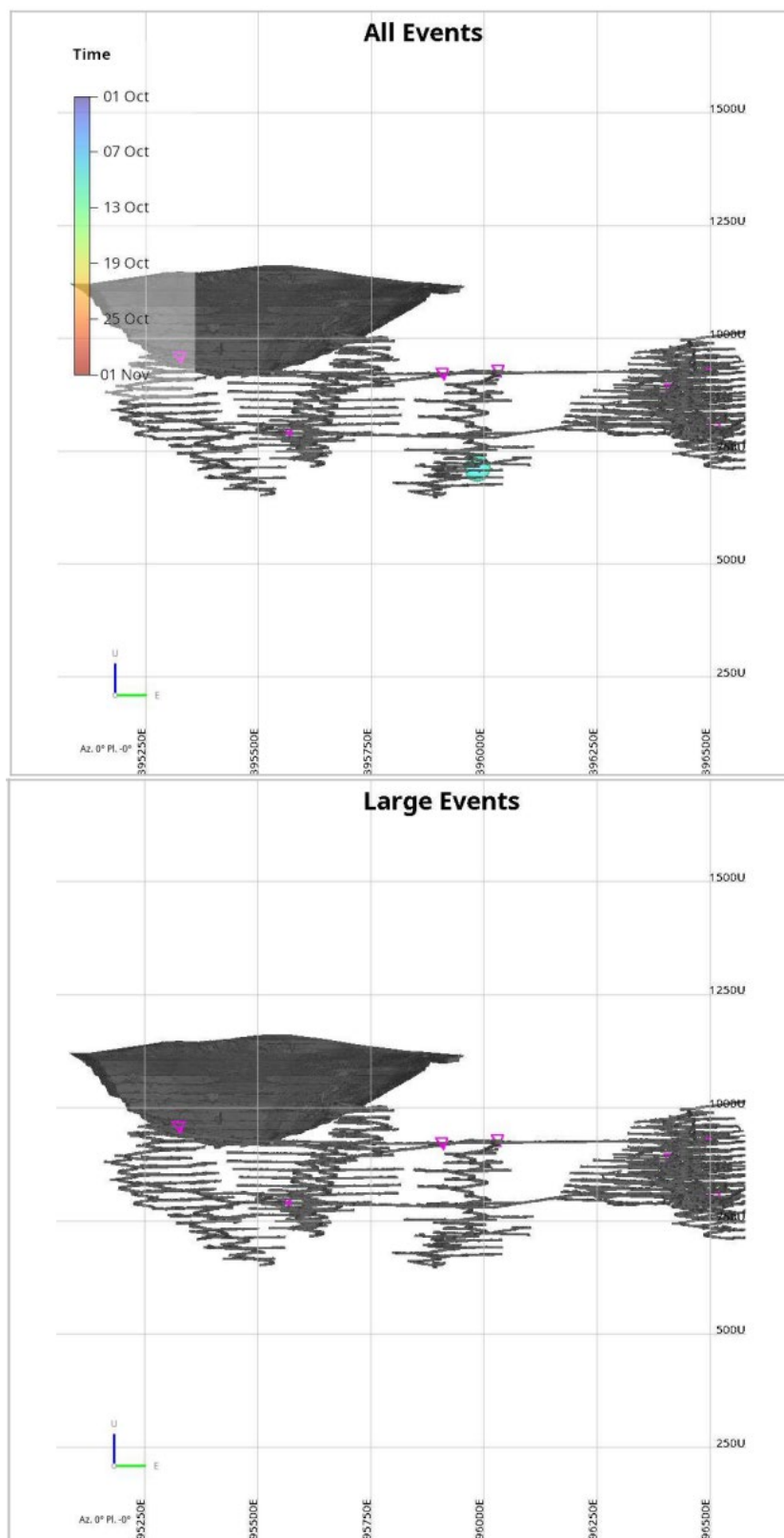


Figure 4: Looking North, Top: Normal (Location and Source) & $m_L \geq -3.0$ & number of accepted triggers ≥ 3 , Bottom: Listing of events $m > -0.5$ during October 2025.

3.2 Results

There was one event recorded this month with a magnitude of $m_L -2.0$.

System health experienced degradation this month, with Site 2 beginning to malfunction on 09 October 2025. Number of experts processed events: total (6), normal (1), rejected (0), blasts (5), other (0).

3.2.1 Seismologist Comments

Recommend to arranging an online catch-up meeting to discuss the seismic system's performance, recorded seismicity, monitoring objectives, and the results presented in the report. Progress on this will be included in next months report.

3.2.2 Interpretation and/or mitigation required

The location of blasts shows a high degree of scatter. This likely reflects a high degree of uncertainty in hypocentre location due to an inaccurate velocity model. It is recommended that an adaptive apparent velocity (AAV) model be calibrated for Waihi to improve the event locations and classification of blasts.

3 Month Event History vs Cumulative Potency is summarised below in Figure 5.

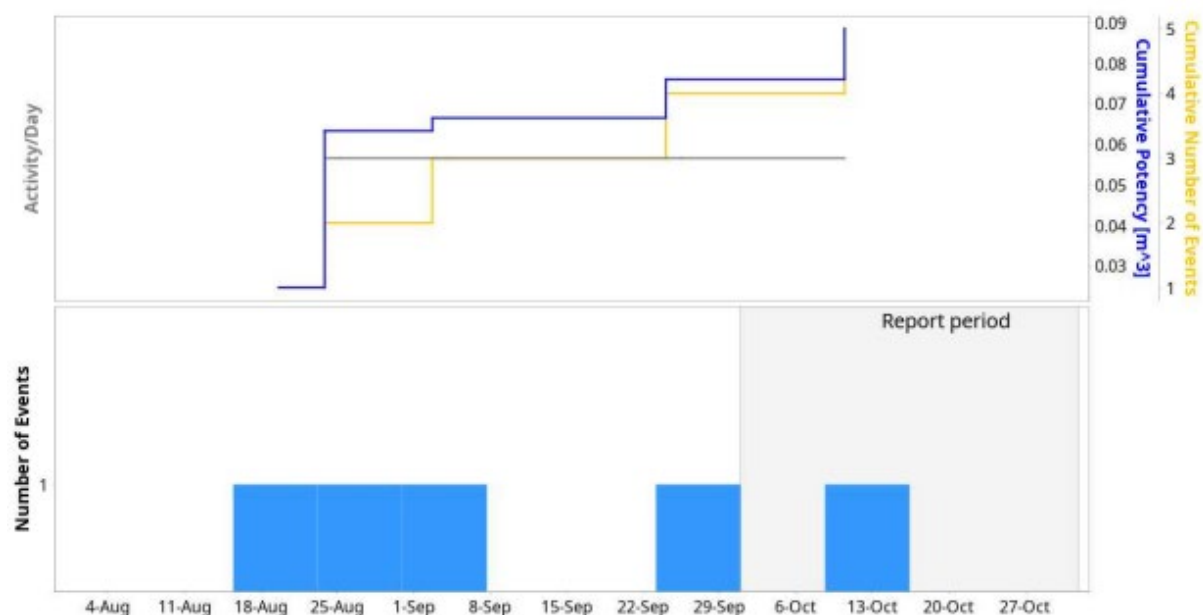


Figure 5: 3 Month Event History vs Cumulative Potency.

3.3 Extensometer Monitoring

Three extensometers installed from the surface above the REX mining area monitor crown stability and deformation. Extensometer collar locations are shown in Figures 6, 7 & 8 below.



Figure 6: Extensometer Collar Location Plan.

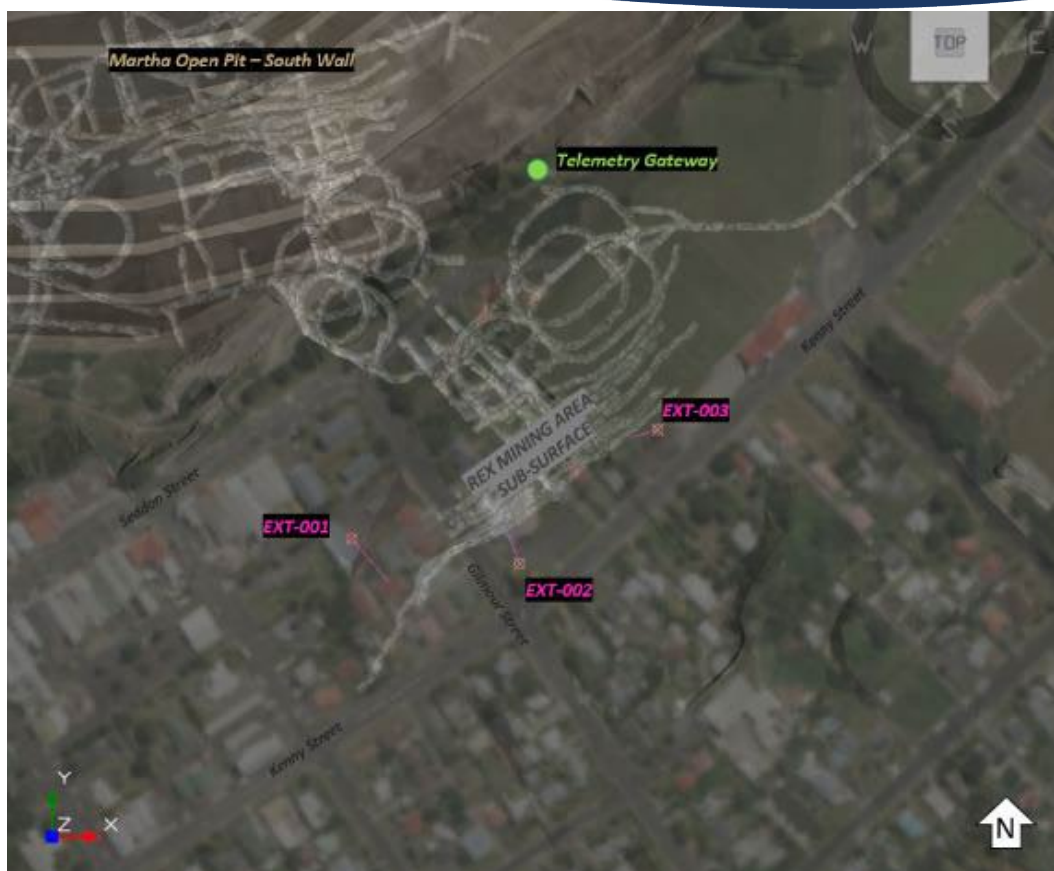


Figure 7: Extensometer Location Plan – spatial relationship to REX underground mining area.

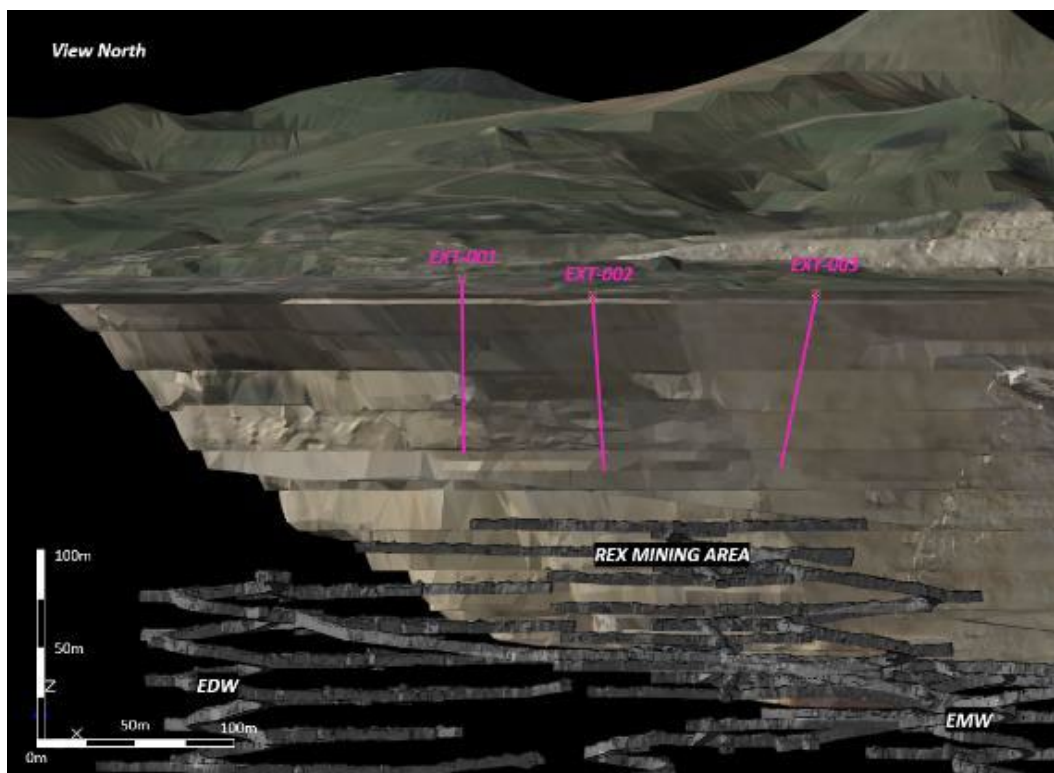


Figure 8: Cross-Section View North – highlighting REX extensometers.

3.3.1 Extensometer Results & Data

Figure 9 summarizes the extensometer data for the period spanning August to October 2025. Please note that the EXT-003 was inactive from 26 of September to 10 October 2025 due to a battery outage. After the battery was replaced and the system reset, normal readings resumed. A rapid spike recorded on 9 August 2025 in sensor EXT-003 REX 70 mbgl is identified as a data anomaly. This spike is interpreted as a measurement error, not a genuine physical event in the monitored material. It was followed by a quick return to the previous stable reading and should be excluded from any structural analysis.

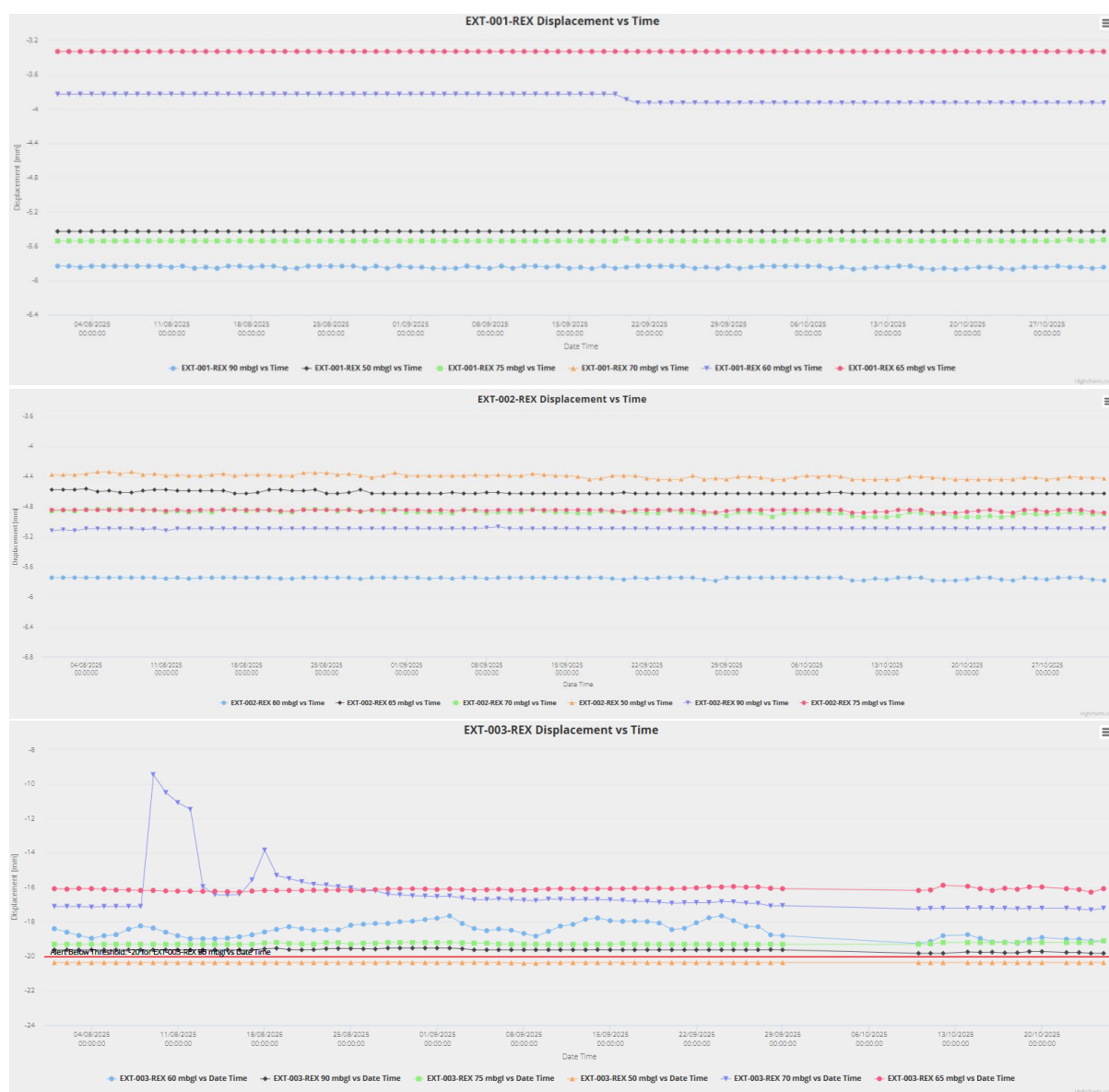


Figure 9: Displacement vs Time for REX Extensometers August – October 2025.

3.4 Slough Meter Monitoring

Slough meters have been installed to monitor historic voids/pillars in the Rex Access which traverses over previously mined historic Royal stopes. Slough meters are configured to monitor the full horizontal extent of the modern development over the north-dipping historic stopes.

All slough anchors indicate no change to historic void cavity or pillar currently being monitored in the REX Access.

3.5 Short Term Operational Monitoring

Various visual indicator type monitoring devices are installed as and when required to monitor short term mining scenarios. These indicator devices include but are not limited to 'Clock-its', 'Rock-its', 'Bucket' indicator instruments.

Short term devices are primarily installed where modern development traverses historical drives and voids to allow monitoring of pillars and void crowns for short term operational safety in relation to potential void propagation prior to production being completed.

There has been no change in these visual indicator devices.

3.6 Stand-Off Distances

As per the Underground Void Management Plan (VMP), a stand-off distance from proposed stoping to the Martha open pit is to be maintained at a minimum of 40m.

During the reporting month, the required stand-off distance was maintained, this includes the 20m stand-off to the milking cow zone.

4 PROBE DRILLING

4.1 SUPA Consent RC-202.2016 c.20a

Probe drilling for Correnso/SUPA is now complete.

4.2 Probe Drilling for the Month (Project Martha)

Reporting of probe drilling meters is not required by Project Martha Consent RC-202.2018 but is reported here for continuity. Total probe drilling for October 2025: 2,016 m.

5 DEFINITIONS

Term	Definition
Stope Code e.g. EDW-016-FDR-7-20	'Vein' - 'Mining level' - 'Stope type' - 'Stope length progression'
Vein EDW RYE EMW REX	Edward Royal East Empire West Rex
Mining Level	Sequential stoping levels (increasing with depth)
Stope Type ODR FDR CFR	Ore Drive Fill Drive Cut Fill Ramp
Mining Method MAS TR TRS	Modified Avoca Stoping Transverse Stoping Transverse Remnant Stoping
Fill Type CRF RF	Cemented Rock Fill Rock Fill
Other Acronyms TBD TBC N/A CALs	To Be Determined To Be Confirmed Not Applicable Cavity Auto-Scanning Laser System (CALs) Void Scanner

APPENDIX A CONSENT CONDITIONS

HDC LAND USE CONSENT No. RC-202.2012 (Correnso)

- 26 Reporting on Filled/Unfilled Stopes and Seismic Monitoring
- a) The consent holder shall report to the Council on a monthly basis on the total stope volume and volume of fill stopes for that month for each mining method employed namely: cut and fill area, transverse stope area: and all Avoca areas combined. The report shall be in a form acceptable to the Council and the data shall be for the situation at the 20th day of the reporting month. The report shall be delivered on or before the end of the calendar month covered.
 - b) The consent holder shall report to the Council on a monthly basis detailing any anomalous results from the seismic monitoring and rock movement monitoring required by Condition 23. The report shall be delivered on or before the end of the calendar month covered.

HDC LAND USE CONSENT No. RC-202.2016 (SUPA)

- 20 Reporting on Filled/Unfilled Stopes and Seismic Monitoring
- a) The consent holder shall report to the Council on a monthly basis on the total stope volume and volume of filled stopes for that month for each mining method employed. This shall include volume of voids created, the volume of fill in voids that have been created and the volume of fill in surveyed unfilled historic voids. each stope mined during the month where adjacent to an unfilled historic stope void. The report shall be delivered on or before no later than 10 working days after the end of the calendar month covered.
 - b) The consent holder shall report to the Council on a monthly basis detailing any anomalous results from the seismic monitoring and rock movement monitoring required by Condition 23. The report shall be delivered on or before the end of the calendar month covered.

HDC LAND USE CONSENT No. RC-202.2018 (Project Martha)

- 75 The consent holder shall report to the Council on a monthly basis on the total stope volume and volume of filled stopes for that month for each mining method employed. This shall include the volume of voids created, the volume of fill in voids that have been created and the volume of fill in surveyed unfilled historic voids (including the volume of fill up to 30 m below the toe of the Phase 4 Cutback). The report shall be in a form acceptable to the Council and the data shall be for the situation as at the 20th day of the reporting month. The report shall be delivered no later than 10 working days after the end of the calendar month covered.

The consent holder shall report to the Council on a monthly basis detailing any anomalous results from the seismic monitoring and rock movement monitoring required by Condition 71. The report shall also report against the stand-off distances specified within the Void Management Plan required by Condition 72 (where applicable). The report shall be delivered no later than 10 working days after the end of the calendar month covered.

Note: Mining statistics are already recorded on a calendar month basis. For practicality and consistency, it was agreed that the reporting above would be for monitoring during the calendar months and the situation at the end of the month.